

Name : Snadha Kedia

Date : 20<sup>th</sup> December, 2021

Time : 9:00 to 1:00 pm

Exam Roll num : 20234757053

Name of the programme : MCA

Semester : III

Unique paper code : 223401303

Title of the paper : Automata Theory

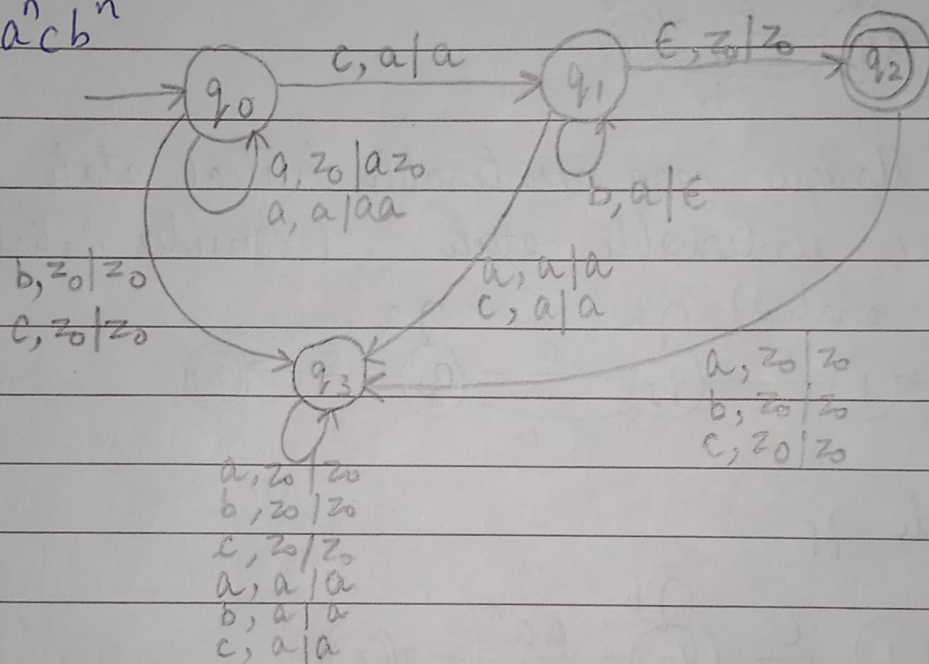
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Question no. : 6

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Ans 6: b)  $a^n c b^n$ 

$$\delta(q_0, a, z_0) = (q_0, az_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, a) = (q_0, aa)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, a) = (q_1, a)$$

$$\delta(q_1, a, a) = (q_3, a)$$

$$\delta(q_1, b, a) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, c, a) = (q_3, a)$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, z_0) = (q_2, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_2, a, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

~~check~~

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$$\delta(q_2, c, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_2, b, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_3, a, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_3, b, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_3, c, z_0) = (q_3, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_3, a, a) = (q_3, a)$$

$$\delta(q_3, b, a) = (q_3, a)$$

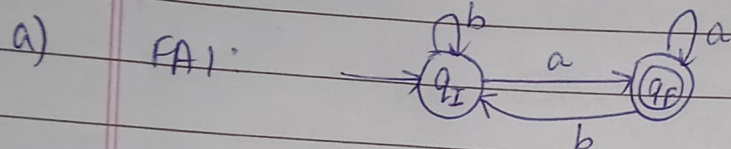
$$\delta(q_3, c, a) = (q_3, a)$$



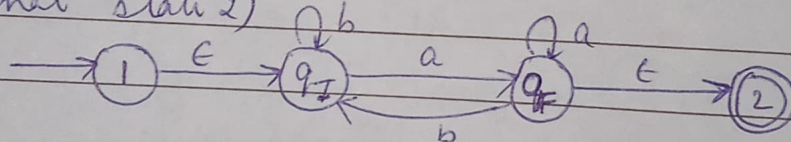
for a we always push to the stack, for c we perform no operation and for b we pop.

$q_3$  is dead state here

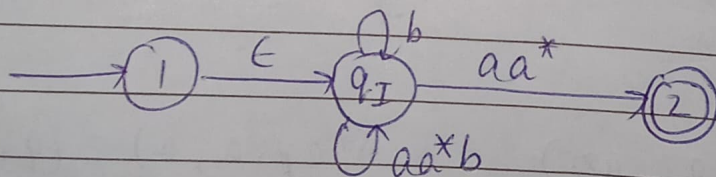
$q_2$  is final and  $q_0$  is initial



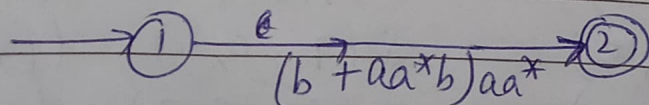
Step 1: Unique non-reachable initial state and unique unreachable state. (consider initial (new) 1 and new final state 2)



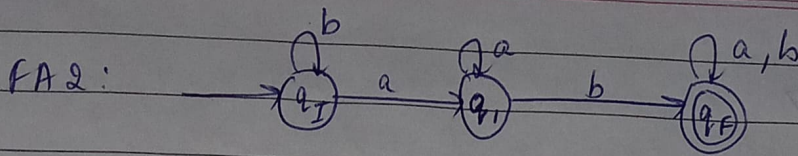
Step 2: eliminate  $q_F$



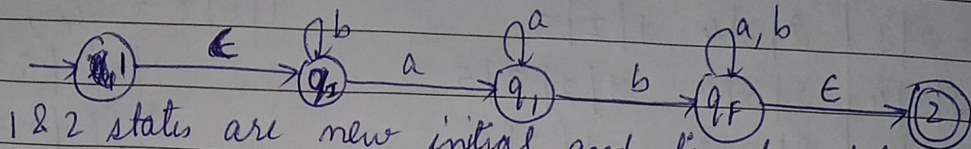
Step 3: eliminate  $q_I$ .



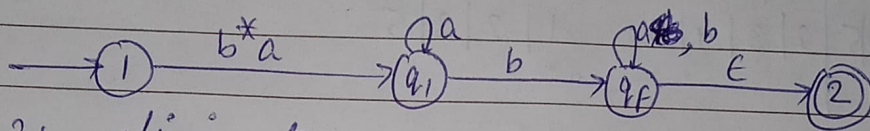
$$RE = (b + aa^*b)aa^*$$



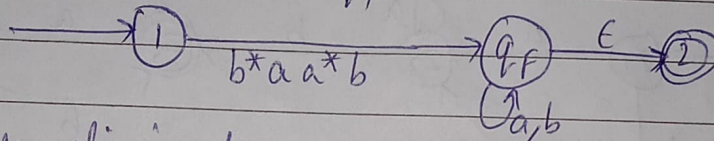
Step 1: unique non reenterable initial state and unique unleaveable state.



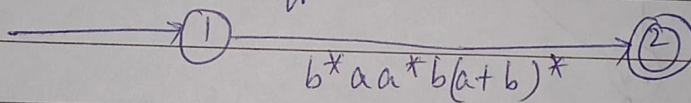
1 & 2 states are new initial and final states respectively.  
step 2: eliminate  $q_I$



step 3: eliminate  $q_1$

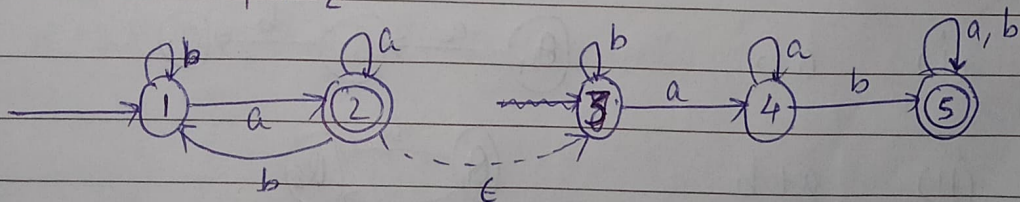


step 4: eliminate  $q_F$



RE:  $b^*aa^*b(a+b)^*$

→ DFA:  $FA_1, FA_2$



We join final state of  $FA_1$  i.e. 2 to initial state of  $FA_2$  i.e. 3.

We start making transition table by starting from 1 as initial state.



$FA_1 \cdot FA_2 \Rightarrow$

$Q \backslash \Sigma$	a	b
$Z_1 = 1$	2/3	1
$Z_2 = 2/3$	2/3/4	1/2/3
$Z_3 = 2/3/4$	2/3/4	1/2/3/5
$Z_4 = 1/2/3$	2/3/4	1/2/3
$*Z_5 = 1/2/3/5$	2/3/4/5	1/2/3/5
$*Z_6 = 2/3/4/5$	2/3/4/5	1/2/3/5

$2/3 = Z_2$ ,  $2/3/4 = Z_3$ ,  
 $1/2/3 = Z_4$ ,  
 $1/2/3/5 = Z_5^*$ ,  
 $2,3/4/5 = Z_6^*$

