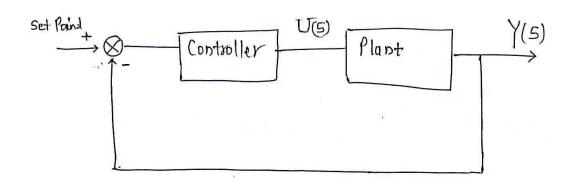
### Chapter -4 MATLAB CODES



$$\frac{Y(5)}{U(5)} = \frac{e^{-0.25}}{(5+1)^2}$$

$$5^{2}$$
Y(5) + 25 Y(5) + Y(5) =  $e^{-0.2}$  U(5)

+ Time domain

$$\frac{d^2y}{d+2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} + 4(t) = 4(t-0.2)$$

$$\frac{dt}{dt} = x \qquad \frac{dt}{dt^2} = \frac{dx}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x + y = u(t - 0.2)$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = u(t-0.2) - y - 2x$$

( Way to write in Mad lab)

Note: 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x$$

$$\frac{y(i+1)-y(i)}{x} = x(i+1)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x$$

$$\frac{y(i+1)-y(i)}{x} = x(i+1)$$

We have written the code for following process model.

• 
$$G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{(1+s)^2}$$
, L=0.2 and 0.3;  
•  $G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{s(s+1)}$ , L=0.2 and 0.3;

• 
$$G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{s(s+1)}$$
, L=0.2 and 0.3

SN.	PROCESS MODEL	DELAY	ULTIMATE GAIN (calculated at first delay )	ULTIMATE PERIOD
1-	$G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{\left(1+s\right)^2}$	L=0.2 and 0.3	10.5	2.0333
2	$G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{s(s+1)}$	L=0.2 and 0.3	5.09	2.9

#### Matlab code for ultimate gain and ultimate time period calculation for the process model

$$G_p(s) = \frac{e^{-Ls}}{\left(1+s\right)^2}$$

%%%% calculation of ultimate gain and time period %%%%tf=exp(-0.2s)/(s2+2s+1)

clc;

clear all;

h=0.1;

t = 0:h:30;

y = zeros(1, length(t));

u = zeros(1, length(t));

```
e = zeros(1, length(t));
x = zeros(1, length(t));
i = zeros(1, length(t));
input = 1;
y(1) = 0;
x(1)=0;
e(1)=input - y(1);
kp=10.5;
u(1)=kp*e(1);
F_xy = @(x) - 2*x;
for i = 1:2
%y and u taken as time input and x as output
k_1 = F_xy(x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
k_4 = F_xy((x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1)=y(i)+h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
u(i+1)=kp*e(i+1);
end
F_xy = @(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = 3:length(t)
k_1 = F_xy(u(i-2),y(i),x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-2)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((u(i-2)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
k_4 = F_xy((u(i-2)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1)=y(i)+h*x(i+1);
```

```
e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);\\ u(i+1)=kp*e(i+1);\\ end z=y(1:301)\\ plot(t,z)\\ xlabel('value\ of\ time\ t')\\ ylabel('value\ of\ y')\\ title('\ calculation\ of\ ultimate\ gain,k=10.5\ ultimate\ period=2.033sec,\ second\ order\ system\ tf=exp(-0.2s)/(s2+2s+1)\ ') grid\ on
```

#### matlab code for CPID of TF1

```
clc;
 clear all;
h=0.1;
t = 0:h:16;
tf=16/h;
y = zeros(1, length(t));
u = zeros(1, length(t));
e = zeros(1, length(t));
x = zeros(1, length(t));
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
r=1
e(1) = r - y(1);
ku=10.5;
tu=2.033;
kc=0.6*ku
ti=tu/2
td=tu/8
u(1) = kc*(e(1) + (0.1/ti)*sum(e));
 F_xy = 0(x) -2*x;
 for i = 1:2
          %y and u taken as time input and x as output
           k 1 = F xy(x(i));
```

```
k_2 = F_xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
           k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
           k \ 4 = F \ xy((x(i)+k \ 3*h));
           x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
           y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
           e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
           er=sum(e);
           ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
           u(i+1)=kc*(e(i+1) + (0.1/ti)*sum(e) + (td/0.1)*ed);
end
F xy = 0(u, y, x) u-y-2*x;
for i = 3:(tf/2)
        k_1 = F_xy(u(i-2), y(i), x(i));
        k 2 = F xy(u(i-2)+0.5*h, y(i)+0.5*h, x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
        k = F xy((u(i-2)+0.5*h), (y(i)+0.5*h), (x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
        k_4 = F_xy((u(i-2)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
        x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
       y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
       e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
       er=sum(e);
       ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
      u(i+1)=kc*(e(i+1) + (0.1/ti)*sum(e) + (td/0.1)*ed);
end
% effect of load on the process (25%)
u((tf/2)+1)=-14
F_xy = 0(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
    k 1 = F xy(u(i-2),y(i),x(i));
    k 2 = F xy(u(i-2)+0.5*h, y(i)+0.5*h, x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k = F xy((u(i-2)+0.5*h), (y(i)+0.5*h), (x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
    k \ 4 = F \ xy((u(i-2)+h)),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k \ 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
```

```
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
   e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
   er=sum(e);
   ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
    u(i+1)=kc*(e(i+1) + (0.1/ti)*sum(e) + (td/0.1)*ed);
end
z=y(1:tf+1);
plot(t,z,'--')
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' CPID(- - -) Response of second order system TF=exp(-0.2s)/s2+2s+1)')
grid on
Matlab code for APID of TF1
%%%%APID adaptive PID CONTROLLER Response of second order system TF=exp(-
0.2s)/s2+2s+1
clc;
clear all;
h=0.1;
t = 0:h:16;
tf=16/h;
y = zeros(1, length(t));
u = zeros(1, length(t));
e = zeros(1, length(t));
x = zeros(1, length(t));
```

kpp = zeros(1,length(t));
kii = zeros(1,length(t));
kdd = zeros(1,length(t));

v = zeros(1,length(t)); x = zeros(1,length(t));

r=1;

setpoint=r;
y(1) = 0;
x(1)=0;

ku=10.5; tu=2.033;

kp=0.6\*ku
ti=tu/2
td=tu/8

k1 = 1

ki=kp\*(0.1/ti)
kd=kp\*(td/0.1)

e(1) = r - y(1);

```
k2 = 1
k3 = 12
u(1) = kp * e(1) + ki * sum(e);
 kpp(1) = 0;
 kii(1) = 0;
 kdd(1) = 0;
 v(1) = 0;
F xy = 0(x) -2*x;
for i = 1:2
k 1 = F xy(x(i));
k^2 = F xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
k^{3} = F^{xy}((x(i)+0.5*h*k^{2}));
k 4 = F xy((x(i)+k 3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
er=sum(e);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1)=kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(0.3+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
F_xy = 0(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = 3:(tf/2)
k_1 = F_xy(u(i-2), y(i), x(i));
k 2 = F xy(u(i-2)+0.5*h, y(i)+0.5*h, x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
k = F xy((u(i-2)+0.5*h), (y(i)+0.5*h), (x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
k_4 = F_xy((u(i-2)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
```

```
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r) * (ed/r);
kpp(i+1) = kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(0.3+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
u((tf/2)+1) = -14;
F_xy = 0(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
    k 1 = F xy(u(i-2),y(i),x(i));
    k 2 = F xy(u(i-2)+0.5*h, y(i)+0.5*h, x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k_3 = F_xy((u(i-2)+0.5*h), (y(i)+0.5*h), (x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
    k = F xy((u(i-2)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
   y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1) = kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1)=ki*(0.3+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1)=kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
z=y(1:(tf+1));
plot(t,z)
hold on
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
```

## Matlab code for PSO based PID controller, PSO-CPID of TF1

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%qenetic algorithm based pid controller
%%%% \exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2
%%%first we will clculate kp ki kd from zeigler nichols method.
%By varying plus minus 20% of all the tuned values(kp ki kd)
%We will calculate best tuned valuve of kp ki kd with the help of particle swarm
optimization algorithms
%%%%Transfer func= TF = \exp(-0.2s)/(s+1)^2
%%%%%%%znpid with pso-algorithm
clc ;
clear all;
popsize=10;
npar=3;
c1=2;
c2=2;
no of variable=3;
par=rand(popsize,npar);
```

ku=10.5; tu=2.0333;

vel=rand(popsize,npar);

```
kp=0.6*ku;
ti=tu/2;
td=tu/8;
ki = kp*(0.1/ti);
kd=kp*(td/0.1);
xh1=kp+0.20*kp;
x11=kp-0.20*kp;
xh2=ki+0.20*ki;
x12=ki-0.20*ki;
xh3=kd+0.20*kd;
x13=kd-0.20*kd;
h=0.1;
t = 0:h:16;
tf=16/h
delay=0.2;
de=2;
w1=1;
w2=1;
%%%% bring position vector in range
for i=1:10
x1(i,1)=x11+((xh1-x11)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,1);
x2(i,1)=x12+((xh2-x12)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,2);
x3(i,1)=x13+((xh3-x13)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,3);
end
p=[x1 x2 x3];
```

```
%%%define the rande of velocity
vh1=(xh1-xl1);
vl1 = -(xh1-xl1);
vh2 = (xh2 - x12);
v12 = -(xh2-x12);
vh3 = (xh3 - x13);
v13 = -(xh3-x13);
%%% Bring velocity vector in range
for i=1:10
v1(i,1) = v11 + ((vh1 - v11) / (0.9999 - 0.0001)) * vel(i,1);
v2(i,1)=v12+((vh2-v12)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,2);
v3(i,1)=v13+((vh3-v13)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,3);
end
v = [v1 \ v2 \ v3];
   %%%%%%objective fun..
for j=1:10
    kp=p(j,1);
    ki=p(j,2);
    kd=p(j,3);
y = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
x = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
u = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
e = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
er = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
ed = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
```

```
g = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
input = 1;
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
e(1) = input - y(1);
u(1) = kp*e(1) + ki*sum(e);
F xy = 0(x) -2*x;
for i = 1:de
    k_1 = F_xy(x(i));
    k_2 = F_xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
    k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
    k_4 = F_xy((x(i)+k_3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
    e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
    ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
    u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
F xy = 0(u, y, x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (de+1):(tf/2)
    k_1 = F_xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
    k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
    k \ 3 = F \ xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
    k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
```

```
e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
    ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
    u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
u((tf/2)+1)=-20;
F xy = @(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
    k 1 = F xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
    k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k = F xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
    k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
    e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
    ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
   u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
z=y(1:161);
figure(j+1)
plot(t,z)
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' \exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2 ')
grid on
iaeiae(j,1)=0.1*sum(abs(e));
```

```
h=0.1;
for i= 1:length(t)
g(i) = 0.01*i*e(i);
end
itaeitae(j,1) = sum(abs(g));
end
iae=w1*iaeiae+w2*itaeitae;
[iae ind]=sort(iae);
p=p(ind,:);
v=v(ind,:);
localpar=p(1,:);
localminima(1,1) = iae(1,1);
globalpar=p(1,:);
globalminima(1,1)=iae(1,1);
display('start of while loop')
iter=0;
m=1;
n=10;
maxit=30;
while iter < maxit</pre>
iter=iter+1;
r1=rand(popsize,npar);
r2=rand(popsize,npar);
wt=(maxit-iter)/maxit;
```

```
for i=1:10
v(i,:) = wt*v(i,:) + c1*r1(i,:).*(localpar-p(i,:)) + c2*r2(i,:).*(globalpar-p(i,:))
p(i,:));
end
v;
v1=v(:,1);
v2=v(:,2);
v3=v(:,3);
\$\$In main equation of PSO there are three term of addition so sometimes it
%%may cross the boundary limit so we will do with the following method
for i=1:10
if v1(i,1) > vh1
v1(i,1) = vh1;
\texttt{elseif} \ \mathtt{v1}(\mathtt{i},\mathtt{1}) \ < \mathtt{v11}
v1(i,1) = v11;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v2(i,1) > vh2
v2(i,1) = vh2;
elseif v2(i,1) < v12
v2(i,1) = v12;
end
end
```

```
for i=1:10
if v3(i,1) > vh3
v3(i,1) = vh3;
elseif v3(i,1) < v13
v3(i,1) = v13;
end
end
v1;
v2;
v3;
v=[v1 \ v2 \ v3];
%%%%new position of partice will be
    p=p+v;
%%% bring p in the range
x1=p(:,1);
x2=p(:,2);
x3=p(:,3);
%%%bring kp ki kd in range....it means x1 x2 x3
for i=1:10
if x1(i,1) > xh1
x1(i,1) = xh1;
elseif x1(i,1) < x11</pre>
x1(i,1) = x11;
```

end

```
end
```

```
for i=1:10
if x2(i,1) > xh2
x2(i,1) = xh2;
elseif x2(i,1) < x12
x2(i,1) = x12;
end
end
for i=1:10
if x3(i,1) > xh3
x3(i,1) = xh3;
elseif x3(i,1) < x13
x3(i,1) = x13;
end
end
x1;
x2;
x3;
v1;
v2;
v3;
v=[v1 \ v2 \ v3];
p=[x1 x2 x3];
p;
```

```
for j=1:10
    kp=p(j,1);
    ki=p(j,2);
    kd=p(j,3);
y = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
x = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
u = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
e = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
er = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
ed = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
g = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
input = 1;
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
e(1) = input - y(1);
u(1) = kp*e(1) + ki*sum(e);
F xy = @(x) -2*x;
for i = 1:de
    k 1 = F xy(x(i));
    k 2 = F xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
    k_4 = F_xy((x(i)+k_3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
    e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
    ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
    u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
```

```
F xy = 0(u, y, x) u-y-2*x;
    for i = (de+1):(tf/2)
    k 1 = F xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
    k 2 = F xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k_3 = F_xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
    k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
    e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
   ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
   u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
   end
u((tf/2)+1)=-20;
F_xy = 0(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
    k 1 = F xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
    k 2 = F xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
    k = F \times ((u(i-de)+0.5*h), (y(i)+0.5*h), (x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
    k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
    x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
   y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
   e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
```

```
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
   u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
z=y(1:161);
figure(j+1)
plot(t,z)
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' \exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2 ')
grid on
iaeiae(j,1)=0.1*sum(abs(e));
h=0.1;
for i= 1:length(t)
g(i) = 0.01*i*e(i);
end
itaeitae(j,1) = sum(abs(g));
end
iae=w1*iaeiae+w2*itaeitae;
[iae ind]=sort(iae);
p=p(ind,:);
v=v(ind,:);
localpar=p(1,:);
```

```
localminima(iter+1,1)=iae(1,1);
ss=length(localminima);
tt=length(globalminima);
   (localminima(ss,1) < globalminima(tt,1))</pre>
  globalpar= p(1,:);
  globalminima(tt+1,1) = iae(1,1);
else
   globalminima(tt+1,1) = globalminima(tt,1);
end
vv(m:n,:) = v(1:10,:);
pp(m:n,:)=p(1:10,:);
m=n+1;
n=n+10;
end
display('please note the kp ki kd -this is the result of pso algorithm')
globalpar
응응응응응응응
for j=1
kp=globalpar(j,1);
ki=globalpar(j,2);
kd=globalpar(j,3);
y = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
x = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
u = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
e = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
er = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
ed = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
```

```
g = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
input = 1;
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
e(1) = input - y(1);
u(1) = kp*e(1) + ki*sum(e);
F xy = 0(x) -2*x;
for i = 1:de
   x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
    y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
    e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
    ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
    u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
F xy = @(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (de+1) : (tf/2)
k_1 = F_xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
```

```
k_4 = F_xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
u((tf/2)+1)=-20;
F_xy = 0(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
k_1 = F_xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k \ 3 = F \ xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
k_4 = F_xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=1-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
u(i+1) = kp*e(i+1) + ki*sum(e) + kd*ed;
end
z=y(1:tf+1);
figure(1)
```

```
plot(t,z)
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' \exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2 ')
grid on
end
%%%time specification
у;
yy = y(1:(tf/2));
[yymax tp]=max(yy);
peak_time=(tp-1)*0.1;
overshoot=(yymax-1)*100
rr=1;
while y(rr)<1.0001</pre>
rr=rr+1;
end
rise\_time=(rr-1)*0.1
s = (tf/2);
while y(s) > 0.98 \& y(s) < 1.02;
s=s-1;
end
settling_time=(s-1)*0.1
iae=0.1*sum(abs(e))
```

```
h=0.1;
for i= 1:length(t)
g(i)=0.01*i*e(i);
end
itae=sum(abs(g));
itae
```

# PSO BASED ADAPTIVE PID CONTROLLER PROGRAM:

```
%%%%pso based adaptive PID controller design%%%%%%%
%%%consider the palnt model = \exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2
%%%%%%%%%aznpid seven -pso-algo
clc ;
clear all;
popsize=10;
npar=7;
c1=2;
c2=2;
no_of_variable=7;
par=rand(popsize,npar);
vel=rand(popsize,npar);
%%%initialization
ku=10.5;
tu=2.0333;
kp=0.6*ku;
ti=tu/2;
td=tu/8;
ki = kp*(0.1/ti);
kd=kp*(td/0.1);
```

```
xh1=kp+0.20*kp;
x11=kp-0.20*kp;
xh2=ki+0.20*ki;
x12=ki-0.20*ki;
xh3=kd+0.20*kd;
x13=kd-0.20*kd;
xh4=5;
x14=0;
xh5=5;
x15=0;
xh6=30;
x16=0;
xh7=1;
x17=0.1;
h=0.1;
t = 0:h:16;
tf=16/h;
w1=0;
w2=1;
delay=0.2;
de=2;
%%%% bring position vector in range
for i=1:10
x1(i,1)=x11+((xh1-x11)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,1);
x2(i,1)=x12+((xh2-x12)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,2);
x3(i,1)=x13+((xh3-x13)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,3);
```

```
x4(i,1)=x14+((xh4-x14)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,4);
x5(i,1)=x15+((xh5-x15)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,5);
x6(i,1)=x16+((xh6-x16)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,6);
x7(i,1)=x17+((xh7-x17)/(0.9999-0.0001))*par(i,7);
end
p=[x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7];
%%%define the rande of velocity
vh1=(xh1-xl1);
vl1 = -(xh1-xl1);
vh2 = (xh2 - x12);
v12 = -(xh2-x12);
vh3 = (xh3 - x13);
v13 = -(xh3 - x13);
vh4=(xh4-x14);
v14 = -(xh4 - x14);
vh5=(xh5-x15);
v15 = -(xh5 - x15);
vh6=(xh6-x16);
v16 = -(xh6 - x16);
vh7 = (xh7 - x17);
v17 = -(xh7 - x17);
```

```
%%% Bring velocity vector in range
for i=1:10
v1(i,1)=v11+((vh1-v11)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,1);
v2(i,1)=v12+((vh2-v12)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,2);
v3(i,1)=v13+((vh3-v13)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,3);
v4(i,1) = v14 + ((vh4 - v14) / (0.9999 - 0.0001)) * vel(i,4);
v5(i,1)=v15+((vh5-v15)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,5);
v6(i,1) = v16 + ((vh6 - v16) / (0.9999 - 0.0001)) * vel(i,6);
v7(i,1)=v17+((vh7-v17)/(0.9999-0.0001))*vel(i,7);
end
v=[v1 \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7 ];
p;
%%%%call of objective function
[iae ]=objectivefunctionsevenvariable(p);
[iae ind]=sort(iae);
p=p(ind,:);
v=v(ind,:);
localpar=p(1,:)
localminima(1,1) = iae(1,1);
globalpar=p(1,:)
globalminima(1,1)=iae(1,1);
display('start of while loop')
iter=0;
m=1;
n=10;
```

```
maxit=50;
while iter < maxit</pre>
iter=iter+1;
r1=rand(popsize,npar);
r2=rand(popsize,npar);
wt=(maxit-iter)/maxit;
for i=1:10
v(i,:) = wt*v(i,:) + c1*r1(i,:).*(localpar-p(i,:)) + c2*r2(i,:).*(globalpar-p(i,:))
p(i,:) );
end
v;
v1=v(:,1);
v2=v(:,2);
v3=v(:,3);
v4=v(:,4);
v5=v(:,5);
v6=v(:,6);
\forall 7 = \forall (:, 7);
%%in main equation of PSO there are three term of addition so sometimes it
\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{may}}} cross the boundry limit so we will do with the following method
for i=1:10
if v1(i,1) > vh1
v1(i,1) = vh1;
elseif v1(i,1) < v11</pre>
v1(i,1) = v11;
```

end

```
end
```

```
for i=1:10
if v2(i,1) > vh2
v2(i,1) = vh2;
elseif v2(i,1) < v12
v2(i,1) = v12;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v3(i,1) > vh3
v3(i,1) = vh3;
elseif v3(i,1) < v13
v3(i,1) = v13;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v4(i,1) > vh4
v4(i,1) = vh4;
elseif v4(i,1) < v14</pre>
v4(i,1) = v14;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v5(i,1) > vh5
```

```
v5(i,1) = vh5;
elseif v5(i,1) < v15
v5(i,1) = v15;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v6(i,1) > vh6
v6(i,1) = vh6;
elseif v6(i,1) < v16
v6(i,1) = v16;
end
end
for i=1:10
if v7(i,1) > vh7
v7(i,1) = vh7;
elseif v7(i,1) < v17
v7(i,1) = v17;
end
end
v1;
v2;
v3;
v4;
v5;
v6;
v7;
v=[v1 v2 v3 v4 v5 v6 v7];
```

```
p=p+v;
%%% bring p in the range
x1=p(:,1);
x2=p(:,2);
x3=p(:,3);
x4=p(:,4);
x5=p(:,5);
x6=p(:,6);
x7=p(:,7);
%%%bring kp ki kd in range....it means x1 x2 x3
for i=1:10
if x1(i,1) > xh1
x1(i,1) = xh1;
elseif x1(i,1) < x11
x1(i,1) = x11;
end
end
for i=1:10
if x2(i,1) > xh2
x2(i,1) = xh2;
elseif x2(i,1) < x12
x2(i,1) = x12;
end
```

end

%%%%new position of partice will be

```
for i=1:10
if x3(i,1) > xh3
x3(i,1) = xh3;
elseif x3(i,1) < x13
x3(i,1) = x13;
end
end
for i=1:10
if x4(i,1) > xh4
x4(i,1) = xh4;
elseif x4(i,1) < x14
x4(i,1) = x14;
end
end
for i=1:10
if x5(i,1) > xh5
x5(i,1) = xh5;
elseif x5(i,1) < x15
x5(i,1) = x15;
end
```

```
end
for i=1:10
if x6(i,1) > xh6
x6(i,1) = xh6;
elseif x6(i,1) < x16
x6(i,1) = x16;
end
end
for i=1:10
if x7(i,1) > xh7
x7(i,1) = xh7;
elseif x7(i,1) < x17
x7(i,1) = x17;
end
end
x1;
x2;
х3;
x4;
x5;
x6;
x7;
v1;
v2;
v3;
v4;
v5;
v6;
v7;
```

```
v=[v1 \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7];
p=[x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7];
p;
%%%objective function
[ iae ]=objectivefunctionsevenvariable(p);
[iae ind]=sort(iae);
p=p(ind,:);
v=v(ind,:);
localpar=p(1,:);
localminima(iter+1,1) = iae(1,1);
ss=length(localminima);
tt=length(globalminima);
if
    (localminima(ss,1) < globalminima(tt,1))</pre>
  globalpar= p(1,:);
  globalminima(tt+1,1) = iae(1,1);
else
   globalminima(tt+1,1) = globalminima(tt,1);
end
vv(m:n,:) = v(1:10,:);
pp(m:n,:)=p(1:10,:);
m=n+1;
n=n+10;
```

```
display('please note the kp ki kd -this is the result of pso algorithm')
globalpar
clear v;
for j=1
    kp=globalpar(j,1);
    ki=globalpar(j,2);
    kd=globalpar(j,3);
    k1=globalpar(j,4);
    k2=globalpar(j,5);
    k3=globalpar(j,6);
    k4=globalpar(j,7);
 y = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 x = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 z = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 u = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 e = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 er = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 ed = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 kpp = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 kii = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 kdd = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 v = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
 g = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
r= 1;
setpoint=r;
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
e(1) = r - y(1);
```

```
u(1) = kp * e(1) + ki * sum(e);
kpp(1) = 0;
kii(1) = 0;
kdd(1) = 0;
v(1) = 0;
F_xy = 0(x) -2*x;
for i = 1:de
k_1 = F_xy(x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
k_4 = F_xy((x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
er=sum(e);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1)=kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
F xy = 0(u, y, x) u-y-2*x;
for i = de+1:(tf/2)
```

```
k 1 = F xy(u(i-de),y(i),x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1) = kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
u((tf/2)+1) = -20;
F xy = @(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
k 1 = F xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
k = F xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
```

```
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1)=kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
z=y(1:(tf+1));
figure(1)
plot(t,z)
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' \exp(-0.2s) /(s+1)^2 aznpid pso (i.e.PSO-APID) kp ki kd k1 k2 k3 k4 ')
grid on
end
%%%%time specification
у;
yy = y(1:(tf/2));
[yymax tp]=max(yy);
peak time=(tp-1)*0.1;
overshoot=(yymax-1)*100
```

rr=1;

```
while y(rr)<1.0001</pre>
    rr=rr+1;
end
rise\_time=(rr-1)*0.1
s=(tf/2);
while y(s) > 0.98 \& y(s) < 1.02;
    s=s-1;
settling_time=(s-1)*0.1
iae1=0.1*sum(abs(e))
h=0.1;
for i= 1:length(t)
g(i) = 0.01*i*e(i);
end
itae1=sum(abs(g));
itae1
%%%%%%OBJECTIVE FUNCTION PROGRAM%%%%%%
function [iae]=objectivefunctionsevenvariable(p)
h=0.1;
t = 0:h:16;
tf=160 ;
w1=1;
w2 = 0;
```

```
delay=0.2;
de=2;
for j=1:10
       kp=p(j,1);
       ki=p(j,2);
       kd=p(j,3);
       k1=p(j,4);
       k2=p(j,5);
       k3=p(j,6);
       k4=p(j,7);
y = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
x = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
u = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
e = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
kpp = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
kii = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
kdd = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
v = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
g = zeros(1, length(t) + 100);
r= 1;
setpoint=r;
y(1) = 0;
x(1) = 0;
e(1) = r - y(1);
u(1) = kp * e(1) + ki * sum(e);
kpp(1) = 0;
kii(1) = 0;
kdd(1) = 0;
v(1) = 0;
F xy = @(x) -2*x;
```

```
k_1 = F_xy(x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k_3 = F_xy((x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
k_4 = F_xy((x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
er=sum(e);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r) * (ed/r);
kpp(i+1) = kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1)=kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
F xy = 0(u, y, x) u-y-2*x;
for i = de+1:(tf/2)
k_1 = F_xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
k_2 = F_xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k_1);
k = F xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k 2));
k = F xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k 3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k_1+2*k_2+2*k_3+k_4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1) = r - y(i+1);
```

for i = 1:de

```
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1)=kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1)=ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1) = kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
u((tf/2)+1) = -20;
F xy = @(u,y,x) u-y-2*x;
for i = (tf/2) + 1 : length(t)
k 1 = F xy(u(i-de), y(i), x(i));
k 2 = F xy(u(i-de)+0.5*h,y(i)+0.5*h,x(i)+0.5*h*k 1);
k_3 = F_xy((u(i-de)+0.5*h),(y(i)+0.5*h),(x(i)+0.5*h*k_2));
k_4 = F_xy((u(i-de)+h),(y(i)+h),(x(i)+k_3*h));
x(i+1) = x(i) + (1/6)*(k 1+2*k 2+2*k 3+k 4)*h;
y(i+1) = y(i) + h*x(i+1);
e(i+1)=r-y(i+1);
ed=e(i+1)-e(i);
er=sum(e);
v(i+1) = (e(i+1)/r)*(ed/r);
kpp(i+1) = kp*(1+k1*abs(v(i+1)));
kii(i+1) = ki*(k4+k2*v(i+1));
kdd(i+1)=kd*(1+k3*abs(v(i+1)));
```

```
u(i+1) = kpp(i+1) *e(i+1) + kii(i+1) *sum(e) + kdd(i+1) *ed;
end
z=y(1:(tf+1));
figure(j+1)
plot(t,z)
xlabel('Time t ')
ylabel('Response y')
title(' exp(-0.2s) / (s+1)^2 loop')
grid on
%%%%%% IAE AND ITAE %%%%%
iaeiae(j,1)=0.1*sum(abs(e));
for i= 1:length(t)
g(i) = 0.01*i*e(i);
end
itaeitae(j,1) = sum(abs(g));
end
iae = w1*iaeiae+w2*itaeitae;
```