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R & *D* Project : Machine Learning Regression models

Technologies : R version 4.0.2, Rstudio, Linux

Year of submission: 2020

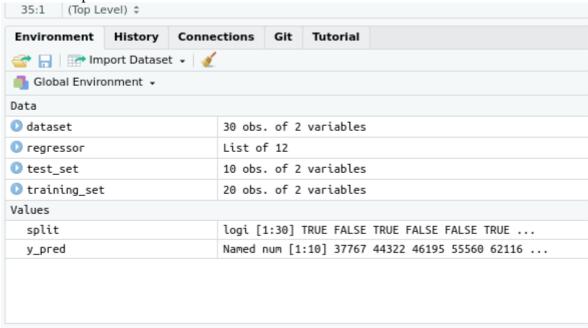
1--> Regression model--> there are 6 different types of regression models-->Simple Linear, multiple Linear, polynomial, support vector, decision tree, random forest.

1. SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL (CODE, OUTPUT, GRAPH)

```
# Simple Linear Regression
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('Salary_Data.csv')
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
# install.packages('caTools')
library(caTools)
set.seed(123)
split = sample.split(dataset$Salary, SplitRatio = 2/3)
training set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training_set = scale(training_set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the Training set
regressor = lm(formula = Salary ~ YearsExperience,
         data = training_set)
# Predicting the Test set results
v pred = predict(regressor, newdata = test set)
# Visualising the Training set results
library(ggplot2)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = training_set$YearsExperience, y = training_set$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom_line(aes(x = training_set$YearsExperience, y = predict(regressor, newdata = training_set)),
       colour = 'blue') +
 ggtitle('Salary vs Experience (Training set)') +
 xlab('Years of experience') +
 ylab('Salary')
# Visualising the Test set results
library(ggplot2)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = test_set$YearsExperience, y = test_set$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom_line(aes(x = training_set$YearsExperience, y = predict(regressor, newdata = training_set)),
```

```
colour = 'blue') +
ggtitle('Salary vs Experience (Test set)') +
xlab('Years of experience') +
ylab('Salary')
```

Observations output:

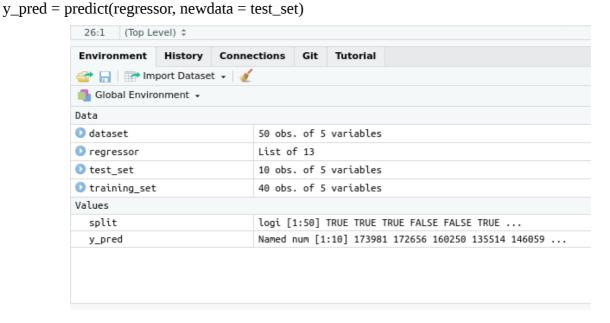


Training set Results:



2. MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL (CODE, OUTPUT, GRAPH):

```
# Multiple Linear Regression
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('50_Startups.csv')
# Encoding categorical data
dataset$State = factor(dataset$State,
               levels = c('New York', 'California', 'Florida'),
              labels = c(1, 2, 3)
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
# install.packages('caTools')
library(caTools)
set.seed(123)
split = sample.split(dataset$Profit, SplitRatio = 0.8)
training set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training_set = scale(training_set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting Multiple Linear Regression to the Training set
regressor = lm(formula = Profit \sim ...
         data = training_set)
# Predicting the Test set results
```



3. POLYNOMIAL REGRESSION (CODE, OUTPUT, GRAPH):

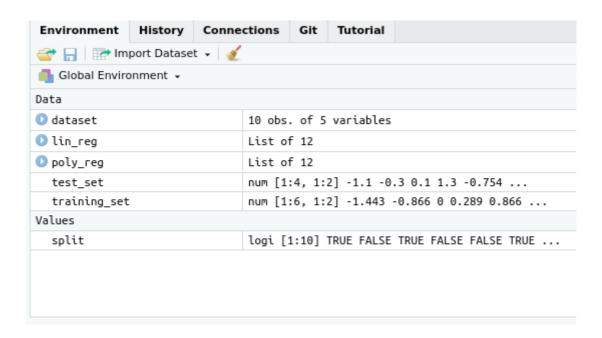
```
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('Position Salaries.csv')
dataset = dataset[2:3]
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
## install.packages('caTools')
# library(caTools)
# set.seed(123)
# split = sample.split(dataset$Salary, SplitRatio = 2/3)
# training_set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
# test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training set = scale(training set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting Linear Regression to the dataset
\lim_{\sim} = \lim_{\sim
                       data = dataset)
# Fitting Polynomial Regression to the dataset
dataset$Level2 = dataset$Level^2
dataset$Level3 = dataset$Level^3
dataset$Level4 = dataset$Level^4
poly_reg = lm(formula = Salary \sim .,
                         data = dataset)
# Visualising the Polynomial Regression results
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
ggplot() +
    geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
                        colour = 'red') +
    geom_line(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = predict(poly_reg, newdata = dataset)),
                      colour = 'blue') +
    ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (Polynomial Regression)') +
   xlab('Level') +
   ylab('Salary')
# Visualising the Regression Model results (for higher resolution and smoother curve)
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
x grid = seq(min(dataset$Level), max(dataset$Level), 0.1)
ggplot() +
    geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
                        colour = 'red') +
    geom_line(aes(x = x_grid, y = predict(poly_reg,
                                                                         newdata = data.frame(Level = x grid,
                                                                                                                Level2 = x_grid^2,
```

```
Level3 = x_grid^3,
Level4 = x_grid^4))),

colour = 'blue') +
ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (Polynomial Regression)') +
xlab('Level') +
ylab('Salary')

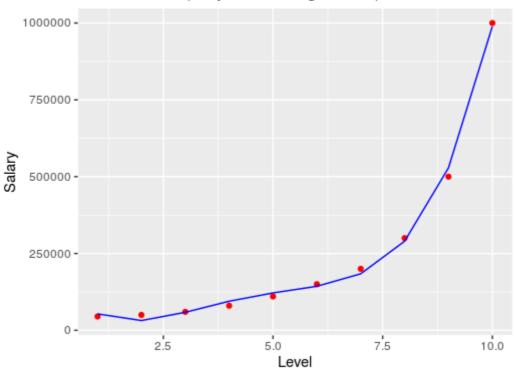
# Predicting a new result with Linear Regression
predict(lin_reg, data.frame(Level = 6.5))

# Predicting a new result with Polynomial Regression
predict(poly_reg, data.frame(Level = 6.5,
Level2 = 6.5^2,
Level3 = 6.5^3,
Level4 = 6.5^4))
```



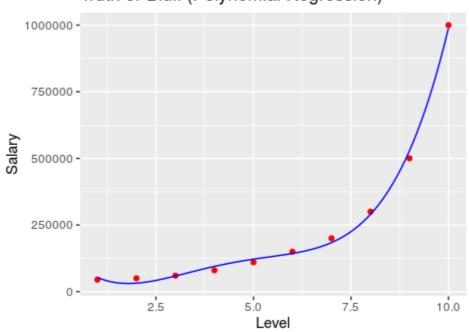
Normal Rplot:





Smooth Rplot:





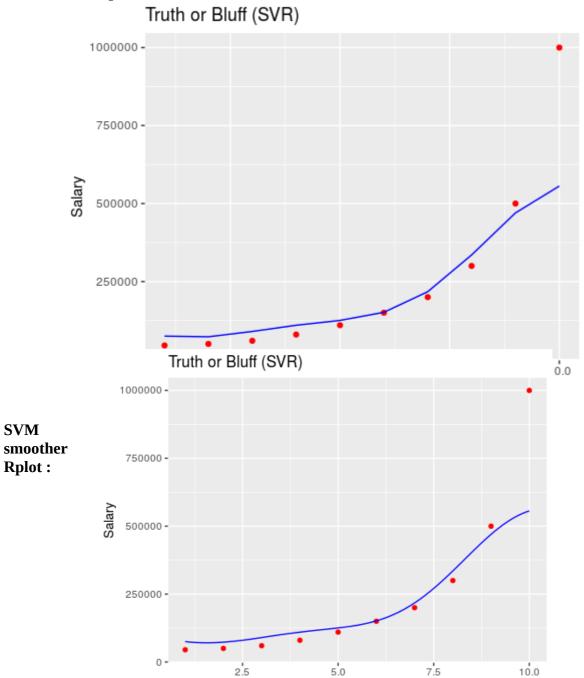
4. SUPPORT VECTOR REGRESSION (SVM):

```
# SVR
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('Position_Salaries.csv')
dataset = dataset[2:3]
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
## install.packages('caTools')
# library(caTools)
# set.seed(123)
# split = sample.split(dataset$Salary, SplitRatio = 2/3)
# training_set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
# test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training set = scale(training set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting SVR to the dataset
# install.packages('e1071')
library(e1071)
regressor = svm(formula = Salary \sim .,
          data = dataset,
          type = 'eps-regression',
          kernel = 'radial')
# Predicting a new result
y_pred = predict(regressor, data.frame(Level = 6.5))
# Visualising the SVR results
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom line(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = predict(regressor, newdata = dataset)),
       colour = 'blue') +
 ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (SVR)') +
 xlab('Level') +
 ylab('Salary')
# Visualising the SVR results (for higher resolution and smoother curve)
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
x_grid = seq(min(dataset$Level), max(dataset$Level), 0.1)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom\_line(aes(x = x\_grid, y = predict(regressor, newdata = data.frame(Level = x\_grid))),
```

```
colour = 'blue') +
ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (SVR)') +
xlab('Level') +
ylab('Salary')
```

| Environment | History | Connections | Git | Tutoria | ı | | | |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 🚰 🔒 🔛 lm | port Datase | t 🕶 🎻 | | | | | | |
| 🔒 Global Envir | nment 🗸 | | | | | | | |
| Data | | | | | | | | |
| odataset | 10 obs | 10 obs. of 2 variables | | | | | | |
| Level : in | 1234 | 5 6 7 8 9 10 | | | | | | |
| Salary: in | 45000 500 | 900 60000 80000 | 11000 | 0 150000 | 200000 | 300000 | 500000 | 1000000 |
| D regressor | List o | List of 31 | | | | | | |
| Values | | | | | | | | |
| y_pred | Named | Named num 177861 | | | | | | |

SVM normal Rplot:



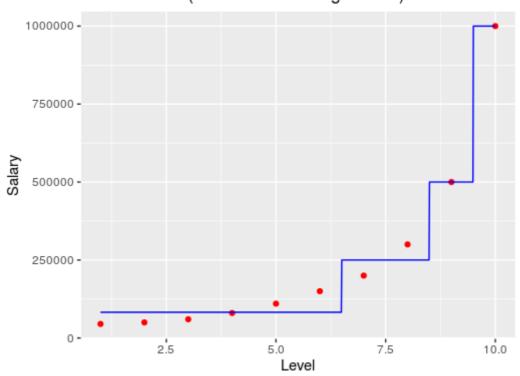
Level

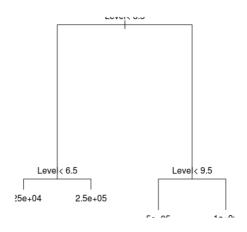
5. DECISION TREE REGRESSION MODEL (CODE, OUTPUT, GRAPH):

```
# Decision Tree Regression
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('Position_Salaries.csv')
dataset = dataset[2:3]
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
## install.packages('caTools')
# library(caTools)
# set.seed(123)
# split = sample.split(dataset$Salary, SplitRatio = 2/3)
# training_set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
# test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training set = scale(training set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting Decision Tree Regression to the dataset
# install.packages('rpart')
library(rpart)
regressor = rpart(formula = Salary \sim .,
           data = dataset,
           control = rpart.control(minsplit = 1))
# Predicting a new result with Decision Tree Regression
y_pred = predict(regressor, data.frame(Level = 6.5))
# Visualising the Decision Tree Regression results (higher resolution)
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
x_grid = seq(min(dataset\$Level), max(dataset\$Level), 0.01)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom line(aes(x = x \text{ grid}, y = \text{predict(regressor, newdata = data.frame(Level = x \text{ grid}))}),
       colour = 'blue') +
 ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (Decision Tree Regression)') +
 xlab('Level') +
 ylab('Salary')
# Plotting the tree
plot(regressor)
text(regressor)
```



Truth or Bluff (Decision Tree Regression)





6.RANDOM FOREST REGRESSION MODEL (CODE, OUTPUT, GRAPH)

```
# Random Forest Regression
# Importing the dataset
dataset = read.csv('Position_Salaries.csv')
dataset = dataset[2:3]
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
## install.packages('caTools')
# library(caTools)
# set.seed(123)
# split = sample.split(dataset$Salary, SplitRatio = 2/3)
# training_set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
# test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
# training set = scale(training set)
# test_set = scale(test_set)
# Fitting Random Forest Regression to the dataset
install.packages('randomForest')
library(randomForest)
set.seed(1234)
regressor = randomForest(x = dataset[-2],
               y = dataset$Salary,
               ntree = 500)
# Predicting a new result with Random Forest Regression
y_pred = predict(regressor, data.frame(Level = 6.5))
# Visualising the Random Forest Regression results (higher resolution)
# install.packages('ggplot2')
library(ggplot2)
x grid = seq(min(dataset$Level), max(dataset$Level), 0.01)
ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = dataset$Level, y = dataset$Salary),
        colour = 'red') +
 geom\_line(aes(x = x\_grid, y = predict(regressor, newdata = data.frame(Level = x\_grid))),
       colour = 'blue') +
 ggtitle('Truth or Bluff (Random Forest Regression)') +
 xlab('Level') +
 ylab('Salary')
```

| Environment | History | Connections | Git | Tutorial | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|-----|----------|--|--|--|
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| Global Envir | onment 🕶 | | | Q | | | |
| Data | | | | | | | |
| 🚺 dataset | 10 obs | 10 obs. of 2 variables | | | | | |
| regressor | List o | List of 17 | | | | | |
| Values | | | | | | | |
| x_grid | d num [1:901] 1 1.01 1.02 1.03 1.04 1.05 1.06 1.07 1.08 1.09 | | | | | | |
| y_pred Named num 160908 | | | | | | | |

Truth or Bluff (Random Forest Regression)

