## **EXPERIMENT NO: 9**

**TITLE**: Develop a program to compute Sin(x) using Taylor series approximation. Compare your result with the built-in Library function. Print both the results with appropriate messages.

## **PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#define PI 3.141593
void main()
       int i, degree;
       float rad, sum=0,term,nume,deno;
       printf("Enter the degree\n");
       scanf("%d",&degree);
       rad=degree*(PI/180);
       nume=rad;
       deno=1;
       i=2;
       do
               term=nume/deno;
               nume=-nume*rad*rad;
               deno=deno*i*(i+1);
               sum=sum+term; i=i+2;
       \}while(fabs(term)>=0.00001);
       printf("The calculated sine value is = \%f\n", sum);
       printf("The value using library function is= %f", sin(rad));
```

## **OUTPUTS:**

Enter the value in degree

30

The calculated sine value is = 0.500000

The value using library function is = 0.500000

Enter a value in degree

90

The calculated sine value is =1.000000

The value using library function is = 1.000000

• Enter a value in degree

120

The calculated sine value is = 0.866025

The value using library function is = 0.866025

```
ALGORITHM:
STEP 1: Start
STEP 2: Assign PI = 3.1415927
STEP 3: Read degree
STEP 4: Convert degree to radian
            rad = degree * (PI / 180)
STEP 5: Initialize
            nume = rad
            deno = 1
            i=2
            sum = 0
STEP 6: Repeat
            term = nume / deno
            nume = -nume * rad * rad
            deno = deno * i * (i + 1)
            sum = sum + term
            i = i + 2
STEP 7: until ( |term| ) >= 0.00001
STEP 8: display sum, sin(rad)
STEP 9: Stop
```

## **FLOWCHART:**

