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Roll No: 20-PBD-002

1805: Database management Systems

CIA -2 Assginment

1. CREATE THE DEPARTMENT AND EMPLOYEE TABLE WITH THE GIVEN TABLE STRUCTURE AND CONSTRAINTS.**Lab Assignment**

1. Create table Department with below given table structure and constraints.

Column Name	Datatype	Constraints	Remarks
Dno	Number(2)	Primary Key	Department Number
Dname	Varchar2(15)	Unique	Department Name
Location	Varchar2(15)		Default value must be set as Ahmedabad

2. Check the table structure of Department table.
3. Create table Employee with below given table structure and constraints.

Column Name	Datatype	Constraints	Remarks
Eno	Number(4)	Primary Key	Employee Number
Name	Varchar2(15)		Employee Name
Surname	Varchar2(15)		Employee last name
DOB	Date		Employee's date of birth
DOJ	Date		Employee's date of joining
Designation	Varchar2(15)	Not Null	Designation/Post of employee
Reporting_To	Number(4)		Boss of the employee
Salary	Number(9,2)		Minimum 5000
Conveyance	Number(7,2)		Conveyance allowance, maximum 10000
Dno	Number(2)	Foreign Key	Department number of employee

Ensure that DOJ is greater than DOB for each employee.

Create table Department(
 Dno number(2) primary key,
 Dname varchar2(15) unique,
 Location varchar2(15) DEFAULT 'Ahmedabad');

```
SQL> Create table Department(
  2 Dno number(2) primary key,
  3 Dname varchar2(15) unique,
  4 Location varchar2(15) DEFAULT 'Ahmedabad');
```

Table created.

create table Employee(
 Eno number(4) primary key,
 Name varchar2(15),
 Surname varchar(15),
 DOB date,
 DOJ date,
 Designation varchar2(15) Not Null,

```

Reporting_To number(4),
Salary number(9,2),
Conveyance Number(7,2),
Dno Number(2) constraint fk_dno references Department(Dno),
constraint chk_date check(DOJ>DOB)
);

```

```

SQL> create table Employee(
  2  Eno number(4) primary key,
  3  Name varchar2(15),
  4  Surname varchar(15),
  5  DOB date,
  6  DOJ date,
  7  Designation varchar2(15) Not Null,
  8  Reporting_To number(4),
  9  Salary number(9,2),
 10  Conveyance Number(7,2),
 11  Dno Number(2) constraint fk_dno references Department(Dno),
 12  constraint chk_date check(DOJ>DOB)
 13 );

```

Table created.

2. DISPLAY BOTH THE TABLE STRUCTURES.

desc Department;

```

SQL> desc Department;

```

Name	Null?	Type
DNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(2)
DNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
LOCATION		VARCHAR2(15)

desc Employee;

```

SQL> desc Employee;

```

Name	Null?	Type
ENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(4)
NAME		VARCHAR2(15)
SURNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
DOB		DATE
DOJ		DATE
DESIGNATION	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
REPORTING_TO		NUMBER(4)
SALARY		NUMBER(9,2)
CONVEYANCE		NUMBER(7,2)
DNO		NUMBER(2)

a. ENTER THE FOLLOWING DETAILS IN TO THE TABLES.

Enter the following data in Employee table

Empo	Name	Surname	DOB	DOJ	Designation	Reporting_To	Salary	Conveyance	Dno
1001	Alap	Mehta	12-01-75	05-05-02	Manager		38000	4500	10
1002	Ramesh	Trivedi	24-01-72	07-10-98	Salesman	1001	26000	3500	10
1003	Manu	Sheth	04-05-80	08-11-08	Programmer	1006	32000	0	30
1004	Tarak	Gandhi	26-08-81	30-10-05	Salesman	1001	25750	3500	10
1005	Hareesh		16-03-80	25-09-06	Analyst	1006	40000	0	30
1006	Alap	Shah	04-11-76	25-02-07	Manager		42000		30
1007	Allan		03-12-70	19-06-98	Programmer	1006	34400		30
1008	Himanshu	Joshi	14-04-84	01-07-08	Clerk	1012	18500		40
1009	Nareesh	Modi	22-02-82	15-04-09	Officer	1012	28700		40
1010	Prerak		11-08-86	01-04-11	Assistant	1012	15000		40
1012	Rakesh	Patel	09-09-80	05-03-07	Management		40000		40
1014	Sachin	Vala	17-05-83	15-10-10	Cashier	1012	20000		40
1015	Azhar		30-06-84	01-02-10	Salesman	1001	26000	3500	10
1016	Roshan		07-07-85	05-01-11	Clerk	1012	18500		40
1018	Mit	Shah	10-12-84	15-06-10	Clerk	1012	19250		40

Enter the following data in Department table

Dno	Dname	Location
10	Marketing	Mumbai
20	Production	Ahmedabad
30	EDP	Ahmedabad
40	Finance	Ahmedabad
50	Purchase	Mumbai

Verify the contents of Department table.

b.

b.

insert into Department values(10,'Marketing','Mumbai');

insert into Department values(20,'Production', default);

insert into Department values(30,'EDP', default);

insert into Department values(40,'Finance', default);

insert into Department values(50,'Purchase','Mumbai');

```

SQL> insert into Department values(10,'Marketing','Mumbai');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(20,'Production', default);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(30,'EDP', default);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(40,'Finance', default);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(50,'Purchase','Mumbai');
1 row created.

```

a.

```

insert into Employee values(1001,'Alap','Mehta','12-JAN-75','05-MAY-02','Manager',NULL,38000,4500,10);
insert into Employee values(1002,'Ramesh','Trivedi','24-JAN-72','07-OCT-02','Salesman',1001,26000,3500,10);
insert into Employee values(1003,'Manu','Sheth','04-MAY-80','08-NOV-08','Programmer',1006,32000,0,30);
insert into Employee values(1004,'Tarak','Gandhi','26-AUG-81','30-OCT-05','Salesman',1001,25750,3500,10);
insert into Employee values(1005,'Haresh',NULL,'16-MARCH-80','25-SEP-06','Analyst',1006,40000,0,30);
insert into Employee values(1006,'Alap','Shah','04-NOV-76','25-FEB-07','Manager',NULL,42000,NULL,30);
insert into Employee values(1007,'Alian',NULL,'03-DEC-70','19-JUN-98','Programmer',1006,34400,NULL,30);
insert into Employee values(1008,'Himanshu','Joshi','14-APR-84','01-JUL-08','Clerk',1012,18500,NULL,40);
insert into Employee values(1009,'Naresh','Mod','22-FEB-82','15-APR-09','Officer',1012,28700,NULL,40);
insert into Employee values(1012,'Rakesh','Patel','09-SEP-80','05-MAR-07','Management',NULL,40000,NULL,40);
insert into Employee values(1014,'Sachin','Vala','13-MAY-83','15-OCT-10','Cashier',1012,20000,NULL,40);
insert into Employee values(1015,'Azhar',NULL,'30-JUN-84','01-FEB-10','Salesman',1001,40000,3500,10);
insert into Employee values(1016,'Roshan',NULL,'07-JUL-87','05-JAN-11','Clerk',1012,18500,NULL,40);
insert into Employee values(1018,'Mit','Shah','10-DEC-84','15-JUN-10','Clerk',1012,19250,3500,40);

```

```
SQL> insert into Employee values(1001 ,'Alap','Mehta','12-JAN-75','05-MAY-02', 'Manager',NULL,38000,4500,10);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1002 ,'Ramesh','Trivedi','24-JAN-72','07-OCT-02', 'Salesman',1001 ,26000,3500,10);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1003 ,'Manu','Sheth','04-MAY-80','08-NOV-08', 'Programmer',1006,32000,0,30);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1004 ,'Tarak','Gandhi','26-AUG-81','30-OCT-05', 'Salesman',1001,25750,3500,10);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1005 ,'Haresh',NULL ,'16-MARCH-80','25-SEP-06', 'Analyst',1006,40000,0,30);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1006 ,'Alap','Shah' ,'04-NOV-76','25-FEB-07', 'Manager',NULL,42000,NULL,30);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1007 ,'Alian',NULL ,'03-DEC-70','19-JUN-98', 'Programmer',1006,34400,NULL,30);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1008 ,'Himanshu','Joshi' ,'14-APR-84','01-JUL-08', 'Clerk',1012,18500,NULL,40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1009 ,'Naresh','Mod' ,'22-FEB-82','15-APR-09', 'Officer',1012,28700,NULL,40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1012,'Rakesh','Patel' ,'09-SEP-80' ,'05-MAR-07', 'Management',NULL ,40000,NULL,40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1014 ,'Sachin','Vala' ,'13-MAY-83','15-OCT-10', 'Cashier',1012,20000,NULL,40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1015,'Azhar',NULL ,'30-JUN-84','01-FEB-10', 'Salesman', 1001, 40000,3500 ,10);
1 row created.
```

```
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1014 ,'Sachin','Vala' ,'13-MAY-83','15-OCT-10', 'Cashier',1012,20000,NULL,40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1015,'Azhar',NULL ,'30-JUN-84','01-FEB-10', 'Salesman', 1001, 40000,3500 ,10);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1016,'Roshan',NULL ,'07-JUL-87' ,'05-JAN-11' , 'Clerk',1012,18500,NULL, 40);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values(1018,'Mit','Shah' ,'10-DEC-84' ,'15-JUN-10', 'Clerk' ,1012,19250,3500, 40);
1 row created.

SQL>
```

c. DISPLAY THE CONTENTS OF EMPLOYEE TABLE.

select * from Employee;

SQL> select * from Employee;

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
REPORTING_TO	SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DNO		
1001	Alap	Mehta	12-JAN-75	05-MAY-02	Manager
	38000	4500	10		
1002	Ramesh	Trivedi	24-JAN-72	07-OCT-02	Salesman
1001	26000	3500	10		
1003	Manu	Sheth	04-MAY-80	08-NOV-08	Programmer
1006	32000	0	30		
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
REPORTING_TO	SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DNO		
1004	Tarak	Gandhi	26-AUG-81	30-OCT-05	Salesman
1001	25750	3500	10		
1005	Hareesh		16-MAR-80	25-SEP-06	Analyst
1006	40000	0	30		
1006	Alap	Shah	04-NOV-76	25-FEB-07	Manager
	42000		30		
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
REPORTING_TO	SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DNO		
1007	Alian		03-DEC-70	19-JUN-98	Programmer
1006	34400		30		
1008	Himanshu	Joshi	14-APR-84	01-JUL-08	Clerk
1012	18500		40		
1009	Nareesh	Mod	22-FEB-82	15-APR-09	Officer
1012	28700		40		
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
REPORTING_TO	SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DNO		

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1007	Alian		03-DEC-70	19-JUN-98	Programmer
1006			30		
1008	Himanshu	Joshi	14-APR-84	01-JUL-08	Clerk
1012			40		
1009	Naresh	Mod	22-FEB-82	15-APR-09	Officer
1012			40		
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1012	Rakesh	Patel	09-SEP-80	05-MAR-07	Management
			40		
1014	Sachin	Vala	13-MAY-83	15-OCT-10	Cashier
1012			40		
1015	Azhar		30-JUN-84	01-FEB-10	Salesman
1001		3500	10		
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1016	Roshan		07-JUL-87	05-JAN-11	Clerk
1012			40		
1018	Mit	Shah	10-DEC-84	15-JUN-10	Clerk
1012		3500	40		

14 rows selected.

d. ADD EMAIL ID AND PHONE FIELD TO THE EMPLOYEE TABLE.

```
alter table Employee add(Email_Id Varchar2(30));
alter table Employee add(Phone Number(10));
```

```
SQL> alter table Employee add(Email_Id Varchar2(30));
Table altered.
SQL> alter table Employee add(Phone Number(10));
Table altered.
```

e. CHANGE THE DATA TYPE PF PHONE FIELD FROM NUMBER TO VARCHAR 10

```
alter table Employee modify(Phone Varchar(10));
```



```
SQL> alter table Employee modify(Phone Varchar(10));  
Table altered.
```

f. ADD CONSTRAINT UNIQUE TO BOTH THE FIELDS.

```
alter table Employee  
add constraint unq unique(Email_Id,Phone);
```

```
SQL> alter table Employee  
2 add constraint unq unique(Email_Id,Phone);  
Table altered.
```

g. REMOVE THE REPORTING FIELD FROM EMPLOYEE TABLE.

```
alter table Employee  
drop column Reporting_to;
```

```
SQL> alter table Employee  
2 drop column Reporting_to;  
Table altered.
```

h. CHANGE THE NAME OF EMPLOYEE TABLE TO EMP_MASTER

```
alter table Employee  
rename to Emp_Master;
```

```
SQL> alter table Employee  
2 rename to Emp_Master;  
Table altered.
```

i. LIST OUT THE CONSTARINTS GIVEN ON THE EMPLOYEE TABLE

```
SELECT COLUMN_NAME, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM USER_CONS_COLUMNS  
WHERE TABLE_NAME='EMP_MASTER';
```

```
SQL> SELECT COLUMN_NAME, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM USER_CONS_COLUMNS  
2 WHERE TABLE_NAME='EMP_MASTER';
```

```
COLUMN_NAME
```

```
-----  
CONSTRAINT_NAME
```

```
-----  
DESIGNATION  
SYS_C007212
```

```
DOB  
CHK_DATE
```

```
DOJ  
CHK_DATE
```

```
COLUMN_NAME
```

```
-----  
CONSTRAINT_NAME
```

```
-----  
ENO  
SYS_C007214
```

```
DNO  
FK_DNO
```

```
EMAIL_ID  
UNQ
```

```
COLUMN_NAME
```

```
-----  
CONSTRAINT_NAME
```

```
-----  
PHONE  
UNQ
```

```
7 rows selected.
```

j. DELETE THE EARLIER CREATED STUDENT TABLE.

```
drop table student;
```

```
SQL> drop table student;
```

```
Table dropped.
```

k. RENAME THE dno FIELD TO 'DID'

```
alter table Emp_master rename column dno to did;
```

```
SQL> alter table Emp_master rename column dno to did;
```

```
Table altered.
```

19-1-2021

1. **Display the employee details whose salary is above 10000 and belonging to did=30.**

select * from emp_master where salary>10000 and did=20;

```
SQL> Select * from emp_master where salary>10000 and did=20;  
no rows selected
```

2. **Display the employees who has joined in the time period of 2005 and 2010.**

select * from emp_master where doj>='01-JAN-2005' and doj <= '31-DEC-2010';

select * from emp_master where doj between '01-JAN-2005' and '31-DEC-2010';

```
SQL> select * from emp_master where doj between '01-JAN-2005' and '31-DEC-2010';
```

ENO	NAME		SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION

SALARY	CONVEYANCE		DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

1003	Manu		Sheth	04-MAY-80	08-NOV-08	Programmer
32000	0		30			
1004	Tarak		Gandhi	26-AUG-81	30-OCT-05	Salesman
25750	3500		10			
1005	Haresh			16-MAR-80	25-SEP-06	Analyst
40000	0		30			
ENO	NAME		SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION

SALARY	CONVEYANCE		DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

1006	Alap		Shah	04-NOV-76	25-FEB-07	Manager
42000			30			
1008	Himanshu		Joshi	14-APR-84	01-JUL-08	Clerk
18500			40			
1009	Naresh		Mod	22-FEB-82	15-APR-09	Officer
28700			40			
ENO	NAME		SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION

SALARY	CONVEYANCE		DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

1012	Rakesh		Patel	09-SEP-80	05-MAR-07	Management
40000			40			
1014	Sachin		Vala	13-MAY-83	15-OCT-10	Cashier
20000			40			
1015	Azhar			30-JUN-84	01-FEB-10	Salesman
40000	3500		10			
ENO	NAME		SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION

SALARY	CONVEYANCE		DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

ENO	NAME		SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION

SALARY	CONVEYANCE		DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

1018	Mit		Shah	10-DEC-84	15-JUN-10	Clerk
19250	3500		40			

```
10 rows selected.
```

3. Display the employee details who having salary exactly 26000, 15250, 18000

select * from emp_master where salary in (26000,15250,18000);

10 rows selected.

SQL> select * from emp_master where salary in (26000,15250,18000);

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1002	Ramesh	Trivedi	24-JAN-72	07-OCT-02	Salesman
26000	3500	10			

4. Display the employee details of employees whose name begin with 'r' and end with 'n'.

select * from emp_master where name like 'R%n';

SQL> select * from emp_master where name like 'R%n';

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1016	Roshan		07-JUL-87	05-JAN-11	Clerk
18500		40			

5. List the names of managers whose name ends with 'p'.

select * from emp_master where name like '%p' ;

SQL> select * from emp_master where name like '%p' ;

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1001	Alap	Mehta	12-JAN-75	05-MAY-02	Manager
38000	4500	10			
1006	Alap	Shah	04-NOV-76	25-FEB-07	Manager
42000		30			

6. Display the employee details of employees whose name begin with 'r' and end with 'n' and whose salary is above 15000

select * from emp_master where name like 'R%n' and salary > 15000;

SQL> select * from emp_master where name like 'R%n' and salary > 15000;

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
1016	Roshan		07-JUL-87	05-JAN-11	Clerk
18500		40			

7. Display the employee name and salary including the commission.

select name , salary+conveyance as total_sal from emp_master;

```
SQL> select name , salary+conveyance as total_sal from emp_master;
```

NAME	TOTAL_SAL
Alap	42500
Ramesh	29500
Manu	32000
Tarak	29250
Haresh	40000
Alap	
Alian	
Himanshu	
Naresh	
Rakesh	
Sachin	

NAME	TOTAL_SAL
Azhar	43500
Roshan	
Mit	22750

14 rows selected.

8. Display the name of employee as the concatenation of name and surname.

Select concat(name, surname) as name from emp_master;

```
SQL> select concat(name,surname) as name from emp_master;
```

NAME
AlapMehta
RameshTrivedi
ManuSheth
TarakGandhi
Haresh
AlapShah
Alian
HimanshuJoshi
NareshMod
RakeshPatel
SachinVala

NAME
Azhar
Roshan
MitShah

14 rows selected.

9. Display the sum of salary and conveyance as total salary.

select salary+nvl(conveyance) as 'total salary' from emp_master;

```
SQL> select salary+nvl(conveyance,0) as total_salary from emp_master;

TOTAL_SALARY
-----
    42500
    29500
    32000
    29250
    40000
    42000
    34400
    18500
    28700
    40000
    20000

TOTAL_SALARY
-----
    43500
    18500
    22750

14 rows selected.
```

10. Create a new table employee from the existing table

Create table employee as (select * from emp_master);

```
SQL> Create table employee as (select * from emp_master);
Table created.
```

11. Insert data from department table to dept table.

insert into dept(did,name) select dno,dname from department;

```
SQL> insert into dept(did,name) select dno,dname from department;

5 rows created.
```

12. Update the salary by giving 10 percent increment

update emp_master set salary = salary+salary*.10;

```
SQL> update emp_master set salary = salary+salary*.10;

14 rows updated.
```

13. Change the designation of manager as senior manager

update emp_master set designation = 'Senior manager' where designation ='Manager';

```
SQL> update emp_master set designation = 'Senior manager' where designation ='Manager';

2 rows updated.
```

14. Delete the records having salary less than 15000

delete from emp_master where salary < 15000;

```
SQL> delete from emp_master where salary < 15000;
0 rows deleted.
```

15. Remove the foreign key constraint

alter table emp_master drop constraint FK_DNO;

```
SQL> alter table emp_master drop constraint FK_DNO;
Table altered.
```

16. Add the foreign key constraint such as on deleting the records from parent table those values in child are set to null.

alter table emp_master add constraint fk foreign key(did) references department(dno) on delete set NULL;

```
SQL> alter table emp_master add constraint fk foreign key(did) references department(dno) on delete set NULL;
Table altered.
```

17. Sort the employee table using the name field in ascending order.

select * from emp_master order by name;


```
SQL> select * from emp_master order by name;
```

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE
1001	Alap	Mehta	12-JAN-75	05-MAY-02	Senior manager
41800	4500	10			
1006	Alap	Shah	04-NOV-76	25-FEB-07	Senior manager
46200		30			
1007	Alian		03-DEC-70	19-JUN-98	Programmer
37840		30			
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE
1015	Azhar		30-JUN-84	01-FEB-10	Salesman
44000	3500	10			
1005	Hareh		16-MAR-80	25-SEP-06	Analyst
44000	0	30			
1008	Himanshu	Joshi	14-APR-84	01-JUL-08	Clerk
20350		40			
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE
1003	Manu	Sheth	04-MAY-80	08-NOV-08	Programmer
35200	0	30			
1018	Mit	Shah	10-DEC-84	15-JUN-10	Clerk
21175	3500	40			
1009	Nareh	Mod	22-FEB-82	15-APR-09	Officer
31570		40			
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID		PHONE

ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID	PHONE	
1003	Manu	Sheth	04-MAY-80	08-NOV-08	Programmer
35200	0	30			
1018	Mit	Shah	10-DEC-84	15-JUN-10	Clerk
21175	3500	40			
1009	Naresh	Mod	22-FEB-82	15-APR-09	Officer
31570		40			
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID	PHONE	
1012	Rakesh	Patel	09-SEP-80	05-MAR-07	Management
44000		40			
1002	Ramesh	Trivedi	24-JAN-72	07-OCT-02	Salesman
28600	3500	10			
1016	Roshan		07-JUL-87	05-JAN-11	Clerk
20350		40			
ENO	NAME	SURNAME	DOB	DOJ	DESIGNATION
SALARY	CONVEYANCE	DID	EMAIL_ID	PHONE	
1014	Sachin	Vala	13-MAY-83	15-OCT-10	Cashier
22000		40			
1004	Tarak	Gandhi	26-AUG-81	30-OCT-05	Salesman
28325	3500	10			

14 rows selected.

String Functions

1. Display the employee number, first name in lowercase and last name in uppercase for all employers whose empno is in the range of 1000 and 1150.

select eno, lower(name) as name, upper(surname) as surname from emp_master where eno between 1000 and 1150;

```
SQL> select eno, lower(name) as name, upper(surname) as surname from emp_master where eno between 1000 and 1150;
```

ENO	NAME	SURNAME
1001	alap	MEHTA
1002	ramesh	TRIVEDI
1003	manu	SHETH
1004	tarak	GANDHI
1005	haresh	
1006	alap	SHAH
1007	alian	
1008	himanshu	JOSHI
1009	naresh	MOD
1012	rakesh	PATEL
1014	sachin	VALA
ENO	NAME	SURNAME
1015	azhar	
1016	roshan	
1018	mit	SHAH

14 rows selected.

2. Generating Email Addresses

a. For all customers – display the last name, first name and email address. The email address will be composed from the first letter of first name concatenated with three first letters of last name concatenated with the string “@mymail.com” (For example : Ram Kedem → RKED@mymail.com).

select surname, name, concat(lower(concat(substr(name,1,1), substr(surname,1,3))), '@mymail.com') as email
from emp_master;

```
SQL> select surname, name, concat(lower(concat(substr(name,1,1), substr(surname,1,3))), '@mymail.com')
2 as email from emp_master;
```

SURNAME	NAME	EMAIL
Mehta	Alap	ameh@mymail.com
Trivedi	Ramesh	rtri@mymail.com
Sheth	Manu	mshe@mymail.com
Gandhi	Tarak	tgan@mymail.com
	Haresh	h@mymail.com
Shah	Alap	asha@mymail.com
	Alian	a@mymail.com
Joshi	Himanshu	hjos@mymail.com
Mod	Naresh	nmod@mymail.com
Patel	Rakesh	rpat@mymail.com
Vala	Sachin	sval@mymail.com

SURNAME	NAME	EMAIL
	Azhar	a@mymail.com
	Roshan	r@mymail.com
Shah	Mit	msha@mymail.com

14 rows selected.

3. Display the last name and the length of the last name for all employers where last name's length is greater than 9 characters.

select surname, length(surname) as length_of_surname from emp_master where length(surname)>9;

```
SQL> select surname, length(surname) as length_of_surname from emp_master where length(surname)>9;
no rows selected
```

4. Display the system date in the format ('dd-mm-yyyy') use to char.

```
SQL> select to_char(sysdate,'dd-mm-yyyy') from dual;

TO_CHAR(SY
-----
27-01-2021
```

5. Display system time(select to_char(sysdate,'HH24:MI:SS AM') FROM DUAL;)

```
SQL> select to_char(sysdate,'HH24:MI:SS AM') FROM DUAL;

TO_CHAR(SYS
-----
19:43:48 PM
```

6. DISPLAY THE DOB AND BIRTHDAY OF EMPLOYEES

select dob as birthday, doj from emp_master;

```
SQL> select dob as birthday, doj from emp_master;

BIRTHDAY  DOJ
-----  -----
12-JAN-75 05-MAY-02
24-JAN-72 07-OCT-02
04-MAY-80 08-NOV-08
26-AUG-81 30-OCT-05
16-MAR-80 25-SEP-06
04-NOV-76 25-FEB-07
03-DEC-70 19-JUN-98
14-APR-84 01-JUL-08
22-FEB-82 15-APR-09
09-SEP-80 05-MAR-07
13-MAY-83 15-OCT-10

BIRTHDAY  DOJ
-----  -----
30-JUN-84 01-FEB-10
07-JUL-87 05-JAN-11
10-DEC-84 15-JUN-10

14 rows selected.
```

7. DISPLAY THE TOTAL SALARY AS SUM OF SALARY AND COMMISSION USING nvl.

select salary+nvl(conveyance,0) as total_salary from emp_master;

```
SQL> select salary+nvl(conveyance,0) as total_salary from emp_master;
```

```
TOTAL_SALARY
```

```
-----
46300
32100
35200
31825
44000
46200
37840
20350
31570
44000
22000
```

```
TOTAL_SALARY
```

```
-----
47500
20350
24675
```

```
14 rows selected.
```

8. DISPLAY THE NAME, AGE AND EXPERIENCE IN COMPANY FOR ALL EMPLOYERS

```
select name, trunc(months_between(sysdate,dob)/12) as age, trunc(months_between(doj,dob)/12) as experience
from emp_master;
```

```
SQL> select name, trunc(months_between(sysdate,dob)/12) as age, trunc(months_between(doj,dob)/12) as experience from emp_master;
```

```
NAME AGE EXPERIENCE
```

```
-----
Alap 46 27
Ramesh 49 30
Manu 40 28
Tarak 39 24
Naresh 40 26
Alap 44 30
Alian 50 27
Himanshu 36 24
Naresh 38 27
Rakesh 40 26
Sachin 37 27
```

```
NAME AGE EXPERIENCE
```

```
-----
Azhar 36 25
Roshan 33 23
Mit 36 25
```

```
14 rows selected.
```

9. DISPLAY THE EMPLOYEE NAME AND HIS DEPARTMENT IN DESCRIPTIVE MANNER AS EMPLOYEE DETAILS.(EG: RAM PATEL IS A MANAGER BELONGING TO ACCOUNTS DEPT)

```
select emp_master.name || ' ' || emp_master.surname || ' is a ' || emp_master.designation || ' belonging to '
|| department.dname || ' department.' from emp_master,department where emp_master.did = department.dno;
```

```
SQL> select emp_master.name || ' ' || emp_master.surname || ' is a ' || emp_master.designation || ' belonging to '
2 || department.dname || ' department.' from emp_master, department where emp_master.did = department.dno;

EMP_MASTER.NAME || ' ' || EMP_MASTER.SURNAME || 'ISA' || EMP_MASTER.DESIGNATION || 'BELONGI
-----
Alap Mehta is a Senior manager belonging to Markseting department.
Ramesh Trivedi is a Salesman belonging to Markseting department.
Manu Sheth is a Programmer belonging to EDP department.
Tarak Gandhi is a Salesman belonging to Markseting department.
Haresh is a Analyst belonging to EDP department.
Alap Shah is a Senior manager belonging to EDP department.
Alian is a Programmer belonging to EDP department.
Himanshu Joshi is a Clerk belonging to Finance department.
Naresh Mod is a Officer belonging to Finance department.
Rakesh Patel is a Management belonging to Finance department.
Sachin Vala is a Cashier belonging to Finance department.

EMP_MASTER.NAME || ' ' || EMP_MASTER.SURNAME || 'ISA' || EMP_MASTER.DESIGNATION || 'BELONGI
-----
Azhar is a Salesman belonging to Markseting department.
Roshan is a Clerk belonging to Finance department.
Mit Shah is a Clerk belonging to Finance department.

14 rows selected.
```

10. WRITE A QUERY TO EXTRACT A SUBSTRING STARTING FROM SECOND 'A' OF THE STRING 'NAVRANGPURA'.

```
select substr(substr('NAVRANGPURA',instr('NAVRANGPURA','A')
+1),instr(substr('NAVRANGPURA',instr('NAVRANGPURA','A') +1),'A')) from dual;
```

11. DISPLAY THE LAST 3 LETTERS OF 'AHMEDABAD';

```
select substr('AHMEDABAD',-3) from dual;
```

```
SQL> select substr('AHMEDABAD',-3) from dual;

SUB
---
BAD
```

12. Display the last name for all employees where last name's length is greater than 5 characters.

```
select surname from emp_master where length(surname)>5;
```

```
SQL> select surname from emp_master where length(surname)>5;

SURNAME
-----
Trivedi
Gandhi
```

13. For each employee, display :first name,salary salary after a raise of 12% as a whole number (ROUND).

```
select name, round(salary+salary*.12) as salary from emp_master;
```

```
SQL> select name, round(salary+salary*.12) as salary from emp_master;
```

NAME	SALARY
Alap	46816
Ramesh	32032
Manu	39424
Tarak	31724
Haresh	49280
Alap	51744
Alian	42381
Himanshu	22792
Naresh	35358
Rakesh	49280
Sachin	24640

NAME	SALARY
Azhar	49280
Roshan	22792
Mit	23716

14 rows selected.

14. For each employee, display the first name, the day of his hire date, and the year of his hire date

```
select name, extract(day from doj) as day, extract(year from doj) as year from emp_master;
```

```
SQL> select name, extract(day from doj) as day, extract(year from doj) as year from emp_master;
```

NAME	DAY	YEAR
Alap	5	2002
Ramesh	7	2002
Manu	8	2008
Tarak	30	2005
Haresh	25	2006
Alap	25	2007
Alian	19	1998
Himanshu	1	2008
Naresh	15	2009
Rakesh	5	2007
Sachin	15	2010

NAME	DAY	YEAR
Azhar	1	2010
Roshan	5	2011
Mit	15	2010

14 rows selected.

AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS:

1. DISPLAY THE TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN EACH DEPARTMENT.

```
select did, count(eno) from Emp_master group by did;
```

```
SQL> select did, count(eno) from Emp_master group by did;
```

DID	COUNT(ENO)
30	4
40	6
10	4

2. Display the minimum,maximum,total salary of the employee.

select min(salary) as minimum, max(salary) as maximum, sum(salary) as total from emp_master;

```
SQL> select min(salary) as minimum, max(salary) as maximum, sum(salary) as total from emp_master;
```

MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	TOTAL
20350	46200	465410

3. LIST THE AVERAGE SALARY FOR EACH DESIGNATION WITHIN EACH DEPT.

select designation, did, avg(salary)as avg_sal from emp_master group by rollup(did,designation);

```
SQL> select designation, did, avg(salary)as avg_sal from emp_master group by rollup(did,designation);
```

DESIGNATION	DID	AVG_SAL
Salesman	10	33641.6667
Senior manager	10	41800
	10	35681.25
Analyst	30	44000
Programmer	30	36520
Senior manager	30	46200
	30	40810
Clerk	40	20625
Cashier	40	22000
Officer	40	31570
Management	40	44000
	40	26574.1667
		33243.5714

13 rows selected.

??

4. Display the employers by grouping them according to their designation.

select designation,count(eno) from emp_master group by designation;

```
SQL> select designation,count(eno) from emp_master group by designation;
```

DESIGNATION	COUNT(ENO)
Programmer	2
Analyst	1
Clerk	3
Management	1
Cashier	1
Senior manager	2
Salesman	3
Officer	1

8 rows selected.

5. DISPLAY THE DEPARTMENTS WITH THE TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN EACH AND HAVING SALARY GREATER THAN 20000.

select did,count(eno) from emp_master group by did having salary>20000;

6. CREATE A NEW EMPLOYEE TABLE AS 'EMP_TEMP' FROM THE EXISTING TABLE

JOIN:

7. Display the employee details ALONG WITH THE department DETAILS to which they belong.
8. Write a query to extract empno, ename, salary, dname and location from employee and department table where empno = deptno without using joins
9. Write a query to extract ename, salary and designation from employee and department table where deptno is 30,40,50..
10. Display all the employee detail and all dept details from employee and department table.
11. Display the employee details along with the employee details(eno, name) to which they report to.(self join)
12. Display the employee details and department name of employees having salary greater than 21000
13. List the dept name and total number of employees in each dept.
14. Display the employee details belonging to purchase department.
15. Display the Cartesian product of emp and dept table.
16. Find the names of all employees in the database who live in the same cities as the companies for which they work.

SUB QUERY:

1. Display the employee names who earn salary more than the average salary of the department.
2. Display the employee details who has salary more than 'Manu'.
3. Display the employee details who Has the same designation as the employees belonging to department number 10.

```
SQL> select ename ,deptname from employ where deptname in(select deptname from employ where ename='SMITH')
2 ;
ERROR:
ORA-01756: quoted string not properly terminated

SQL> select ename ,deptname from employ where deptname in(select deptname from employ where ename='SMITH');
```

ENAME	DEPTNAME
ADAMS	BANKING
KING	BANKING
WARD	BANKING
SMITH	BANKING

```
SQL> select ename ,sal ,deptname from employ where sal > all(select avg(sal) from employ group by deptname);
```

search for subqueries and all:

Any, all,

```
select eno, name, salary, did, (select min(salary) from emp_master) from emp_master order by did;
```

```
select eno, name, salary, did, (select avg(salary) from emp_master) from emp_master order by did;
```

```
select did from emp_master where name = 'Alap';
```

```
select name from emp_master where did = (select did from emp_master where name = 'Alap');
```

```
update employ set sal = sal*0.10;
```

```
update emp_master set salary = (select salary from emp where name = 'Ramesh') where did = (select did from emp_master where name = 'Ramesh');
```

subqueries can be used for deleting also.