

601.466/666 (Spring 2023)

Assignment 4: Web Robots

Due Date: Thursday, April 6, 2023 at 11:59PM

Introduction

In this assignment, you will implement a web crawler. We have given you some starter code, and your job is to fill in missing parts. The code uses the builtin `urllib.request` library to handle URL opening. To read a webpage, it first creates a request:

```
url = "https://cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky/cs466.html"
res = urllib.request.urlopen(url)
```

If this request is successful, it returns a response variable, and the HTML can be obtained by calling `res.read()`. More details can be found by reading the library documentation.¹

We have given you a function `parse_links`, which uses the BeautifulSoup library to parse html and extract (link, title) pairs. We have also given you a `crawl` function that implements web crawling using a simple queue-based breadth first search. Finally, an `extract_information` function extracts desired information from the crawled pages. Running the code with `python hw4.py` will generate several output files containing the links you visited and the information you extracted. A log file of urls visited and information extracted is also generated.

Tasks

1. Implement the `extract_nonlocal_links` function to extract only links which are non-local or not self-referencing.

A non-local link is a link referencing a URL from some other domain. For example, if we retrieved a page from `https://www.cs.jhu.edu`, then the following link

```
<a href="www.ora.com/index.html">Cool book place</a>
```

is non-local.

A self-referencing link is a link that points to the same page. For example, if we retrieved a page from `http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky/cs466.html`, then the following links are self-referencing:

```
<a href="cs466.html#test"></a>
<a href="cs466.html"></a>
<a href=" ../~yarowsky/cs466.html"></a>
```

¹<https://docs.python.org/3/library/urllib.request.html>

2. Your crawler should be efficient. Modify the `crawl` function so that the robot does not visit self-referencing links or links it has already visited.
3. Modify the `crawl` function to accept an argument `within_domain`, which specifies that the robot should only traverse a single domain. For example, if the starting url was `http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky/cs466.html`, the web robot would only visit pages within the `cs.jhu.edu` domain.
4. Sometimes your crawler might only need to look for certain types of pages. Modify the `crawl` function to take an argument `wanted_content`, where it will only visit pages of that content type, e.g. PDF or text/html. You can determine the content type of a url with `res.headers['Content-Type']`.
5. Crawlers often need to extract snippets of information from the pages they crawl. Modify the `extract_information` function to parse through the returned content from all html and plain text web page using regular expressions to extract and print out the following 3 types of regular format “contact” information found on a web page:
 - All US phone numbers
 - E-mail addresses
 - Addresses of the format “<CITY>, <STATE> <ZIP>”. Be prepared for some mild variation, such as “San Diego, CA 92122” and “Cambridge, Mass. 02138”, but you can pretty much match on any word string of the form “Word+, Word 5-digit-number”.

The output should be printed as simple (url, type, data) tuples, e.g.

```
(http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky, PHONE, 410-516-5372)
(http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky, EMAIL, yarowsky@jhu.edu)
(http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~yarowsky, ADDRESS, Baltimore, MD 21218)
```

Data extracted in such a format can easily be loaded into a database for later use.

6. Some pages are more important to crawl before others. Implement `parse_links_sorted` to rank all links found in a page by some relevancy function of your own design. Incorporate this function into the crawler, so that unvisited links will be sorted based upon your relevancy function to determine where the robot will visit next. You may find the `PriorityQueue` class from the built-in queue library useful.

In developing your web crawler, please consider the ethical implications which will be discussed in class. We recommend you to first test your crawler on a small, hand-crafted dataset before releasing your crawler into the wild. Ultimately, please only run your crawler on websites within the `cs.jhu.edu` domain.

Programming

We will run your program using the following command:

```
python hw4.py url
```

Submission

In preparation for the final project, you may work on this homework with a partner. If you do so, please submit this assignment as a group submission on Gradescope.