

**GURU NANAK HR. SECONDARY SCHOOL**

60152

Pee Pee Compound, Ranchi - 834 001

Name Susanti Kumari Roll No. 15Class & Sec. 8/A Date 29/01/25 Subject S.S.C

Total marks obtained

Name of Examiner:

Name of Invigilator:

Sign. of Invigilator

Sign. of Examiner

START WRITING FROM BELOW**Section A****Q.No 4) Child Marriage Restraint Act -**

(i) Child Marriage was prohibited in 2006. by Many social reformers raised their voice against Child Marriage. Some of them are Raja Rammohun Roy, Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar, Pandita Ramabai, Jyotibai Phule etc. Child Marriage was very common in early times. due to which children loss their childhood.

(ii) So, By keeping it in mind Child Marriage act of 2006 was passed. Child Marriage Act was prohibited by Swami Dayanand Saraswati. and minimum age of marriage was 18 for ~~girls~~ ^{boys} and 16 for girls. This act was started in 1929.

Q.No 2) (i) Satya Sodhak samaj was founded by Jyoti Jyotirao Govindrao Phule and Savitri bai Phule

(ii) The Satya Sodhak samaj act for the abolition of caste system. Under this Samaj all castes are equal. Neither any upper caste nor lower caste and it was made for social reform.

Q no 3 (ans) Dr Ambedkar belongs to lower caste and he might suffered from untouchability and people belonging to lower caste are not allowed to enter temples or recite verses as shastras

(ii) Therefore, Dr. Ambedkar want to remove untouchability and he wanted to do something for lower castes.

(iii) So therefore, he started Temple entry movement. And through this movement he wanted to remove caste system. he also wanted the upliftment of backward (lower caste) classes.

Q no 4 (ans) The knowledge of ancient texts help the reformers to promote new law because ancient texts help them to know the earlier laws.

(i) Ancient texts help reformers to improve the Ancient law and pass new law.

Ques 5) Many women involve themselves in their upliftment. Some of them are Pandita Ramabai, Amambai Joshi, Tarabai Sinha and Begum Rokeya Shakawat Hossain.

ii) Pandita Ramabai earned fame as a rebel champion of women's rights. She always felt that Hindu religion was oppressive towards women. She challenged the repressive and orthodox element of Hindu society.

(iii) Begum Rokeya opened schools for Muslims.

(iv) ~~After~~ After this many of women become teachers and after the end of 19th century every woman was educated. Amambai Joshi was the first women doctor.