

ANDROID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
A MATERIAL DESIGN STUDY APP

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1.OBJECTIVE

The Owl Study Material App is an innovative mobile application designed to enhance the learning experience for students across various educational levels. By providing a comprehensive library of study resources, including textbooks, notes, practice quizzes, and video tutorials, the app offers a personalized, user-friendly platform to help students improve their academic performance. Features such as customizable study plans, progress tracking, and a vast database of learning materials make the app an indispensable tool for efficient study. With a focus on ease of use and accessibility, the Owl Study Material App aims to bridge the gap between traditional learning methods and modern technology, ensuring that students have the resources they need to succeed at their fingertips.

In today's fast-paced educational environment, access to organized and readily available study materials is essential for effective learning. The "Study Material App" aims to provide a comprehensive platform where students can access, organize, and manage study resources in a user-friendly and efficient manner. This app will cater to a wide range of academic levels and subjects, enabling students to find relevant notes, textbooks, sample papers, and multimedia content, all within a single platform. Key features include categorized resources, search functionality, personalized content recommendations, and offline access. The app is designed with an intuitive user interface and integrates interactive tools, such as flashcards and quizzes, to enhance user engagement and knowledge retention. Through this app, students will benefit from streamlined study experiences that support academic success and accessibility to quality resources. This project will significantly impact students' learning efficiency, fostering a more productive study environment.

2.TOOLS AND VERSIONS:

To ensure optimal performance and seamless user experience, the following are the system requirements for running

Study material app.

Android

- **Operating System:** Android 7.0 (Nougat) or higher

Processor: Quad-core 1.4 GHz or higher

- **RAM:** 2 GB or more
- **Storage:** 100 MB of free storage for the app and cache
- **Internet:** Wi-Fi or mobile data (4G/5G recommended for optimal performance)
- **Other Requirements:** Google Play Services (for push notifications and app updates)
 - Bluetooth (for voice and file sharing in close proximity)
 - GPS (optional, for location-based features)
 - **Operating System:** iOS 11.0 or higher

2. Web Application (Browser-Based)

- **Operating System:** Windows, macOS, or Linux (any modern OS with web browser support)
- **Web Browser:** Latest version of Chrome
- **Processor:** Dual-core 2.0 GHz or higher
- **RAM:** 4 GB or more

3. Desktop Application (Windows/macOS/Linux)

Windows

- **Operating System:** Windows 10 or higher (64-bit recommended)
- **Processor:** Intel i3 or AMD equivalent (dual-core 1.8 GHz or higher)
- **RAM:** 4 GB or more
- **Storage:** 200 MB of free disk space
- **Internet:** Stable broadband internet connection (4G or higher recommended)

3.SAMPLE CODE:

#loginActivity.kt

```
package com.example.owlapplication

import android.content.Context
import android.content.Intent
import android.os.Bundle
import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity
import androidx.activity.compose.setContent
import androidx.compose.foundation.Image
import androidx.compose.foundation.background
import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*
import androidx.compose.material.*
me.isNotEmpty() && password.isNotEmpty()) {
    val user = databaseHelper.getUserByUsername(username)
    if (user != null && user.password == password) {
        error = "Successfully log in"
        context.startActivity(
            Intent(
                context,
                MainActivity::class.java
            )
        )
        error = "Please fill all fields"
    }
}

private fun startMainPage(context: Context) {
    val intent = Intent(context, MainActivity::class.java)
    ContextCompat.startActivity(context, intent, null)
}
```

#MainActivity.kt:

```
package com.example.owlapplication
```

```
import android.os.Bundle
```

```
import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity
```

```
import androidx.activity.compose.setContent
```

```
import androidx.compose.foundation.Image
```

```
import androidx.compose.foundation.background
```

```
import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*
```

```
import androidx.compose.foundation.rememberScrollState
```

```
    Greeting()
```

```
    }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
    Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(60.dp))
```

```
)
```

```
),
```

```
    textAlign = TextAlign.Justify,
```

```
    fontSize = 16.sp
```

```
)
```

```
    Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(20.dp))
```

```
    Text(
```

```
        text = stringResource(id = R.string.subheading1_2),
```

```
        modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.Start),
```

```
        fontSize = 20.s
```

```
    }
```

#build.gradle

```
plugins {  
    id 'com.android.application'  
    id 'org.jetbrains.kotlin.android'  
}  
  
android {  
    namespace 'com.example.owlapplication'  
    compileSdk 33  
  
    defaultConfig {  
        applicationId "com.example.owlapplication"  
        minSdk 24  
        targetSdk 33  
        versionCode 1  
        versionName "1.0"  
  
        testInstrumentationRunner "androidx.test.runner.AndroidJUnitRunner"  
        vectorDrawables {  
            useSupportLibrary true  
        }  
  
        androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.5'  
        androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.5.1'  
        androidTestImplementation "androidx.compose.ui:ui-test-junit4:$compose_ui_version"  
        debugImplementation "androidx.compose.ui:ui-tooling:$compose_ui_version"  
        debugImplementation "androidx.compose.ui:ui-test-manifest:$compose_ui_version"  
    }  
}
```

```
buildTypes {  
    release {  
        minifyEnabled false  
        proguardFiles getDefaultProguardFile('proguard-android-optimize.txt'), 'proguard-rules.pro'  
    }  
}
```

#registeractivity

```
package com.example.owlapplication
```

```
import android.content.Context  
import android.content.Intent  
import android.os.Bundle  
import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity  
import androidx.activity.compose.setContent  
import androidx.compose.foundation.Image  
import androidx.compose.foundation.background  
import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*  
import androidx.compose.material.*  
import androidx.compose.runtime.*  
import androidx.compose.ui.Alignment  
import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier  
import androidx.compose.ui.graphics.Color  
import androidx.compose.ui.layout.ContentScale  
import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource  
import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontFamily  
import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontWeight  
import androidx.compose.ui.text.input.PasswordVisualTransformation  
import androidx.compose.ui.tooling.preview.Preview  
import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp  
import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp
```



```
import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat
import com.example.owlapplication.ui.theme.OwlApplicationTheme
```

```
class RegisterActivity : ComponentActivity() {
    private lateinit var databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper
    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
        databaseHelper = UserDatabaseHelper(this)
        setContent {
            RegistrationScreen(this, databaseHelper)
        }
    }
}
```

```
@Composable
```

```
fun RegistrationScreen(context: Context, databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper) {
```

```
    var username by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
    var password by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
    var email by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
    var error by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
```

```
    Column(
        modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize().background(Color.White),
        horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally,
        verticalArrangement = Arrangement.Center
    ) {
```

```
        Image(painterResource(id = R.drawable.study_signup), contentDescription = "")
```

```
Text(  
    fontSize = 36.sp,  
    fontWeight = FontWeight.ExtraBold,  
    fontFamily = FontFamily.Cursive,  
    text = "Register"  
)
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(10.dp))
```

```
TextField(  
    value = username,  
    onValueChange = { username = it },  
    label = { Text("Username") },  
    modifier = Modifier  
        .padding(10.dp)  
        .width(280.dp)  
)
```

```
TextField(  
    value = email,  
    onValueChange = { email = it },  
    label = { Text("Email") },  
    modifier = Modifier  
        .padding(10.dp)  
        .width(280.dp)  
)
```

```
TextField(  
    value = password,  
    onValueChange = { password = it },
```

```
label = { Text("Password") },
visualTransformation = PasswordVisualTransformation(),
modifier = Modifier
    .padding(10.dp)
    .width(280.dp)
)
```

```
if (error.isNotEmpty()) {
    Text(
        text = error,
        color = MaterialTheme.colors.error,
        modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 16.dp)
    )
}
```

```
Button(
    onClick = {
        if (username.isNotEmpty() && password.isNotEmpty() && email.isNotEmpty()) {
            val user = User(
                id = null,
                firstName = username,
                lastName = null,
                email = email,
                password = password
            )
            databaseHelper.insertUser(user)
            error = "User registered successfully"
            // Start LoginActivity using the current context
            context.startActivity(
```

```
        Intent(
            context,
            LoginActivity::class.java
        )
    )

    } else {
        error = "Please fill all fields"
    }
},
modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 16.dp)
) {
    Text(text = "Register")
}
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(10.dp))
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(10.dp))

Row() {
    Text(
        modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 14.dp), text = "Have an account?"
    )
    TextButton(onClick = {
        context.startActivity(
            Intent(
                context,
                LoginActivity::class.java
            )
        )
    })
})
```

#MainActivity.kt2

package com.example.owlapplication

import android.os.Bundle

import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity

import androidx.activity.compose.setContent

import androidx.compose.foundation.Image

import androidx.compose.foundation.background

import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*

import androidx.compose.foundation.rememberScrollState

import androidx.compose.foundation.verticalScroll

import androidx.compose.material.Text

import androidx.compose.runtime.Composable

import androidx.compose.ui.Alignment

import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier

import androidx.compose.ui.draw.scale

import androidx.compose.ui.graphics.Color

import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource

import androidx.compose.ui.res.stringResource

import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontWeight

import androidx.compose.ui.text.style.TextAlign

import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp

import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp

import com.example.owlapplication.ui.theme.OwlApplicationTheme

class MainActivity2 : ComponentActivity() {

override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {

super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)

setContent {

Greeting()

```

    }
}
}
@Composable
fun Greeting() {
    Column(
        modifier = Modifier.padding(start = 26.dp, end = 26.dp, bottom = 26.dp)
        .verticalScroll(rememberScrollState())
        .background(Color.White),
        verticalArrangement = Arrangement.Top
    ) {

        Image(
            painterResource(id = R.drawable.img_1),
            contentDescription = "",
            modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.CenterHorizontally)
                .scale(scaleX = 1.5F, scaleY = 1.5F)
        )

        Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(60.dp))

        Text(
            text = stringResource(id = R.string.course1),
            color = Color(0xFFFFFA500),
            fontSize = 16.sp,
            modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.CenterHorizontally)
        )

        Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(20.dp))
    }
}

```

```
Text(  
    text = stringResource(id = R.string.topic1),  
    fontWeight = FontWeight.Bold,  
    fontSize = 26.sp,  
    modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.CenterHorizontally)
```

```
)
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(20.dp))
```

```
Text(  
    text = stringResource(id = R.string.subheading1_1),  
    modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.Start),  
    fontSize = 20.sp
```

```
)
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(20.dp))
```

```
Text(  
    text = stringResource(id = R.string.text1_1),  
    modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.Start),  
    textAlign = TextAlign.Justify,  
    fontSize = 16.sp
```

```
)
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(20.dp))
```

```
Text(  
    text = stringResource(id = R.string.subheading1_2),  
    modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.Start),  
    fontSize = 20.sp
```

```
)
```

#userdatabase:

```
package com.example.owlapplication
```

```
import android.content.Context
```

```
import androidx.room.Database
```

```
import androidx.room.Room
```

```
import androidx.room.RoomDatabase
```

```
@Database(entities = [User::class], version = 1)
```

```
abstract class UserDatabase : RoomDatabase() {
```

```
    abstract fun userDao(): UserDao
```

```
    companion object {
```

```
        @Volatile
```

```
        private var instance: UserDatabase? = null
```

```
        fun getDatabase(context: Context): UserDatabase {
```

```
            return instance ?: synchronized(this) {
```

```
                val newInstance = Room.databaseBuilder(
```

```
                    context.applicationContext,
```

```
                    UserDatabase::class.java,
```

```
                    "user_database"
```

```
                ).build()
```

```
                instance = newInstance
```

```
                newInstance
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```


}

4.TESTING:

1.In registration process validation is given to the mail and pass word text box.

i)">@" symbol must be inserted in the mail texg box.

ii)atleast 4 characters required lesser than 4 characters will not be accepted.

5.FUNCTIONALITIES:

1. Resource Management:

- Upload, download, and organize study materials like PDFs, videos, notes, and slides.
- Categorize content by subjects, topics, or content for easy navigation.

2. Search and Bookmarking:

- A search bar to quickly find specific materials using keywords.
- Bookmark or save important materials for quick access later.

3. Interactive Features:

- Provide a quiz or flashcard feature for self-assessment.

6.PROJECT HURDLES:

- Ensuring compatibility with different Android versions and devices.
- Slow load times and lag due to a large volume of study materials or complex UI elements.
- Keeping third-party libraries up-to-date without breaking your app's functionality.
- Users may not have reliable internet access all the time, which could disrupt app usage.
- Frequent network requests can cause delays, especially over slow or unreliable connections.

7.OUTPUT AND DEMO LINK:

Drive link:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1kUdUbUldR0Y1K7QZkDF8xoF5tP_9kfX6

STEP1:REGISTER



10:08 PM | 0.9KB/s

Register

Username
App development

Email
App@gmail.com

Password

Register

Have an account? Log in

STEP2:LOGIN

10:08 PM | 0.2KB/s

Login

Username
App development

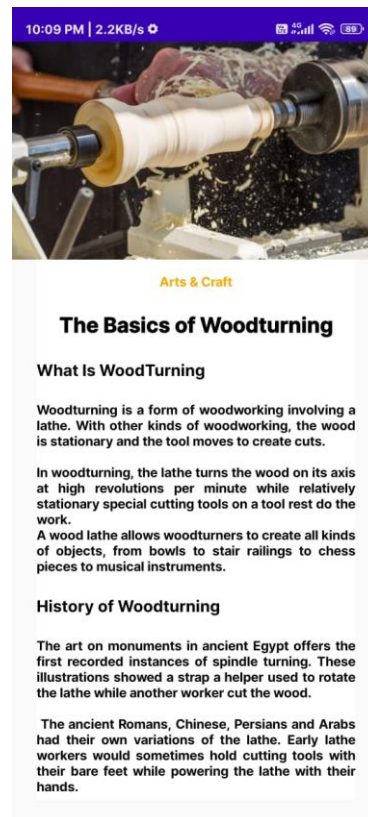
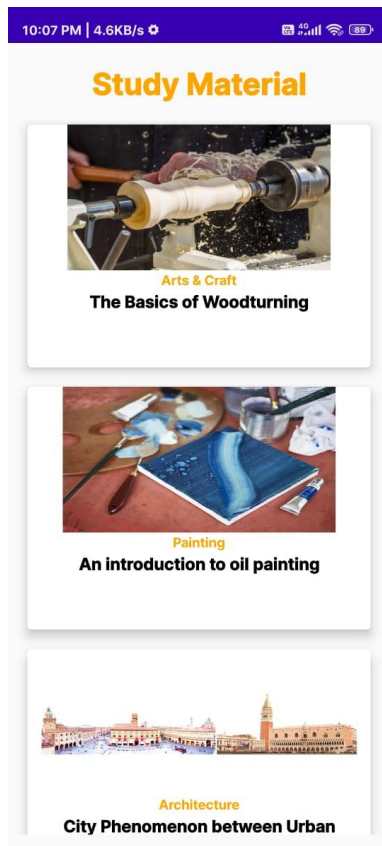
Password

Login

Register Forget password?

STEP3:

STEP4:



7.CONCLUSION:

To sum up, this study on Android app development gives a clear picture of what goes into building apps for Android and the challenges faced along the way:

1. **Wide Reach:** Android is popular worldwide, making it a great choice for reaching large and diverse groups of people. Developers can create many types of apps, from games and tools to health and learning apps.
2. **Development Steps:** Building an Android app involves several steps: planning, designing, coding, testing, and launching. Java and Kotlin are commonly used, and each language has its own benefits for speed and performance.
3. **User-Friendly Design:** A good app is easy to use and visually appealing. Focusing on a smooth, attractive design helps keep users engaged and happy.
4. **Device Differences:** Android apps need to work on many types of devices, with different screen sizes and versions. Making sure an app runs well on all these devices can be challenging.
5. **Security:** Protecting users' personal information is crucial. Developers must take strong security steps to keep data safe.
6. **New Trends:** Android is always improving, with new features like AI, virtual reality, and support for smart devices. Following these trends helps developers create exciting, modern apps.

In short, this study shows that Android app development is complex but rewarding. Developers who stay updated and focused on quality and security can create successful apps that users enjoy.