SHREE SANKET

1BM22CS261

A) Depening Search Algorithm for 8Puzzle Problem

Code:

```
class PuzzleState:
  def __init__(self, board, empty_tile_pos, depth=0, path=[]):
    self.board = board
    self.empty_tile_pos = empty_tile_pos
    self.depth = depth
    self.path = path
  def is_goal(self, goal):
    return self.board == goal
  def generate_moves(self):
    row, col = self.empty_tile_pos
    moves = []
    directions = [(-1, 0, 'Up'), (1, 0, 'Down'), (0, -1, 'Left'), (0, 1, 'Right')]
    for dr, dc, move_name in directions:
      new_row, new_col = row + dr, col + dc
      if 0 <= new_row < 3 and 0 <= new_col < 3:
        new_board = self.board[:]
        new_board[row * 3 + col], new_board[new_row * 3 + new_col] = new_board[new_row * 3
+ new_col], new_board[row * 3 + col]
        new_path = self.path + [move_name]
        moves.append(PuzzleState(new_board, (new_row, new_col), self.depth + 1, new_path))
    return moves
  def display(self):
```

```
for i in range(0, 9, 3):
      print(self.board[i:i + 3])
    print(f"Moves: {self.path}")
    print()
def iddfs(initial_state, goal, max_depth):
  for depth in range(max_depth + 1):
    print(f"Searching at depth: {depth}")
    found = dls(initial_state, goal, depth)
    if found:
      print(f"Goal found at depth: {found.depth}")
      found.display()
      return found
  print("Goal not found within max depth.")
  return None
def dls(state, goal, depth):
  if state.is_goal(goal):
    return state
  if depth <= 0:
    return None
  for move in state.generate_moves():
    print("Current state:")
    move.display()
    result = dls(move, goal, depth - 1)
    if result is not None:
      return result
  return None
```

```
def main():
    initial_state_input = input("Enter initial state (0 for empty tile, space-separated, e.g. '1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
0'): ")
    goal_state_input = input("Enter goal state (0 for empty tile, space-separated, e.g. '1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
0'): ")
    max_depth = int(input("Enter maximum depth: "))
    initial_board = list(map(int, initial_state_input.split()))
    goal_board = list(map(int, goal_state_input.split()))
    empty_tile_pos = initial_board.index(0) // 3, initial_board.index(0) % 3

    initial_state = PuzzleState(initial_board, empty_tile_pos)

    solution = iddfs(initial_state, goal_board, max_depth)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter initial state (0 for empty tile, space-separated, e.g. '1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0'): 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0
Enter moximum depth: 3
Searching at depth: 0
Searching at depth: 1
Current state:
[1, 0, 3]
[4, 2, 6]
[7, 5, 8]
Moves: ['Up']
Current state:
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 6]
[7, 9, 8]
Moves: ['Down']
Current state:
[1, 2, 3]
[0, 4, 6]
[1, 5, 8]
Moves: ['Left']
Current state:
[1, 2, 3]
[0, 4, 6]
[1, 5, 8]
Moves: ['Left']
Current state:
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 6, 0]
[7, 5, 8]
Moves: ['Left']
Current state:
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 6, 0]
[7, 5, 8]
Moves: ['Right']
```

B) N Queens Problem

Code:

```
import random
def calculate_cost(board):
  n = len(board)
  attacks = 0
  for i in range(n):
    for j in range(i + 1, n):
      if board[i] == board[j]: # Same column
         attacks += 1
      if abs(board[i] - board[j]) == abs(i - j): # Same diagonal
         attacks += 1
  return attacks
def get_neighbors(board):
```

```
neighbors = []
  n = len(board)
  for col in range(n):
    for row in range(n):
      if row != board[col]: # Only change the row of the queen
        new_board = board[:]
        new_board[col] = row
        neighbors.append(new_board)
  return neighbors
def hill_climb(board):
  current_cost = calculate_cost(board)
  print("Initial board configuration:")
  print_board(board, current_cost)
  iteration = 0
  while True:
    neighbors = get_neighbors(board)
    best_neighbor = None
    best_cost = current_cost
    for neighbor in neighbors:
      cost = calculate_cost(neighbor)
      if cost < best_cost: # Looking for a lower cost</pre>
        best_cost = cost
        best_neighbor = neighbor
    if best_neighbor is None: # No better neighbor found, we're done
      break
```

```
board = best_neighbor
    current_cost = best_cost
    iteration += 1
    print(f"Iteration {iteration}:")
    print_board(board, current_cost)
  return board, current_cost
def print_board(board, cost):
  n = len(board)
  # Create an empty board
  display_board = [['.'] * n for _ in range(n)]
  # Place queens on the board
  for col in range(n):
    display_board[board[col]][col] = 'Q'
  # Print the board
  for row in range(n):
    print(' '.join(display_board[row]))
  print(f"Cost: {cost}\n")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  n = int(input("Enter the number of queens (N): ")) # User input for N
  initial_state = list(map(int, input(f"Enter the initial state (row numbers for each column, space-
separated): ").split()))
  if len(initial\_state) != n or any(r < 0 or r >= n for r in initial\_state):
    print("Invalid initial state. Please ensure it has N elements with values from 0 to N-1.")
  else:
```

```
solution, cost = hill_climb(initial_state)
print(f"Final board configuration with cost {cost}:")
print_board(solution, cost)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of queens (N): 5
Enter the initial state (row numbers for each column, space-separated): 1 0 1 0 1
Initial board configuration:
. Q . Q .
Q . Q . Q .
. . . .
Cost: 8

Iteration 1:
. Q . Q .
Q . . . Q
. . . . .
Cost: 4

Iteration 2:
. . . . .
Cost: 4

Iteration 2:
. . . . Q Q .
Q . . Q .
. . . . . .
Cost: 3
```