Intelligent Assistant for Solution Design Report - Technical Meeting

Summary

The technical meeting centered around enhancing quality assurance (QA) processes at Apple by leveraging computer vision techniques. The primary focus was on automating the comparison of images and PDF files against golden standard documents to address manual QA testing, which is time-consuming and error-prone. Decisions were made to utilize pixel similarity measures like Structural Similarity Index Measure (SSIM) for image comparisons and develop custom text processing modules for efficient handling of PDFs. The team emphasized the need for accuracy and automation to reduce manual effort, thereby improving the verification process and ensuring higher quality outcomes.

Key Points

- The discussion covered a content comparison use case using computer vision.
- The primary focus is on comparing images and PDF files with golden standard files.
- Issues include manual QA testing, time-consuming processes, and inaccuracies in detecting minor changes.
- Proposed solutions involve pixel-wise comparison and custom text processing for PDFs.

Action Items

None

Problem Statements

- 1 Manual Comparison of Web Portal Designs and PDFs Against Golden Standards: Manual QA testing is time-consuming and error-prone. The team spends significant effort verifying elements like button positions and colors while often missing minor deviations due to text positioning shifts in PDFs. These inefficiencies delay the verification process and compromise quality.
- 2 **Image Preprocessing Challenges**: Full HD images need resizing, which introduces challenges for accurate pixel-wise comparisons.
- 3 Text Layout Variations in PDFs: Text layout variations affect pixel-based comparisons, leading to inaccurate detection of minor changes.

Solution Design

Image Comparison

To address the issue of image comparison, a solution involving pixel similarity measures such as SSIM will be employed. This approach involves several steps:

1 Preprocessing Steps:

- Normalization: Ensure that images are in a consistent format and resolution for accurate comparisons.
- Resizing: Resize high-definition images to a standard size suitable for SSIM comparison, minimizing loss of detail.

2 Comparison Techniques:

- Use OpenCV for robust image processing capabilities to implement the SSIM
 algorithm effectively. This will help in accurately detecting minor changes between
 images and golden standards by comparing pixel values.
- Implement difference detection techniques to highlight significant variations, providing clear visual feedback on areas that require attention.

3 Result Presentation:

- Annotate highlighted differences directly within the images for easy identification by QA teams.
- Generate reports with pass/fail indicators based on predefined thresholds, ensuring a structured and comprehensive output for review.

PDF Comparison

For handling PDFs, a custom text processing module will be developed to efficiently extract and compare textual content. Additionally, visual elements such as images or symbols will also need to be compared:

1 Text Extraction:

- Utilize PyPDF2 for reliable extraction of text from PDF files, ensuring that embedded texts are accurately captured.
- Employ Optical Character Recognition (OCR) techniques where necessary, particularly when dealing with images embedded within PDFs to ensure comprehensive content coverage.

2 Textual Difference Detection:

 Develop a custom module to identify and highlight textual differences between the original and the compared PDF files, ensuring that even small changes are detected accurately.

3 Visual Element Comparison:

 Integrate visual comparison tools for non-text elements such as images or symbols within PDFs, comparing them pixel-wise using SSIM techniques similar to those used for image comparisons.

4 Integration with Image Comparison:

 Ensure that the text and image comparison processes are seamlessly integrated, allowing for a holistic view of the differences between the compared documents and the golden standard.

Output Generation

The final output will be compiled into annotated PDFs or reports with pass/fail indicators. This will facilitate easier review by QA teams, ensuring that both textual and visual elements are accurately assessed and reported on. Tools like OpenCV for image processing and PyPDF2 for text extraction will play crucial roles in generating these outputs.

Technology Stack

- OpenCV: Chosen for its robust image manipulation capabilities suitable for pixel-wise comparison.
- PyPDF2: Selected for reliable text extraction from PDFs, ensuring that embedded texts are accurately captured.

• OCR (Optical Character Recognition): Employed to handle images embedded within PDFs, ensuring comprehensive content coverage.

Challenges

- 1 Complexity of Image Preprocessing: The need to normalize and resize high-definition images poses challenges in maintaining the accuracy of pixel-based comparisons while reducing computational complexity.
- 2 Variability in Text Layout: Text layout variations in PDF files can affect the effectiveness of pixel-based comparison techniques, requiring additional preprocessing steps to align text layouts before comparison.
- 3 **Handling Embedded Images within PDFs**: The integration of OCR for embedded images within PDFs introduces a layer of complexity, as accurate extraction and comparison require precise handling.

By addressing these challenges with the proposed solution design, the QA process at Apple can be significantly improved, ensuring higher quality outcomes while reducing manual effort and time spent on verification tasks.