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Author:

Shreesh Kumar Jha

Student ID: **11022306**

Advisor:

Prof. Gianni Antichi & Prof. Sebastiano Milano

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1 — TCP Connection Tracker Analysis and Performance Report

1.1. Source Code Analysis

In this report, I analysed, tested, and debugged the simplified eBPF/XDP TCP connection tracker provided for this project. Originally a basic prototype that evolved into a high-performance system sustaining 3.57 Gbps TCP throughput, I focused on:

- TCP State Machine & Handshake Logic: Identified and corrected cases where SYN/SYN-ACK/ACK transitions were mishandled—preventing half-open or simultaneous-open connections from slipping through.
- RST/FIN Teardown Handling: Found and fixed missing or incorrect state updates on connection close/reset, ensuring torn-down connections no longer linger in the tracking map.
- TTL-Based Garbage Collection: Verified that stale entries are purged reliably, uncovering edge cases where inactive flows persisted past their timeout and tightening expiry checks accordingly.
- UDP Flow Tracking: Reviewed minimal UDP "flow" state logic, addressing scenarios where packet bursts could overflow tracking buckets or bypass timeout rules.

Based on this analysis, I implemented targeted fixes—correcting state transitions, closing teardown gaps, reinforcing TTL expiry, and hardening UDP timeouts—to ensure accurate state maintenance under multi-gigabit loads.

1.2. Critical Bugs Identified

1.2.1. Faulty TCP Flag Logic

Issue: Incorrect Boolean expressions prevented SYN-ACK/ACK detection. **Impact:** Broken three-way handshake.

1.2.2. No RST/FIN Handling

Issue: No connection cleanup on termination. **Impact:** "Zombie" entries persisted indefinitely.

1.2.3. No Garbage Collection

Issue: Connections never expired. Impact: Map exhaustion under churn.

1.2.4. UDP Not Supported

Issue: All UDP packets dropped. Impact: Single-protocol limitation.

1.3. Corner Cases

- Handshake Progression: SYN_SENT → SYN_RECV → ESTABLISHED transitions failed
- Connection Persistence: No cleanup mechanism for completed connections
- Protocol Limitations: TCP-only support limiting deployment

1.4. Implemented Fixes

1.4.1. TCP Flag Detection

```
/* Transition SYN_SENT -> SYN_RECV */ }

// ACK detection

(pkt.flags == TCPHDR_ACK) { /* Transition SYN_RECV ->
ESTABLISHED */ }
```

Listing 1.1: Corrected flag logic

Result: Complete three-way handshake functionality.

1.4.2. RST & FIN Handling

```
// RST handling
if (pkt.flags & TCPHDR_RST) {
    bpf_map_delete_elem(&connections, &key);
    goto PASS;
}

// FIN state transitions
if (saved_state == ESTABLISHED && (pkt.flags & TCPHDR_FIN)) {
    v->state = FIN_WAIT_1;
}
if (saved_state == LAST_ACK && pkt.flags == TCPHDR_ACK) {
    bpf_map_delete_elem(&connections, &key);
}
```

Listing 1.2: Connection cleanup

Result: Proper connection termination per RFC 793.

1.4.3. TTL-Based Garbage Collection

```
// Expire check on lookup
if (v && v->ttl < now) {
    bpf_map_delete_elem(&connections, &key);
    v = NULL;
}

// Set TTL on creation
newEntry.ttl = now + TCP_SYN_SENT_TIMEOUT; // 2 minutes</pre>
```

Listing 1.3: Automatic cleanup

Timeouts: TCP SYN (2min), ESTABLISHED (5 days), FIN (2min), UDP (5-10min).

1.4.4. UDP Flow Tracking

```
// New UDP flow
newEntry.state = NEW;
newEntry.ttl = now + UDP_FLOW_TIMEOUT;

// Bidirectional detection
if (!same_dir) {
    v->state = ESTABLISHED; // Promote to bidirectional
}
```

Listing 1.4: UDP support

Result: 817 Mbps UDP throughput at 1 Gbps offered (4% loss).

1.5. Performance Metrics

Performance Metric	Original	Optimized	Improvement
TCP Throughput (Gbps)	0.283	3.57	12.6x
Connection Stability	$1 \sec$	$10 + \sec$	10x
Packet Retransmissions	5 per test	0	100% reduction
UDP Throughput (Mbps)	0	817	New capability
Protocol Support	TCP only	TCP + UDP	2x protocols

Table 1.1: Comprehensive performance comparison between original and optimized implementations

1.6. Conclusion

The analysis identified four critical bugs preventing optimal functionality and successfully implemented comprehensive fixes. Key achievements:

- Performance: Achieved 3.57 Gbps TCP throughput (12.6x improvement)
- Protocol Support: Added UDP with 817 Mbps capability
- Resource Management: TTL-based garbage collection prevents map exhaustion
- Compliance: RFC 793-compliant TCP state machine implementation