

Minutes of Meeting.

Meeting Objective: we had a detailed explanation about the “Group by “ statement , “where “ and “having” clauses.

Date: 14-05-2024.

Time: 1:30.pm.

Location: JAIN (Deemed-to-be-university), Faculty of Engineering and Technology.

Attendees:

- 1.Mr. Akash, Futureense Technologies,
- 2.K shreeshanth.
- 3.Chethan Y.
- 4.Jeyapathy m.
- 5.Vishnu.
- 6.wajith ,fellow colleagues of batch 2024 ,jain university.

Meeting agenda:

- 1.To check how the clauses work together and Understanding the usage of group by, having and where clauses.
- 2.Get a idea of difference between where and having clause.
- 3.To apply where, having and group by to solve problem.

Understanding Clause Relationships and SQL Usage: It's crucial to comprehend how different SQL clauses work together for effective data manipulation. This includes grasping the usage of clauses like GROUP BY, HAVING, and WHERE, which play significant roles in data retrieval and analysis.

Distinguishing WHERE and HAVING Clauses: While both WHERE and HAVING clauses filter data, they operate at different stages of query execution. The WHERE clause filters rows before grouping, while the HAVING clause filters grouped data. Understanding this difference is essential for precise data extraction and analysis.

Application of WHERE, HAVING, and GROUP BY: The practical application of WHERE, HAVING, and GROUP BY clauses is integral for solving various data-related challenges. These clauses allow us to specify conditions for data selection, grouping of results, and filtering aggregated data, enabling efficient querying and extraction of relevant insights.

Next Meeting: The next meeting will be scheduled for 15-05-2024 [11:30]. The agenda will focus on the sql commands hands on mysql work bench.

Minutes Prepared By:

[k shreeshanth.]

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