```
3
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER ARRAY.
 4
     * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter.
 6
     */
 7
8
 9
     * To return the integer array from the function, you should:
           - Store the size of the array to be returned in the result count variable
10
           - Allocate the array statically or dynamically
11
12
13
     * For example,
     * int* return integer array using static allocation(int* result count) {
14
           *result_count = 5;
15
16
           static int a[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
17
18
     *
19
           return a;
     * }
20
21
     * int* return_integer_array_using_dynamic_allocation(int* result_count) {
22 .
23
           *result count = 5;
24
           int *a = malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
25
26
           for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
27 .
               *(a + i) = i + 1;
28
29
30
31
           return a;
     * }
32
33
     *
34
     */
    int* reverseArray(int arr_count, int *arr, int *result_count) {
        *result count=arr count;
36
        for(int i=0;i<arr_count/2;i++)
37
38 •
            int temp=arr[i];
39
            arr[i]=arr[arr_count-i-1];
40
            arr[arr_count-i-1]=temp;
41
42
43
        return arr;
44
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	int arr[] = {1, 3, 2, 4, 5};	5	5	~
	int result_count;	4	4	
	<pre>int* result = reverseArray(5, arr, &result_count);</pre>	2	2	
	for (int i = 0; i < result_count; i++)	3	3	
	<pre>printf("%d\n", *(result + i));</pre>	1	1	

Passed all tests! ✓

```
1 . /*
     * Complete the 'cutThemAll' function below.
 2
 3
 4
     * The function is expected to return a STRING.
     * The function accepts following parameters:
 5
     * 1. LONG INTEGER ARRAY lengths
 6
       2. LONG_INTEGER minLength
 7
 8
 9
10 +
     * To return the string from the function, you should either do static allocation or dynamic allocation
11
12
     * For example,
13
     * char* return_string_using_static_allocation() {
14 .
            static char s[] = "static allocation of string";
15
16
17
            return s;
     * }
18
19
20 .
     * char* return_string_using_dynamic_allocation() {
            char* s = malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
21
22
            s = "dynamic allocation of string";
23
24
25
            return s;
     * }
26
27
28
    char* cutThemAll(int lengths count, long *lengths, long minLength) {
29
30
        long t=0, i=1;
        for(int i=0;i<=lengths count-1;i++)
31
32 +
            t+=lengths[i];
33
34
35 •
        do{
            if(t-lengths[lengths count-1]<minLength){
36 •
                 return "Impossible";
37
38
            i++;
39
        }while(i<lengths count-1);</pre>
40
        return "Possible";
41
42
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>long lengths[] = {3, 5, 4, 3}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(4, lengths, 9))</pre>	Possible	Possible	~
~	<pre>long lengths[] = {5, 6, 2}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(3, lengths, 12))</pre>	Impossible	Impossible	~

Passed all tests! ✓