## Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology, Patiala

School of Mathematics Mid Semester Test (13-03-2023)

B.E/B.Tech

UMA035: Optimization Techniques

Time: 2 hours, M. Marks: 25

Coordinators: NK, RJD

Note: All questions are compulsory. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

- Q1. (a) The AGMC has two plants, each of which produces and supplies two products: milk and butter. Each plant can work up to 16 hrs a day. In plant A, it takes 3 hrs to prepare and pack 1000 liters of milk and 1 hr to prepare and pack 1000 kg of butter. In plant B, these figures are 2 hrs and 1.5 hrs. In plant A (B) it cost Rs. 15000(18000) to prepare and pack 1000 liter of milk and Rs. 28000(26000) for 100 kg of butter daily. The AGMC is obliged to produce daily at least 10000 liters of milk and 800 kg of butter. Formulate the problem as a Linear Programming Problem(LPP).
  - (b) State and prove Fundamental theorem of Linear Programming Problem (LPP) for maximization case only.

[2.5 marks]

Q2. (a) Find the optimal solution of given LPP by graphical method. Also find the optimal solution by simplex method and show the correspondence of basic feasible solution with corner points of feasible region.

Max 
$$z = 6x_1 - 2x_2$$
, Subject to  $2x_1 - x_2 \le 2$ ,  $x_1 \le 4$ ,  $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ .

[3.5 marks]

(b) Find the optimal solution of LPP (if exists) by using Big M method.

Max 
$$z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3$$
  
Subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 12$ ,  $3x_1 + 4x_3 = 11$ ,  $x_1$  is unrestricted and  $x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ .

[3 marks]

(c) Consider the following LPP as primal problem: Max  $z = 5x_1 + 12x_2 + 4x_3$  subject to  $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 5$ ,  $2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$ ,  $2x_1 + x_2 \ge 3$ ,  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ . Write the dual of above LPP. Using complementary slackness conditions, find the optimal solution of dual and it is given that  $s_3$  (surplus variable in third constraint),  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are the basic variables in the primal optimal table with nonzero value.

[3.5 marks] [2 marks]

- Q3. (a) Prove that intersection of two convex set is a convex set.
  - (b) Consider the following LPP: Max  $z = -x_1 + 2x_2 x_3$

subject to  $x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 \le 4$ ,  $x_1 - x_3 \le 3$ ,  $2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \le 2$ ,  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ . The optimal table of given LPP is as follows (where  $s_1$ ,  $s_2$  and  $s_3$  are slack variables corresponding to first, second and third constraint respectively.):

Basic Variable	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> <sub>3</sub>	$s_1$	s <sub>2</sub>	<i>S</i> <sub>3</sub>	Solution
$z_i - c_i$	9/2	0	0	3/2	0	1	8
x <sub>2</sub>	3	1	0	1	0	1	6
$s_2$	7/2	0	0	1/2	1	1	7
X3	5/2	0	1	1/2	0	1	4

- (i) Using sensitivity analysis, find the optimal solution and optimal value if a new constraint  $x_1 + x_2 = 4$  is added in the given LPP. [2 markspace of the constraint and optimal value if a new constraint [2 markspace of the constraint and optimal value if a new constraint and optimal value if
- (ii) Within what range the coefficient of  $x_1$  in the objective function varies without affecting the optimality. [1.5 marks]
- (c) The optimal Simplex table of LPP is given below  $(x_1, x_2 \text{ are decision variables and } s_1, s_2 \text{ and } s_3 \text{ are slack variables corresponding to first, second and third constraint respectively). Find the Linear Programming Problem. [3 marks]$

Basic Variable	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	$s_1$	S2	S <sub>3</sub>	Solution
$z_i - c_i$	0	0	1	0	0	9
x <sub>1</sub>	1	0	1	0	0	2
$s_2$	0	0	1	1	-1/2	1/2
x <sub>2</sub>	0	1	-1	0	1/2	3/2