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**Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology, Patiala**  
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

B E- COE, CSE (VI Semester) MAKEUP-MST

Course Code: UCS701

Course Name: Theory of Computation

April 20, 2023, 5:30 PM

Time: 2 Hours, M. Marks: 30

Name of Faculty: Sunita Garhwal,  
Nitigya Sambyal, Chinmaya Panigrahy,  
Nidhi Kalra, Shashank Sheshar, Javed  
Imran.

**Note:** Attempt all questions with proper justification. Assume missing data, if any, suitably.

Q1. Given the regular expression  $r = (a + b)^* aba$  over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  (5)

- Convert the given  $r$  into NFA using Thompson's construction.
- Convert the obtained NFA into DFA using subset construction.
- Minimize the obtained DFA in 1 (b).

Q2. Construct a deterministic finite automaton over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  such that (6)

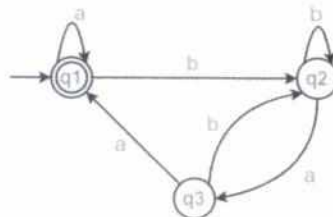
- It recognizes the language where every  $a$  is not followed by  $bb$ ?
- It recognizes the language  $L = \{vwv : v, w \in \{a, b\}^*, |v| = 2\}$
- It recognizes the language  $L = \{ab^5wb^2 : w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

Q3. a) Construct a Moore machine that takes binary number as input and produces residue '5' as output? Convert it into an equivalent Mealy machine. (3)

b) Write the regular expression corresponding to the language  $L$  where  $L = \{x \mid x \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid x \text{ ends with } 1 \text{ and does not contain substring } 00\}$ . (2)

c) Construct the Right Linear Grammar over the  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  for representing the regular expression:  $r = a(ba)^*$  (1)

Q4. a) Write down regular expression corresponding to the following finite automaton using Arden's Theorem. (3)



[P.T.O.]

- b) Construct a minimum DFA with initial state as  $q_0$  and final state as  $q_2$  for the given transition table:

(2)

Current State	Input Symbol	
	0	1
$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_5$
$q_1$	$q_6$	$q_2$
$q_2$	$q_0$	$q_2$
$q_3$	$q_2$	$q_6$
$q_4$	$q_7$	$q_5$
$q_5$	$q_2$	$q_6$
$q_6$	$q_6$	$q_4$
$q_7$	$q_6$	$q_2$

- (c) Construct a left linear grammar for the language  $L = \{a^n b^m : n \geq 2, m \geq 3\}$  over the  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  (2)

Q5. (a) Find all the strings of length 2, 3 and 4 that are not in the language represented by the regular expression  $a^*(ab)^*b^*$  over alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ . (2)

- (b) Using Pumping Lemma, Prove that  $L = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid n_a(w) > n_b(w)\}$  over alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  is not regular. (2)

- (c) Prove that regular languages are closed under set difference. (2)

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**Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology Patiala**  
**Computer Science and Engineering Department**  
**End Sem Test**

BE Third Year (6<sup>th</sup> Semester) 13<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 9:00AM    UCS701: Theory of Computation  
 Time: 3 Hours, Max Marks:40    Coordinators: Dr. Sunita Garhwal, Dr. Nitigya Sambyal  
 Instructors: Sunita Garhwal, Nitigya Sambyal, Chinmaya Panigrahy, Nidhi Kalra, Shashank Sheshar, Javed Imran

**Note: Attempt all questions with proper justification. Assume missing data, if, any, suitably.**

Q1	<p>a) Consider the following grammar G:</p> $S \rightarrow (L)   a$ $L \rightarrow L, S   S$ <p>Remove the left recursion from the above grammar G.</p> <p>b) Consider a context-free grammar G:</p> $S \rightarrow XY$ $X \rightarrow YS   1$ $Y \rightarrow SX   0$ <p>Convert the context-free grammar into Greibach Normal Form(GNF).</p>	2+4
Q2	<p>a) Construct a context-free grammar over <math>\{0, 1\}</math> for the languages</p> <p>i) <math>L_1 = \{w \mid w \text{ starts and ends with the same symbol}\}</math></p> <p>ii) <math>L_2 = \{w \mid \text{length of } w \text{ is odd}\}</math></p> <p>b) Construct deterministic finite automaton which accept a string containing "ing" at the end of a string over <math>\{a-z\}</math>, e.g., "anything" but not "anywhere."</p> <p>c) Given the regular expression <math>r = 1^*(10)^*1^*</math>. Convert the given r into NFA using Thompson's construction.</p>	3+2+2
Q3	<p>a) Draw the flowchart for the language <math>L = \{a^n b^{2m} c^{3n} d^p \mid n &gt; 0, m &gt; 0, p &gt; n\}</math>. Write down the transition diagram for the above-designed flowchart.</p> <p>b) Design a CFG for the language L over <math>\{0, 1\}</math> to generate all strings having alternate sequence of 0 and 1.</p>	5+2
Q4	<p>a) Consider the CFLs <math>L_1 = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1\}</math> and <math>L_2 = \{a^p b^q \mid p, q \geq 1\}</math>, then intersection of <math>L_1</math> and <math>L_2</math> is a CFL or not. Justify your answer.</p> <p>b) Given the context-free grammar</p> $S \rightarrow XY$ $X \rightarrow a   b   XA$ $Y \rightarrow a   AY$ $A \rightarrow a$ <p>Apply CYK algorithm to determine whether the string <math>w = babaa</math> belongs to the language generated by the above given grammar.</p>	2+4

[P.T.O.]

Q5	<p>a) Prove that <math>L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}</math> is not context-free language using Pumping Lemma.</p> <p>b) Design a Mealy machine that recognises the double occurrence of symbol 'a' in the input string <math>w \in \{a, b\}^*</math>. Show the output sequence for the string <math>w = aababba</math>. [Hint: input: <i>aba</i> then output: <i>000</i>, input: <i>aaab</i> then output: <i>0110</i>]</p>	3+4
Q6	<p>a) Design a Post machine for the language <math>L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}</math>.</p> <p>b) Write down the logic for design of a Turing machine over <math>\{0, 1\}</math> for the language <math>L = \{w \mid w \text{ contains equal number of 0's and 1's in any order, and }  w  \geq 2\}</math>. Design the Turing machine for <math>L</math>.</p>	3+4