

EXPERIMENT 5

Q1.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$\text{s.t. } -x_1 + x_2 \leq 1,$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 2,$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Code:

```

clc
clear all
Noofvariables=2;
variables={'x1','x2','s1','s2','sol'};
c=[1 2]; % cost of objective func
Abar=[-1 1;1 1];% const coeff
B=[1;2]; %RHS of constraints
s=eye(size(Abar,1));
A=[Abar s B];
Cost=zeros(1,size(A,2));
Cost(1:Noofvariables)=c;
% Constraints BV
BV=Noofvariables+1:1:size(A,2)-1;
% To calculate Zj-Cj
ZjCj=Cost(BV)*A-Cost;
% For printing 1st simplex table
ZCj=[ZjCj;A];
simplextable=array2table(ZCj);
simplextable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables;
% Start simplex Algorithm
Run=true;
while Run
    if any(ZjCj<0) % to check if any negative value there
        fprintf('The current BFS is not optimal\n')
        fprintf('Next iteration required \n')
        disp('Old basic variable (BV)=')
        disp(BV)
        % For finding entering variable
        Zc=ZjCj(1:end-1);
        [Ent_col pvt_col]=min(Zc);
        fprintf('The most negative value in Zj-Cj row is %d and coresponding to
column %d \n',Ent_col,pvt_col)
        fprintf('Entering variable is %d \n',pvt_col)
        %For finding the leaving variable
        sol=A(:,end);
        column=A(:,pvt_col);
        if all(column<=0)
            error('The LPP has unbounded solution \n since all enteries are <=0 in
%d \n',pvt_col)
        else
            for i=1:size(column,1)
                if column(i)>0
                    ratio(i)=sol(i)./column(i)
                else
                    ratio(i)=inf

```

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        end
    end
    % To finding minimum ratio
    [minratio pvt_row]=min(ratio);
    fprintf('The minimum ratio corresponding to pivot row %d \n ',pvt_row)
    fprintf('leaving variable is %d \n ',BV(pvt_row))
    BV(pvt_row)=pvt_col;
    disp('New basic variable(BV)==')
    disp(BV)
    pvt_key=A(pvt_row,pvt_col)
    % To update table for next iteration
    A(pvt_row,:)=A(pvt_row,:)./pvt_key
    for i=1:size(A,1)
        if i~=pvt_row
            A(i,:)=A(i,:)-A(i,pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
        end
        ZjCj=ZjCj-ZjCj(pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
    end

    end

else
    Run= false;
    ZCj=[ZjCj;A]
    FinalTable=array2table(ZCj);
    FinalTable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables
    FinalTable.Properties.RowNames(1:size(ZCj,1))={'Zj-Cj','x1','x2'}
    BFS=zeros(1,size(A,2));
    BFS(BV)=A(:,end)
    BFS(end)=sum(BFS.*Cost);
    currentBFS=array2table(BFS);

currentBFS.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(currentBFS,2))={'x1','x2','s1','s2','Opt.Val of Z'}
    disp('Optimal sol is reached')
end
end
end

```

Final Solution:

currentBFS =				
1×5 table				
x1	x2	s1	s2	Opt.Val of z
0.5	1.5	0	0	3.5

Q2.

$$\text{Minimize } Z = x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3$$

$$\text{s.t. } 3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 7,$$

$$-2x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 12,$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 10,$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Code:

```

clc
clear all
Noofvariables=3;
variables={'x1','x2','x3','s1','s2','s3','sol'};
c=[-1 3 -2]; % cost of objective func
Abar=[3 -1 2;-2 4 0;-4 3 8];% const coeff
B=[7;12;10]; %RHS of constraints
s=eye(size(Abar,1));
A=[Abar s B];
Cost=zeros(1,size(A,2));
Cost(1:Noofvariables)=c;
% Constraints BV
BV=Noofvariables+1:1:size(A,2)-1;
% To calculate Zj-Cj
ZjCj=Cost(BV)*A-Cost;
% For printing 1st simplex table
ZCj=[ZjCj;A];
simplextable=array2table(ZCj);
simplextable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables;
% Start simplex Algorithm
Run=true;
while Run
    if any(ZjCj<0) % to check if any negative value there
        fprintf('The current BFS is not optimal\n')
        fprintf('Next iteration required \n')
        disp('Old basic variable (BV)=')
        disp(BV)
        % For finding entering variable
        Zc=ZjCj(1:end-1);
        [Ent_col pvt_col]=min(Zc);
        fprintf('The most negative value in Zj-Cj row is %d and corresponding to
column %d \n',Ent_col,pvt_col)
        fprintf('Entering variable is %d \n',pvt_col)
        %For finding the leaving variable
        sol=A(:,end);
        column=A(:,pvt_col);
        if all(column<=0)
            error('The LPP has unbounded solution \n since all enteries are <=0 in
%d \n',pvt_col)
        else
            for i=1:size(column,1)
                if column(i)>0
                    ratio(i)=sol(i)./column(i)
                else
                    ratio(i)=inf
                end
            end

```

```

end
% To finding minimum ratio
[minratio pvt_row]=min(ratio);
fprintf('The minimum ratio corresponding to pivot row %d \n ',pvt_row)
fprintf('leaving variable is %d \n ',BV(pvt_row))
BV(pvt_row)=pvt_col;
disp('New basic variable(BV)==')
disp(BV)
pvt_key=A(pvt_row,pvt_col)
% To update table for next iteration
A(pvt_row,:)=A(pvt_row,:)./pvt_key
for i=1:size(A,1)
    if i~=pvt_row
        A(i,:)=A(i,:)-A(i,pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
    end
    ZjCj=ZjCj-ZjCj(pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
end

else
    Run= false;
    ZCj=[ZjCj;A]
    FinalTable=array2table(ZCj);
    FinalTable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables
    FinalTable.Properties.RowNames(1:size(ZCj,1))={'Zj-Cj','x1','s2','x3'}
    BFS=zeros(1,size(A,2));
    BFS(BV)=A(:,end)
    BFS(end)=0-sum(BFS.*Cost);
    currentBFS=array2table(BFS);

currentBFS.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(currentBFS,2))={'x1','x2','x3','s1','s2',
's3','Opt.Val of Z'}
    disp('Optimal sol is reached')
end
end
end

```

Final Solution:

currentBFS =						
1×7 <u>table</u>						
x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	Opt.Val of Z
—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	5	0	0	0	11	-11

Q3.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{s.t. } 3x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 15,$$

$$5x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 10,$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Code:

```

clc
clear all
Noofvariables=2;
variables={'x1','x2','s1','s2','sol'};
c=[5 3]; % cost of objective func
Abar=[3 5;5 2];% const coeff
B=[15;10]; %RHS of constraints
s=eye(size(Abar,1));
A=[Abar s B];
Cost=zeros(1,size(A,2));
Cost(1:Noofvariables)=c;
% Constraints BV
BV=Noofvariables+1:1:size(A,2)-1;
% To calculate Zj-Cj
ZjCj=Cost(BV)*A-Cost;
% For printing 1st simplex table
ZCj=[ZjCj;A];
simplextable=array2table(ZCj);
simplextable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables;
% Start simplex Algorithm
Run=true;
while Run
    if any(ZjCj<0) % to check if any negative value there
        fprintf('The current BFS is not optimal\n')
        fprintf('Next iteration required \n')
        disp('Old basic variable (BV)=')
        disp(BV)
        % For finding entering variable
        Zc=ZjCj(1:end-1);
        [Ent_col pvt_col]=min(Zc);
        fprintf('The most negative value in Zj-Cj row is %d and corresponding to
column %d \n',Ent_col,pvt_col)
        fprintf('Entering variable is %d \n',pvt_col)
        %For finding the leaving variable
        sol=A(:,end);
        column=A(:,pvt_col);
        if all(column<=0)
            error('The LPP has unbounded solution \n since all enteries are <=0 in
%d \n',pvt_col)
        else
            for i=1:size(column,1)
                if column(i)>0
                    ratio(i)=sol(i)./column(i)
                else
                    ratio(i)=inf
                end
            end
        end
    end
end

```

```

end
% To finding minimum ratio
[minratio pvt_row]=min(ratio);
fprintf('The minimum ratio corresponding to pivot row %d \n ',pvt_row)
fprintf('leaving variable is %d \n ',BV(pvt_row))
BV(pvt_row)=pvt_col;
disp('New basic variable(BV)==')
disp(BV)
pvt_key=A(pvt_row,pvt_col)
% To update table for next iteration
A(pvt_row,:)=A(pvt_row,:)./pvt_key
for i=1:size(A,1)
    if i~=pvt_row
        A(i,:)=A(i,:)-A(i,pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
    end
    ZjCj=ZjCj-ZjCj(pvt_col).*A(pvt_row,:);
end

else
    Run= false;
    ZCj=[ZjCj;A]
    FinalTable=array2table(ZCj);
    FinalTable.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(ZCj,2))=variables
    FinalTable.Properties.RowNames(1:size(ZCj,1))={'Zj-Cj','x1','x2'}
    BFS=zeros(1,size(A,2));
    BFS(BV)=A(:,end)
    BFS(end)=sum(BFS.*Cost);
    currentBFS=array2table(BFS);

currentBFS.Properties.VariableNames(1:size(currentBFS,2))={'x1','x2','s1','s2','Opt.Val of Z'}
    disp('Optimal sol is reached')
end
end

```

Final Solution:

currentBFS =

1×5 table

x1	x2	s1	s2	Opt.Val of Z
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
1.0526	2.3684	0	0	12.368

Optimal sol is reached