

Roll Number: _____

Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology (TIET), Patiala
Computer Science & Engineering Department (CSED)
END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

BE MBA:U Grade Exam	Course Code: UCS617 Course Name: Microprocessor Based Systems Design
March 08, 2022	Friday, 05:45M – 07:45 PM
Time: 2.00Hrs, Max. Marks: 50	Name of Faculty: Dr. Chinmaya Panigrahy

Attempt any five questions.

Q1. Fill in the blanks. (1x10)

- (a) **RST 2 = CALL** _____ H.
- (b) _____ machine cycle of 8085 constitutes $IO/\overline{M}=1$, $S_1=0$ and $S_0=1$.
- (c) ALE signal is activated during _____ T cycle of any 8085 machine cycle.
- (d) If condition fails, conditional **JMP** instruction takes _____ T cycles to execute.
- (e) The size of instruction queue in 8086 is _____ byte(s).
- (f) If the logical address (segment:offset) = E678:21BB. The corresponding physical address is _____ H.
- (g) _____ signal controls the mode in which 8086 Microprocessor operates.
- (h) _____ flag of 8085 flag register is not explicitly associated with any instruction.
- (i) **LXI** is a _____ byte(s) instruction.
- (j) The 16 low order address lines of 8086 are time multiplexed with _____ and the 4 high order address lines are time multiplexed with control signals.

Q2. Explain 8085 microprocessor with a neat block diagram. (10)

Q3. Draw the format of the 8085 flag register. What will be the value of all 5 Flag registers and Accumulator after executing the following programs: (2.5+2.5x3)

(a) MVI A, 59H MVI B, 99H ADD B	(b) MVI A, EFH MVI B, CDH ADD B	(c) MVI A, 86H MVI B, 97H SUB B
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Q4. Explain the status, control and reset signals of 8085 in detail. What is the purpose of CLK signal? (3+3+2+2)

Q5. Explain ARM processor with its pipeline organization, data flow model, and registers. (10)

Q6. Draw and explain the 8086 Microprocessor Architecture by clearly explaining the work of bus interface and execution units. (10)

Q7. What do you mean by interrupt? What are the hardware, software, maskable, non-maskable, vectored, and non-vectored interrupts? Explain with an example of each type. Explain **SIM instruction in detail. (1+6x1+3)**