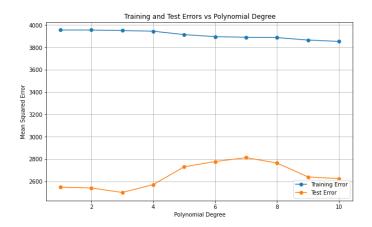
Step 1: Diabetes dataset and overfitting



We have two curves on this graph. Each represented by different colors.

We have Training Error curve which decreases as the Polynomial Degree increases. This makes sense because as the degree increases they have more flexibility to fit the training data more closely. Another Then we have Test Error curve which decreases and then increases after the 4th Polynomial degree. This hints at overfitting.

Python Code:

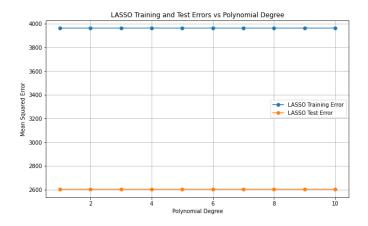
import numpy as np

Step 1

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load diabetes
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
# Load the diabetes dataset
diabetes = load diabetes()
X = diabetes.data[:, 2].reshape(-1, 1) # Third column
y = diabetes.target
# Split the data into training and test sets (last 20 points for testing)
trainX, testX = X[:-20], X[-20:]
trainY, testY = y[:-20], y[-20:]
# Lists to store errors
train errors = []
test errors = []
# Train models with polynomial degrees from 1 to 10
for degree in range(1, 11):
  # Generate polynomial features
```

```
poly = PolynomialFeatures(degree)
  trainX poly = poly.fit transform(trainX)
  testX poly = poly.transform(testX)
  # Train the linear regression model
  model = LinearRegression()
  model.fit(trainX poly, trainY)
  # Predict on training and test sets
  train pred = model.predict(trainX poly)
  test pred = model.predict(testX poly)
  # Calculate mean squared errors
  train error = mean squared error(trainY, train pred)
  test error = mean squared error(testY, test pred)
  # Append errors to lists
  train errors.append(train error)
  test errors.append(test error)
# Plot the errors
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(range(1, 11), train errors, label='Training Error', marker='o')
plt.plot(range(1, 11), test errors, label='Test Error', marker='o')
plt.xlabel('Polynomial Degree')
plt.ylabel('Mean Squared Error')
plt.title('Training and Test Errors vs Polynomial Degree')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

Step 2: LASSO



As compared to the other graph from Step 1, this graph does not show as much dramatic change in the curves of both, Training Error, and Test Error. This indicates that the margin i\of error is lower with LASSO as compared to without it.

Python Code:

```
# Step 2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load diabetes
from sklearn.linear model import Lasso
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
# Load the diabetes dataset
diabetes = load diabetes()
X = diabetes.data[:, 2].reshape(-1, 1) # Third column
y = diabetes.target
# Split the data into training and test sets (last 20 points for testing)
trainX, testX = X[:-20], X[-20:]
trainY, testY = y[:-20], y[-20:]
# Lists to store errors
train errors lasso = []
test errors lasso = []
# LASSO regularization parameter
alpha = 0.1
# Train models with polynomial degrees from 1 to 10 using LASSO
for degree in range(1, 11):
  # Generate polynomial features
  poly = PolynomialFeatures(degree)
  trainX poly = poly.fit transform(trainX)
  testX poly = poly.transform(testX)
  # Train the LASSO regression model
  lasso = Lasso(alpha=alpha, max iter=10000)
  lasso.fit(trainX poly, trainY)
  # Predict on training and test sets
  train pred lasso = lasso.predict(trainX poly)
  test pred lasso = lasso.predict(testX poly)
  # Calculate mean squared errors
  train error lasso = mean squared error(trainY, train pred lasso)
  test error lasso = mean squared error(testY, test pred lasso)
  # Append errors to lists
  train errors lasso.append(train error lasso)
```

test errors lasso.append(test error lasso)

```
# Plot the errors for LASSO plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(range(1, 11), train_errors_lasso, label='LASSO Training Error', marker='o')
plt.plot(range(1, 11), test_errors_lasso, label='LASSO Test Error', marker='o')
plt.xlabel('Polynomial Degree')
plt.ylabel('Mean Squared Error')
plt.title('LASSO Training and Test Errors vs Polynomial Degree')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```