Your grade: 80%

Your latest: **60**% • Your highest: **80**% • To pass you need at least 70%. We keep your highest score.

Next item \Rightarrow

1.	Which of the following queries will return the data for employees who belong to the department with the highest value of department ID.	1/1 point
	SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE DEP_ID =	
	(SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP FROM DEPARTMENTS WHERE DEPT_ID_DEP IS MAX.)	
	O SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE DEPT_ID_DEP =	
	MAX (SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP FROM DEPARTMENTS)	
	SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE DEP_ID = MAX(DEP_ID)	
	SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE DEP_ID = SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE DEP_ID =	
	(SELECT MAX(DEPT_ID_DEP) FROM DEPARTMENTS)	
2.	A DEPARTMENTS table contains DEP_NAME, and DEPT_ID_DEP columns and an EMPLOYEES table contains columns called F_NAME and DEP_ID. We want to retrieve the Department Name for each Employee. Which of the following queries will correctly accomplish this?	0 / 1 point
	O SELECT E.F_NAME, D.DEP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEES, DEPARTMENTS	
	O SELECT D.F_NAME, E.DEP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEES E, DEPARTMENTS D WHERE D.DEPT_ID_DEP = E.DEP_ID	
	● SELECT F_NAME, DEP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEES E, DEPARTMENTS D WHERE E.DEPT_ID_DEP = D.DEP_ID	
	O SELECT F_NAME, DEP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEES, DEPARTMENTS WHERE DEPT_ID_DEP = DEP_ID	
3.	You are writing a query that will give you the total cost to the Pet Rescue organization of rescuing animals. The cost of each rescue is stored in the Cost column. You want the result column to be called "Total_Cost". Which	1/1 point
	of the following SQL queries is correct?	
	SELECT SUM(Cost) FROM PetRescue	
	SELECT SUM(Cost) AS Total_Cost FROM PetRescue OSTAGE SUM(Total_Cost) From D. ID. OSTAGE SUM(Total_C	
	SELECT SUM(Total_Cost) From PetRescue	
	SELECT SUM(Total_Cost) From PetRescue SELECT Total_Cost FROM PetRescue	
	SELECT SUM(Total_Cost) From PetRescue	
	SELECT SUM(Total_Cost) From PetRescue SELECT Total_Cost FROM PetRescue Correct Correct. The SUM(Cost) function will give the total cost, and the AS Total_Cost clause will give the	
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4.	 ○ SELECT SUM(Total_Cost) From PetRescue ○ SELECT Total_Cost FROM PetRescue ○ Correct Correct Correct. The SUM(Cost) function will give the total cost, and the AS Total_Cost clause will give the result column an alias of Total_Cost. Which of the following is the correct syntax for calculating an employee's age, in YYYY-MM-DD format, with respect to the current date, in MySQL? Assume the date of birth is available as a column 'DOB' in the table named 'Employees'. 	1/1 point
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× Incorrect

Incorrect. Refer to content on Date and time functions.