

```
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\ex1.sql
SQL> DROP TABLE Reservations;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Boat;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Sailor;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Tourist;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Creating a table Boat using the given attributes
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE Boat(
2      BID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT bid_pk PRIMARY KEY CONSTRAINT
bid_start CHECK(BID LIKE 'B%'),
3      BNAME varchar2(15),
4      TYPE varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT b_tchk CHECK(TYPE
IN('LUX','CAR','CRU')),
5      MAX_CAP number(2),
6      PRICE number(3),
7      COLOR varchar2(10)
8  )
9  /
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM Displaying Boat
SQL>
SQL> desc Boat
```

Name	Null?	Type
BID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
BNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
TYPE		VARCHAR2(4)
MAX_CAP		NUMBER(2)
PRICE		NUMBER(3)
COLOR		VARCHAR2(10)

```
SQL>
SQL> REM inserting values into boats table
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B100','speedboat','LUX',90,23,'yellow');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B101','sail','LUX',90,23,'yellow');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B102','oceana','CAR',90,23,'yellow');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B103','rivera','CRU',90,23,'yellow');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B104','sailboat','CAR',90,23,'blue');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B105','yatch','REM',90,23,'red');
```

```
INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B105','yatch','REM',90,23,'red')
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.B_TCHK) violated
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B106','yatch','LUX',90,23,'yellow');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B100','sail','LUX',90,23,'yellow');
```

```
INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B100','sail','LUX',90,23,'yellow')
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-00001: unique constraint (SYSTEM.BID_PK) violated
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('100','sail','LUX',90,23,'yellow');
```

```
INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('100','sail','LUX',90,23,'yellow')
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.BID_START) violated
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Boat;
```

BID	BNAME	TYPE	MAX_CAP	PRICE	COLOR
B100	speedboat	LUX	90	23	yellow
B101	sail	LUX	90	23	yellow
B102	oceana	CAR	90	23	yellow
B103	rivera	CRU	90	23	yellow
B104	sailboat	CAR	90	23	blue
B106	yatch	LUX	90	23	yellow

```
6 rows selected.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM *****
```

```
SQL> REM Creating a table Sailor using the given attributes
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Sailor(
```

```
2         SID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT sid_pk PRIMARY KEY,CONSTRAINT
```

```
sid_start CHECK(SID LIKE 'S%'),
```

```
3         SNAME varchar2(15),
```

```

4          RATING char(1) CONSTRAINT rc_chk CHECK(RATING
IN('A','B','C')),
5          DOB date
6      )
7  /

```

Table created.

SQL>

SQL> REM Displaying Sailor

SQL>

SQL> desc Sailor

Name	Null?	Type
SID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
SNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
RATING		CHAR(1)
DOB		DATE

SQL>

SQL> REM inserting values into sailor table

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S100','Sam','A','11-jan-90');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S101','Som','B','15-feb-80');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S102','Sam','F','14-feb-85');

INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S102','Sam','F','14-feb-85')

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.RC_CHK) violated

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S103','Sai','C','4-oct-95');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S104','Shree','C','9-jul-83');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S100','Sai','C','13-jun-94');

INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S100','Sai','C','13-jun-94')

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00001: unique constraint (SYSTEM.SID_PK) violated

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('100','Sri','C','12-aug-93');

INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('100','Sri','C','12-aug-93')

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.SID_START) violated

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S105','Shree','C','5-nov-88');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S106','Shree','C','18-dec-90');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Sailor;
```

SID	SNAME	R	DOB
S100	Sam	A	11-JAN-90
S101	Som	B	15-FEB-80
S103	Sai	C	04-OCT-95
S104	Shree	C	09-JUL-83
S105	Shree	C	05-NOV-88
S106	Shree	C	18-DEC-90

6 rows selected.

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM *****
```

```
SQL> REM Creating a table Tourist using the given attributes
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Tourist(  
2      TID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT t_id PRIMARY KEY,CONSTRAINT  
tid_start CHECK(TID LIKE 'T%'),  
3      TNAME varchar2(10),  
4      ADDR varchar2(20),  
5      PHN number(10),  
6      DOB date  
7  )  
8  /
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM Displaying Tourist
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> desc Tourist
```

Name	Null?	Type
TID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
TNAME		VARCHAR2(10)
ADDR		VARCHAR2(20)
PHN		NUMBER(10)
DOB		DATE

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM inserting values into tourist table
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T100','Shreya','Chennai',1982828773,'11-feb-90');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T101','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'19-jan-89');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T102','Sam','Adayar',1199288822,'1-oct-93');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T103','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'14-aug-99');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T104','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'15-aug-99');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T105','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'18-aug-99');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T106','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'13-aug-99');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('100','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'12-aug-99');
```

```
INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('100','Sri','Saidapet',1289213899,'12-aug-99')
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.TID_START) violated
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T100','Sam','Adayar',1199288822,'19-sep-01');
```

```
INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T100','Sam','Adayar',1199288822,'19-sep-01')
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-00001: unique constraint (SYSTEM.T_ID) violated
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Tourist;
```

TID	TNAME	ADDR	PHN	DOB
T100	Shreya	Chennai	1982828773	11-FEB-90
T101	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899	19-JAN-89
T102	Sam	Adayar	1199288822	01-OCT-93
T103	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899	14-AUG-99
T104	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899	15-AUG-99
T105	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899	18-AUG-99
T106	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899	13-AUG-99

7 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Creating a table Reservations using the given attributes
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE Reservations(
  2     T_ID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT rt_fk REFERENCES Tourist(TID),
  3     S_ID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT rs_fk REFERENCES Sailor(SID),
  4     B_ID varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT rb_fk REFERENCES Boat(BID),
  5     NOP number(2),
  6     D_RES date,
  7     D_SAIL date,
  8     CONSTRAINT dt_chk CHECK(D_SAIL-D_RES>12),
  9     CONSTRAINT res_pk PRIMARY KEY(T_ID,S_ID,D_SAIL)
10 )
11 /
```

Table created.

```
SQL> REM Displaying Reservations
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> desc Reservations
```

Name	Null?	Type
T_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
S_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
B_ID		VARCHAR2(4)
NOP		NUMBER(2)
D_RES		DATE
D_SAIL	NOT NULL	DATE

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM inserting values into reservations table
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T100','S100','B100',19,'11-jan-20','12-jan-20');
```

```
INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T100','S100','B100',19,'11-jan-20','12-jan-20')
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.DT_CHK) violated
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S102','B101',12,'12-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

```
INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S102','B101',12,'12-jan-20','15-feb-20')
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-02291: integrity constraint (SYSTEM.RS_FK) violated - parent key not found
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T102','S103','B100',18,'13-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S103','B102',17,'14-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T102','S105','B102',18,'15-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T105','S100','B100',18,'16-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S104','B101',18,'17-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S103','B102',18,'18-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

```
INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S103','B102',18,'18-jan-20','15-feb-20')
```

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00001: unique constraint (SYSTEM.RES_PK) violated

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T100','S101','B100',18,'19-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T102','S103','B103',18,'19-jan-20','15-feb-20');
```

```
INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T102','S103','B103',18,'19-jan-20','15-feb-20')
```

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00001: unique constraint (SYSTEM.RES_PK) violated

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Reservations;
```

T_ID	S_ID	B_ID	NOP	D_RES	D_SAIL
T102	S103	B100	18	13-JAN-20	15-FEB-20
T101	S103	B102	17	14-JAN-20	15-FEB-20
T102	S105	B102	18	15-JAN-20	15-FEB-20
T105	S100	B100	18	16-JAN-20	15-FEB-20
T101	S104	B101	18	17-JAN-20	15-FEB-20
T100	S101	B100	18	19-JAN-20	15-FEB-20

6 rows selected.

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```

SQL>
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\ex1b.sql
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 8. Mentioning number of children
SQL>
SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations
  2  ADD NO_CHILDREN number(2)
  3  /

```

Table altered.

```

SQL>
SQL> desc Reservations;

```

Name	Null?	Type
T_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
S_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
B_ID		VARCHAR2(4)
NOP		NUMBER(2)
D_RES		DATE
D_SAIL	NOT NULL	DATE
NO_CHILDREN		NUMBER(2)

```

SQL>
SQL> REM inserting into reservations table
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T100','S101','B102',19,'11-jan-
20','11-feb-20',3);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S101','B102',19,'13-jan-
20','12-feb-20',2);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Reservations;

```

T_ID	S_ID	B_ID	NOP	D_RES	D_SAIL	NO_CHILDREN
T102	S103	B100	18	13-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S103	B102	17	14-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T102	S105	B102	18	15-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T105	S100	B100	18	16-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S104	B101	18	17-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B100	18	19-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B102	19	11-JAN-20	11-FEB-20	3
T101	S101	B102	19	13-JAN-20	12-FEB-20	2

8 rows selected.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 9. to make width of tourist name inadequate
SQL> ALTER TABLE Tourist
  2  MODIFY TNAME varchar(35)
  3  /

```


Table altered.

SQL> desc Tourist;

Name	Null?	Type
TID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
TNAME		VARCHAR2(35)
ADDR		VARCHAR2(20)
PHN		NUMBER(10)
DOB		DATE

SQL>

SQL> REM *****

SQL> REM 10. to make reserve date not null

SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations

2 MODIFY d_res NOT NULL

3 /

Table altered.

SQL>

SQL> desc Reservations;

Name	Null?	Type
T_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
S_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
B_ID		VARCHAR2(4)
NOP		NUMBER(2)
D_RES	NOT NULL	DATE
D_SAIL	NOT NULL	DATE
NO_CHILDREN		NUMBER(2)

SQL>

SQL> REM inserting into reservations table

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S103','B100',4,NULL,'21-feb-20',6);

INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S103','B100',4,NULL,'21-feb-20',6)

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01400: cannot insert NULL into ("SYSTEM"."RESERVATIONS"."D_RES")

SQL> INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S102','B100',4,NULL,'21-feb-20',1);

INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES('T101','S102','B100',4,NULL,'21-feb-20',1)

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01400: cannot insert NULL into ("SYSTEM"."RESERVATIONS"."D_RES")

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM Reservations;

T_ID	S_ID	B_ID	NOP	D_RES	D_SAIL	NO_CHILDREN
----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----

T102	S103	B100	18	13-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S103	B102	17	14-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T102	S105	B102	18	15-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T105	S100	B100	18	16-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S104	B101	18	17-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B100	18	19-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B102	19	11-JAN-20	11-FEB-20	3
T101	S101	B102	19	13-JAN-20	12-FEB-20	2

8 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> REM *****

SQL> REM 11. DOB of a tourist can be addressed later

SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T099','Shreya','Chennai',9182772768,'11-oct-2001');

1 row created.

SQL> ALTER TABLE Tourist

2 DROP COLUMN DOB

3 /

Table altered.

SQL>

SQL> desc Tourist;

Name	Null?	Type
TID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
TNAME		VARCHAR2(35)
ADDR		VARCHAR2(20)
PHN		NUMBER(10)

SQL> INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T099','Shreya','Chennai',9182772768,'11-oct-2001');

INSERT INTO Tourist VALUES('T099','Shreya','Chennai',9182772768,'11-oct-2001')

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00913: too many values

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM Tourist;

TID	TNAME	ADDR	PHN
T100	Shreya	Chennai	1982828773
T101	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899
T102	Sam	Adayar	1199288822
T103	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899
T104	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899
T105	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899
T106	Sri	Saidapet	1289213899
T099	Shreya	Chennai	9182772768

8 rows selected.

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 12. rating for sailor D has to be added
SQL>
SQL> ALTER TABLE Sailor
    2 DROP CONSTRAINT rc_chk
    3 /

```

Table altered.

```

SQL> ALTER TABLE Sailor
    2 ADD CONSTRAINT rc_chkn CHECK(RATING IN('A','B','C','D'))
    3 /

```

Table altered.

```

SQL>
SQL> desc Sailor;

```

Name	Null?	Type
SID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4)
SNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
RATING		CHAR(1)
DOB		DATE

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S199','Sam','D','02-jan-1980');

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S199','Sam','J','02-jan-1980');
INSERT INTO Sailor VALUES('S199','Sam','J','02-jan-1980')
*

```

```

ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.RC_CHKN) violated

```

```

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Sailor;

```

SID	SNAME	R	DOB
S100	Sam	A	11-JAN-90
S101	Som	B	15-FEB-80
S103	Sai	C	04-OCT-95
S104	Shree	C	09-JUL-83
S105	Shree	C	05-NOV-88
S106	Shree	C	18-DEC-90
S199	Sam	D	02-JAN-80

7 rows selected.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 13. all luxurious boats are yellow
SQL> ALTER TABLE Boat
    2 DROP CONSTRAINT b_tchk
    3 /

```

Table altered.

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE Boat
  2  ADD CONSTRAINT typ_chk CHECK((TYPE IN ('LUX') AND COLOR IN
('yellow')) OR TYPE IN('CAR','CRU'))
  3  /
```

Table altered.

```
SQL>
SQL> desc Boat;
Name                                         Null?    Type
-----
BID                                         NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
BNAME                                       VARCHAR2(15)
TYPE                                       VARCHAR2(4)
MAX_CAP                                   NUMBER(2)
PRICE                                    NUMBER(3)
COLOR                                    VARCHAR2(10)
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B123','sailboat','LUX',20,6.98,'Blue');
INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B123','sailboat','LUX',20,6.98,'Blue')
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.TYP_CHK) violated
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B123','lakeboat','LUX',20,6.98,'yellow');

1 row created.
```

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Boat;
```

BID	BNAME	TYPE	MAX_CAP	PRICE	COLOR
B100	speedboat	LUX	90	23	yellow
B101	sail	LUX	90	23	yellow
B102	oceana	CAR	90	23	yellow
B103	rivera	CRU	90	23	yellow
B104	sailboat	CAR	90	23	blue
B106	yatch	LUX	90	23	yellow
B123	lakeboat	LUX	20	7	yellow

7 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 14. Each boat should have a different name
SQL> ALTER TABLE Boat
  2  ADD CONSTRAINT n_uniq UNIQUE(BNAME)
  3  /
```

Table altered.

```
SQL>
SQL> desc Boat;
Name                                         Null?    Type
```

```

-----
-----
BID                                NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
BNAME                             VARCHAR2(15)
TYPE                              VARCHAR2(4)
MAX_CAP                           NUMBER(2)
PRICE                             NUMBER(3)
COLOR                             VARCHAR2(10)

```

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B123','sailboat','LUX',20,6.98,'Blue');
INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B123','sailboat','LUX',20,6.98,'Blue')
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02290: check constraint (SYSTEM.TYP_CHK) violated

```

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Boat VALUES('B170','woodboat','CRU',20,8,'Yellow');

1 row created.

```

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Boat;

```

BID	BNAME	TYPE	MAX_CAP	PRICE	COLOR
B100	speedboat	LUX	90	23	yellow
B101	sail	LUX	90	23	yellow
B102	oceana	CAR	90	23	yellow
B103	rivera	CRU	90	23	yellow
B104	sailboat	CAR	90	23	blue
B106	yatch	LUX	90	23	yellow
B123	lakeboat	LUX	20	7	yellow
B170	woodboat	CRU	20	8	Yellow

```

8 rows selected.

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM 15. Ensuring that all details of a sailor is deleted on deletion
of boat/sailor details
SQL>
SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations DROP CONSTRAINT rs_fk;

```

Table altered.

```

SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations DROP CONSTRAINT rb_fk;

```

Table altered.

```

SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations ADD CONSTRAINT rb_fk FOREIGN KEY(B_ID)
REFERENCES Boat(BID) ON DELETE CASCADE;

```

Table altered.

```

SQL> ALTER TABLE Reservations ADD CONSTRAINT rs_fk FOREIGN KEY(S_ID)
REFERENCES Sailor(SID) ON DELETE CASCADE;

```

Table altered.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM Reservations;

T_ID	S_ID	B_ID	NOP	D_RES	D_SAIL	NO_CHILDREN
T102	S103	B100	18	13-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S103	B102	17	14-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T102	S105	B102	18	15-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T105	S100	B100	18	16-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S104	B101	18	17-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B100	18	19-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T100	S101	B102	19	11-JAN-20	11-FEB-20	3
T101	S101	B102	19	13-JAN-20	12-FEB-20	2

8 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> DELETE FROM Boat WHERE BID='B100';

1 row deleted.

SQL> DELETE FROM Sailor WHERE SID='S101';

1 row deleted.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM Reservations;

T_ID	S_ID	B_ID	NOP	D_RES	D_SAIL	NO_CHILDREN
T101	S103	B102	17	14-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T102	S105	B102	18	15-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	
T101	S104	B101	18	17-JAN-20	15-FEB-20	

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> spool off;

```

SQL> D:/01-College/databaselab/sql_files/ex2.sql
SP2-0734: unknown command beginning "D:/01-Coll..." - rest of line
ignored.
SQL> @D:/01-College/databaselab/sql_files/ex2.sql
SQL> REM Dropping table
SQL>
SQL> DROP TABLE PC;

```

Table dropped.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM Creating table PC
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE PC (
2      MODEL number(4),
3      SPEED number(4),
4      RAM number(3),
5      HD number(2),
6      RD varchar2(6),
7      PRICE number(4)
8  )
9  /

```

Table created.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM Displaying table
SQL>
SQL> desc PC;

```

Name	Type
MODEL	NUMBER(4)
SPEED	NUMBER(4)
RAM	NUMBER(3)
HD	NUMBER(2)
RD	VARCHAR2(6)
PRICE	NUMBER(4)

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 1. Add the first row of data to the PC table from the above
sample data. Do not list the
SQL> REM columns in the INSERT clause.
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO PC VALUES(1001,1500,128,60,'12xDVD',2499);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Populate the table with the remaining sample data. This time,
list the columns

```

```
SQL> REM explicitly in the INSERT clause.
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO PC(MODEL,SPEED, RAM,HD,RD,PRICE)
VALUES(1002,866,128,20,'8xDVD',1999);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO PC(MODEL,SPEED, RAM,HD,RD,PRICE)
VALUES(1003,1000,128,40,'12xDVD',1499);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO PC(MODEL,SPEED, RAM,HD,RD,PRICE)
VALUES(1004,1200,128,80,'12xDVD',1699);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO PC(MODEL,SPEED, RAM,HD,RD,PRICE)
VALUES(1005,1300,256,80,'16xDVD',2299);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM Displaying table with values
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;
```

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD	RD	PRICE
1001	1500	128	60	12xDVD	2499
1002	866	128	20	8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40	12xDVD	1499
1004	1200	128	80	12xDVD	1699
1005	1300	256	80	16xDVD	2299

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 3. Change the RAM speed of 1001 model to 256
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE PC SET RAM=256 WHERE MODEL=1001;
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;
```

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD	RD	PRICE
1001	1500	256	60	12xDVD	2499
1002	866	128	20	8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40	12xDVD	1499
1004	1200	128	80	12xDVD	1699
1005	1300	256	80	16xDVD	2299

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 4. Due to increase in the price of processor, hike the price of
PC with speed greater than
SQL> REM 1000 by 2%. Verify your changes to the table.
SQL>
```



```
SQL> REM BEFORE UPDATE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;
```

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
1001	1500	256	60 12xDVD	2499
1002	866	128	20 8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40 12xDVD	1499
1004	1200	128	80 12xDVD	1699
1005	1300	256	80 16xDVD	2299

```
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE PC SET PRICE=PRICE*1.02 WHERE (SPEED>1000);
```

3 rows updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM AFTER UPDATE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;
```

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
1001	1500	256	60 12xDVD	2549
1002	866	128	20 8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40 12xDVD	1499
1004	1200	128	80 12xDVD	1733
1005	1300	256	80 16xDVD	2345

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 5.Mark an intermediate point in the processing of the
transaction.
SQL>
SQL> SAVEPOINT save_point_intermediate;
```

Savepoint created.

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 6. Change the speed of RD to 16x for the PC model with speed
atleast 1000MHz and
SQL> REM having 128 RAM or atleast 40 GB HD.
SQL>
SQL> REM BEFORE UPDATE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC
2
SQL> UPDATE PC SET RD='16x' WHERE (SPEED>=1000 AND (RAM=128 OR HD>=40));
```

4 rows updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM AFTER UPDATE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;
```

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
-------	-------	-----	-------	-------

1001	1500	256	60 16x	2549
1002	866	128	20 8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40 16x	1499
1004	1200	128	80 16x	1733
1005	1300	256	80 16x	2345

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 7. Delete 1002 model from PC table.

SQL>

SQL> DELETE FROM PC WHERE MODEL=1002;

1 row deleted.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1001	1500	256	60 16x	2549
1003	1000	128	40 16x	1499
1004	1200	128	80 16x	1733
1005	1300	256	80 16x	2345

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 8. Discard the changes performed in 6 and 7 without discarding the earlier

SQL> REM operation(s).

SQL>

SQL> ROLLBACK TO save_point_intermediate;

Rollback complete.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1001	1500	256	60 12xDVD	2549
1002	866	128	20 8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40 12xDVD	1499
1004	1200	128	80 12xDVD	1733
1005	1300	256	80 16xDVD	2345

SQL>

SQL> REM 9.Commit the changes.

SQL>

SQL> COMMIT;

Commit complete.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM PC;

MODEL	SPEED	RAM	HD RD	PRICE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1001	1500	256	60 12xDVD	2549
1002	866	128	20 8xDVD	1999
1003	1000	128	40 12xDVD	1499

1004	1200	128	80 12xDVD	1733
1005	1300	256	80 16xDVD	2345

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> @D:/01-College/databaselab/sql_files/audio.sql
SQL> REM
*****
SQL> REM Drop if any existing relation AUDIO
SQL> DROP TABLE AUDIO;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL> REM Create the AUDIO relation to hold information about different
SQL> REM music albums
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE AUDIO(
  2      audio_id number(3) constraint pk_aid primary key,title
varchar2(25),
  3      no_of_tracks number(1),
  4      release_date date,
  5      genre char(3) constraint ch_genre CHECK(genre
IN('CAR','DIV','MOV')),
  6      music varchar2(23),
  7      studio varchar2(10),
  8      price number(3)
  9 );
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL> REM Populate the AUDIO relation
SQL> REM
SQL> REM audio
(audio_id,title,no_of_tracks,release_date,genre,music,studio,price)
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> insert into audio values(100,'Nayagan',5,'21-OCT-
87','MOV','Ilaiyaraja','Pyramid',85);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(101,'Agni Nakshatram',6,'15-APR-
88','MOV','Ilaiyaraja','Pyramid',85);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(102,'Geethanjali',7,'19-MAY-
89','MOV','Ilaiyaraja','Lahari',90);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(103,'Anjali',7,'03-DEC-90','MOV','Ilaiyaraja','Lahari',80);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(104,'Bombay',8,'11-MAR-95','MOV','AR Rahman','MagnaSound',150);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(105,'Thalapathi',7,'05-NOV-91','MOV','Ilaiyaraja','Lahari',100);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(106,'Roja',6,'11-MAY-92','MOV','AR Rahman','MagnaSound',125);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(107,'Nadhamrutham',5,'01-NOV-98','CAR',null,'SaReGaMa',150);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(108,'Gentleman',5,'30-JUL-93','MOV','AR Rahman','Pyramid',100);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(109,'Thiruda Thiruda',6,'11-NOV-93','MOV','AR Rahman','SaReGaMa',100);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(110,'Indian',6,'01-MAY-96','MOV','AR Rahman','Pyramid',150);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(111,'Jeans',6,'01-APR-98','MOV','AR Rahman','T-Series',150);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(112,'Rangeela',8,'08-SEP-95','MOV','AR Rahman','T-Series',120);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(113,'Divine Collections',5,'21-OCT-96','DIV','Kunnakudi Vaidhyanathan','SaReGaMa',175);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> insert into audio values(114,'Krishnarpanam',6,'25-AUG-97','DIV',null,'SaReGaMa',175);
```

1 row created.

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 1. Select the audio id, title and release date that was released
after the year 1997.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT audio_id,title,release_date
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM release_date)>1997;

```

AUDIO_ID	TITLE	RELEASE_D
107	Nadhamrutham	01-NOV-98
111	Jeans	01-APR-98

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Display the title, release date, hike the price by 10% for
the audio released after 1995
SQL> REM and label the column as Audio Name and New Price respectively.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title as "Audio Name",release_date,price*1.10 as "New Price"
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM release_date)>1995;

```

Audio Name	RELEASE_D	New Price
Nadhamrutham	01-NOV-98	165
Indian	01-MAY-96	165
Jeans	01-APR-98	165
Divine Collections	21-OCT-96	192.5
Krishnarpanam	25-AUG-97	192.5

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 3. Display the unique studio from AUDIO relation.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT DISTINCT(studio) FROM audio;

```

STUDIO
T-Series
Pyramid
Lahari
SaReGaMa
MagnaSound

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 4. Show the title, release date, genre, studio and price of MOV
or DIV type audio, but
SQL> REM not released by Pyramid studio.

```

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,release_date,genre,studio,price
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE genre IN('MOV','DIV') AND NOT studio='Pyramid';
```

TITLE	RELEASE_D	GEN	STUDIO	PRICE
Geethanjali	19-MAY-89	MOV	Lahari	90
Anjali	03-DEC-90	MOV	Lahari	80
Bombay	11-MAR-95	MOV	MagnaSound	150
Thalapathi	05-NOV-91	MOV	Lahari	100
Roja	11-MAY-92	MOV	MagnaSound	125
Thiruda Thiruda	11-NOV-93	MOV	SaReGaMa	100
Jeans	01-APR-98	MOV	T-Series	150
Rangeela	08-SEP-95	MOV	T-Series	120
Divine Collections	21-OCT-96	DIV	SaReGaMa	175
Krishnarpanam	25-AUG-97	DIV	SaReGaMa	175

10 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 5. Display the audio id, title, music and price of audios either
in the range of Rs.100 to
SQL> REM Rs.150 or music by AR Rahman.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT audio_id,title,music,price
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE (price BETWEEN 100 AND 150) OR music='AR Rahman';
```

AUDIO_ID	TITLE	MUSIC	PRICE
104	Bombay	AR Rahman	150
105	Thalapathi	Ilaiyaraja	100
106	Roja	AR Rahman	125
107	Nadhamrutham		150
108	Gentleman	AR Rahman	100
109	Thiruda Thiruda	AR Rahman	100
110	Indian	AR Rahman	150
111	Jeans	AR Rahman	150
112	Rangeela	AR Rahman	120

9 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 6. Display the audio title, number of tracks, release date,
musician and studio that was
SQL> REM released during 1995.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,no_of_tracks,release_date,music,studio
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM release_date)=1995;
```

TITLE	NO_OF_TRACKS	RELEASE_D	MUSIC	STUDIO
-------	--------------	-----------	-------	--------

```

-----
-----
Bombay                        8 11-MAR-95 AR Rahman
MagnaSound
Rangeela                     8 08-SEP-95 AR Rahman
T-Series

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 7. Display the title, genre, musician, studio and price of an
audio for which the music
SQL> REM was scored and the title has either a as second letter or starts
with N.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,genre,music,studio,price
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE (title LIKE '_a%' OR title LIKE 'N%') AND music IS NOT NULL;

```

TITLE PRICE	GEN MUSIC	STUDIO
Nayagan 85	MOV Ilaiyaraja	Pyramid
Rangeela 120	MOV AR Rahman	T-Series

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 8. Display the audio details like title, number of tracks,
genre, music and studio that
SQL> REM has atmost 6 tracks by SaReGaMa Studio. If the music is not
scored by any musician,
SQL> REM display as No Music.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,no_of_tracks,genre,NVL(music,'No Music') AS
MUSIC,studio
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE no_of_tracks<=6 AND studio='SaReGaMa';

```

TITLE	NO_OF_TRACKS	GEN MUSIC	STUDIO
Nadhamrutham SaReGaMa	5	CAR No Music	
Thiruda Thiruda SaReGaMa	6	MOV AR Rahman	
Divine Collections SaReGaMa	5	DIV Kunnakudi Vaidhyanathan	
Krishnarpanam SaReGaMa	6	DIV No Music	

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM 9. Display the title and genre of the album that starts with B,
N, K or R, but not a CAR
SQL> REM genre.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,genre
      2  FROM audio
      3  WHERE (title LIKE 'B%' OR title LIKE 'N%' OR title LIKE 'K%' OR
title LIKE 'R%') AND NOT genre='CAR';

```

TITLE	GEN
Nayagan	MOV
Bombay	MOV
Roja	MOV
Rangeela	MOV
Krishnarpanam	DIV

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 10. List the album title, Date of Release, number of tracks,
studio and musician that was
SQL> REM released before 30 years and 3 months.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,release_date,no_of_tracks,studio,music
      2  FROM audio
      3  WHERE (EXTRACT(YEAR FROM sysdate)-EXTRACT(YEAR FROM
release_date))>30 AND release_date<=ADD_MONTHS(TRUNC(sysdate),-3);

```

TITLE	RELEASE_D	NO_OF_TRACKS	STUDIO	MUSIC
Nayagan	21-OCT-87	5	Pyramid	Ilaiyaraja
Agni Nakshatram	15-APR-88	6	Pyramid	Ilaiyaraja
Geethanjali	19-MAY-89	7	Lahari	Ilaiyaraja
Anjali	03-DEC-90	7	Lahari	Ilaiyaraja

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 11. List the title, number of tracks, release date, genre,
music, studio and price of audio
SQL> REM for which AR Rahman had scored the music from 1995 to 1998 in
alphabetical order
SQL> REM by title.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT title,no_of_tracks,release_date,genre,music,studio,price
      2  FROM audio
      3  WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM release_date) BETWEEN 1995 AND 1998 AND
music='AR Rahman'
      4  ORDER BY title asc;

```

TITLE	PRICE	NO_OF_TRACKS	RELEASE_D	GEN	MUSIC
STUDIO					

Bombay		8	11-MAR-95	MOV	AR	Rahman
MagnaSound	150					
Indian		6	01-MAY-96	MOV	AR	Rahman
Pyramid	150					
Jeans		6	01-APR-98	MOV	AR	Rahman
T-Series	150					
Rangeela		8	08-SEP-95	MOV	AR	Rahman
T-Series	120					

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 12. How many movie audio(s) have a name that ends with letter a.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(title) AS AUDIO_COUNT
2   FROM audio
3   WHERE title like '%a' AND genre='MOV';
```

AUDIO_COUNT

```
-----
3
```

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 13. Display the maximum, minimum and average price of movie audio.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT MAX(price) AS MAX_PRICE,MIN(price) AS MIN_PRICE,AVG(price) AS
AVG_PRICE
2   FROM audio
3   WHERE genre='MOV';
```

MAX_PRICE	MIN_PRICE	AVG_PRICE
150	80	111.25

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 14. Show the cheapest, costlier, average and total price of audio for studiowise.

SQL> REM Label the columns Cheaper, Costly, Average, and Total respectively. Round your results to

SQL> REM the nearest whole number. Sort your result by alphabetical order of studio.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT studio,MIN(price) AS CHEAPER,MAX(price) AS
COSTLY,ROUND(AVG(price)) AS AVERAGE,SUM(price) AS TOTAL
2   FROM audio
3   GROUP BY studio
4   ORDER BY studio asc;
```

STUDIO	CHEAPER	COSTLY	AVERAGE	TOTAL
Lahari	80	100	90	270
MagnaSound	125	150	138	275

Pyramid	85	150	105	420
SaReGaMa	100	175	150	600
T-Series	120	150	135	270

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 15. List the studio which sells the audio for a minimum price of atleast Rs.100.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT studio,MIN(price)
2 FROM audio
3 HAVING MIN(price)>=100
4 GROUP BY studio;
```

STUDIO	MIN(PRICE)
-----	-----
T-Series	120
SaReGaMa	100
MagnaSound	125

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 16. For each studio, show the musician name and number of times a musician scored

SQL> REM the music. Include only the audio that was released with in 30 years. Exclude any

SQL> REM groups if a musician scored music at most once. Sort the output by studio name in

SQL> REM descending order.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT music,COUNT(music) AS no_times,studio
2 FROM audio
3 WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM sysdate)-EXTRACT(YEAR FROM release_date)<=30
4 GROUP BY studio,music
5 HAVING COUNT(MUSIC)>1
6 ORDER BY studio desc;
```

MUSIC	NO_TIMES	STUDIO
-----	-----	-----
AR Rahman	2	T-Series
AR Rahman	2	Pyramid
AR Rahman	2	MagnaSound

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> spool off;

```

SQL> @Z:\1106\carqfin.sql
SQL> REM 1. Display the models that was not manufactured by any of the
car makers
SQL>
SQL> SELECT model,fullname
      2 FROM MODEL_DETAILS,CAR_MAKERS
      3 WHERE MODEL_DETAILS.maker = CAR_MAKERS.Id
      4 AND MODEL_DETAILS.model NOT IN(SELECT model FROM CAR_NAMES);

```

MODEL	FULLNAME
kia	Kia Motors
hyundai	Hyundai
jeep	Chrysler
scion	Toyota

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. For all the continents list the number of car makers if there
were a car manufacturing company
SQL>
SQL> SELECT c1.Continent,count(c3.Id) AS No_of_makers
      2 FROM CONTINENTS c1 LEFT OUTER JOIN COUNTRIES c2
      3 ON c1.ContId = c2.Continent
      4 LEFT OUTER JOIN CAR_MAKERS c3
      5 ON C2.CountryId=c3.Country
      6 GROUP BY c1.Continent;

```

CONTINENT	NO_OF_MAKERS
europa	11
africa	0
america	4
asia	7
australia	0

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 3. Display the pair of cars (ID) that has same mileage,
horsepower and acceleration. The pairs should not be repeated in the
result.
SQL>
SQL> REM USING SUBQUERY
SQL>
SQL> SELECT C1.Id,C2.Id
      2 FROM CAR_DETAILS C1,CAR_DETAILS C2
      3 WHERE C1.mpg=C2.mpg AND C1.horsepower=C2.horsepower AND
C1.accel=C2.accel
      4 AND C1.Id<C2.Id;

```

ID	ID
9	20
25	36

80	97
105	143
126	155

```
SQL>
SQL> REM USING JOIN
SQL>
SQL> SELECT C1.Id,C2.Id
      2 FROM CAR_DETAILS C1 JOIN  CAR_DETAILS C2
      3 ON (C1.mpg=C2.mpg AND C1.horsepower=C2.horsepower AND
C1.accel=C2.accel)
      4 AND C1.Id < C2.Id;
```

ID	ID
9	20
25	36
80	97
105	143
126	155

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 4. Display the number of cars produced by each car manufacturing
company with in each model. Sort the result by the company name.
SQL>
SQL> SELECT cm.fullname,md.Model,count(cn.Id)
      2 FROM CAR_MAKERS cm,MODEL_DETAILS md,CAR_NAMES cn
      3 WHERE cm.Id=md.maker AND md.Model=cn.model
      4 GROUP BY cm.fullname,md.model
      5 ORDER BY cm.fullname;
```

FULLNAME	MODEL
COUNT(CN.ID)	
-----	-----
American Motor Company	amc
29	
BMW	bmw
2	
Chrysler	chrysler
6	
Chrysler	dodge
28	
Chrysler	plymouth
32	
Citroen	citroen
1	
Daimler Benz	mercedes
1	
Daimler Benz	mercedes-benz
2	
Fiat	fiat
8	
Ford Motor Company	capri
1	

Ford Motor Company	ford
53	
Ford Motor Company	mercury
11	
General Motors	buick
17	
General Motors	cadillac
2	
General Motors	chevrolet
48	
General Motors	oldsmobile
10	
General Motors	pontiac
16	
Honda	honda
13	
Mazda	mazda
12	
Nissan Motors	datsum
23	
Nissan Motors	nissan
1	
Opel	opel
4	
Peugeot	peugeot
8	
Renault	renault
5	
Saab	saab
5	
Subaru	subaru
4	
Toyota	toyota
26	
Triumph	triumph
1	
Volkswagen	audi
7	
Volkswagen	volkswagen
23	
Volvo	volvo
6	
hi	hi
1	

32 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 5. Display the model, name of car, mpg and weight of car(s) with maximum mileage among the heavy weight (bulky) cars. The car with weight more than the REM average weight of all cars are known as heavy weight (bulky) cars.

SQL>

SQL> REM USING JOIN

SQL>

SQL> SELECT Id,model,descr,mpg,weight

```

2 FROM CAR_NAMES JOIN CAR_DETAILS USING(Id)
3 WHERE mpg=(SELECT MAX(mpg) FROM CAR_DETAILS WHERE weight>(SELECT
AVG(weight) FROM CAR_DETAILS)) AND weight>(SELECT AVG(weight) FROM
CAR_DETAILS);

```

MPG	ID	MODEL	WEIGHT	DESCR
		396 oldsmobile		oldsmobile cutlass
ciera (diesel)			38	3015

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM

```

*****
*****

```

SQL>

SQL> REM 6. Display the details

(model,car_name,mileage,horsepower,acceleration,weight) of car(s) having
mileage, horsepower, acceleration more than the average REM of mpg,
horsepower, accel of all cars and its weight should be lesser than the
average weight of all cars.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT model,descr,mpg,horsepower,accel,weight

```

2 FROM CAR_NAMES JOIN CAR_DETAILS

```

```

3 USING(Id)

```

```

4 WHERE mpg>(SELECT AVG(mpg) FROM CAR_DETAILS) AND horsepower>(SELECT
AVG(horsepower) FROM CAR_DETAILS) AND

```

```

5 accel>(SELECT AVG(accel) FROM CAR_DETAILS) AND weight<(SELECT
AVG(weight) FROM CAR_DETAILS);

```

MODEL	MPG	HORSEPOWER	ACCEL	WEIGHT	DESCR
buick					buick century limited
25	110	16.4	2945		

SQL>

SQL> REM

```

*****
*****

```

SQL>

SQL> REM 7. List the year, car maker that manufactured maximum number of
cars.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT C3.year, C1 maker, COUNT(*) AS CARS

```

2 FROM CAR_MAKERS C1, MODEL_DETAILS M, CAR_NAMES C2, CAR_DETAILS C3

```

```

3 WHERE C1.Id = M maker

```

```

4 AND M.model = C2.model

```

```

5 AND C2.Id = C3.Id

```

```

6 GROUP BY C3.year, C1 maker

```

```

7 HAVING COUNT(*) = (

```

```

8 SELECT MAX(COUNT(*))

```

```

9 FROM CAR_MAKERS C1, MODEL_DETAILS M, CAR_NAMES C2, CAR_DETAILS C3

```

```

10 WHERE C1.Id = M maker

```

```

11 AND M.model = C2.model

```

```

12 AND C2.Id = C3.Id

```

```

13 GROUP BY C3.year, C1 maker

```

```

14 )
15 ORDER BY C3.year;

```

YEAR	MAKER	CARS
1973	gm	11

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 8. Display the maker name, model name, car name, mileage and year of the car with the maximum mileage for each model having more than one car.

SQL> REM Sort the result by the car maker.

SQL>

```

SQL> SELECT cm.fullName,mdo.model,cn.descr "CAR NAME" ,cd.mpg,cd.year
2 FROM CAR_MAKERS cm , MODEL_DETAILS mdo, CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd
3 WHERE cm.Id=mdo.maker AND mdo.model=cn.model AND cd.Id=cn.Id
4 AND cd.mpg=(SELECT MAX(cd.mpg)
5 FROM MODEL_DETAILS md, CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd
6 WHERE md.model=cn.model AND cd.Id=cn.Id AND md.model=mdo.model
7 GROUP BY md.model
8 HAVING COUNT(*)>1)
9 ORDER BY cm.fullName;

```

FULLNAME	MODEL	MPG	YEAR
American Motor Company	amc		
amc spirit dl		27.4	1979
BMW	bmw		
bmw 2002		26	1970
Chrysler	chrysler		
chrysler lebaron medallion		26	1982
Chrysler	dodge		
dodge charger 2.2		36	1982
Chrysler	plymouth		
plymouth champ		39	1981
Daimler Benz	mercedes-benz		
mercedes-benz 240d		30	1980
Fiat	fiat		
fiat strada custom		37.3	1979
Ford Motor Company	ford		
ford fiesta		36.1	1978
Ford Motor Company	mercury		
mercury lynx l		36	1982
General Motors	pontiac		
pontiac phoenix		33.5	1979
General Motors	cadillac		
cadillac eldorado		23	1979
General Motors	chevrolet		
chevrolet cavalier 2-door		34	1982
General Motors	oldsmobile		
oldsmobile cutlass ciera (diesel)		38	1982
General Motors	buick		
buick opel isuzu deluxe		30	1977

Honda	honda		
honda civic 1500 gl		44.6	1980
Mazda	mazda		
mazda glc		46.6	1980
Nissan Motors	datsum		
datsum 210		40.8	1980
Opel	opel		
opel 1900		28	1971
Peugeot	peugeot		
peugeot 304		30	1971
Renault	renault		
renault lecar deluxe		40.9	1980
Saab	saab		
saab 99le		25	1975
Saab	saab		
saab 99e		25	1970
Subaru	subaru		
subaru dl		33.8	1980
Toyota	toyota		
toyota starlet		39.1	1981
Volkswagen	volkswagen		
vw rabbit c (diesel)		44.3	1980
Volkswagen	audi		
audi 5000s (diesel)		36.4	1980
Volvo	volvo		
volvo diesel		30.7	1981

27 rows selected.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 9. Rewrite the query 1.
SQL>
SQL> REM USING SET OPERATIONS
SQL>
SQL> SELECT MODEL FROM MODEL_DETAILS WHERE MAKER IN (SELECT maker
2 FROM MODEL_DETAILS
3 INTERSECT
4 SELECT id
5 FROM CAR_MAKERS) AND model NOT IN(Select Model FROM CAR_NAMES);

```

MODEL

```

-----
kia
hyundai
jeep
scion

```

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> SELECT MODEL
2 FROM MODEL_DETAILS md , CAR_MAKERS cm
3 WHERE md.maker = cm.Id
4 AND (md.model NOT IN(SELECT model FROM CAR_NAMES));

```

MODEL

```

-----

```


kia
hyundai
jeep
scion

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM 10. List the car names (description) and its details that was
manufactured on 1976 and 1982.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT

```
md.model,descr,cd.Id,mpg,cylinders,edispl,horsepower,weight,accel,year
  2 FROM CAR_NAMES cn, CAR_DETAILS cd, MODEL_DETAILS md
  3 WHERE cn.model=md.model and cd.id=cn.id and descr in((
  4 SELECT cn.descr
  5 FROM CAR_NAMES cn, CAR_DETAILS cd, MODEL_DETAILS md
  6 WHERE cn.model=md.model and cd.Id=cn.Id
  7 GROUP BY cn.descr,year
  8 HAVING YEAR=1976)
  9 INTERSECT
 10 (SELECT cn.descr
 11 FROM CAR_NAMES cn, CAR_DETAILS cd, MODEL_DETAILS md
 12 WHERE cn.model=md.model and cd.Id=cn.Id
 13 GROUP BY cn.descr,year
 14 HAVING YEAR=1982))
 15 AND year in(1976,1982);
```

MODEL				DESCR		
ID	MPG	CYLINDERS	EDISPL	HORSEPOWER	WEIGHT	ACCEL
YEAR						
-----				-----		
-----				-----		
-----				-----		
honda				honda civic		
392	38	4	91	67	1965	15
1982						
honda				honda civic		
206	33	4	91	53	1795	17.4
1976						
toyota				toyota corolla		
391	34	4	108	70	2245	16.9
1982						
toyota				toyota corolla		
213	28	4	97	75	2155	16.4
1976						

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

[illegible]

```

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex4.sql
SQL> set echo on
SQL> set linesize 300
SQL> set pagesize 100
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 1. Create a view named Datsun_Cars, which display the car id,
model and
SQL> REM descriptions of Datsun model.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM Creating View and displaying
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW Datsun_Cars(carid,model,description)
  2 AS SELECT Id,model,descr
  3 FROM CAR_NAMES
  4 WHERE model='datsun';

```

View created.

```

SQL>
SQL> DESC Datsun_Cars;
Name
Null?    Type

```

```

-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
CARID
NOT NULL NUMBER
MODEL
VARCHAR2(40)
DESCRIPTION
VARCHAR2(50)

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Displaying the rows in the view
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Datsun_Cars;

```

CARID	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
25	datsun	datsun pl510
36	datsun	datsun pl510
62	datsun	datsun 1200
89	datsun	datsun 510 (sw)
118	datsun	datsun 610
137	datsun	datsun b210
153	datsun	datsun 710
181	datsun	datsun 710
212	datsun	datsun b-210
228	datsun	datsun f-10 hatchback
249	datsun	datsun 810

255	datsum	datsum	b210	gx
276	datsum	datsum	510	
281	datsum	datsum	200-sx	
311	datsum	datsum	210	
320	datsum	datsum	310	
328	datsum	datsum	510	hatchback
332	datsum	datsum	210	
341	datsum	datsum	280-zx	
355	datsum	datsum	210	mpg
365	datsum	datsum	200sx	
371	datsum	datsum	810	maxima
394	datsum	datsum	310	gx

23 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS WHERE TABLE_NAME='DATSUN_CARS';

OWNER

TABLE_NAME

```
-----
-----
-----
-----
```

COLUMN_NAME

UPD INS DEL

```
-----
-----
```

SYSTEM

DATSUN_CARS

CARID

YES YES YES

SYSTEM

DATSUN_CARS

MODEL

YES YES YES

SYSTEM

DATSUN_CARS

DESCRIPTION

YES YES YES

SQL>

SQL> REM -----

-

>

SQL> SAVEPOINT S1;

Savepoint created.

SQL>

SQL> REM Inserting into view

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO Datsun_Cars VALUES (500,'datsum','Wxyz');

1 row created.

SQL>

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM CAR_NAMES WHERE Id=500 AND model='datsum' AND
descr='Wxyz';
```

ID	MODEL	DESCR
500	datsum	Wxyz

```
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Updating values in the table
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE Datsun_Cars SET description='datsum xyz' WHERE carid=25;
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM CAR_NAMES WHERE Id=25;
```

ID	MODEL	DESCR
25	datsum	datsum xyz

```
SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Deleting value from table
SQL>
SQL> DELETE FROM Datsun_Cars WHERE carid=500;
```

1 row deleted.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM CAR_NAMES WHERE Id=500;
```

no rows selected

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DELETION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM CONCLUSION: INSERTION,UPDATION,DELETION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT S1;
```

Rollback complete.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Create a view called Car_List that shows the car id, model,
description
```

```

SQL> REM and operational parameters of all cars produced during 1974.
Make sure
SQL> REM that, the year should not be reassigned to any other value
through view.
SQL>
SQL> REM Creating View and displaying
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW
Car_List(carid,model,description,mpg,cylinders,edispl,horsepower,weight,a
ccel,year)
  2 AS SELECT * FROM CAR_NAMES cn JOIN CAR_DETAILS cd
  3 USING(Id)
  4 WHERE cd.year=1974
  5 WITH CHECK OPTION;

```

View created.

```

SQL>
SQL> DESC Car_List;

```

```

Name
Null?      Type
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
CARID
NOT NULL NUMBER
MODEL
VARCHAR2(40)
DESCRIPTION
VARCHAR2(50)
MPG
NUMBER
CYLINDERS
NUMBER
EDISPL
NUMBER
HORSEPOWER
NUMBER
WEIGHT
NUMBER
ACCEL
NUMBER(3,1)
YEAR
NUMBER

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Displaying the rows in the view
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Car_List;

```

```

      CARID MODEL
MPG  CYLINDERS  EDISPL HORSEPOWER  WEIGHT  DESCRIPTION
      ACCEL      YEAR
-----
-----
-----
-----

```

20	133 plymouth	198	95	3102	plymouth duster	16.5	1974
21	134 ford	200		2875	ford maverick	17	1974
19	135 amc	232	100	2901	amc hornet	16	1974
15	136 chevrolet	250	100	3336	chevrolet nova	17	1974
31	137 datsun	79	67	1950	datsum b210	19	1974
26	138 ford	122	80	2451	ford pinto	16.5	1974
32	139 toyota	71	65	1836	toyota corolla 1200	21	1974
25	140 chevrolet	140	75	2542	chevrolet vega	17	1974
malibu	141 chevrolet classic			16	chevrolet chevelle	6	250
100	3781	17	1974				
16	142 amc	258	110	3632	amc matador	18	1974
sebring	143 plymouth			18	plymouth satellite	6	225
105	3613	16.5	1974				
16	144 ford	302	140	4141	ford gran torino	14	1974
(sw)	145 buick			13	buick century luxus	8	350
150	4699	14.5	1974				
(sw)	146 dodge			14	dodge coronet custom	8	318 150
4457	13.5	1974					
14	147 ford	302	140	4638	ford gran torino (sw)	16	1974
14	148 amc	304	150	4257	amc matador (sw)	15.5	1974
29	149 audi	98	83	2219	audi fox	16.5	1974
26	150 volkswagen	79	67	1963	volkswagen dasher	15.5	1974
26	151 opel	97	78	2300	opel manta	14.5	1974
31	152 toyota	76	52	1649	toyota corona	16.5	1974
32	153 datsun	83	61	2003	datsum 710	19	1974
28	154 dodge	90	75	2125	dodge colt	14.5	1974
24	155 fiat	90	75	2108	fiat 128	15.5	1974
26	156 fiat	116	75	2246	fiat 124 tc	14	1974
24	157 honda	120	97	2489	honda civic	15	1974
26	158 subaru	108	93	2391	subaru	15.5	1974
31	159 fiat	79	67	2000	fiat x1.9	16	1974

27 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS WHERE TABLE_NAME='CAR_LIST';
```

```
OWNER
TABLE_NAME
-----
-----
-----
-----
```

```
COLUMN_NAME
UPD  INS  DEL
-----
-----
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
CARID
NO    NO    NO
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
MODEL
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
DESCRIPTION
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
MPG
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
CYLINDERS
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
EDISPL
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
HORSEPOWER
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
WEIGHT
YES YES YES
```

```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
ACCEL
YES YES YES
```



```
SYSTEM
CAR_LIST
YEAR
YES YES YES
```

10 rows selected.

```
SQL>
SQL> SAVEPOINT S2;
```

Savepoint created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Inserting into view
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Car_List
VALUES(500,'datsun','p1510',25,3,97,65,2100,1974,14);
INSERT INTO Car_List VALUES(500,'datsun','p1510',25,3,97,65,2100,1974,14)
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01733: virtual column not allowed here
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Updating values in the table
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE Car_List SET description='xyzabc' WHERE carid=133;

1 row updated.
```

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Car_List WHERE carid=133;
```

MPG	CARID	MODEL	CYLINDERS	EDISPL	HORSEPOWER	WEIGHT	DESCRIPTION	ACCEL	YEAR
20	133	plymouth	6	198	95	3102	xyzabc	16.5	1974

```
SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATING YEAR WITH CHECK OPTION
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE Car_List SET YEAR=2001 WHERE carid=140;
UPDATE Car_List SET YEAR=2001 WHERE carid=140
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01402: view WITH CHECK OPTION where-clause violation
```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATION ON YEAR IS NOT POSSIBLE DUE TO CHECK OPTION VIOLATION
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Deleting value from table
SQL>
SQL> DELETE FROM Car_List WHERE carid=159;
DELETE FROM Car_List WHERE carid=159
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02292: integrity constraint (SYSTEM.CD_FK) violated - child record
found

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT S2;

```

Rollback complete.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM CONCLUSION: INSERTION AND DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE BUT UPDATION
IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 3. Create a view named European_Makers that will display the
maker
SQL> REM name, full name and the country name of car makers from Europe.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM Creating View and displaying
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW European_Makers(maker,fullname,country) AS
  2  SELECT cm.maker,cm.fullname,co.countryname
  3  FROM CONTINENTS cn,COUNTRIES co,CAR_MAKERS cm
  4  WHERE cn.Contid=co.continent AND co.Countryid=cm.country
  5  AND cn.continent='europe';

```

View created.

```

SQL>
SQL> DESC European_Makers;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
MAKER
VARCHAR2(15)
FULLNAME
VARCHAR2(30)

```

COUNTRY
VARCHAR2(20)

SQL>

SQL> REM -----

-

>

SQL> REM Displaying the rows in the view

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM European_Makers;

MAKER	FULLNAME	COUNTRY
volkswagen	Volkswagen	germany
bmw	BMW	germany
daimler benz	Daimler Benz	germany
opel	Opel	germany
citroen	Citroen	france
peugeot	Peugeot	france
renault	Renault	france
fiat	Fiat	italy
saab	Saab	sweden
volvo	Volvo	sweden
triumph	Triumph	uk

11 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS WHERE
TABLE_NAME='EUROPEAN_MAKERS';

OWNER

TABLE_NAME

COLUMN_NAME

UPD INS DEL

SYSTEM

EUROPEAN_MAKERS

MAKER

YES YES YES

SYSTEM

EUROPEAN_MAKERS

FULLNAME

YES YES YES

SYSTEM

EUROPEAN_MAKERS

COUNTRY

NO NO NO

SQL>

SQL> SAVEPOINT S3;

Savepoint created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Inserting into view
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO European_Makers VALUES ('kia','kia motors',10);
INSERT INTO European_Makers VALUES ('kia','kia motors',10)
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01776: cannot modify more than one base table through a join view
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Updating values in the table
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE European_Makers SET maker='ford' WHERE country='germany';

4 rows updated.
```

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM European_Makers WHERE country='germany';
```

MAKER	FULLNAME	COUNTRY
ford	Volkswagen	germany
ford	BMW	germany
ford	Daimler Benz	germany
ford	Opel	germany

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATION IS POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Deleting value from table
SQL>
SQL> DELETE FROM European_Makers WHERE maker='fiat';
DELETE FROM European_Makers WHERE maker='fiat'
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02292: integrity constraint (SYSTEM.MD_FK) violated - child record found
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT S3;
```

Rollback complete.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM CONCLUSION: INSERTION,DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE BUT UPDATION IS
POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 4. Create a view named Cars_Count which displays total number of
cars manufactured by each country.
SQL>
SQL> REM Creating View and displaying
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW Cars_Count(car_count,countryname) AS
  2 SELECT COUNT(*),countryname
  3 FROM COUNTRIES co,CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_MAKERS cm,MODEL_DETAILS md
  4 WHERE co.Countryid=cm.country AND cm.Id=md.maker AND
md.model=cn.model
  5 GROUP BY countryname;

```

View created.

```

SQL>
SQL> DESC Cars_Count;

```

```

Name
Null?      Type
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
CAR_COUNT
NUMBER
COUNTRYNAME
VARCHAR2(20)

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>

```

```

SQL> REM Displaying the rows in the view

```

```

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Cars_Count;

```

```

CAR_COUNT COUNTRYNAME
-----
39 germany
253 usa
1 uk
79 japan
11 sweden
14 france
8 italy

```

7 rows selected.

```

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS WHERE TABLE_NAME='CARS_COUNT';

```

OWNER
TABLE_NAME

COLUMN_NAME
UPD INS DEL

SYSTEM
CARS_COUNT
CAR_COUNT
NO NO NO

SYSTEM
CARS_COUNT
COUNTRYNAME
NO NO NO

SQL>
SQL> SAVEPOINT S4;

Savepoint created.

SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Inserting into view
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Cars_Count VALUES (4,'India');
INSERT INTO Cars_Count VALUES (4,'India')
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01733: virtual column not allowed here

SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>
SQL> REM Updating values in the table
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE Cars_Count SET car_count=10 WHERE countryname='usa';
UPDATE Cars_Count SET car_count=10 WHERE countryname='usa'
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01732: data manipulation operation not legal on this view

SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM -----
-
>

```
SQL> REM Deleting value from table
SQL>
SQL> DELETE FROM Cars_Count WHERE countryname='germany';
DELETE FROM Cars_Count WHERE countryname='germany'
      *
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01732: data manipulation operation not legal on this view
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> REM CONCLUSION: INSERTION,UPDATION,DELETION IS NOT POSSIBLE
SQL>
SQL> ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT S4;
```

Rollback complete.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
SQL> spool off;
```

```

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex5a.sql
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> set echo on;
SQL> set linesize 100;
SQL> set pagesize 30;
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM 1. Check whether the given model is manufactured by any maker.
If
SQL> REM available, display the maker full name and country else display:
SQL> REM "The given model is not manufactured / Invalid Model"
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2      inp_model MODEL_DETAILS.model%TYPE;
3      maker CAR_MAKERS.fullname%TYPE;
4      model MODEL_DETAILS.model%TYPE;
5      country COUNTRIES.countryname%TYPE;
6  BEGIN
7      inp_model := '&inp_model';
8      SELECT cm.fullname,md.model,co.countryname
9      INTO maker,model,country
10     FROM CAR_MAKERS cm,MODEL_DETAILS md,COUNTRIES co
11     WHERE cm.Id=md.maker AND co.countryid=cm.country AND
inp_model=md.model AND md.model IN(SELECT model FROM CAR_NAMES);
12     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
13     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MODEL '||model||' IS MANUFACTURED');
14     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Maker Name: '||maker);
15     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Country: '||country);
16     EXCEPTION
17         WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
18             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
19             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The given model is not
manufactured / Invalid Model');
20     END;
21
22 /
Enter value for inp_model: mercedes
old 7:  inp_model := '&inp_model';
new 7:  inp_model := 'mercedes';
-----
MODEL mercedes IS MANUFACTURED
Maker Name: Daimler Benz
Country: germany

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> /
Enter value for inp_model: kia
old 7:  inp_model := '&inp_model';

```



```
new 7: inp_model := 'kia';
```

```
-----  
The given model is not manufactured / Invalid Model
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex5b.sql
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM 2. An user is desired to buy a car with the specific mileage.
```

```
Ask the user for
```

```
SQL> REM a mileage, and find the car that is equal or closest to the  
desired mileage.
```

```
SQL> REM Print the car number, model, description and mileage. Also print  
the
```

```
SQL> REM number of car(s) that is equal or closest to the given mileage.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> DECLARE
```

```
2 mileage CAR_DETAILS.mpg%TYPE;
```

```
3 minm NUMBER:= 10000000;
```

```
4 cnt NUMBER := 0;
```

```
5 CURSOR cursor_1 IS SELECT cd.mpg,cd.Id,cn.model,cn.descr FROM  
CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd WHERE cn.Id=cd.Id;
```

```
6 rowcur cursor_1%ROWTYPE;
```

```
7 BEGIN
```

```
8 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD('CARID',10,' ')||RPAD('MODEL',20,'  
' )||RPAD('CAR_NAME',30,' ')||RPAD('MILEAGE',10));
```

```
9 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----  
-----');;
```

```
10 mileage := &mileage;
```

```
11 FOR rowcur IN cursor_1
```

```
12 LOOP
```

```
13 IF(abs(rowcur.mpg-mileage)<minm) THEN
```

```
14 minm := abs(rowcur.mpg-mileage);
```

```
15 END IF;
```

```
16 END LOOP;
```

```
17 FOR rowcur IN cursor_1
```

```
18 LOOP
```

```
19 IF(abs(rowcur.mpg-mileage)=minm) THEN
```

```
20 cnt := cnt+1;
```

```
21 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD(rowcur.Id,10,'  
' )||RPAD(rowcur.model,20,' ')||RPAD(rowcur.descr,30,'  
' )||LPAD(rowcur.mpg,4));
```

```
22 END IF;
```

```
23 END LOOP;
```

```
24 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----  
-----');;
```

```
25 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(cnt||' car(s) found EQUAL/CLOSEST to  
given mileage');
```

```
26 END;
```

```
27
```

```
28 /
```

```
Enter value for mileage: 45
```

```
old 10: mileage := &mileage;
```

```
new 10: mileage := 45;
```

```
CARID      MODEL      CAR_NAME      MILEAGE
```

```
-----
-----
337      honda          honda civic 1500 gl          44.6
-----
-----
```

1 car(s) found EQUAL/CLOSEST to given mileage

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> /

Enter value for mileage: 18

old 10: mileage := &mileage;

new 10: mileage := 18;

CARID	MODEL	CAR_NAME	MILEAGE
-------	-------	----------	---------

1	chevrolet	chevrolet chevelle malibu	18
3	plymouth	plymouth satellite	18
23	amc	amc hornet	18
45	amc	amc matador	18
53	amc	amc hornet sportabout (sw)	18
56	ford	ford mustang	18
84	volvo	volvo 145e (sw)	18
105	plymouth	plymouth valiant	18
107	amc	amc hornet	18
108	ford	ford maverick	18
115	amc	amc gremlin	18
119	mazda	mazda rx3	18
143	plymouth	plymouth satellite sebring	18
161	chevrolet	chevrolet nova	18
171	plymouth	plymouth fury	18
182	ford	ford pinto	18
208	ford	ford granada ghia	18

17 car(s) found EQUAL/CLOSEST to given mileage

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex5c.sql

SQL> REM 3. For a given country name, display the number of cars manufactured in

SQL> REM each model by the car makers as shown below. Check for the availability

SQL> REM of country name.

SQL>

SQL> DECLARE

2 country COUNTRIES.countryName%TYPE;

3 country_check varchar(40);

4 f1 NUMBER := 0;

5 f2 NUMBER := 0;

6 tot NUMBER := 0;

7 CURSOR cursor1 IS

8 SELECT co.countryname,cm.fullname,cm.maker,COUNT(cn.model) AS

cnt

```

9          FROM CAR_MAKERS cm,COUNTRIES co,MODEL_DETAILS md,CAR_NAMES cn
10         WHERE cn.model=md.model and md.maker=cm.id and
cm.country=co.countryid
11         GROUP BY co.countryname,cm.fullname,cm.maker;
12         cnt_cursor cursor1%ROWTYPE;
13 BEGIN
14         country := '&country';
15         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
16         FOR country_check IN(SELECT countryname FROM COUNTRIES)
17         LOOP
18             IF country_check.countryname=country THEN
19                 f1 := 1;
20             END IF;
21         END LOOP;
22         IF f1 =0 THEN
23             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('COUNTRY NOT IN DATABASE');
24             goto labelend1;
25         END IF;
26         FOR cnt_cursor IN cursor1
27         LOOP
28             IF cnt_cursor.countryname=country THEN
29                 f2 := 1;
30             END IF;
31         END LOOP;
32         IF f2 = 0 THEN
33             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The country '||country||' does not
produce any car');
34             tot := 0;
35             goto labelend2;
36         ELSE
37             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Country Name:'||'
'||country);
38             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD('Maker Name',20,'
')||RPAD('Model',20,' ')||RPAD('No_of_Cars',30,' '));
39             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
40             FOR cnt_cursor IN cursor1
41             LOOP
42                 IF cnt_cursor.countryname=country THEN
43                     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD(cnt_cursor.fullname,20,'
')||RPAD(cnt_cursor.maker,20,' ')||RPAD(cnt_cursor.cnt,30,' '));
44                     tot := tot+cnt_cursor.cnt;
45                 END IF;
46             END LOOP;
47         END IF;
48         <<labelend2>>
49             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
50             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD('TOTAL',40,' ')||tot);
51         <<labelend1>>
52             NULL;
53 END;
54
55 /
Enter value for country: korea
old 14:  country := '&country';
new 14:  country := 'korea';
-----

```

The country korea does not produce any car

TOTAL 0

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> /

Enter value for country: Isreal

old 14: country := '&country';

new 14: country := 'Isreal';

COUNTRY NOT IN DATABASE

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> /

Enter value for country: france

old 14: country := '&country';

new 14: country := 'france';

Country Name: france
Maker Name Model No_of_Cars

Peugeot peugeot 8
Citroen citroen 1
Renault renault 5

TOTAL 14

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> spool off;

```

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex6a.sql
SQL> set echo on;
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL>
SQL> REM:1. Engine capacity or engine displacement is the engine power
which is
SQL> REM measured in cubic inches or cc (cubic centimeter) or liters.
Small cars are
SQL> REM measured using cc (up to 2000 cc). Liters are used for large
cars.
SQL> REM 1 cubic inch = 16.3871 cc
SQL> REM 1 cubic inch = 0.0164 liters
SQL> REM Using the above metric, display the engine capacity in cc or
liters and
SQL> REM categorize into small or large car respectively for the given
car id.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE engine_displacement (carid IN NUMBER)
2  IS
3      edispl CAR_DETAILS.edispl%TYPE;
4  BEGIN
5      SELECT edispl INTO edispl FROM CAR_DETAILS WHERE Id=carid;
6      IF edispl*16.3871 < 2000 THEN
7          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR WITH ID '||carid||' IS A SMALL
CAR WITH ENGINE CAPACITY = '||edispl*16.3871||' CC');
8      ELSE
9          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR WITH ID '||carid||' IS A LARGE
CAR WITH ENGINE CAPACITY = '||edispl*0.0164||' LITRES');
10     END IF;
11 END;
12 /

```

Procedure created.

```

SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2     carid NUMBER;
3  BEGIN
4     carid := &carid;
5     engine_displacement(carid);
6  END;
7  /
Enter value for carid: 323
old 4:   carid := &carid;
new 4:   carid := 323;
CAR WITH ID 323 IS A LARGE CAR WITH ENGINE CAPACITY = 2.4764 LITRES

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

SQL> /
Enter value for carid: 156
old 4:   carid := &carid;
new 4:   carid := 156;
CAR WITH ID 156 IS A SMALL CAR WITH ENGINE CAPACITY = 1900.9036 CC

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL>
```

```

SQL>
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex6b.sql
SQL> REM 2. Taking a road trip can be the ideal way to see the
countryside. You have planned for a trip to a holiday spot on weekend.
Select the best car
SQL> REM among the given model to reach the spot. The best car is
determined by the lowest fuel consumption cost to the trip. Input the
distance (miles) to
SQL> REM reach the spot and fuel cost ($ / gallons of gas). Fuel
consumption cost = (miles / mpg) x fuel cost.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE holiday(cost IN NUMBER,dist IN
NUMBER,inpmodel IN varchar2,destn IN varchar2)
2   IS
3       CURSOR modelcur IS SELECT cd.Id,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cn.model
4       FROM CAR_DETAILS cd,CAR_NAMES cn
5       WHERE cd.Id=cn.Id AND cn.model=inpmodel;
6       cur_var modelcur%ROWTYPE;
7       minm modelcur%ROWTYPE;
8       minfuel NUMBER:= 10000;
9       fuelcons NUMBER;
10
11 BEGIN
12
13 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
14 *****');
15
16 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MODEL: '||RPAD(inpmodel,30,'
17 ')||'DESTINATION: '||RPAD(destn,30,' '));
18
19 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('DISTANCE(in miles): '||RPAD(dist,17,'
20 ')||'PRICE ($/GALLEONS): '||RPAD(cost,30,' '));
21
22 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
23 *****');
24
25 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD('Car ID',8,'
26 ')||RPAD('Description',30,' ')||RPAD('MPG',10,' ')||RPAD('Fuel Cost',20,'
27 '));
28
29 FOR cur_var IN modelcur
30 LOOP
31     fuelcons := ROUND((dist/cur_var.mpg)*cost,2);
32     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD(cur_var.id,8,'
33 ')||RPAD(cur_var.descr,30,' ')||RPAD(cur_var.mpg,10,'
34 ')||RPAD(fuelcons,20,' '));
35
36     IF fuelcons < minfuel THEN
37         minfuel := fuelcons;
38         minm := cur_var;
39     END IF;
40 END LOOP;
41
42 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
43 *****');
44
45 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR ID: '||minm.Id||', Name:
46 '||minm.descr||' is the best car for the trip!');
47
48 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
49 -----');
50
51 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Enjoy your trip with the lowest fuel
52 consumption cost...');
53
54 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
55 *****');
56
57 END;

```

32 /

Procedure created.

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
  2      cost NUMBER;
  3      dist NUMBER;
  4      inpmodel VARCHAR2(20);
  5      destn VARCHAR2(40);
  6  BEGIN
  7      cost := &cost;
  8      dist := &dist;
  9      inpmodel := '&inpmodel';
 10      destn := '&destn';
 11      holiday(cost,dist,inpmodel,destn);
 12  END;
 13  /
Enter value for cost: 2.3
old  7:  cost := &cost;
new  7:  cost := 2.3;
Enter value for dist: 100
old  8:  dist := &dist;
new  8:  dist := 100;
Enter value for inpmodel: opel
old  9:  inpmodel := '&inpmodel';
new  9:  inpmodel := 'opel';
Enter value for destn: San Bay
old 10:  destn := '&destn';
new 10:  destn := 'San Bay';
*****
MODEL: opel                                DESTINATION: San Bay
DISTANCE(in miles): 100                    PRICE ($/GALLEONS): 2.3
*****
Car ID  Description                        MPG      Fuel Cost
58      opel 1900                          28        8.21
126     opel manta                         24        9.58
151     opel manta                         26        8.85
191     opel 1900                          25        9.2
*****
CAR ID: 58, Name: opel 1900 is the best car for the trip!
-----
Enjoy your trip with the lowest fuel consumption cost...
*****
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex6c.sql
SQL> REM 3. The power-to-weight ratio formula for an engine is the power
(hp)
SQL> REM generated by the engine divided by the weight (lbs). This is
commonly
SQL> REM applied to engines and is used as a measurement of performance
of a
```

```

SQL> REM vehicle as whole. Display the car name that has highest, lowest
power-to-weight
SQL> REM ratio.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE pow_to_weight
2  IS
3      CURSOR hp_car IS SELECT cd.horsepower,cd.weight,cn.descr
4      FROM CAR_DETAILS cd,CAR_NAMES cn
5      WHERE cd.Id=cn.Id;
6      hp_cur hp_car%ROWTYPE;
7      hp_max hp_car%ROWTYPE;
8      hp_min hp_car%ROWTYPE;
9      minm NUMBER:= 10000;
10     maxm NUMBER:= -10000;
11     ratio NUMBER;
12 BEGIN
13     FOR hp_cur IN hp_car
14     LOOP
15         ratio := hp_cur.horsepower/hp_cur.weight;
16         IF ratio < minm THEN
17             minm := ratio;
18             hp_min := hp_cur;
19         END IF;
20         IF ratio > maxm THEN
21             maxm := ratio;
22             hp_max := hp_cur;
23         END IF;
24     END LOOP;
25     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('HIGHEST POWER TO WEIGHT RATIO =
'||ROUND(hp_max.horsepower/hp_max.weight,2)||' AND CAR NAME IS :
'||hp_max.descr);
26     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('LOWEST POWER TO WEIGHT RATIO =
'||ROUND(hp_min.horsepower/hp_min.weight,2)||' AND CAR NAME IS :
'||hp_min.descr);
27 END;
28 /

```

Procedure created.

```

SQL>
SQL> BEGIN
2     pow_to_weight;
3 END;
4 /
HIGHEST POWER TO WEIGHT RATIO = .07 AND CAR NAME IS : buick estate wagon
(sw)
LOWEST POWER TO WEIGHT RATIO = .02 AND CAR NAME IS : vw dasher (diesel)

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

SQL>
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex6d.sql
SQL> REM 4. Develop a stored function which returns the car that exactly
or nearly
SQL> REM matches the given mpg and acceleration of the car. If no car
matches,
SQL> REM then return the car that matches either mpg or acceleration.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION matchCar(mpg IN NUMBER,acc IN NUMBER,flag
OUT NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER

```



```

2  IS
3      carid NUMBER;
4      CURSOR C1 IS SELECT Id,mpg,accel FROM CAR_DETAILS;
5      cur_var C1%ROWTYPE;
6      diffmil NUMBER:= 1000;
7      diffacc NUMBER:= 1000;
8  BEGIN
9      FOR cur_var IN C1
10     LOOP
11         IF (abs(mpg-cur_var.mpg)<diffmil) THEN
12             diffmil := abs(mpg-cur_var.mpg);
13         END IF;
14     END LOOP;
15     FOR cur_var IN C1
16     LOOP
17         IF (abs(accel-cur_var.accel)<diffacc) THEN
18             diffacc := abs(accel-cur_var.accel);
19         END IF;
20     END LOOP;
21     FOR cur_var in C1
22     LOOP
23         IF (cur_var.mpg=mpg AND cur_var.accel=accel) THEN
24             carid := cur_var.Id;
25             flag := 1;
26             goto endl;
27         END IF;
28     END LOOP;
29     FOR cur_var in C1
30     LOOP
31         IF (cur_var.mpg=mpg OR cur_var.accel=accel) THEN
32             carid := cur_var.Id;
33             flag := 2;
34             goto endl;
35         END IF;
36     END LOOP;
37     FOR cur_var in C1
38     LOOP
39         IF (abs(accel-cur_var.accel)=diffacc OR abs(mpg-
cur_var.mpg)<diffmil) THEN
40             carid := cur_var.Id;
41             flag := 3;
42             goto endl;
43         END IF;
44     END LOOP;
45     flag := 0;
46     return carid;
47     <<endl>>
48     return carid;
49 END;
50 /

```

Function created.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> DECLARE

```

2      flag NUMBER;
3      mpg NUMBER;
4      accel NUMBER;
5      impg NUMBER;

```

```

6         iacc NUMBER;
7         carid NUMBER;
8         model VARCHAR2(10);
9         descr VARCHAR2(40);
10    BEGIN
11        impg := &impg;
12        iacc := &iacc;
13        carid := matchCar(impg,iacc,flag);
14        IF flag=1 THEN
15            SELECT cn.model,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cd.accel INTO
model,descr,mpg,acc FROM CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd WHERE cn.Id=carid
AND cd.Id=carid;
16            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MATCH FOR BOTH ACCELERATION AND MPG
FOUND : '||carid);
17            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR ID : '||carid);
18            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR MODEL : '||model);
19            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR NAME : '||descr);
20            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MILEAGE : '||mpg);
21            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ACCELERATION : '||acc);
22        END IF;
23        IF flag=2 THEN
24            SELECT cn.model,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cd.accel INTO
model,descr,mpg,acc FROM CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd WHERE cn.Id=carid
AND cd.Id=carid;
25            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MATCH FOR EITHER ACCELERATION OR
MPG FOUND: '||carid);
26            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR ID : '||carid);
27            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR MODEL : '||model);
28            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR NAME : '||descr);
29            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MILEAGE : '||mpg);
30            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ACCELERATION : '||acc);
31        END IF;
32        IF flag=3 THEN
33            SELECT cn.model,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cd.accel INTO
model,descr,mpg,acc FROM CAR_NAMES cn,CAR_DETAILS cd WHERE cn.Id=carid
AND cd.Id=carid;
34            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CLOSEST MATCH FOR EITHER
ACCELERATION OR MPG FOUND: '||carid);
35            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR ID : '||carid);
36            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR MODEL : '||model);
37            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR NAME : '||descr);
38            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MILEAGE : '||mpg);
39            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ACCELERATION : '||acc);
40        END IF;
41        IF flag=0 THEN
42            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO MATCH FOR EITHER ACCELERATION OR
MPG FOUND');
43        END IF;
44    END;
45    /
Enter value for impg: 18
old 11:   impg := &impg;
new 11:   impg := 18;
Enter value for iacc: 12
old 12:   iacc := &iacc;
new 12:   iacc := 12;
MATCH FOR BOTH ACCELERATION AND MPG FOUND : 1
CAR ID : 1
CAR MODEL : chevrolet
CAR NAME : chevrolet chevelle malibu

```

MILEAGE : 18
ACCELERATION : 12

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> /
Enter value for impg: 19
old 11:  impg := &impg;
new 11:  impg := 19;
Enter value for iacc: 55
old 12:  iacc := &iacc;
new 12:  iacc := 55;
MATCH FOR EITHER ACCELERATION OR MPG FOUND: 41
CAR ID : 41
CAR MODEL : amc
CAR NAME : amc gremlin
MILEAGE : 19
ACCELERATION : 13
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> /
Enter value for impg: 18.8
old 11:  impg := &impg;
new 11:  impg := 18.8;
Enter value for iacc: 12.4
old 12:  iacc := &iacc;
new 12:  iacc := 12.4;
CLOSEST MATCH FOR EITHER ACCELERATION OR MPG FOUND: 30
CAR ID : 30
CAR MODEL : bmw
CAR NAME : bmw 2002
MILEAGE : 26
ACCELERATION : 12.5
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex6e.sql
SQL> REM 5. Consider the problem 2. Rewrite it into stored function that
returns the
SQL> REM car ID which consumes minimum fuel cost.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION min_fuelcost(cost IN NUMBER,dist IN
NUMBER,fuelcons OUT NUMBER,inpmodel IN varchar2) RETURN NUMBER
2  IS
3      CURSOR modelcur IS SELECT cd.Id,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cn.model
4      FROM CAR_DETAILS cd,CAR_NAMES cn
5      WHERE cd.Id=cn.Id AND cn.model=inpmodel;
6      cur_var modelcur%ROWTYPE;
7      minm modelcur%ROWTYPE;
8      minfuel NUMBER:= 10000;
9      fuel NUMBER;
10
11 BEGIN
12     FOR cur_var IN modelcur
13     LOOP
14         fuel := ROUND((dist/cur_var.mpg)*cost,2);
15         IF fuel < minfuel THEN
16             minfuel := fuel;
17             minm := cur_var;
```

```

18             fuelcons := fuel;
19         END IF;
20     END LOOP;
21     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(minm.Id);
22     return minm.Id;
23 END;
24 /

```

Function created.

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2     cost NUMBER;
3     dist NUMBER;
4     res_min NUMBER;
5     model VARCHAR2(20);
6     descr VARCHAR2(50);
7     destn VARCHAR2(30);
8     fuelcost NUMBER;
9     fuelcons NUMBER;
10    CURSOR modelcur IS SELECT cd.Id,cn.descr,cd.mpg,cn.model
11    FROM CAR_DETAILS cd,CAR_NAMES cn
12    WHERE cd.Id=cn.Id;
13 BEGIN
14     cost := &cost;
15     dist := &dist;
16     model := '&model';
17     destn := '&destn';
18     res_min := min_fuelcost(cost,dist,fuelcost,model);
19
20    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
*****');
21    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('MODEL: '||RPAD(model,30,'
')||'DESTINATION: '||RPAD(destn,30,' '));
22    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('DISTANCE(in miles): '||RPAD(dist,17,'
')||'PRICE ($/GALLEONS): '||RPAD(cost,30,' '));
23
24    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
*****');
25    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD('Car ID',8,'
')||RPAD('Description',30,' ')||RPAD('MPG',10,' ')||RPAD('Fuel Cost',20,'
'));
26
27    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
*****');
28    FOR cur_var IN modelcur
29    LOOP
30        IF cur_var.model = model THEN
31            fuelcons :=
32            ROUND((dist/cur_var.mpg)*cost,2);
33            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(RPAD(cur_var.id,8,'
')||RPAD(cur_var.descr,30,' ')||RPAD(cur_var.mpg,10,'
')||RPAD(fuelcons,20,' '));
34        END IF;
35    END LOOP;
36    SELECT model,descr INTO model,descr FROM CAR_NAMES WHERE
37    Id=res_min;

```

```

33
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('*****
*****');
34      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR ID WHICH CONSUMES MINIMUM FUEL
COST: '||res_min);
35      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR MODEL: '||model);
36      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CAR NAME: '||descr);
37      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FUEL COST: '||fuelcost);
38      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----
-----');
39  END;
40  /

```

```

Enter value for cost: 2.3
old 14:      cost := &cost;
new 14:      cost := 2.3;
Enter value for dist: 100
old 15:      dist := &dist;
new 15:      dist := 100;
Enter value for model: opel
old 16:      model := '&model';
new 16:      model := 'opel';
Enter value for destn: San Bay
old 17:      destn := '&destn';
new 17:      destn := 'San Bay';
58

```

```

*****
MODEL: opel                                DESTINATION: San Bay
DISTANCE(in miles): 100                    PRICE ($/GALLEONS): 2.3
*****
Car ID  Description                        MPG      Fuel Cost
*****
58      opel 1900                          28        8.21
126     opel manta                         24        9.58
151     opel manta                         26        8.85
191     opel 1900                          25        9.2
*****
CAR ID WHICH CONSUMES MINIMUM FUEL COST: 58
CAR MODEL: opel
CAR NAME: opel 1900
FUEL COST: 8.21
-----

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> spool off;

```

```

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex7.sql
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Database Mangement System Lab
SQL> REM Dept of Computer Science & Engineering
SQL> REM SSN College of Engineering
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Assignment 8 - PL/SQL TRIGGERS Date:31-Mar-2021
SQL> REM -----
-----
>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> set linesize 200;
SQL> set pagesize 100;
SQL> set echo on;
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL>
SQL> REM CUSTOMERS
SQL> REM -----
> REM CID, CNAME, AGE, ADDRESS, PHONE
SQL>
SQL> REM DROPPING TABLES
SQL>
SQL> DROP TABLE TRANSACTION;

Table dropped.

SQL> DROP TABLE ACCOUNT;

Table dropped.

SQL> DROP TABLE CUSTOMER;

Table dropped.

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM CREATING TABLE CUSTOMERS
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER(
2         cid number(3) CONSTRAINT pk_cid PRIMARY KEY,
3         cname varchar2(20),
4         age number(2),
5         address varchar2(50),
6         phone NUMBER(10)
7     )
8     /

Table created.

SQL>
SQL> desc CUSTOMER;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
-----
-----
CID
NOT NULL NUMBER(3)

```

```

CNAME
VARCHAR2(20)
AGE
NUMBER(2)
ADDRESS
VARCHAR2(50)
PHONE
NUMBER(10)

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTING VALUES INTO CUSTOMERS
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO CUSTOMER VALUES(100,'Adithya',25,'Anna nagar,
Chennai',9843748255);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO CUSTOMER VALUES(101,'Nikhil Arora',28,'Mogapair West,
Chennai',9345672438);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO CUSTOMER VALUES(102,'Aradhana',31,'East Tambaram,
Chennai',9523495687);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO CUSTOMER VALUES(103,'Raghav',34,'Nanganallur,
Chennai',9441245636);

```

1 row created.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING TABLE CUSTOMERS;
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM CUSTOMER;

```

PHONE	CID CNAME	AGE ADDRESS
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
9843748255	100 Adithya	25 Anna nagar, Chennai
9345672438	101 Nikhil Arora	28 Mogapair West, Chennai
9523495687	102 Aradhana	31 East Tambaram, Chennai
9441245636	103 Raghav	34 Nanganallur, Chennai

```

SQL>
SQL> REM CREATING TABLE ACCOUNTS
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE ACCOUNT (
2         ano varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT pk_ano PRIMARY KEY,
3         atype varchar2(1) CONSTRAINT ch_type CHECK(atype IN
('S','C')),
4         balance number(7),
5         cid CONSTRAINT fk_cid REFERENCES CUSTOMER(cid)
6 )

```

7 /

Table created.

SQL>

SQL> desc ACCOUNT;

Name

Null? Type

ANO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
ATYPE
VARCHAR2(1)
BALANCE
NUMBER(7)
CID
NUMBER(3)

SQL>

SQL> REM INSERTING VALUES INTO ACCOUNTS

SQL>

SQL> REM ACCOUNTS

SQL> REM -----

> REM ANO, ATYPE, BALANCE, CID

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES('S103','S',1500,100);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES('C121','C',5000,100);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES('S201','S',45000,101);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES('S223','S',7200,102);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES('C135','C',245000,103);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING TABLE ACCOUNTS

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
----	-	-----	-----
S103	S	1500	100
C121	C	5000	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	7200	102
C135	C	245000	103


```

SQL>
SQL> REM CREATING TABLE TRANSACTION
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTION(
  2      tid number CONSTRAINT pk_tid PRIMARY KEY,
  3      aNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT fk_ano REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ano),
  4      ttype varchar2(1) CONSTRAINT ch_ttype CHECK(ttype IN
('D','W')),
  5      tdate date,
  6      tamount number
  7  )
  8  /

```

Table created.

```

SQL>
SQL> desc TRANSACTION;
Name
Null?      Type

```

```

-----
-----
-----
TID
NOT NULL NUMBER
ANO
VARCHAR2(4)
TTYPE
VARCHAR2(1)
TDATE
DATE
TAMOUNT
NUMBER

```

```

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex7a.sql
SQL> REM 1. During Withdrawal, check whether the transaction amount is
less than the available
SQL> REM balance. Event : Insert/Update (tamount)
SQL> REM If ttype=Withdrawal and tamount>balance then
SQL> REM raise 'Available Balance is lesser than the Transaction amount'
SQL>
SQL> REM

```

```

*****
*****

```

```

SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER with_check
  2      BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON TRANSACTION
  3      FOR EACH ROW
  4      DECLARE
  5          bal NUMBER;
  6      BEGIN
  7          SELECT balance INTO bal FROM ACCOUNT acc WHERE
acc.ano=:new.ano;
  8          IF :new.tamount>bal AND :new.ttype='W' THEN
  9              RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20187,'Available Balance
is lesser than the Transaction amount');
  10          END IF;
  11      END with_check;
  12  /

```

Trigger created.

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM INSERTING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(1000,'S103','W','01-apr-2021',200);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(1001,'C121','W','02-apr-2021',1000);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	200
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM UPDATING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION

SQL>

SQL> UPDATE TRANSACTION

2 SET tamount=300 WHERE tid=1000;

1 row updated.

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000

SQL>

```

SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTING VALUES TO TRANSACTION TO CHECK TRIGGER
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(1002,'S223','W','03-apr-2021',8000);
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(1002,'S223','W','03-apr-2021',8000)
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20187: Available Balance is lesser than the Transaction amount
ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.WITH_CHECK", line 6
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.WITH_CHECK'

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM UPDATING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE TRANSACTION
2 SET tamount=3000 WHERE tid=1000;
UPDATE TRANSACTION
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20187: Available Balance is lesser than the Transaction amount
ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.WITH_CHECK", line 6
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.WITH_CHECK'

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

```

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000

```

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex7b.sql
SQL> REM 2. Implement the following constraint to update the balance of
an account for the
SQL> REM transactions of both the Deposit or Withdrawal type.
SQL> REM Event : Insert/Update (tamount)
SQL> REM If ttype = Deposit then balance = balance + tamount
SQL> REM If ttype = Withdrawal then balance = balance tamount
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER bal_update
2 BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON TRANSACTION

```

```

3      FOR EACH ROW
4      DECLARE
5          bal NUMBER;
6      BEGIN
7          SELECT balance INTO bal FROM ACCOUNT acc WHERE
acc.ano=:new.ano;
8          IF INSERTING THEN
9              IF :new.ttype='W' THEN
10                 UPDATE ACCOUNT a
11                 SET a.balance = a.balance-:new.tamount
12                 WHERE a.ano = :new.ano;
13             ELSIF :new.ttype='D' THEN
14                 UPDATE ACCOUNT a
15                 SET balance = balance+:new.tamount
16                 WHERE a.ano = :new.ano;
17             END IF;
18         ELSIF UPDATING THEN
19             IF :new.ttype='W' THEN
20                 UPDATE ACCOUNT a
21                 SET balance = balance+:old.tamount-
:new.tamount
22                 WHERE a.ano = :new.ano;
23             ELSIF :new.ttype='D' THEN
24                 UPDATE ACCOUNT a
25                 SET balance = balance-
:old.tamount+:new.tamount
26                 WHERE a.ano = :new.ano;
27             END IF;
28         END IF;
29     END;
30 /

```

Trigger created.

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING ACCOUNTS TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;

```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S103	S	1500	100
C121	C	5000	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	7200	102
C135	C	245000	103

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

```

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM INSERTING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='S223';

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S223	S	7200	102

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(2001,'S223','W','01-apr-2021',1500);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='S223';

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S223	S	5700	102

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='C121';

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
C121	C	5000	100

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(2002,'C121','D','02-apr-2021',1000);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='C121';

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
C121	C	6000	100

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM UPDATING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT a,TRANSACTION t WHERE a.ano=t.ano AND
t.tid=2001 AND t.ttype='W';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID	TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
S223	S	5700	102	2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500

```
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE TRANSACTION
2 SET tamount=1500 WHERE tid=2001 AND ttype='W';
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT a,TRANSACTION t WHERE a.ano=t.ano AND
t.tid=2001 AND t.ttype='W';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID	TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
S223	S	5700	102	2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT a,TRANSACTION t WHERE a.ano=t.ano AND
t.tid=2002 AND t.ttype='D';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID	TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
C121	C	6000	100	2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	1000

```
SQL>
SQL> UPDATE TRANSACTION
2 SET tamount=2500 WHERE tid=2002 AND ttype='D';
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT a,TRANSACTION t WHERE a.ano=t.ano AND
t.tid=2002 AND t.ttype='D';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID	TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
C121	C	7500	100	2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	2500

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM DISPLAYING ACCOUNT TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S103	S	1500	100

C121	C	7500	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	5700	102
C135	C	245000	103

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000
2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500
2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	2500

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex7c.sql

SQL> REM 3. Implement the following constraint for Withdrawal transactions. Event : Insert

SQL> REM a. A customer can have at most 3 withdrawals per day per account.

SQL> REM b. The maximum amount of withdrawal for each transaction is Rs.30000/

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER check_withdraw

2 BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON TRANSACTION

3 FOR EACH ROW

4 DECLARE

5 no_of_withdraw number;

6 BEGIN

7 IF :new.tamount>30000 then

8 raise_application_error(-20036,'Maximum amount of withdrawal for each transaction should not exceed Rs.30000');

9 END IF;

10 SELECT count(*) into no_of_withdraw FROM transaction t where t.ano=:new.ano and t.ttype='W' and t.tdate=:new.tdate;

11 if no_of_withdraw=3 then

12 raise_application_error(-20048,'Maximum 3 withdrawal is possible for a customer in a day');

13 end if;

14 exception when no_data_found then

15 dbms_output.put_line('');

16 end;

17 /

Trigger created.

SQL>

```
SQL> REM
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM DISPLAYING ACCOUNTS TABLE
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S103	S	1500	100
C121	C	7500	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	5700	102
C135	C	245000	103

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM
```

```
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;
```

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000
2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500
2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	2500

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM
```

```
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM INSERTING 3 SAME VALUES INTO TRANSACTION
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='S223';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S223	S	5700	102

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3001,'S223','W','07-apr-2021',1000);
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3002,'S223','W','07-apr-2021',1000);
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3003,'S223','W','07-apr-2021',1000);
```

```
1 row created.
```



```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ano='S223';
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S223	S	2700	102

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTING 4TH WITHDRAWAL FROM SAME ACCOUNT
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3003,'S223','W','07-apr-2021',1000);
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3003,'S223','W','07-apr-2021',1000)
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20048: Maximum 3 withdrawal is possible for a customer in a day
ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.CHECK_WITHDRAW", line 9
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.CHECK_WITHDRAW'
```

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING ACCOUNTS TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;
```

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S103	S	1500	100
C121	C	7500	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	2700	102
C135	C	245000	103

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;
```

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000
2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500
2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	2500
3001	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000
3002	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000
3003	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000

7 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM UPDATING VALUES INTO TRANSACTION

SQL>

SQL> INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3004,'C135','W','02-apr-2021',35000);
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(3004,'C135','W','02-apr-2021',35000)
*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-20036: Maximum amount of withdrawal for each transaction should not exceed Rs.30000

ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.CHECK_WITHDRAW", line 5

ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.CHECK_WITHDRAW'

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING ACCOUNT TABLE

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;

ANO	A	BALANCE	CID
S103	S	1500	100
C121	C	7500	100
S201	S	45000	101
S223	S	2700	102
C135	C	245000	103

SQL>

SQL> REM

SQL>

SQL> REM DISPLAYING TRANSACTION TABLE

SQL>

SQL> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION;

TID	ANO	T	TDATE	TAMOUNT
1000	S103	W	01-APR-21	300
1001	C121	W	02-APR-21	1000
2001	S223	W	01-APR-21	1500
2002	C121	D	02-APR-21	2500
3001	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000
3002	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000
3003	S223	W	07-APR-21	1000

7 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL>

```
SQL>  
SQL>  
SQL>  
SQL> spool off;
```

```
SQL> @D:\01-College\databaselab\sql_files\ex8.sql
SQL> set echo on;
SQL> set linesize 200;
SQL> set pagesize 100;
SQL>
SQL> REM DROPPING TABLES
SQL>
SQL> DROP TABLE ClientRental_Details;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Rental_Details;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Client_Details;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE PropertyOwner_Details;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Owner_Details;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM CREATING 1NF TABLE
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE ClientRental_Details (
2      clientNo varchar2(4),
3      propertyNo varchar2(4),
4      cName varchar2(15),
5      pAddress varchar2(60),
6      rentStart date,
7      rentFinish date,
8      rent number(3),
9      ownerNo varchar2(4),
10     oName varchar(20),
11     CONSTRAINT cr_pk PRIMARY KEY(clientNo,propertyNo)
12 );
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM INSERTING INTO 1NF TABLE
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO ClientRental_Details VALUES('CR76','PG4','John Kay','6
Lawrence St,Glasgow','01-jul-12','31-aug-13',350,'CO40','Tina Murphy');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO ClientRental_Details VALUES('CR76','PG16','John Kay','5
Novar Dr,Glasgow','01-sep-13','01-sep-14',450,'CO93','Tony Shaw');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO ClientRental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG4','Aline
Stewart','6 Lawrence St,Glasgow','01-sep-11','10-jun-12',350,'CO40','Tina
Murphy');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO ClientRental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG36','Aline
Stewart','2 Manor Road,Glasgow','10-oct-12','01-dec-13',375,'CO93','Tony
Shaw');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO ClientRental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG16','Aline
Stewart','5 Novar Dr,Glasgow','01-nov-14','10-aug-15',450,'CO93','Tony
Shaw');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM DISPLAYING 1NF TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM ClientRental_Details;
```

CLIE	PROP	CNAME	PADDRESS
RENTSTART	RENTFINIS	RENT	OWNE ONAME
CR76	PG4	John Kay	6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
01-JUL-12	31-AUG-13	350	CO40 Tina Murphy
CR76	PG16	John Kay	5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
01-SEP-13	01-SEP-14	450	CO93 Tony Shaw
CR56	PG4	Aline Stewart	6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
01-SEP-11	10-JUN-12	350	CO40 Tina Murphy
CR56	PG36	Aline Stewart	2 Manor Road,Glasgow
10-OCT-12	01-DEC-13	375	CO93 Tony Shaw
CR56	PG16	Aline Stewart	5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
01-NOV-14	10-AUG-15	450	CO93 Tony Shaw

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE Client_Details (
2         clientNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT pk_cn PRIMARY KEY,
3         cName varchar2(15)
4 );
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> desc Client_Details;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
-----
-----
```

```
CLIENTNO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
CNAME
VARCHAR2(15)
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE Owner_Details (
2         ownerNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT ow_no PRIMARY KEY,
3         oName varchar(20)
4 );
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> desc Owner_Details;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
OWNERNO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
ONAME
VARCHAR2(20)
```

```
SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE PropertyOwner_Details (
2         propertyNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT po_pk PRIMARY KEY,
3         pAddress varchar2(60),
4         rent number(3),
5         ownerNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT fk_on REFERENCES
Owner_Details(ownerNo)
6 );
```

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> desc PropertyOwner_Details;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
PROPERTYNO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
PADDRESS
VARCHAR2(60)
RENT
NUMBER(3)
OWNERNO
VARCHAR2(4)
```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> CREATE TABLE Rental_Details (
2      clientNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT fk_cn REFERENCES
Client_Details(clientNo),
3      propertyNo varchar2(4) CONSTRAINT fk_pn REFERENCES
PropertyOwner_Details(propertyNo),
4      rentStart date,
5      rentFinish date,
6      CONSTRAINT rental_pk PRIMARY KEY(clientNo,propertyNo)
7 );

```

Table created.

```

SQL>
SQL> desc Rental_Details;
Name
Null?    Type
-----
CLIENTNO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
PROPERTYNO
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
RENTSTART
DATE
RENTFINISH
DATE

```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM POPULATING AND DISPLAYING 3NF TABLES
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Client_Details VALUES('CR76','John Kay');

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Client_Details VALUES('CR56','Aline Stewart');

```

1 row created.

```

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Client_Details;

```

```

CLIE CNAME
----
CR76 John Kay
CR56 Aline Stewart

```

```

SQL>
SQL>

```

```

SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Owner_Details VALUES('C040','Tina Murphy');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Owner_Details VALUES('C093','Tony Shaw');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM Owner_Details;

OWNE  ONAME
----  -
C040  Tina Murphy
C093  Tony Shaw

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO PropertyOwner_Details VALUES('PG4','6 Lawrence
St,Glasgow',350,'C040');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO PropertyOwner_Details VALUES('PG36','2 Manor
Road,Glasgow',375,'C093');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO PropertyOwner_Details VALUES('PG16','5 Novar
Dr,Glasgow',450,'C093');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PropertyOwner_Details;

PROP  PADDRESS
RENT  OWNE
-----
---  ---
PG4   6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
350   C040
PG36  2 Manor Road,Glasgow
375   C093
PG16  5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
450   C093

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>

```



```
SQL> INSERT INTO Rental_Details VALUES('CR76','PG4','01-jul-12','31-aug-13');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Rental_Details VALUES('CR76','PG16','01-sep-13','01-sep-14');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Rental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG4','01-sep-11','10-jun-12');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Rental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG36','10-oct-12','01-dec-13');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Rental_Details VALUES('CR56','PG16','01-nov-14','10-aug-15');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Rental_Details;
```

```
CLIE  PROP  RENTSTART  RENTFINIS
----  ----  -
CR76  PG4    01-JUL-12  31-AUG-13
CR76  PG16   01-SEP-13  01-SEP-14
CR56  PG4    01-SEP-11  10-JUN-12
CR56  PG36   10-OCT-12  01-DEC-13
CR56  PG16   01-NOV-14  10-AUG-15
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM
```

```
*****
*****
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> REM PROVING LOSSLESS JOIN PROPERTY USING THE 1NF AND 3NF TABLES
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM ClientRental_Details;
```

```
CLIE  PROP  CNAME                PADDRESS
RENTSTART  RENTFINIS            RENT  OWNE  ONAME
-----
CR76  PG4    John Kay                6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
01-JUL-12  31-AUG-13            350 C040 Tina Murphy
CR76  PG16   John Kay                5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
01-SEP-13  01-SEP-14            450 C093 Tony Shaw
CR56  PG4    Aline Stewart           6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
01-SEP-11  10-JUN-12            350 C040 Tina Murphy
CR56  PG36   Aline Stewart           2 Manor Road,Glasgow
10-OCT-12  01-DEC-13            375 C093 Tony Shaw
CR56  PG16   Aline Stewart           5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
01-NOV-14  10-AUG-15            450 C093 Tony Shaw
```

```

SQL>
SQL> REM JOINING TABLE
SQL>
SQL> SELECT *
      2 FROM Client_Details NATURAL JOIN Rental_Details
      3 NATURAL JOIN PropertyOwner_Details NATURAL JOIN Owner_Details;

```

OWNE	PROP	CLIE	CNAME	RENTSTART	RENTFINIS	PADDRESS
RENT	ONAME					
C040	PG4	CR76	John Kay	01-JUL-12	31-AUG-13	6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
350	Tina	Murphy				
C093	PG16	CR76	John Kay	01-SEP-13	01-SEP-14	5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
450	Tony	Shaw				
C040	PG4	CR56	Aline Stewart	01-SEP-11	10-JUN-12	6 Lawrence St,Glasgow
350	Tina	Murphy				
C093	PG36	CR56	Aline Stewart	10-OCT-12	01-DEC-13	2 Manor Road,Glasgow
375	Tony	Shaw				
C093	PG16	CR56	Aline Stewart	01-NOV-14	10-AUG-15	5 Novar Dr,Glasgow
450	Tony	Shaw				

```

SQL>
SQL> REM
*****
*****
SQL>
SQL> REM SINCE THE COLUMN VALUES OF BOTH THE TABLES ARE INTACT AND THERE
HAS BEEN NO LOSS OF DATA IN THE DECOMPOSITION OF TABLES LOSSLESS JOIN
PROPERTY HAS BEEN VERIFIED
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> spool off;

```