Python record

```
1)Add two numbers and print result
Code:
a=int(input("enter no a"))
b=int(input("enter no b"))
c=a+b
print(c)
Output:
enter no a3
enter no b5
2)Calculate area of triangle
Code:
a=float(input("enter base"))
b=float(input("enter height"))
area=1/2*a*b
print(area)
Output:
enter base2
enter height4
4.0
3) Square root of a number
Code:
import math
a=int(input("enter square no"))
b=math.sqrt(a)
print(b)
Output:
enter square no25
```

5.0

```
4) Solve a quadratic equation
Code:
import math
a=int(input("enter a"))
b=int(input("enter b"))
c=int(input("enter c"))
dsq=b**2-4*a*c
d=math.sqrt(dsq)
if (d<0):
    print("no real roots")
else:
    x=(-b+d)/2*a
    y=(-b-d)/2*a
    print(x,y)
Output:
enter a1
enter b-2
enter c1
1.0
5)Convert Fahrenheit to Celsius
Code:
a=int(input("enter temp in fahrenheit"))
temp celsius=(a-32)*5/9
print("The temperature in Celsius is",temp_celsius)
Output:
enter a32
The temperature in Celsius is 0.0
6)Quotient and remainder and quotient after division
a=int(input("enter dividend"))
b=int(input("enter divisor"))
quotient=a/b
remainder=a%b
print("The quotient is",quotient)
print("The remainder is", remainder)
Output:
enter dividend32
enter divisor5
The quotient is 6.4
The remainder is 2
```

```
7) Swap two numbers using tuple assignment
a=int(input("enter first no"))
b=int(input("enter second no"))
a,b=b,a
print("The swapped nos are",a,b)
Output:
enter first no2
enter second no5
The swapped nos are 5 2
8) Average of three marks
Code:
a=int(input("enter mark1"))
b=int(input("enter mark2"))
c=int(input("enter mark3"))
avg=(a+b+c)/3
print("The average of three marks is",avg)
Output:
enter mark120
enter mark230
enter mark340
The average of three marks is 30.0
9)Calculate simple interest
Code:
a=int(input("Enter principal amount"))
b=int(input("Enter the rate of interest"))
c=int(input("Enter the time period"))
interest=a*b*c/100
print("The simple interest is",interest)
Output:
Enter principal amount4800
Enter the rate of interest9
Enter the time period8
The simple interest is 3456.0
```

10)Calculate net pay given basic pay, hr, da and deductions

Code:

a=int(input("enter basic pay"))
b=int(input("enter hra"))
c=int(input("enter da"))
d=int(input("enter deductions"))
netsalary=a+b+c-d
print("The net salary is",netsalary)

Output:

enter basic pay25000 enter hra2000 enter da300 enter deductions400 The net salary is 26900

```
1)Eligible to vote or not
Code:
age=int(input("enter age of candidate"))
if(age>=18):
    print("Eligible to vote")
    print("Not eligible to vote")
Output:
enter age of candidate45
Eligible to vote
2)Odd or even
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a%2==0):
    print("even")
else:
    print("odd")
Output:
enter no22
even
3)Largest of two numbers
Code:
a=int(input("enter no 1"))
b=int(input("enter no 2"))
if(a>b):
    print("a is the largest no")
else:
    print("b is the largest no")
Output:
enter no 123
enter no 245
b is the largest no
4)Uppercase or lowercase and vice versa
Code:
a=str(input("enter character"))
o=ord(a)
if (o<97):
    ord_new=o+32
else:
    ord new=o-32
print("The converted character is",chr(ord_new))
Output:
```

```
enter characterA
The converted character is a
5)Leap year or not
Code:
a=int(input("enter year"))
if(a\%4==0 and a\%400==0 and a\%100!=0):
    print("leap year")
else:
    print("not leap year")
Output:
enter year1900
not leap year
enter year2004
not leap year
6)Positive, negative or zero
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a%2==0):
    a=a+1
elif(a%2!=0):
    a=a-1
else:
    a=0
print(a)
Output:
enter no43
42
```

```
7)Simple calculator
Code:
print("1.Add")
print("2.Subtract")
print("3.Multiply")
print("4.Divide")
oper_calc=int(input("enter operation"))
a=int(input("enter no a"))
b=int(input("enter no b"))
if(oper_calc==1):
    m=a+b
elif(oper_calc==2):
    m=a-b
elif(oper_calc==3):
    m=a*b
elif(oper_calc==4):
    m=a/b
else:
    print("invalid")
print(m)
Output:
1.Add
2.Subtract
3.Multiply
4.Divide
enter operation3
enter no a4
enter no b5
20
8)Grade based on the mark obtained by the student
Code:
a=int(input("enter mark"))
if(a>90):
    print("A grade")
elif(a>80):
    print("B grade")
elif(a>70):
    print("C grade")
elif(a>60):
    print("D grade")
else:
    print("E grade")
Output:
enter mark97
A grade
```

```
9)Largest of three numbers
Code:
a=int(input("enter no a"))
b=int(input("enter no b"))
c=int(input("enter no c"))
if(a>b and a>c):
    print("a is the largest no")
elif(b>c and b>a):
    print("b is the largest no")
else:
    print("c is the largest no")
Output:
enter no a34
enter no b45
enter no c67
c is the largest no
10)Lowercase, uppercase or digit
Code:
a=input("enter character")
o=ord(a)
if(o>64 and o<92):
    print("uppercase")
elif(o>96 and o<124):
    print("lowercase")
else:
    print("digit")
Output:
enter characterA
uppercase
11)Divisible by both 5 and 7
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a\%5==0 and a\%7==0):
    print("It is divisible by 5 and 7")
else:
    print("It is not divisible by 5 and 7")
Output:
enter no35
It is divisible by 5 and 7
```

```
12) Equilateral, scalene or isoceles triangle
Code:
a=int(input("enter side a"))
b=int(input("enter side b"))
c=int(input("enter side c"))
if(a==b==c):
    print("equilateral")
elif(a==b or b==c or c==a):
    print("isoceles")
else:
    print("scalene")
Output:
enter side a4
enter side b4
enter side c4
equilateral
13) Right angled triangle
Code:
a=int(input("enter side a"))
b=int(input("enter side b"))
c=int(input("enter side hypotenuse"))
asquare=a*a
bsquare=b*b
csquare=c*c
if(csquare==asquare+bsquare):
    print("right angled")
else:
    print("not right angled")
Output:
enter side a3
enter side b4
enter side hypotenuse5
right angled
```

```
14) Data types:
Code:
a)
a=True
b=type(a)
if(b==str or b==bool or b==int or b==float):
    print(b)
    print("primitive data type")
else:
    print(b)
    print("compound data type")
Output:
<class 'bool'>
primitive data type
b)
a=[1,2,3,4]
b=type(a)
if(b==str or b==bool or b==int or b==float):
    print(b)
    print("primitive data type")
else:
    print(b)
    print("compound data type")
Output:
<class 'list'>
```

compound data type

Exercise 2b Conditions

```
1)Check whether a number is odd or even
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a%2==0):
    print("even")
else:
    print("odd")
Output:
enter no22
even
2)Write a program to find largest of two numbers
a=int(input("enter no 1"))
b=int(input("enter no 2"))
if(a>b):
    print("a is the largest no")
else:
    print("b is the largest no")
Output:
enter no 123
enter no 245
b is the largest no
3)Obtain a character convert to uppercase or lowercase and vice versa
a=str(input("enter character"))
o=ord(a)
if (o<97):
    ord_new=o+32
else:
    ord_new=o-32
print("The converted character is",chr(ord_new))
Output:
enter characterA
The converted character is a
```

```
4)Write a program to find whether a number is divisible by both 5 and 7
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a\%5==0 and a\%7==0):
    print("It is divisible by 5 and 7")
else:
    print("It is not divisible by 5 and 7")
Output:
enter no35
It is divisible by 5 and 7
5) Find the input year is leap or not
Code:
a=int(input("enter year"))
if(a\%4==0 and a\%400==0 and a\%100!=0):
    print("leap year")
else:
    print("not leap year")
Output:
enter year1900
not leap year
enter year2004
not leap year
6)Write a program to input 3 sides of atriangle amd check if it is equilateral,
scalene or isoceles
Code:
a=int(input("enter side a"))
b=int(input("enter side b"))
c=int(input("enter side c"))
if(a==b==c):
    print("equilateral")
elif(a==b or b==c or c==a):
    print("isoceles")
else:
    print("scalene")
Output:
enter side a4
enter side b4
enter side c4
equilateral
```

```
7)Write a program in python to input 3 sides of a triangle and check if it is right
angled or not
Code:
a=int(input("enter side a"))
b=int(input("enter side b"))
c=int(input("enter side hypotenuse"))
asquare=a*a
bsquare=b*b
csquare=c*c
if(csquare==asquare+bsquare):
    print("right angled")
else:
    print("not right angled")
Output:
enter side a4
enter side b3
enter side c2
scalene
8)Read a number, check if it is positive, negative or zero. Increment if it is
positive, decrement if it is negative
Code:
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(a%2==0):
    a=a+1
elif(a%2!=0):
    a=a-1
else:
    a=0
print(a)
Output:
enter no43
42
9)Create a simple calculator
Code:
print("1.Add")
print("2.Subtract")
print("3.Multiply")
print("4.Divide")
oper_calc=int(input("enter operation"))
a=int(input("enter no a"))
b=int(input("enter no b"))
```

```
if(oper_calc==1):
    m=a+b
elif(oper_calc==2):
    m=a-b
elif(oper_calc==3):
    m=a*b
elif(oper_calc==4):
    m=a/b
    print("invalid")
print(m)
Output:
1.Add
2.Subtract
3.Multiply
4.Divide
enter operation3
enter no a4
enter no b5
20
10) Estimate the grade based on the mark obtained by the student
Code:
a=int(input("enter mark"))
if(a>90):
    print("A grade")
elif(a>80):
    print("B grade")
elif(a>70):
    print("C grade")
elif(a>60):
    print("D grade")
else:
    print("E grade")
Output:
enter mark97
A grade
11)Obtain a character, check if it is lowercase, uppercase or digit
Code:
a=input("enter character")
o=ord(a)
if(o>64 and o<92):
    print("uppercase")
elif(o>96 and o<124):
    print("lowercase")
else:
    print("digit")
```

```
Output:
enter characterA
uppercase
12) Find the largest of three numbers
Code:
a=int(input("enter no a"))
b=int(input("enter no b"))
c=int(input("enter no c"))
if(a>b and a>c):
    print("a is the largest no")
elif(b>c and b>a):
    print("b is the largest no")
else:
    print("c is the largest no")
Output:
enter no a34
enter no b45
enter no c67
c is the largest no
13)Obtain an input from the user and display the corresponding data types
Code:
a=input("enter data")
b=type(a)
if(b==str or b==bool or b==int or b==float):
    print(b)
    print("primitive data type")
else:
    print(b)
    print("compound data type")
Output:
```

```
1)Patterns using nested for loops
a)
Code:
n=int(input("enter no of rows"))
for i in range(n):
    for j in range(i):
    print("*",end="")
    print('')
for i in range(n,0,-1):
    for j in range(i):
        print("*",end="")
    print('')
Output:
enter no of rows5
**
***
****
****
****
***
**
b)
Code:
n=int(input("enter no of rows"))
for i in range(1,n+1):
    for j in range(i,0,-1):
        print(j,end="")
    print("")
Output:
enter no of rows5
21
321
4321
54321
```

```
c)
Code:
rows=int(input("enter no of rows"))
for i in range (0, rows):
    coff=1
    for j in range(1,rows-i):
       print("",end="")
    for k in range (0,i+1):
        print("",coff,end="")
        coff=int(coff*(i-k)/(k+1))
    print()
output:
enter no of rows6
1
1 1
1 2 1
1 3 3 1
1 4 6 4 1
1 5 10 10 5 1
2)Reverse word given by user
Code:
word=input("enter word")
for i in range(len(word)-1,-1,-1):
    print(word[i],end="")
Output:
enter wordPython!
!nohtyP
```

3)Count the number of even and odd numbers from a series of numbers

Code:

```
numbers=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)
count_even=0
count_odd=0
for i in numbers:
    if(i%2==0):
        count_even+=1
    else:
        count_odd+=1
print("Number of even numbers",count_even)
print("Number of odd numbers",count_odd)

Output:
Number of even numbers 4
```

```
4)Write a python program that prints each element and the corresponding types from
the following list
Code:
datalist=[1452,11,23,1+2j,True,'w3resource',(0,-
1),[5,12],{"class":'V',"section":'A'}]
for i in datalist:
    print(i)
    print(type(i))
Output:
1452
<class 'int'>
11
<class 'int'>
23
<class 'int'>
(1+2j)
<class 'complex'>
True
<class 'bool'>
w3resource
<class 'str'>
(0, -1)
<class 'tuple'>
[5, 12]
<class 'list'>
{'class': 'V', 'section': 'A'}
```

<class 'dict'>

```
5)Write a python program to print all numbers from 0 to 6 except 3 and 6
Code:
for i in range (0,7):
    if (i==3 \text{ or } i==6):
        continue
    else:
        print(i)
Output:
0
1
2
4
5
6)Write a python program to iterate integers from 1 to 50. For multiple of three
print "Fizz" instead of the number and for the multiples of five print "Buzz". For
numbers which are both multiples of three and five print "FizzBuzz".
Code:
for i in range (1,51):
    if(i\%3==0 \text{ and } i\%5!=0):
        print("Fizz")
    elif(i%5==0 and i%3!=0):
        print("Buzz")
    elif(i\%3==0 and i\%5==0):
        print("FizzBuzz")
    else:
        print(i)
Output:
1
2
Fizz
```

Buzz

Fizz

7

8

Fizz

Buzz

11

Fizz

13

14

FizzBuzz

16

17

Fizz

19

Buzz

Fizz

22

23

Fizz

Buzz

26

Fizz

28

29

FizzBuzz

31

32

Fizz

```
34
Buzz
Fizz
37
38
Fizz
Buzz
41
Fizz
43
44
FizzBuzz
46
47
Fizz
49
Buzz
7)Write a python program to find numbers between 100 and 400 where each digit is even
Code:
for i in range(100,401):
    n=i%10
    a=i//10
    b=a%10
    c = a / / 10
    if(n\%2==0 and b\%2==0 and c\%2==0):
        print(i,",",end="")
Output:
200 ,202 ,204 ,206 ,208 ,220 ,222 ,224 ,226 ,228 ,240 ,242 ,244 ,246 ,248 ,260 ,
262 ,264 ,266 ,268 ,280 ,282 ,284 ,286 ,288 ,400 ,
```

```
8)Write a python program to create the multiplication table of a number
Code:
n=int(input("enter no to be multiplied"))
for i in range(1,11):
    print(i,"*",n,"=",i*n)
Output:
enter no to be multiplied5
1 * 5 = 5
2 * 5 = 10
3 * 5 = 15
4 * 5 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
6 * 5 = 30
7 * 5 = 35
8 * 5 = 40
9 * 5 = 45
10 * 5 = 50
9)Find sum of the series
a)1+1/2+1/3+...+1/N
Code:
n=int(input("enter no of terms"))
sum=0
for i in range(1,n+1):
    sum=sum+1/i
print(sum)
Output:
enter no of terms6
2.449999999999997
```

```
b)1+x^2/2+x^3/3+...+x^n/n
Code:
n=int(input("enter no of terms"))
x=int(input("enter value for x"))
for i in range(2,n+1):
    sum=sum+x**i/i
print(sum)
Output:
enter no of terms8
enter value for x3
1337.4035714285715
10) Classify if number is prime or composite
Code:
n=int(input("enter no"))
for i in range(2,n):
    if(n%i==0):
        result="composite"
        break
    else:
        result="prime"
print(result)
Output:
enter no23
prime
```

```
1)Exponentation without using ** operator
Code:
a=int(input("enter base"))
b=int(input("enter exponent"))
pow=1
while(i<=b):
    pow=pow*a
    i=i+1
print("computed exponent is",pow)
Output:
enter base7
enter exponent3
computed exponent is 343
2)Two digit numbers which are either divisible by 3 or 4
Code:
i=10
while(i<100):
    if(i\%3==0 \text{ or } i\%4==0):
        print(i,",",end="")
    i=i+1
output:
12 ,15 ,16 ,18 ,20 ,21 ,24 ,27 ,28 ,30 ,32 ,36 ,39 ,40 ,42 ,44 ,45 ,48 ,51 ,52 ,
54 ,56 ,67 ,60 ,63 ,64 ,66 ,68 ,67 ,72 ,75 ,76 ,78 ,80 ,81 ,84 ,87 ,88 ,90 ,92 ,93 ,96
,99
3)Sum of all the digits in a number
Code:
n=int(input("enter no"))
sum=0
while(n>0):
    rem=n%10
    n=n//10
    sum=sum+rem
print(sum)
Output:
enter no3245
14
```

```
4)Division without using operators
Code:
num1=int(input("enter dividend"))
num2=int(input("enter divisor"))
quotient=0
sign=1
if(num1==0):
    print("quotient is 0")
if(num2==0):
    print("infinty")
if(num1<0):
    num1 = -num1
    if(num2<0):
        num2 = -num2
    else:
        sign=-1
if(num2<0):
    num2 = -num2
    if(num1<0):
        num1=-num1
    else:
        sign=-1
while(num2<=num1):</pre>
    num1=num1-num2
    quotient=quotient+1
if (num1==0):
    remainder=0
else:
    remainder=(sign)*num1
if(sign==-1):
    quotient=-quotient
print("the quotient is",quotient)
print("the remainder is",remainder)
Output:
enter dividend67
enter divisor8
the quotient is 8
```

the remainder is 3

```
5)Palindrome number
Code:
num=int(input("enter no"))
temp=num
rev_num=0
while(num>0):
    rem=num%10
    num=num//10
    rev_num=rev_num*10+rem
if(temp==rev_num):
    print('palindrome')
else:
    print("not palindrome")
Output:
enter no4554
palindrome
6)Armstrong Number
Code:
a=int(input("enter a number"))
temp=a
sum=0
while(a>0):
    dig=a%10
    a=a//10
    cube=dig**3
    sum=sum+cube
if(temp==sum):
    print("armstrong")
else:
    print("not armstrong")
Output:
enter a number153
```

Armstrong

```
7)Compute GCD of two numbers
a) Euclidean method
Code:
m=int(input("enter a"))
n=int(input("enter b"))
if(m<n):</pre>
    m,n=n,m
while(m%n!=0):
    m,n=n,m%n
gcd=n
print("The gcd value is",gcd)
Output:
enter a18
enter b48
The gcd value is 6
b)Common factors method
Code:
m=int(input("enter num1"))
n=int(input("enter num2"))
i=1
if(m<n):</pre>
    m,n=n,m
while(i<=n):</pre>
    if(m%i==0 and n%i==0):
        gcd=i
    i=i+1
print(gcd)
Output:
enter num118
enter num248
6
```

```
8) Average and product of all numbers
Code:
sum=0
count=0
prdt=1
while(input("Enter any key or q to quit")!='q'):
    n=int(input("Enter number a"))
    sum=sum+n
    prdt=prdt*n
    count=count+1
avg=sum/count
print("The product is",prdt)
print("The average is",avg)
Output:
Enter any key or q to quiti
Enter number a7
Enter any key or q to quitt
Enter number a8
Enter any key or q to quith
Enter number a3
Enter any key or q to quitx
Enter number a5
Enter any key or q to quitq
The product is 840
The average is 5.75
9) Square root of a number using Newtons method
num=int(input("enter no"))
better=1
approx=num
while(better!=approx):
    approx=better
    better=(approx+num/approx)/2
print(better)
Output:
enter no25
5.0
```

```
1)Factors of a number
Code:
def factors(x):
    i=1
    for i in range(1,x+1):
        if(x%i==0):
            print(i)
a=int(input("enter the number"))
factors(a)
Output:
enter the number45
1
3
5
9
15
45
2)Decimal to binary
Code:
def bin(x):
    bin_list=''
    while (x>0):
        rem=x%2
        x=x//2
        bin_list=str(rem)+bin_list
    return(bin_list)
x=int(input("enter decimal no"))
print(bin(x))
Output:
enter decimal no56
111000
```

```
3)Perfect number
Code:
def perfect(a):
    sum=0
    for i in range(1,a):
        if(a%i==0):
            sum=sum+i
    if(sum==a):
        return True
    else:
        return False
a=int(input("enter no"))
if(perfect(a)==True):
    print("perfect")
else:
    print("not perfect")
4)Pythagorean triplets
Code:
def pythagorean(1,u):
    for i in range(l,u+1):
        for j in range(l+1,u+1):
            for k in range(l+2,u+1):
                if(i^{**}2+j^{**}2==k^{**}2):
                    print(i,j,k)
l=int(input("enter lower lt"))
u=int(input("enter upper lt"))
pythagorean(1,u)
Output:
enter lower lt10
enter upper 1t25
12 16 20
15 20 25
16 12 20
20 15 25
```

```
5)Fibonacci series
Code:
def fib(n):
    if(n==2 or n==1):
        return 1
    else:
        return fib(n-1)+fib(n-2)
a=int(input("Enter limit"))
print("The fibonacci series is")
for i in range(1,a+1):
    print(fib(i),end="")
Output:
Enter limit6
The fibonacci series is
1 1 2 3 5 8
6)Powers of a number using recursion
Code:
def pow(x,y):
    if(y==0):
        return 1
    else:
        return x*pow(x,y-1)
x=int(input("enter base no"))
y=int(input("enter exponent no"))
print(pow(x,y))
Output:
enter base no6
enter exponent no3
216
```

```
7)Sum of sine and cosine series
def pow_fn(m,o):
    a=0
    while (o>=0):
        if (o==0):
            return a
        else:
            return a*pow_fn(m,o-1)
def fact_fn(a):
    while (a>0):
        if (a==1):
            return 1
        else:
            return a*fact_fn(a-1)
def sine_fn(x,n):
    sum=x
    pi = 22/7
    y=x*pi/180
    sign=-1
    for i in range(1,n):
        sign=sign**i
        sum=sum+sign*y*pow(y,2*i+1)/fact_fn(2*i+1)
    return sum
def cosine_fn(x,n):
    sum=1
    pi = 22/7
    y=x*pi/180
    sign=-1
    for i in range(1,n):
        sign=sign**i
        sum=sum+sign*y*pow(y,2*i)/fact_fn(2*i)
    return sum
x=int(input("enter angle in degrees"))
y=int(input("enter no of terms"))
print("1.Sine")
print("2.cosine")
z=int(input("enter operation"))
if (z==1):
    print(sine_fn(x,y))
elif(z==2):
    print(cosine_fn(x,y))
else:
    print("invalid")
```

Output:

a)

enter angle in degrees45
enter no of terms5

- 1.Sine
- 2.cosine

enter operation1

44.93847020584435

b)

enter angle in degrees30 enter no of terms5

- 1.Sine
- 2.cosine

enter operation2

0.9297976793634516

```
1)Occurences of substring and index number
Code:
def occurence(main_str,sub_str):
    count=0
    l1=len(main_str)
    12=len(sub_str)
    for i in range(l1-l2+1):
        if main_str[i:i+l2]==sub_str:
            count=count+1
            print(i)
    return(count)
main_str=input("enter mainstring")
sub_str=input("enter substring")
print(occurence(main str,sub str))
Output:
enter mainstringshreyash
enter substringsh
0
6
2)Check if string is a palindrome
Code:
def palin(str1):
    str2=''
    for i in range(len(str1)-1,-1,-1):
        str2=str2+str1[i]
    if(str2==str1):
        return 'palindrome'
    else:
        return 'not palindrome'
str1=input("enter word")
print(palin(str1))
Output:
enter wordlevel
```

palindrome

```
3)Encrypt the word
word=input("enter word")
for i in range(0,len(word)):
    o=ord(word[i])+3
    c=chr(o)
    print(c,end="")
Output:
enter wordHelloWorld
KhoorZruog
4)Print fruit name and each letter in it
Code:
fruit=('banana', 'apple', 'orange', 'lemon', 'grapes')
for i in fruit:
    print(i)
    for j in i:
        print(j)
Output:
banana
b
а
n
а
n
а
apple
а
р
р
```

1
e
orange
0
r
a
n
g
е
lemon
1
е
m
0
n
grapes
g
r
a
р

e

s

```
5)Inbuilt functions
Code:
str='hellopython'
print("1. occurence of a substring")
print("2. first occurence from the end")
print("3.right justify a string")menu
print("4.capitalize first letter of a string")
print("5.check whether string is alphanumeric")
z=int(input("enter the operation"))
if(z==1):
    print(str.find('py',0,10))
elif(z==2):
    print(str.rfind('h'))
elif(z==3):
    print(str.rjust)
elif(z==4):
    print(str.capitalize())
else:
    print(str.isalnum())
Output:
a)
1. occurence of a substring
2. first occurence from the end
3.right justify a string
4.capitalize first letter of a string
5.check whether string is alphanumeric
enter the operation2
b)
1. occurence of a substring
2. first occurence from the end
3.right justify a string
4.capitalize first letter of a string
5.check whether string is alphanumeric
enter the operation5
```

True

```
6)String modules
Code:
import string
print("1.Hexadeimal or octadecimal numbers")
print("2.lowercase or uppercase")
n=int(input("select an operation"))
if(n==1):
    a=input("enter a letter")
    if(ord(a)>=97):
        print("lowercase")
    else:
        print("uppercase")
elif(n==2):
    print("The hexadecimal and octadecimal numbers are",string.hexdigits,"and",string
.octdigits)
else:
    print("invalid")
Output:
1.Hexadeimal or octadecimal numbers
2.lowercase or uppercase
select an operation2
The hexadecimal and octadecimal numbers are 0123456789abcdefABCDEF and 01234567
1.Hexadeimal or octadecimal numbers
2.lowercase or uppercase
select an operation1
enter a letterE
uppercase
```

```
1)Odd and even numbers list
Code:
n=int(input("Enter no of terms"))
for i in range(0,n):
    num=int(input("enter number"))
    1_num.append(num)
print("The list of numbers is",l_num)
num odd=[]
num even=[]
for j in range(0,len(l_num)):
    if(l_num[j]%2==0):
        num_even.append(l_num[j])
    else:
        num odd.append(l num[j])
print("The list of odd numbers is",num_odd)
print("The list of even numbers is",num_even)
Output:
Enter no of terms6
enter number3
enter number2
enter number8
enter number6
enter number9
enter number7
The list of numbers is [3, 2, 8, 6, 9, 7]
The list of odd numbers is [3, 9, 7]
The list of even numbers is [2, 8, 6]
2)Reverse a list without slicing operator
Code:
def reverse(1):
    list num=[]
    for i in range(len(l)-1,-1,-1):
        list_num.append(l[i])
    return(list_num)
11=['python',1,6,8,'hello']
print(reverse(l1))
Output:
['hello', 8, 6, 1, 'python']
```

```
3)Create a list of names and perform the following operations
Code:
stud_list=[]
for i in range(0,10):
    stud_name=input("enter student name")
    stud_list.append(stud_name)
print("The student list is",stud list)
stud11=input("enter student name")
stud list.append(stud11)
print("Updated list is",stud_list)
stud search=input("enter student's name to be searched")
for j in range(0,len(stud_list)):
    if(stud_list[j]==stud_search):
        print("the name is found at",j)
    else:
        print("the name is not found")
stud_list.sort
Output:
enter student namesara
enter student nameshankar
enter student namevinay
enter student nameshravan
enter student namemanas
enter student namemohi
enter student namecharu
enter student namepurna
enter student namemeena
enter student nameayushi
The student list is ['sara', 'shankar', 'vinay', 'shravan', 'manas', 'mohi', 'charu', 'purna',
'meena', 'ayushi']
enter student namemadhuri
Updated list is ['sara', 'shankar', 'vinay', 'shravan', 'manas', 'mohi', 'charu', 'purna',
'meena', 'ayushi', 'madhuri']
enter student's name to be searchedmeena
```

the name is found at 8

```
4) A list of students registered for Python course. Perform the following operations
one after another and print the output: (use inbuilt functions)
i. A new student registered for the course.
ii. Count the number of students registered for the course.
iii. Find the first and last student in lexicographical order.
iv. A new list of students registered for the course. Modify the name list.
v. Sort the name list.
vi. Assign register numbers for all the students registered.
vii. Now a new student has registered for the course. Insert the student name
accordingly. (Mention the position)
viii. Search for a student.
ix. A student discontinues the course. Change the name list.
x. The same set of students register for Python exam. Generate the name list
for the exam.
Code:
a=['sara','dhivya','ayswarya', 'karthick', 'shreya', 'sowmya', 'vijay', 'shruthi']
1=[]
k=0
count=0
a.append('sriram')
print("the number of students registered for this python course:",len(a))
a.sort()
print(a)
a.append("kavya")
a.append("arthi")
a.append("charu")
print(a)
for i in range(1,len(a)+1):
1.append(i)
a.sort()
b=a[0:1]+["saubagya"]+a[1:-1]
print(b)
b[1]=[]
if k in b:
```

```
if(k=="saubagya"):
count+=1
if(count==0):
print("name not found")
else:
print("name found")
del b[1]
exam=b
print("students attending the exam:",exam)
Output:
the number of students registered for this python course: 9
['ayswarya', 'dhivya', 'karthick', 'sara', 'shreya', 'shruthi', 'sowmya', 'sriram',
'vijay']
['ayswarya', 'dhivya', 'karthick', 'sara', 'shreya', 'shruthi', 'sowmya', 'sriram',
'vijay', 'kavya', 'arthi', 'charu']
['arthi', 'saubagya', 'ayswarya', 'charu', 'dhivya', 'karthick', 'kavya', 'sara',
'shreya', 'shruthi', 'sowmya', 'sriram']
name not found
students attending the exam: ['arthi', 'ayswarya', 'charu', 'dhivya', 'karthick',
'kavya', 'sara', 'shreya', 'shruthi', 'sowmya', 'sriram']
5) Create a list with n students who have passed in JEE . Create another list with m
students
name who have passed NEET . write a program to perform the following functions
a.) Create list of students who have passed both the exams
b.) Print the students who have passed only JEE as a new list
c.) Print the students who have passed only NEET as a new list
d.) Print the students who have written at least one exam
```

```
#jp=JEE pass #np=NEET pass #bp= both pass #onp=only NEET pass #ojp=only JEE pass
jp=["sara","hari","shravan","vishwa","santhosh"]
np=["sara","swetha","dhivya","nisha","vishwa"]
bp=[]
for i in range(len(jp)-1):
    for j in range(len(np)-1):
        if(jp[i]==np[j]):
            bp.append(jp[i])
del np[i]
del jp[j]
onp=np
ojp=jp
print(onp)
print(ojp)
print(bp)
aop=onp+ojp+bp
print(aop)
output:
['sara', 'swetha', 'dhivya', 'vishwa']
['sara', 'hari', 'shravan', 'santhosh']
['sara']
['sara', 'swetha', 'dhivya', 'vishwa', 'sara', 'hari', 'shravan', 'santhosh', 'sara']
6) Searching and sorting operations on a tuple
Code:
t=(1,4,5,7,8,6,3,2)
tl=list(t)
tl.sort()
print(t1)
n=int(input("enter no to be searched"))
if n in t1:
    print("number found")
else:
    print("Number not found")
Output:
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
enter no to be searched3
number found
```

Code:

```
1)Square of a matrix
Code:
def FUN(A):
    for i in range(0,len(A)):
        for j in range(0,len(A[0])):
            A[i][j]=(A[i][j])**2
    return A
A=[[1,2],[2,3]]
print("The new matrix is",FUN(A))
Output:
The new matrix is [[1, 4], [4, 9]]
2)Transpose of a matrix:
Code:
def transpose(A):
    result=[[0,0,0],[0,0,0]]
    for i in range(len(A)):
        for j in range(len(A[0])):
            result[j][i]=A[i][j]
    for r in result:
        print(r)
A=[[1,2],[2,3],[3,4]]
transpose(A)
Output:
[1, 2, 3]
[2, 3, 4]
```

```
3)Add and subtract two matrices
Code:
X = [[12,7,3],
    [4,5,6],
    [7,8,9]]
Y = [[5,8,1],
    [6,7,3],
    [4,5,9]]
result = [[0,0,0],
         [0,0,0],
         [0,0,0]
def ADD(A,B):
    for i in range(len(X)):
        for j in range(len(X[0])):
            result[i][j] = X[i][j] + Y[i][j]
    return result
def SUB(A,B):
    for i in range(len(X)):
        for j in range(len(X[0])):
            result[i][j]=X[i][j]-Y[i][j]
    return result
print("The sum matrix is",ADD(X,Y))
print("The diff matrix is",SUB(X,Y))
output:
The sum matrix is [[17, 15, 4], [10, 12, 9], [11, 13, 18]]
The diff matrix is [[7, -1, 2], [-2, -2, 3], [3, 3, 0]]
4)Multiplication of 2 matrices
Code:
def MUL(X,Y):
    C=[[sum(a*b for a,b in zip(X_row,Y_col)) for Y_col in zip(*Y)] for X_row in X]
    return C
A=[[1,2],[2,3]]
B=[[1,2,3],[2,3,4]]
print("The resultant matrix is",MUL(A,B))
Output:
The resultant matrix is [[5, 8, 11], [8, 13, 18]]
```

```
1)Remove special characters and retain letter and numbers
Code:
str_raw=input("enter string with special characters")
str_new=[val for val in str_raw if val.isalnum()]
for i in str_new:
    print(i,end="")
Output:
enter string with special charactershello$#python77
hellopython77
2) Find odd and even numbers in a list and arrange them in ascending and descending
order respectively
Code:
list_num=[1,34,56,3,11,54,76,46,43,8,0,9]
odd=[num for num in list num if num%2!=0]
even=[num for num in list_num if num%2==0]
print("The list of odd numbers is",odd)
print("The list of even numbers is", even)
for i in range(0,len(odd)):
    for j in range(0,len(odd)-1):
        if(odd[j]>odd[j+1]):
            odd[j],odd[j+1]=odd[j+1],odd[j]
print("The sorted odd numbers list in ascending order is",odd)
for m in range(0,len(even)):
    for n in range(0,len(even)-1):
        if(even[n]<even[n+1]):</pre>
            even[n],even[n+1]=even[n+1],even[n]
print("The sorted even number list in descending order is", even)
Output:
The list of odd numbers is [1, 3, 11, 43, 9]
The list of even numbers is [34, 56, 54, 76, 46, 8, 0]
The sorted odd numbers list in ascending order is [1, 3, 9, 11, 43]
The sorted even number list in descending order is [76, 56, 54, 46, 34, 8, 0]
```

```
3)Addition of two matrices
Code:
X=[[1,2],[2,3]]
Y=[[2,3],[5,6]]
C=[[X[i][j] + Y[i][j]] for j in range(len(X[0]))] for i in range(len(X))]
print("The sum matrix is",C)
Output:
The sum matrix is [[3, 5], [7, 9]]
4) Multiply two matrices
Code:
def MUL(X,Y):
    C=[[sum(a*b for a,b in zip(X_row,Y_col)) for Y_col in zip(*Y)] for X_row in X]
    return C
A=[[1,2],[2,3]]
B=[[1,2,3],[2,3,4]]
print("The resultant matrix is",MUL(A,B))
Output:
The resultant matrix is [[5, 8, 11], [8, 13, 18]]
```

```
5)Bubble sort and selection sort
Code:
print("Bubble sorting")
a=[3,5,2,1,6,4]
for i in range(0,len(a)):
    for j in range (0,len(a)-1):
        if(a[j]>a[j+1]):
            a[j],a[j+1]=a[j+1],a[j]
print(a)
print("Selection sorting")
a=[2,5,4,6,1,3]
for i in range(len(a)):
    smallest=i
    for j in range(i+1,len(a)):
        if(a[j]<a[smallest]):</pre>
            smallest=j
    a[i],a[smallest]=a[smallest],a[i]
print(a)
Output:
Bubble sorting
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
Selection sorting
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
1)Concatenate 3 dictionaries and perform operations on them
Code:
dic1={1:10, 2:20}
dic2={3:30, 4:40}
dic3={5:50,6:60}
dic_add={}
dic add.update(dic1)
dic add.update(dic2)
dic add.update(dic3)
print("The concatenated dictionary is",dic_add)
print("The keys of the dictioanry are", dic add.keys())
print("The values of the dictionary are",dic_add.values())
print("The key-value pairs are",dic_add.items())
dic add.setdefault(7)
print(dic_add)
Output:
The concatenated dictionary is {1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}
The keys of the dictioanry are dict_keys([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
The values of the dictionary are dict_values([10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60])
The key-value pairs are dict_items([(1, 10), (2, 20), (3, 30), (4, 40), (5, 50), (6, 20), (6, 20), (6, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 20), (10, 2
60)])
{1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60, 7: None}
2) Generate and print a dictionary that contains a number (between 1 and n)
in the form (x, x*x)
Code:
n=int(input("Enter the number of terms of a dictionary"))
dict_sq={}
for i in range(1,n+1):
           dict sq[i]=i**2
print(dict_sq)
Output:
Enter the number of terms of a dictionary5
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25}
```

```
3)Sum of the values of a dictionary
Code:
n=int(input("enter no of students"))
dict_name={}
for i in range(1,n+1):
    name=input("enter name of student")
    mark=int(input("enter mark of student"))
    dict_name[name]=mark
print(dict_name)
print("The sum of the marks is", sum(dict_name.values()))
enter no of students5
enter name of studentsara
enter mark of student90
enter name of studentshreya
enter mark of student50
enter name of studentpriya
enter mark of student85
enter name of studentmeena
enter mark of student93
enter name of studentmadhuri
enter mark of student100
{'sara': 90, 'shreya': 50, 'pooja': 85, 'meena': 93, 'madhuri': 100}
The sum of the marks is 418
4) Merge two dictionaries
Code:
print("input data for d2")
for j in range(n):
    key2=input("Enter key element for d2")
    d2[key2]=int(input("Enter value"))
print(d2)
for i in d2:
    if i in d1:
        d1[i]=[d1[i],d2[i]]
```

```
else:
        d1.setdefault(i,d2[i])
print("merged dictionary is",d1)
Output:
enter number of terms for d13
enter number of terms for d24
Input data for d1
Enter key element for d1a
enter value200
Enter key element for d1b
enter value400
Enter key element for d1c
enter value500
{'a': 200, 'b': 400, 'c': 500}
input data for d2
Enter key element for d2a
Enter value200
Enter key element for d2b
Enter value500
Enter key element for d2d
Enter value300
Enter key element for d2c
Enter value100
{'a': 200, 'b': 500, 'd': 300, 'c': 100}
merged dictionary is {'a': [200, 200], 'b': [400, 500], 'c': [500, 100], 'd': 300}
```

```
5)Combine two dictionaries by adding values of common keys
Code:

d1={'a':100,'b':200,'c':300}
d2={'a':300,'b':200,'d':400}
for i in d1:
    if i in d2:
        d2[i]+=d1[i]
    else:
        d2.setdefault(i,d1[i])
print("Counter(",d2,")")
```

Output:

```
Counter( {'a': 400, 'b': 400, 'd': 400, 'c': 300} )
```