Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

1. Why do analysts use comments In R programming? Select all that apply. **1 / 1 point**

- [x] To explain their code

  Correct
  In R programming, comments are used to explain your code and to make an R Script more readable.

- [ ] To provide names for variables
- [ ] To act as functions
- [x] To make an R Script more readable

  Correct
  In R programming, comments are used to explain your code and to make an R Script more readable.

2. What should you use to assign a value to a variable in R? **1 / 1 point**

- ( ) An argument
- ( ) A comment
- (•) An operator
- ( ) A vector

  Correct
  You should use an operator to assign a value to a variable in R. You should use operators such as <- after a variable to assign a value to it.

3. Which of the following examples is the proper syntax for a function in R? **1 / 1 point**

- ( ) data_1
- ( ) #first
- ( ) <- 20
- (•) print()

  Correct
  An example of the syntax for a function in R is print(). If you add an argument in the parentheses for the print() function, the argument will appear in the console pane of RStudio.

4. Which of the following examples can you use in R for date/time data? Select all that apply. **1 / 1 point**

- [x] `2019-04-16`

  Correct
  The examples of types of date/time data that you can use in R are `06:11:13 UTC`, `2019-04-16`, and `2018-12-21 16:35:28 UTC`. R recognizes the syntax of each of these formats as a date/time data type.

- [x] `2018-12-21 16:35:28 UTC`

  Correct
  The examples of types of date/time data that you can use in R are `06:11:13 UTC`, `2019-04-16`, and `2018-12-21 16:35:28 UTC`. R recognizes the syntax of each of these formats as a date/time data type.

- [ ] `seven-24-2018`
- [x] `06:11:13 UTC`

  Correct
  The examples of types of date/time data that you can use in R are `06:11:13 UTC`, `2019-04-16`, and `2018-12-21 16:35:28 UTC`. R recognizes the syntax of each of these formats as a date/time data type.