

LAB 2 : INfix to POSTfix

- Q. Write a program to convert a given infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h> ✓
#include <string.h> ✓
#define MAX 100
char st[MAX];
int top = -1;
void push (char st[], char);
char pop (char st[]);
void InfixtoPostfix (char source[], char target[]);
int getPriority (char);
int main ()
{
    char infix[100], postfix[100];
    printf ("\n Enter any infix expression: ");
    gets (infix);
    strcpy (postfix, " ");
    InfixtoPostfix (infix, postfix);
    printf ("\n The corresponding postfix expression is: ");
    puts (postfix);
    getch ();
    return 0;
}
void InfixtoPostfix (char source[], char Target[])
{
    int i=0, j=0;
    char temp;
```

```
strcpy(target, " ");
while (source[i] != '\0')
{
    if (source[i] == '(')
    {
        push(st, source[i]);
        i++;
    }
    else if (source[i] == ')')
    {
        while ((top) != -1) && (st[top] != '(')
        {
            target[j] = pop(st);
            j++;
        }
        if (top == -1)
        {
            printf("n INCORRECT EXPRESSION");
            exit(1);
        }
        temp = pop(st); // remove left parenthesis
        i++;
    }
    else if (isdigit(source[i]) || isalpha(source[i]))
    {
        target[j] = source[i];
        j++;
        i++;
    }
    else if (source[i] == '+' || source[i] == '-' || source[i] == '*' || source[i] == '/' || source[i] == '%')
    {
        while ((top) != -1) && (st[top]) == '(' && (getPriority(st[top])) > getPriority(source[i]))
        {
            target[j] = pop(st);
            j++;
        }
        push(st, source[i]);
    }
}
```

{ if  
    while

{

    target[i] = pop(st);  
    i++;

}

    push(st, source[i]);  
    i++;

}

else

{

    printf("\n INCORRECT ELEMENT IN EXPRESSION");

    exit(1);

}

    while ((top != -1) && (st[top] != '('))

{

        target[j] = pop(st);

        j++;

}

    target[j] = '\0';

{

    int getPriority(char op)

{

        if (op == '/' || op == '\*' || op == '%')

            return 1;

        else if (op == '+' || op == '-')

            return 0;

}

    void push(char st[], char val)

{

        if (top == MAX - 1)

            printf("\n STACK OVERFLOW");

        else

            top++;

            st[top] = val;

}

char pop (char st [])

{

    char val = ' ';

    if (top == -1)

        printf ("IN STOCK UNDERFLOW");

    else

    {

        val = st [top];

        top--;

}

    return val;

}

off  
Enter any infix expression : A+B-C\*D

The corresponding postfix expression is : AB+CD\*-

LAB 3(a): LINEAR QUEUE

- Q WAP to simulate the working of a queue of integers using array. Provided operators
- (a) Insert
  - (b) delete
  - (c) display

Also, for queue empty & overflow cond. message

```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
# define MAX 10
```

```
int queue[MAX];
```

```
int front = -1, rear = -1;
```

```
void insert(void);
```

```
void delete(void);
```

```
void display(void);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int option, val;
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\n ***** MAIN MENU *****");
```

```
        printf("\n 1. Insert an element");
```

```
        printf("\n 2. Delete an element");
```

```
        printf("\n 3. Display the queue");
```

```
        printf("\n 4. EXIT");
```

```
        printf("\n Enter your option:");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &option);
```

```
        switch(option)
```

```
        {
```

```
            case 1: insert();
```

```
            break;
```

do switch)

(case 2 : val = "delete ()";

if (val != -1)

printf ("\n The number deleted is: %d", val);

break);

case 2 : delete();

break;

case 3 : display();

break;

}

} while (option != 4);

getch();

return 0;

void insert()

int num;

printf ("\nEnter the number to be inserted in the queue: ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

if (rear == MAX - 1)

printf ("\n OVERFLOW");

else if (front == -1 && rear == -1)

front = rear = 0;

else

rear ++;

queue[rear] = num;

int delete()

int val;

if (front == -1) (empty queue)

printf ("\n UNDERFLOW");

return -1;

else printf ("The number deleted is: %d", queue[front]);

front ++;

7 X

```
if (front > rear)
    front = rear = -1;
    return -1;
}

void display()
{
    int i;
    printf ("\n");
    if (front == -1 || front > rear)
        printf ("\n Queue is EMPTY");
    else
    {
        for (i = front; i <= rear; i++)
            printf ("%d", queue[i]);
    }
}
```

## O/P

### MAIN MENU

1. Insert an element
2. Delete an element
3. Display the queue
4. EXIT

Enter your option : 1

Enter the no. to be inserted in the queue : 90

### MAIN MENU

1. Insert an element
2. Delete an element
3. Display an element
4. EXIT

Enter your option : 2

The number deleted is : 90

## Circular Queue

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### LAB(Sb) CIRCULAR QUEUE

Q WAP to simulate the working of a queue of integer using Array. Considered operations:

(a) Insert

(b) Delete

(c) Display

Also, for queue empty & overflow send message.

```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
# define MAX 10
```

```
int queue [MAX];
```

```
int front = -1, rear = -1;
```

```
void insert (void);
```

```
int delete (void);
```

```
void display (void);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

~~int option, val;~~~~do~~~~{~~

```
if (mainf ("MAINMENU\n1. Insert\n2. Delete\n\n3. Display\n4. Exit\nEnter your option:"));
```

```
scanf ("%d", &option);
```

```
switch (option) {
```

```
case 1: insert ()
```

```
break;
```

```
case 2: val = delete ();
```

```
if (val != -1)
```

```
printf ("The number deleted is %d", val);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 3: display ();
```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
} while (option != 4);
```

```
getch ();
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

void insert ()

```
{ int num;
    cout << "Enter the number to be inserted: ";
    cin >> num;
    if (front == 0 && rear == MAX - 1)
        cout << "Overflow";
    else if (front == -1 && rear == -1)
        front = rear = 0;
        queue[rear] = num;
    else if (front == 0 && rear == MAX - 1)
        rear = 0;
        queue[rear] = num;
    else
        rear++;
    queue[rear] = num;
}
```

int delete ()

```
{ int val;
    if (front == -1 && rear == -1)
        cout << "UNDERFLOW";
    else
        val = queue[front];
    if (front == rear)
        front = rear = -1;
    else
        if (front == MAX - 1)
            front = 0;
        else
            front++;
    return val;
}
```

```

void display()
{
    int i;
    printf ("\n");
    if (front == -1 & & rear == -1)
        printf ("Queue is empty");
    else
    {
        if (front < rear)
        {
            for(i=front ; i <=rear ; i++)
                printf ("%d", queue[i]);
        }
        else
        {
            for (i=front ; i < MAX ; i++)
                printf ("%d", queue[i]);
            for (i=rear ; i >=front ; i--)
                printf ("%d", queue[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

Q1

MAIN MENU  
 1. Insert  
 2. Delete  
 3. Display  
 4. EXIT

Enter your option : 1

Enter the element which is to be inserted : 90

MAIN MENU  
 1. Insert  
 2. Delete  
 3. Display  
 4. EXIT

Enter your option : 2

@~~Enter~~ the number deleted is : 90

MAIN MENU  
 1. Insert  
 2. Delete  
 3. Display  
 4. EXIT

Enter your option : 3

@~~Enter~~ Queue is Empty.

*Q1*  
*01/01/2024*