

- 14) If the transformation  $u(x, t) = e^x v(x, t)$  reduces the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u = 9 \text{ to the equation } \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} = 9 \text{ f (x) then f(x) equals}$$

- a)  $-e^{-x}$                       b)  $e^{-x}$                       c)  $-2e^{-x}$                       d)  $2e^{-x}$

- 15) The value of  $\alpha$  for which the system of equations

$$x - y - 3z = 3$$

$$2x + z = 0$$

$$-2y - 7z = \alpha$$

has a solution is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 16) The value of the line integral  $\frac{2}{\pi} \oint_{\gamma} (-y^3 dx + x^3 dy)$ , where  $\gamma$  is the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  oriented counter clockwise, is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 17) Let  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  be two linearly independent solutions of the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 0, x > 0$ . If  $y_1(x) = x^2$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y_2(x)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 18) If  $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $P = (v_1, v_2, v_3)$  is the matrix where  $v_1, v_2$  and  $v_3$  are linearly independent eigenvector of the matrix  $Q$ , then the sum of the absolute values of all the elements of the matrix  $P^{-1}QP$

- a) 6                      b) 10                      c) 14                      d) 22

- 19) If  $P(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  is the polynomial obtained by Lagrange interpolation satisfying  $P(0) = -8, P(1) = -7, P(2) = -6$  and  $P(4) = 20$  then the value of  $a + b + c$  is

- a) 1                      b) 3                      c) 5                      d) 7

- 20) The number of critical points of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x - 12y$  at which there is neither maximum nor minimum is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 21) Let  $I = \frac{10^5 i}{2\pi} \oint_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{(z-4)(z'-1)}$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$  and  $\gamma$  is the circle  $z = 2$  oriented counter clockwise. Then, the value of  $I$  rounded off to one decimal place
- 22) For stable equilibrium of a floating body, which one of the following statements is correct?
- Centre of gravity must be located below the centre of buoyancy.
  - Centre of buoyancy must be located below the centre of gravity.
  - Metacentre must be located below the centre of gravity.
  - Centre of gravity must be located below the metacentre.
- 23) If  $u$  and  $v$  are the velocity components in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions respectively, the  $z$ -component of vorticity  $\omega_z$  at a point in a flow field is
- $\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$
  - $\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$
  - $\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$
  - $\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$
- 24) In which one of the following devices the difference between static and total pressure is used to determine the flow velocity?
- Piezometer
  - Pitot static tube
  - Orificemeter
  - Venturimeter
- 25) A golf ball is dimpled to make the flow turbulent and consequently to reduce the drag. Turbulent flow reduces the drag on the golf ball because
- skin friction coefficient is lower in a turbulent flow.
  - skin friction coefficient is higher in a turbulent flow.
  - turbulent flow has a lower tendency to separate.
  - turbulent flow has a higher tendency to separate.
- 26) For a steady laminar incompressible boundary layer flow over a sharp-edged flat plate at zero incidence,
- the edge of the boundary layer is a streamline.
  - the edge of the boundary layer is a pathline.
  - the skin friction coefficient decreases as the distance from the leading edge increases.
  - the skin friction coefficient remains constant all along the plate.