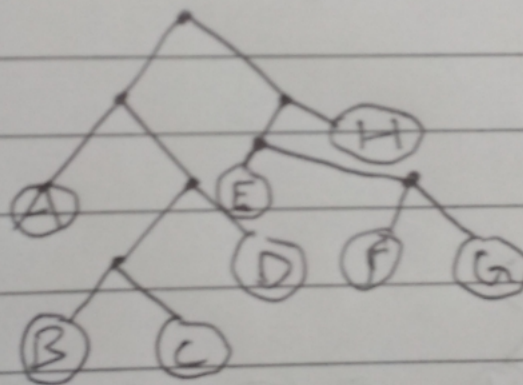


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a)

A = 0000	E = 100
B = 0001	F = 101
C = 001	G = 110
D = 01	H = 111

b)



c)

next page

- c) We create a tree, where each node is identified by a label, and can be determined as a leaf node based on its frequency, which is the sum of its children's for an internal node. Using a min priority queue to store the characters:

$$(G, f_G = 1/40)$$

$$(H, f_H = 2/40)$$

$$(A, f_A = 3/40)$$

$$(I, f_I = 4/40)$$

$$(F, f_F = 5/40)$$

$$(B, f_B = 6/40)$$

$$(E, f_E = 9/40)$$

$$(D, f_D = 10/40)$$

Algorithm: For $\log_2 n$ till the queue is not empty take 2 elements and create a parent whose frequency is the sum of its children

i) Priority Queue / Corresponding Tree

$$(H, f_H = 2/40)$$

$$(A, f_A = 3/40)$$

$$(I, f_I = 4/40)$$

$$(F, f_F = 5/40)$$

$$(B, f_B = 6/40)$$

$$(E, f_E = 9/40)$$

$$(D, f_D = 10/40)$$

ii) Queue

$$(I, f_I = 4/40)$$

$$(F, f_F = 5/40)$$

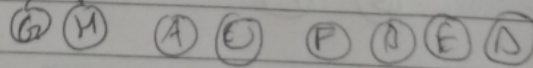
$$(B, f_B = 6/40)$$

$$(E, f_E = 9/40)$$

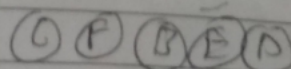
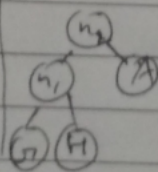
$$(D, f_D = 10/40)$$

$$(G, f_G = 1/40)$$

$$(H, f_H = 2/40)$$



Tree



iii)

Queue

$(n_2, f_{n_2} = 6/40)$

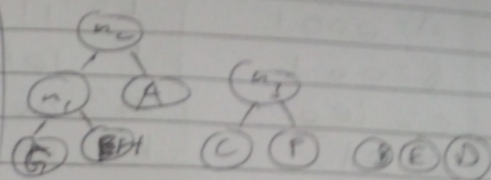
$(B, f_B = 6/40)$

$(n_3, f_{n_3} = 9/40)$

$(E, f_E = 9/40)$

$(D, f_D = 10/40)$

Tree



iv)

Queue

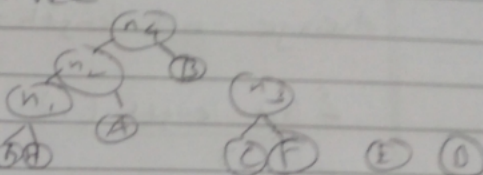
$(n_3, f_{n_3} = 9/40)$

$(E, f_E = 9/40)$

$(D, f_D = 10/40)$

$(n_4, f_{n_4} = 12/40)$

Tree



v)

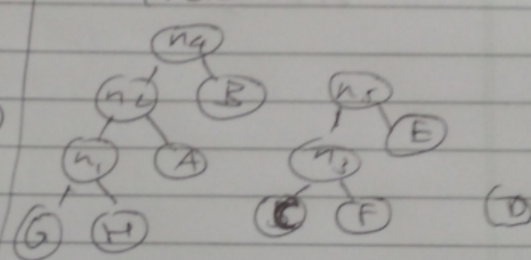
Queue

$(D, f_D = 10/40)$

$(n_4, f_{n_4} = 12/40)$

$(n_5, f_{n_5} = 18/40)$

Tree



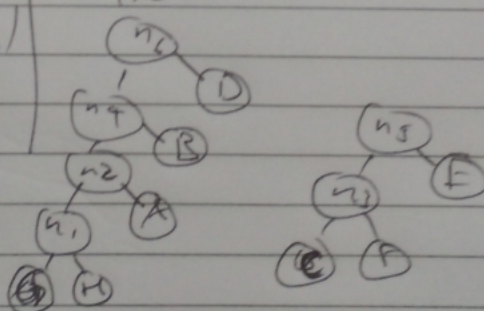
vi)

Queue

$(n_5, f_{n_5} = 18/40)$

$(n_6, f_{n_6} = 22/40)$

Tree

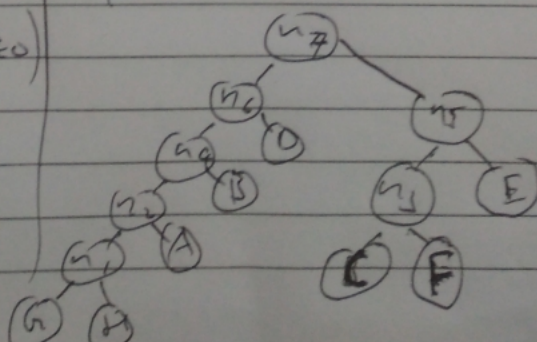


vii)

Queue

$(n_7, f_{n_7} = 40/40)$

Tree



d) Bit lengths :

A = 0001

E = 11

B = 001

F = 101

C = 100

G = 00000

D = 01

H = 00001

Average bit length =

$\sum \text{Bit length}(i) \text{ for } i \in \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H\}$

$$= (4 + 3 + 3 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 5 + 5) / 8$$

$$= 3.375$$