PPL Quiz 4 11/9/2020

PPL Quiz 4

Total points 15/18



Write your name and ID correctly.

There are 18 questions in this quiz (to be normalized to 6 marks). Each question carries 1 mark. The total time duration for the quiz is 30 minutes. Answer the questions and submit your responses.

The respondent's email address (f20181119@pilani.bits-pilani.ac.in) was recorded on submission of this form.

0 of 0 points

Name *

Shreyas Bhat Kera

BITS ID *

2018A7PS1119P

Questions 1-18 15 of 18 points

Choose the most appropriate answer

 \times The Correct parenthesis of the following lambda expression is (λ n . λ f . λ 0/1 x.f (n f x)) (λ g. λ y.g y) Choose the most appropriate answer

(λ n . (λ f . (λ x . f (n f x)))) (λ g . (λ y . (g y)))

X

- $(\lambda n.(\lambda f.(\lambda x.f(nfx))(\lambda g.(\lambda y.(gy)))))$
- $(\lambda n.(\lambda f).(\lambda x).f(nfx))(\lambda g.(\lambda y).gy)$
- $(\lambda n.(\lambda f.(\lambda x.(f((n f) x)))))(\lambda g.(\lambda y.(g y)))$
- None of these

Correct answer

(λ n . (λ f .(λ x . (f ((n f) x))))) (λ g . (λ y . (g y)))

In order to reduce (λ x. (λ y . (λ f . f x) y)) (f y). we have to evaluate (λ y . (λ 1/1 f.fx) y)[x->fy]Which of the following is the most correct answer for the above substitution?

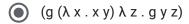
- $(\lambda y.(\lambda f.f(fy))y)$
- (λ z . (λ g . g (f y)) z)

- $(\lambda y . (\lambda g . g (f y)) y)$
- $(\lambda z . (\lambda f . f (f y)) z)$
- None of these

None of these

| \checkmark K = λ ab.a; M=λ f.f f; I = λ a.a .Which of the following is logically equivalent to K I M? | 1/1 |
|---|----------|
| O M | |
| | ~ |
| ○ KI | |
| (λ a.a) (λ a.a) | |
| None of these | |
| | |
| \checkmark Which of the following is true for x (λ x.x) w y | 1/1 |
| One of the x is free variable | ~ |
| Both the x are bound | |
| It is same as x (λ y.y) y w | |
| O It is same as g (λ g.g) w y | |

✓ After Carrying out the following substitutions $(x (\lambda x . x y) \lambda z . x y z)[x->g]$ 1/1 the most appropriate answer is





- $(f(\lambda g.gy)\lambda z.xyz)$
- $(g(\lambda g.gy)\lambda z.xyz)$
- $(x (\lambda x.xy) \lambda z.gyz)$
- None of these

✓ After Carrying out the following substitutions($\lambda x . \lambda y . f x y$)[y->x] the 1/1 most appropriate answer is

- $(\lambda x . \lambda y . f x x)$
- (λ z . λ y . f z x)
- $(\lambda x . \lambda g . f x g)$



- $(\lambda x . \lambda y . f y y)$
- None of these

| ✓ After Carrying out the following substitutions (($λx.fx$) $λf.fx$)[f->ς the most appropriate answer is | g x] 1/1 |
|---|----------|
| ((λ x . (g x) x) λ f . f x) | |
| ((λ x . (g x) x) λ f . (g x) x) | |
| ((λ z . (g x) z) λ f . (g x) z) | |
| ((λ z . (g x) z) λ f . f x) | ✓ |
| None of these | |
| | |
| \checkmark Which are the free variables for expression $\lambda x . x y \lambda z . x z$ | 1/1 |
| Only y | ✓ |
| Only z | |
| y and x | |
| x, y and z | |
| None of these | |
| | |
| \checkmark Which are the free variables for expression x λ x . x | 1/1 |
| X | ✓ |
| None of the occurrence of is free | |
| Both the occurrences of x are free | |
| This is not a valid lambda expression | |
| | |

| ~ | Which are the free variables for expression $\lambdax.xy\lambdax.yx$ | 1/1 |
|----------|--|----------|
| | x and y All occurrences of y are free One occurrence of x and all the occurrences of y are free None of the above | ✓ |
| | Which are the free variables for expression (λ x . x y) λ z . w λ w . w z y x | 1/1 |
| 0 | x, y, z and w y, w, x | ✓ |
| 0 | y and w only y | |
| O | None of these | |
| ~ | Which are the free variables for expression x λ z . x λ w . w z y | 1/1 |
| | x, y x, y ,z | ✓ |
| C | x, y, z, w only x | |
| C | None of these | |

| \mathbf{X} What is the most reduced form of $(\lambda \times . \times \times \times)$ $(\lambda \times . \times \times)$ | 0/1 |
|--|-------------|
| (λ x . x x x) | |
| (λ x . x x x) (λ x . x x x) | × |
| (λ x . x x x) (λ x . x x x) (λ x . x x x) | |
| (λ x . x x x) | |
| None of these | |
| Correct answer | |
| (λ x . x x x) | |
| | |
| \checkmark Is ((λ x . x (λ y . x y z y) x) x y) equivalent to ((λ y . y (λ k . y k z k) y) y | / k) ? 1/1 |
| Yes | |
| No | ✓ |
| Can't Say | |
| | |
| \checkmark C= λ fab.fba , K = λ ab.a , M= λ f.f f , I = λ a.a What is the most reduce of CKMI ? | ed form 1/1 |
| ○ KMI | |
| I | ✓ |
| O M | |
| ○ к | |
| | |

!

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| ✓ What is the most reduced form after beta -reduction of (λx. xx) ((λy.y) 1/1 (λz.z)) using call-by-value |
|--|
| It does not terminate/ Stack overflow |
| (λ z.z) (λz.z) |
| (λz.z) |
| (λy.y)(λz.z) |
| \times S = λ xyz.(xz) (yz), I = λ x.x, What is SII after call by value beta-reduction 0/1 |
| λ z.z z |
| O z |
| (yz) |
| (λ y.y z |
| Correct answer |
| λ z.z z |
| What is the most reduced form of the call by name beta -reduction of ($λ$ 1/1 x.y) (($λ$ y.y y)($λ$ y.y y)) |
| goes in the loop / Stack overflow |
| (lambda x.y) ((lambda y.y y)(lambda y.y y)) |
| |
| lambda x.y |
| |

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