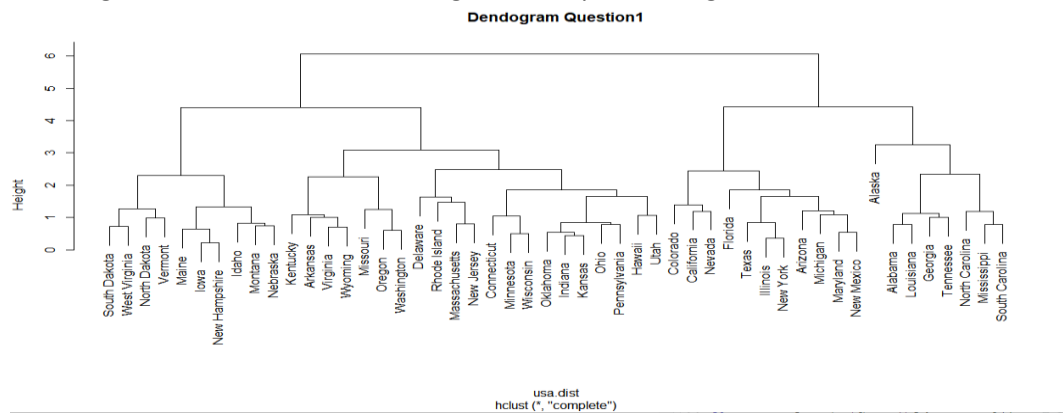


Question 2

- Dendrogram of Hierarchical clustering with complete linkage.



- State belonging to group for USA Arrest Data.

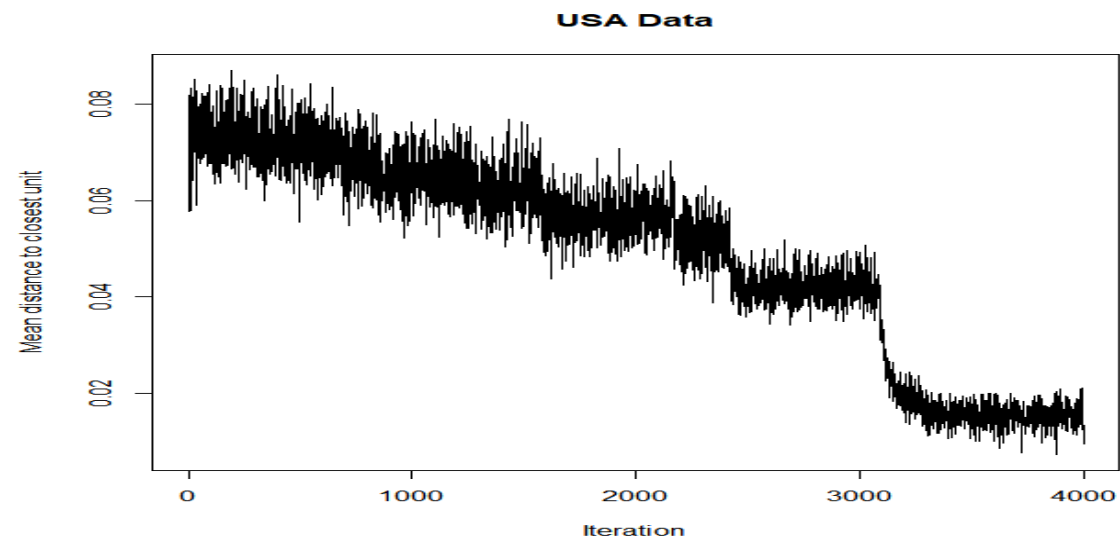
```
> groups.3=cutree(usa.hclust,3)
> groups.3
```

Alabama	1	Alaska	1	Arizona	2	Arkansas	3	California	2	Colorado	2
Connecticut	3	Delaware	3	Florida	2	Georgia	1	Hawaii	3	Idaho	3
Illinois	2	Indiana	3	Iowa	2	Kansas	3	Kentucky	3	Louisiana	1
Maine	3	Maryland	2	Massachusetts	3	Michigan	2	Minnesota	3	Mississippi	1
Missouri	3	Montana	3	Nebraska	3	Nevada	2	New Hampshire	3	New Jersey	3
New Mexico	2	New York	3	North Carolina	1	North Dakota	3	Ohio	3	Oklahoma	3
Oregon	3	Pennsylvania	3	Rhode Island	3	South Carolina	1	South Dakota	3	Tennessee	1
Texas	2	Utah	3	Vermont	3	Virginia	3	Washington	3	West Virginia	3
Wisconsin	3	Wyoming	3								

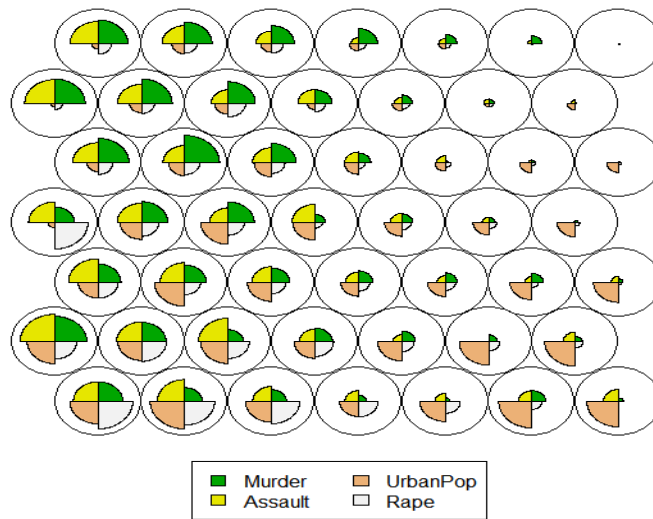
- No of elements in a cluster for hierarchical clustering.

```
> table(groups.3)
groups.3
 1  2  3
 8 11 31
```

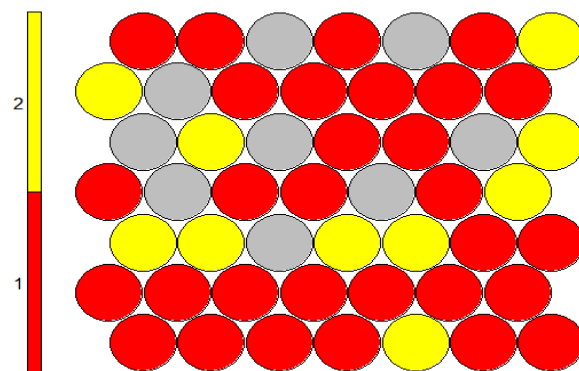
- SOM algorithm on USA arrest Data for rlen =4000 and grid size 7 * 7



USA Data

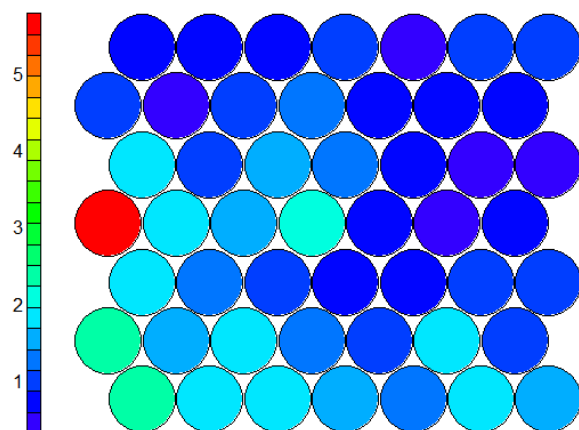


Counts plot

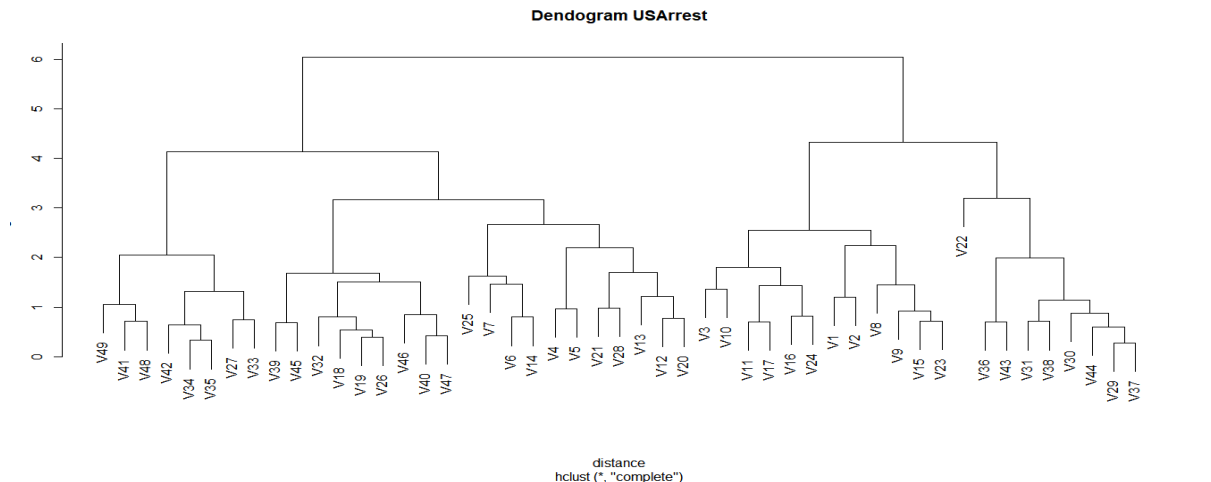


- U- Matrix for the Data.

Neighbour distance plot



- Dendrogram of complete linkage for SOM of USArrest data

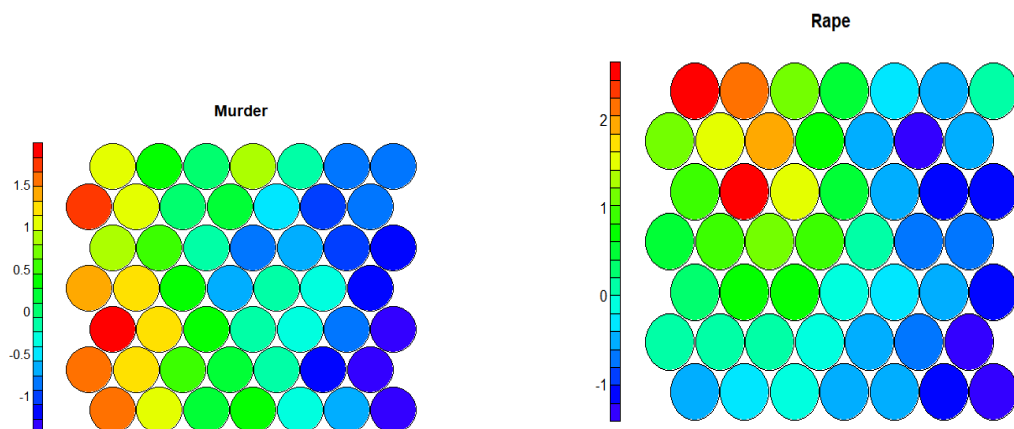


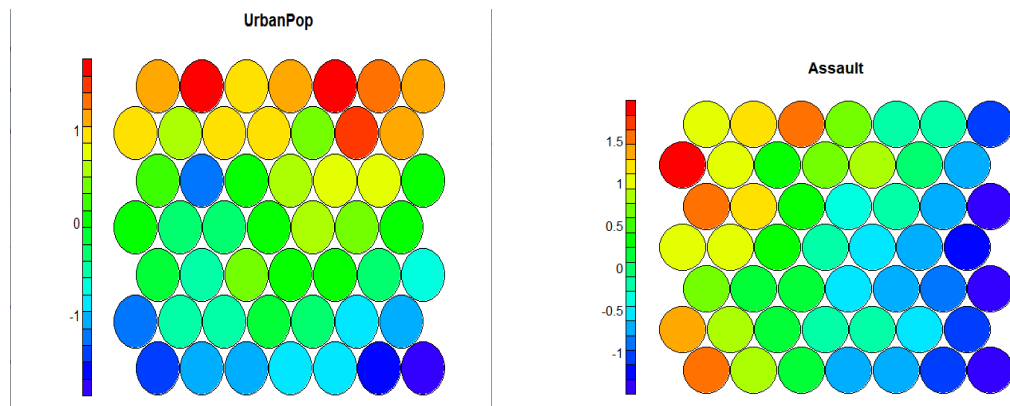
- Cutting the dendrogram to 3 clusters, we get,

```
> groupsom.3
V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6 V7 V8 V9 V10 V11 V12 V13 V14 V15 V16 V17 V18 V19 V20 V21 V22 V23 V24 V25
1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 2
V26 V27 V28 V29 V30 V31 V32 V33 V34 V35 V36 V37 V38 V39 V40 V41 V42 V43 V44 V45 V46 V47 V48 V49
2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2
> table(groupsom.3)
groupsom.3
1 2 3
12 28 9
> |

> rownames(usa)[groupsom.3==1]
[1] "Alabama" "Alaska" "Arizona" "Delaware" "Florida" "Georgia"
[7] "Hawaii" "Iowa" "Kansas" "Kentucky" "Minnesota" "Mississippi"
[13] "Wyoming"
> rownames(usa)[groupsom.3==2]
[1] "Arkansas" "California" "Colorado" "Connecticut" "Idaho"
[6] "Illinois" "Indiana" "Louisiana" "Maine" "Maryland"
[11] "Massachusetts" "Missouri" "Montana" "Nebraska" "Nevada"
[16] "New York" "North Carolina" "North Dakota" "Ohio" "Rhode Island"
[21] "South Carolina" "South Dakota" "Tennessee" "Vermont" "Virginia"
[26] "Washington" "West Virginia" "Wisconsin"
> rownames(usa)[groupsom.3==3]
[1] "Michigan" "New Hampshire" "New Jersey" "New Mexico" "Oklahoma" "Oregon"
[7] "Pennsylvania" "Texas" "Utah"
> |
```

- Maps for Crimes Like Rape, Assault, Urban Pop, Murder





- We can conclude from the plot that group 1 with states like Alabama, Alaska etc as shown in above figure have highest murder, Rape and Assault cases in Case of SOM maps
- Group 2 has intermediate murder, Rape and Assault cases in case of SOM maps
- Group 3 has lowest murder, Rape and Assault cases in case of SOM maps.

c) We can conclude that SOM is better than hierarchical clustering for high dimensional data.
We