The main idea of this lab exercise to give hands on experiance on grep

constructs

command line arguments

1. write a shell script to get value the pattern and file name from the user and check the pattern exists or not. If the pattern exists print the relavent

message, if pattern not found print relevent message.



2. Modify the above script to pass the arguments from command line arguments.

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ vi prob1.sh

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ ./prob1.sh Shreyas test.txt
Pattern found!
```

3. Modify the above script to pass the values inside the script.

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ vi prob1.sh

(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ ./prob1.sh
Pattern found!
```

- 4. validate the script (script 1, script 2)
 - the file exists or not

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ vi prob2.sh

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ ./prob2.sh Shreyas test.txt
File found
```

5. Apply grep commands

Note: Make sure to use the options -e -c -n -q -s -f -A -B -C -i -h, -l -o -w

Frame the questions (as per your choice)

to extract user information

to extract network information

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop/Shreyas]
$ cat /etc/resolv.conf | sed -n '3p'
nameserver 192.168.71.2
```

to extract login details