

Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define INF 9999
#define MAX 100

int main() {
    int cost[MAX][MAX], visited[MAX] = {0};
    int n, i, j, min, u, v, ne = 1, total_cost = 0;

    printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter the cost adjacency matrix (use %d for no edge):\n", INF);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d", &cost[i][j]);

    visited[0] = 1;

    while (ne < n) {
        min = INF;
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (visited[i]) {
                for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                    if (!visited[j] && cost[i][j] < min) {
                        min = cost[i][j];
                        u = i;
                        v = j;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        ne++;
        total_cost += min;
        visited[v] = 1;
    }

    printf("Minimum Cost Spanning Tree: %d", total_cost);
}
```

```

        }
    }
}

if (!visited[v]) {
    printf("Edge %d: (%d -> %d) cost = %d\n", ne++, u, v, min);
    total_cost += min;
    visited[v] = 1;
}

cost[u][v] = cost[v][u] = INF;
}

printf("Minimum cost = %d\n", total_cost);

return 0;
}

```

Output

```

Enter the number of vertices: 2
Enter the cost adjacency matrix (use 9999 for no edge):
2
3
3
3
Edge 1: (0 -> 1) cost = 3
Minimum cost = 3

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```