

Large Factorial

Hashmap solution :

The idea is to create a hashmap where each ~~to~~ index no. will represent its factorial value. eg

1	1	2	6	24	← factorial values
0	1	2	3	4	← no.

Traverse the array to find max ~~num~~ number. So, that we can create an array Hashmap of size max number.

While observing above figure we get that

$arr[i] = i \times arr[i-1]$ i.e factorial for each index.

Now, traverse the given array & find factorial of its number at index position of factorial array

$$a[i] = \text{factorial_array}[a[i]]$$