```
#include <iostream>
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <time.h>
using namespace std;
int x1, x2, yc1, y2;
int flag = 0;
void draw pixel(int x, int y)
        glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
        glBegin(GL POINTS);
        glVertex2i(x, y);
        glEnd();
        glFlush();
}
void draw line()
{
        int dx, dy, i, e;
        int incx, incy, inc1, inc2;
        int x, y;
        dx = x2 - x1;
        dy = y2 - yc1;
        if (dx < 0) dx = -dx;
        if (dy < 0) dy = -dy;
        incx = 1;
        if (x2 < x1)
                 incx = -1;
        incy = 1;
        if (y2 < yc1)
                incy = -1;
        x = x1;
        y = yc1;
        if (dx > dy)
        {
                 draw pixel(x, y);
                 e = \overline{2} * dy - dx;
                 inc1 = 2 * (dy - dx);
                 inc2 = 2 * dy;
                 for (i = 0; i < dx; i++)
                          if (e > 0)
                                  y += incy;
                                  e += inc1;
                          }
                          else
                                  e += inc2;
                          x += incx;
                          draw pixel(x, y);
                 }
        }
        else
        {
                 draw pixel(x, y);
                 e = 2 * dx - dy;
```

```
inc1 = 2 * (dx - dy);
                 inc2 = 2 * dx;
                 for (i = 0; i < dy; i++)
                         if (e > 0)
                         {
                                  x += incx;
                                  e += inc1;
                         }
                         else
                                  e += inc2;
                         y += incy;
                         draw_pixel(x, y);
        glFlush();
}
void myinit()
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        gluOrtho2D(-250, 250, -250, 250);
void MyMouse(int button, int state, int x, int y)
{
        switch (button)
        case GLUT LEFT BUTTON:
                 if (state == GLUT DOWN)
                 {
                         if (flag == 0)
                         {
                                  printf("Defining x1,y1");
                                  x1 = x - 250;
                                  yc1 = 250 - y;
                                  flag++;
                                  cout << x1 << " " << yc1 << " \n";
                         }
                         else
                         {
                                  printf("Defining x2, y2");
                                  x2 = x - 250;
                                  y2 = 250 - y;
                                  flag = 0;
                                  cout << x2 << " " << y2 << " \n";
                                  draw line();
                         }
                 }
                break;
        }
void display()
```

```
{ }
int main(int ac, char* av[])
        /*
        //FOR KEYBOARD
        cout<<"X1\n";
        cin>>x1;
        cout << "Y1 \n";
        cin>>yc1;
        cout << "X2 \n";
        cin>>x2;
        cout<<"Y2\n";
        cin>>y2;
        //END KEYBOARD
        */
        glutInit(&ac, av);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 200);
        glutCreateWindow("LINE");
        myinit();
        glutMouseFunc(MyMouse); //INCLUDE TO USE MOUSE, REMOVE WHILE
USING KEYBOARD
        //draw line(); //INCLUDE TO USE KEYBOARD, REMOVE WHILE USING
MOUSE
        glutDisplayFunc(display);
        glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<gl/glut.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int xc, yc, r;
int rx, ry, xce, yce;
void draw circle(int xc, int yc, int x, int y)
        glBegin(GL POINTS);
        glVertex2i(xc + x, yc + y);
        glVertex2i(xc - x, yc + y);
        glVertex2i(xc + x, yc - y);
        glVertex2i(xc - x, yc - y);
        glVertex2i(xc + y, yc + x);
        glVertex2i(xc - y, yc + x);
        glVertex2i(xc + y, yc - x);
        glVertex2i(xc - y, yc - x);
        glEnd();
}
void circlebres()
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        int x = 0, y = r;
        int d = 3 - 2 * r;
        while (x \le y)
                draw circle(xc, yc, x, y);
                x++;
                if (d < 0)
                        d = d + 4 * x + 6;
                else
                {
                         y--;
                         d = d + 4 * (x - y) + 10;
                draw circle(xc, yc, x, y);
        glFlush();
}
int p1 x, p2 x, p1 y, p2 y;
int point1 done = 0;
void myMouseFunccircle(int button, int state, int x, int y)
        if (button == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN &&
point1 done == 0)
                p1 x = x - 250;
                p1 y = 250 - y;
                point1 done = 1;
        else if (button == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN)
                p2 x = x - 250;
                p2 y = 250 - y;
                xc = p1_x;
                yc = p1 y;
                float exp = (p2_x - p1_x) * (p2_x - p1_x) + (p2_y - p1_x)
```

```
p1_y) * (p2_y - p1_y);
                r = (int)(sqrt(exp));
                circlebres();
                point1 done = 0;
        }
}
void draw ellipse(int xce, int yce, int x, int y)
{
        glBegin(GL POINTS);
        glVertex2i(x + xce, y + yce);
        glVertex2i(-x + xce, y + yce);
        glVertex2i(x + xce, -y + yce);
        glVertex2i(-x + xce, -y + yce);
        glEnd();
void midptellipse()
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        float dx, dy, d1, d2, x, y;
        x = 0;
        y = ry;
        // Initial decision parameter of region 1
        d1 = (ry * ry) - (rx * rx * ry) +
                (0.25 * rx * rx);
        dx = 2 * ry * ry * x;
        dy = 2 * rx * rx * y;
        // For region 1
        while (dx < dy)
        {
                // Print points based on 4-way symmetry
                draw ellipse(xce, yce, x, y);
                // Checking and updating value of
                // decision parameter based on algorithm
                if (d1 < 0)
                {
                        x++;
                        dx = dx + (2 * ry * ry);
                        d1 = d1 + dx + (ry * ry);
                }
                else
                {
                        x++;
                        y--;
                        dx = dx + (2 * ry * ry);
                        dy = dy - (2 * rx * rx);
                        d1 = d1 + dx - dy + (ry * ry);
                }
        }
```

```
// Decision parameter of region 2
        d2 = ((ry * ry) * ((x + 0.5) * (x + 0.5))) +
                ((rx * rx) * ((y - 1) * (y - 1))) -
                (rx * rx * ry * ry);
        // Plotting points of region 2
        while (y >= 0)
                // Print points based on 4-way symmetry
                draw ellipse(xce, yce, x, y);
                // Checking and updating parameter
                // value based on algorithm
                if (d2 > 0)
                {
                        y--;
                        dy = dy - (2 * rx * rx);
                        d2 = d2 + (rx * rx) - dy;
                }
                else
                {
                        y--;
                        x++;
                        dx = dx + (2 * ry * ry);
                        dy = dy - (2 * rx * rx);
                        d2 = d2 + dx - dy + (rx * rx);
                }
        glFlush();
int ple x, p2e x, p1e y, p2e y, p3e x, p3e y;
int point1e done = 0;
void myMouseFunc(int button, int state, int x, int y)
        if (button == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN &&
point1e done == 0)
                ple x = x - 250;
                ple y = 250 - y;
                xce = ple x;
                yce = p1e y;
                pointle done = 1;
        else if (button == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN &&
pointle done == 1)
        {
                p2e x = x - 250;
                p2e y = 250 - y;
                float exp = (p2e x - p1e x) * (p2e x - p1e x) + (p2e y
- ple y) * (p2e y - p1e_y);
                rx = (int)(sqrt(exp));
                //midptellipse();
                pointle done = 2;
        else if (button == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN &&
```

```
point1e done == 2)
                p3e x = x - 250;
                p3e y = 250 - y;
                float exp = (p3e x - p1e x) * (p3e x - p1e x) + (p3e y)
- ple y) * (p3e y - p1e y);
                ry = (int)(sqrt(exp));
                midptellipse();
                pointle done = 0;
        }
}
void myDrawing()
{ }
void myDrawingc()
{ }
void minit()
{
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        glPointSize(3.0);
        gluOrtho2D(-250, 250, -250, 250);
}
void main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
        //FOR MOUSE
        int id1 = glutCreateWindow("Circle");
        glutSetWindow(id1);
        glutMouseFunc(myMouseFunccircle);
        glutDisplayFunc(myDrawingc);
        minit();
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(600, 100);
        int id2 = glutCreateWindow("Ellipse");
        glutSetWindow(id2);
        glutMouseFunc(myMouseFunc);
        glutDisplayFunc(myDrawing);
        //END MOUSE
        */
        //FOR KEYBOARD
        printf("Enter 1 to draw circle , 2 to draw ellipse\n");
        int ch;
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch(ch){
        case 1:
        printf("Enter coordinates of centre of circle and radius\n");
        scanf("%d%d%d",&xc,&yc,&r);
        glutCreateWindow("Circle");
        glutDisplayFunc(circlebres);
        break;
```

```
case 2:
    printf("Enter coordinates of centre of ellipse and major and
minor radius\n");
    scanf("%d%d%d%d",&xce,&yce,&rx,&ry);
    glutCreateWindow("Ellipse");
    glutDisplayFunc(midptellipse);
    break;
}
//END KEYBOARD
minit();
glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<gl/glut.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int m;
typedef float point[3];
point tetra[4] = { \{0,100,-100\},\{0,0,100\},\{100,-100,-100\},
\{-100, -100, -100\} };
void tetrahedron(void);
void myinit(void);
void divide triangle(point a, point b, point c, int m);
void draw triangle(point p1, point p2, point p3);
int main(int argv, char** argc)
{
        //int m;
        printf("Enter the number of iterations: ");
        scanf s("%d", &m);
        glutInit(&argv, argc);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB | GLUT DEPTH);
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 200);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutCreateWindow("Seirpinski Gasket");
        glutDisplayFunc(tetrahedron);
        glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST);
        myinit();
        glutMainLoop();
void divide triangle(point a, point b, point c, int m)
        point v1, v2, v3;
        int j;
        if (m > 0) {
                for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                        v1[j] = (a[j] + b[j]) / 2;
                for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                        v2[j] = (a[j] + c[j]) / 2;
                for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                        v3[j] = (b[j] + c[j]) / 2;
                divide triangle(a, v1, v2, m - 1);
                divide triangle (c, v2, v3, m - 1);
                divide triangle(b, v3, v1, m - 1);
        else
                draw triangle(a, b, c);
}
void myinit()
{
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        //glFlush();
        glortho(-500.0, 500.0, -500.0, 500.0, -500.0, 500.0);
        //gluOrtho(-500.0,500.0,-500.0,500.0,-500.0,500.0);
void tetrahedron(void)
        //myinit();
```

```
glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
        glColor3f(\overline{1.0}, \overline{0.0}, \overline{0.0});
        divide triangle(tetra[0], tetra[1], tetra[2], m);
        glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
        divide triangle(tetra[3], tetra[2], tetra[1], m);
        glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
        divide_triangle(tetra[0], tetra[3], tetra[1], m);
        glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        divide triangle(tetra[0], tetra[2], tetra[3], m);
        glFlush();
}
void draw triangle(point p1, point p2, point p3)
{
        glBegin(GL TRIANGLES);
        glVertex3fv(p1);
        glVertex3fv(p2);
        glVertex3fv(p3);
        glEnd();
}
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<ql/qlut.h>
#include<algorithm>
#include<iostream>
#include<windows.h>
using namespace std;
float x[100], y[100]; //= \{ 0,0,20,100,100 \}, y[] = \{ 0,100,50,100,0 \}
};
int n, m;
int wx = 500, wy = 500;
static float intx[10] = \{ 0 \};
void draw line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2) {
                         Sleep (100);
                         glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
                         glBegin(GL LINES);
                         glVertex2f(x1, y1);
                         glVertex2f(x2, y2);
                         glEnd();
                         glFlush();
}
void edgeDetect(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, int scanline)
{
                         float temp;
                         if (y2 < y1) {
                                                  temp = x1; x1 = x2; x2 = temp;
                                                  temp = y1; y1 = y2; y2 = temp;
                         }
                         if (scanline > y1 && scanline < y2)
                                                  intx[m++] = x1 + (scanline - y1) * (x2 - x1) / (y2 - y1) * (x2 - x1) / (y2 - y1) * (y2 -
y1);
}
void scanfill(float x[], float y[]) {
                         for (int s1 = 0; s1 \le wy; s1++) {
                                                  m = 0;
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                            edgeDetect(x[i], y[i], x[(i + 1) % n], y[(i +
1) % n], s1);
                                                   }
                                                  sort(intx, (intx + m));
                                                  if (m >= 2)
                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < m; i = i + 2)
                                                                                                     draw line(intx[i], s1, intx[i + 1],
s1);
                         }
```

```
}
void display filled polygon() {
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        glLineWidth(2);
        glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                glVertex2f(x[i], y[i]);
        glEnd();
        scanfill(x, y);
        //glFlush();
}
void myInit() {
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
        glPointSize(1);
        gluOrtho2D(0, wx, 0, wy);
}
void main(int ac, char* av[]) {
        glutInit(&ac, av);
        printf("Enter no. of sides: \n");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        printf("Enter coordinates of endpoints: \n");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                printf("X-coord Y-coord: \n");
                scanf("%f %f", &x[i], &y[i]);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
        glutCreateWindow("scanline");
        glutDisplayFunc(display filled polygon);
        myInit();
        glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<gl/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
//#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
//RIGHT CLICK TO SHOW REFLECTED HOUSE
float house[11][2] = { \{100,200\}, \{200,250\}, \{300,200\}, \{100,200\}
},{ 100,100 },{ 175,100 },{ 175,150 },{ 225,150 },{ 225,100 },{
300,100 },{ 300,200 } };
int angle;
float m, c, theta;
void display()
{
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 0);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(-450, 450, -450, 450);
        glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
        glLoadIdentity();
        //NORMAL HOUSE
        qlColor3f(1, 0, 0);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        for (int i = 0; i < 11; i++)
                glVertex2fv(house[i]);
        glEnd();
        glFlush();
        //ROTATED HOUSE
        glPushMatrix();
        glTranslatef(100, 100, 0);
        glRotatef(angle, 0, 0, 1);
        glTranslatef(-100, -100, 0);
        glColor3f(1, 1, 0);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        for (int i = 0; i < 11; i++)
                glVertex2fv(house[i]);
        glEnd();
        glPopMatrix();
        glFlush();
}
void display2()
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 0);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(-450, 450, -450, 450);
        glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
        glLoadIdentity();
        //normal house
        glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        for (int i = 0; i < 11; i++)
```

```
glVertex2fv(house[i]);
        qlEnd();
        glFlush();
        // line
        float x1 = 0, x2 = 500;
        float y1 = m * x1 + c;
        float y2 = m * x2 + c;
        glColor3f(1, 1, 0);
        alBegin(GL LINES);
        glVertex2f(x1, y1);
        glVertex2f(x2, y2);
        glEnd();
        glFlush();
        //Reflected
        glPushMatrix();
        glTranslatef(0, c, 0);
        theta = atan(m);
        theta = theta * 180 / 3.14;
        glRotatef(theta, 0, 0, 1);
        glScalef(1, -1, 1);
        glRotatef(-theta, 0, 0, 1);
        glTranslatef(0, -c, 0);
        glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
        for (int i = 0; i < 11; i++)
                glVertex2fv(house[i]);
        glEnd();
        glPopMatrix();
        glFlush();
}
void myInit() {
        glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
        glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        glLineWidth(2.0);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(-450, 450, -450, 450);
}
void mouse(int btn, int state, int x, int y) {
        if (btn == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) {
                display();
        else if (btn == GLUT RIGHT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) {
                display2();
        }
void main(int argc, char** argv)
        printf("Enter the rotation angle\n");
        scanf("%d", &angle);
        printf("Enter c and m value for line y=mx+c\n");
        scanf("%f %f", &c, &m);
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(900, 900);
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
        glutCreateWindow("House Rotation");
```

```
glutDisplayFunc(display);
glutMouseFunc(mouse);
myInit();
glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<gl/glut.h>
#define outcode int
#define true 1
#define false 0
double xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax;
double xvmin, yvmin, xvmax, yvmax;
const int RIGHT = 4;
const int LEFT = 8;
const int TOP = 1;
const int BOTTOM = 2;
int n;
struct line segment {
        int x1;
        int y1;
        int x2;
        int y2;
} ;
struct line segment ls[10];
outcode computeoutcode (double x, double y)
{
        outcode code = 0;
        if (y > ymax)
                code | = TOP;
        else if (y < ymin)
                code |= BOTTOM;
        if (x > xmax)
                code |= RIGHT;
        else if (x < xmin)
                code |= LEFT;
        return code;
}
void cohensuther(double x0, double y0, double x1, double y1)
{
        outcode outcode0, outcode1, outcodeout;
        bool accept = false, done = false;
        outcode0 = computeoutcode(x0, y0);
        outcode1 = computeoutcode(x1, y1);
        do
                if (!(outcode0 | outcode1))
                 {
                         accept = true;
                         done = true;
                 }
                else if (outcode0 & outcode1)
```

```
done = true;
                else
                 {
                         double x, y;
                         outcodeout = outcode0 ? outcode0 : outcode1;
                         if (outcodeout & TOP)
                                 x = x0 + (x1 - x0) * (ymax - y0) / (y1)
-y0);
                                 y = ymax;
                         else if (outcodeout & BOTTOM)
                                 x = x0 + (x1 - x0) * (ymin - y0) / (y1)
- y0);
                                 y = ymin;
                         else if (outcodeout & RIGHT)
                                 y = y0 + (y1 - y0) * (xmax - x0) / (x1)
- x0);
                                 x = xmax;
                         }
                         else
                         {
                                 y = y0 + (y1 - y0) * (xmin - x0) / (x1)
- x0);
                                 x = xmin;
                         }
                         if (outcodeout == outcode0)
                                 x0 = x;
                                 y0 = y;
                                 outcode0 = computeoutcode(x0, y0);
                         }
                         else
                         {
                                 x1 = x;
                                 y1 = y;
                                 outcode1 = computeoutcode(x1, y1);
                         }
                 }
        } while (!done);
        if (accept)
                 double sx = (xvmax - xvmin) / (xmax - xmin);
                 double sy = (yvmax - yvmin) / (ymax - ymin);
                double vx0 = \overline{xvmin} + (x0 - xmin) * sx;
                 double vy0 = yvmin + (y0 - ymin) * sy;
                 double vx1 = xvmin + (x1 - xmin) * sx;
                 double vy1 = yvmin + (y1 - ymin) * sy;
                glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
                 glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
```

```
glVertex2f(xvmin, yvmin);
                glVertex2f(xvmax, yvmin);
                glVertex2f(xvmax, yvmax);
                glVertex2f(xvmin, yvmax);
                glEnd();
                glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
                glBegin(GL LINES);
                glVertex2d(vx0, vy0);
                glVertex2d(vx1, vy1);
                glEnd();
        }
}
void display()
{
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        glVertex2f(xmin, ymin);
        glVertex2f(xmax, ymin);
        glVertex2f(xmax, ymax);
        glVertex2f(xmin, ymax);
        glEnd();
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                glBegin(GL LINES);
                glVertex2d(ls[i].x1, ls[i].y1);
                glVertex2d(ls[i].x2, ls[i].y2);
                glEnd();
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                cohensuther(ls[i].x1, ls[i].y1, ls[i].x2, ls[i].y2);
        glFlush();
void myinit()
{
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
        glPointSize(1.0);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(0, 500, 0, 500);
}
void main(int argc, char** argv)
        printf("Enter window coordinates (xmin ymin xmax ymax): \n");
        scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf", &xmin, &ymin, &xmax, &ymax);
        printf("Enter viewport coordinates (xvmin yvmin xvmax yvmax)
:\n");
        scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf", &xvmin, &yvmin, &xvmax, &yvmax);
        printf("Enter no. of lines:\n");
        scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <GL/qlut.h>
double xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax; //50 50 100 100
double xvmin, yvmin, xvmax, yvmax; //200 200 300 300
int n;
struct line segment {
        int x1;
        int y1;
        int x2;
        int y2;
};
struct line segment ls[10];
int cliptest(double p, double q, double* u1, double* u2)
{
        double r;
        if (p) r = q / p; // to check whether p
        if (p < 0.0) // potentially entry point, update te
                if (r > * u1) * u1 = r;
                if (r > * u2) return(false); // line portion is
outside
        else
                if (p > 0.0) // Potentially leaving point, update
tl
                {
                        if (r < *u2)*u2 = r;
                        if (r < *u1) return(false); // line portion is
outside
                }
                else
                        if (p == 0.0)
                                if (q < 0.0) return(false); // line
parallel to edge but outside
        return(true);
}
void LiangBarskyLineClipAndDraw(double x0, double y0, double x1,
double y1)
{
        double dx = x1 - x0, dy = y1 - y0, u1 = 0.0, u2 = 1.0;
        //draw a red colored viewport
        glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        glVertex2f(xvmin, yvmin);
        glVertex2f(xvmax, yvmin);
        glVertex2f(xvmax, yvmax);
        glVertex2f(xvmin, yvmax);
        glEnd();
        if (cliptest(-dx, x0 - xmin, &u1, &u2)) // inside test wrt
left edge
```

```
if (cliptest(dx, xmax - x0, &u1, &u2)) // inside test
wrt right edge
                        if (cliptest(-dy, y0 - ymin, &u1, &u2)) //
inside test wrt bottom edge
                                 if (cliptest(dy, ymax - y0, &u1, &u2))
// inside test wrt top edge
                                 {
                                         if (u2 < 1.0)
                                                 x1 = x0 + u2 * dx;
                                                 y1 = y0 + u2 * dy;
                                         if (u1 > 0.0)
                                                 x0 = x0 + u1 * dx;
                                                 y0 = y0 + u1 * dy;
                                         // Window to viewport mappings
                                         double sx = (xvmax - xvmin) /
(xmax - xmin); // Scale parameters
                                         double sy = (yvmax - yvmin) /
(ymax - ymin);
                                         double vx0 = xvmin + (x0 -
xmin) * sx;
                                         double vy0 = yvmin + (y0 -
ymin) * sy;
                                         double vx1 = xvmin + (x1 -
xmin) * sx;
                                         double vy1 = yvmin + (y1 -
ymin) * sy;
                                         glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0); //
draw blue colored clipped line
                                         glBegin(GL LINES);
                                         glVertex2d(vx0, vy0);
                                         glVertex2d(vx1, vy1);
                                         glEnd();
                                 }
}// end of line clipping
void display()
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        //draw the line with red color
        glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                glBegin(GL LINES);
                glVertex2d(ls[i].x1, ls[i].y1);
                glVertex2d(ls[i].x2, ls[i].y2);
                glEnd();
        //draw a blue colored window
        glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
        glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
        glVertex2f(xmin, ymin);
        glVertex2f(xmax, ymin);
```

```
glVertex2f(xmax, ymax);
        glVertex2f(xmin, ymax);
        glEnd();
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                LiangBarskyLineClipAndDraw(ls[i].x1, ls[i].y1,
ls[i].x2, ls[i].y2);
        glFlush();
}
void myinit()
{
        glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
        glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
        glLineWidth(2.0);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(0.0, 499.0, 0.0, 499.0);
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
        printf("Enter window coordinates: (xmin ymin xmax ymax) \n");
        scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf", &xmin, &ymin, &xmax, &ymax);
        printf("Enter viewport coordinates: (xvmin yvmin xvmax yvmax)
\n");
        scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf", &xvmin, &yvmin, &xvmax, &yvmax);
        printf("Enter no. of lines:\n");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                printf("Enter coordinates: (x1 y1 x2 y2)\n");
                scanf("%d%d%d%d", &ls[i].x1, &ls[i].y1, &ls[i].x2,
&ls[i].y2);
        glutCreateWindow("Liang Barsky Line Clipping Algorithm");
        glutDisplayFunc(display);
        myinit();
        glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
// C++ program for implementing Sutherland�Hodgman
// algorithm for polygon clipping
#include<iostream>
#include<GL/glut.h>
using namespace std;
int poly size, poly points[20][2], org poly size, org poly points[20]
[2], clipper size, clipper_points[20][2];
const int MAX POINTS = 20;
// Returns x-value of point of intersection of two
// lines
void drawPoly(int p[][2], int n) {
        glBegin(GL POLYGON);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                glVertex2f(p[i][0], p[i][1]);
        glEnd();
}
int x intersect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2,
        int x3, int y3, int x4, int y4)
{
        int num = (x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (x3 - x4) -
                (x1 - x2) * (x3 * y4 - y3 * x4);
        int den = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);
        return num / den;
}
// Returns y-value of point of intersection of
// two lines
int y intersect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2,
        int x3, int y3, int x4, int y4)
{
        int num = (x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (y3 - y4) -
                (y1 - y2) * (x3 * y4 - y3 * x4);
        int den = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);
        return num / den;
}
// This functions clips all the edges w.r.t one clip
// edge of clipping area
void clip(int poly points[][2], int& poly size,
        int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
        int new points[MAX POINTS][2], new poly size = 0;
        // (ix,iy), (kx,ky) are the co-ordinate values of
        // the points
        for (int i = 0; i < poly size; i++)
                // i and k form a line in polygon
                int k = (i + 1) % poly size;
                int ix = poly points[i][0], iy = poly_points[i][1];
                int kx = poly points[k][0], ky = poly points[k][1];
```

```
// Calculating position of first point
                // w.r.t. clipper line
                int i_pos = (x2 - x1) * (iy - y1) - (y2 - y1) * (ix -
x1);
                // Calculating position of second point
                // w.r.t. clipper line
                int k pos = (x2 - x1) * (ky - y1) - (y2 - y1) * (kx - y1)
x1);
                // Case 1 : When both points are inside
                if (i pos >= 0 && k pos >= 0)
                {
                        //Only second point is added
                        new points[new poly size][0] = kx;
                        new points[new poly size][1] = ky;
                        new poly size++;
                }
                // Case 2: When only first point is outside
                else if (i pos < 0 \&\& k pos >= 0)
                        // Point of intersection with edge
                        // and the second point is added
                        new points[new poly size][0] = x intersect(x1,
                                 y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
                        new points[new poly size][1] = y intersect(x1,
                                 y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
                        new poly size++;
                        new points[new poly size][0] = kx;
                        new points[new poly size][1] = ky;
                        new poly size++;
                }
                // Case 3: When only second point is outside
                else if (i pos \geq= 0 && k pos < 0)
                {
                        //Only point of intersection with edge is
added
                        new points[new poly size][0] = x intersect(x1,
                                 y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
                        new points[new poly size][1] = y intersect(x1,
                                 y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
                        new poly size++;
                }
                // Case 4: When both points are outside
                else
                {
                        //No points are added
                }
        }
        // Copying new points into original array
        // and changing the no. of vertices
        poly size = new poly size;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < poly size; i++)
                poly points[i][0] = new points[i][0];
                poly points[i][1] = new points[i][1];
        }
}
void init() {
        glClearColor(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        glortho(0.0, 500.0, 0.0, 500.0, 0.0, 500.0);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
}
// Implements Sutherland Hodgman algorithm
void display()
{
        init();
        glColor3f(1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
        drawPoly(clipper points, clipper size);
        glColor3f(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
        drawPoly(org poly points, org poly size);
        //i and k are two consecutive indexes
        for (int i = 0; i < clipper size; <math>i++)
                int k = (i + 1) % clipper size;
                // We pass the current array of vertices, it's size
                // and the end points of the selected clipper line
                clip(poly points, poly size, clipper points[i][0],
                        clipper points[i][1], clipper points[k][0],
                        clipper points[k][1]);
        }
        glColor3f(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
        drawPoly(poly points, poly size);
        glFlush();
}
//Driver code
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
        printf("Enter no. of vertices: \n");
        scanf s("%d", &poly size);
        org poly size = poly size;
        for (int i = 0; i < poly size; i++)
        {
                printf("Polygon Vertex:\n");
                scanf_s("%d%d", &poly_points[i][0], &poly_points[i]
[1]);
                org poly points[i][0] = poly points[i][0];
                org poly points[i][1] = poly points[i][1];
```

```
#include<GL/glut.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#define CAR 1
#define WHEEL 2
float s = 1;
void carlist() {
        glNewList(CAR, GL COMPILE);
        glColor3f(1, 1, 1);
        glBegin(GL POLYGON);
        glVertex3f(0, 25, 0);
        glVertex3f(90, 25, 0);
        glVertex3f(90, 55, 0);
        glVertex3f(80, 55, 0);
        glVertex3f(20, 75, 0);
        glVertex3f(0, 55, 0);
        glEnd();
        glEndList();
}
void wheellist() {
        glNewList(WHEEL, GL COMPILE AND EXECUTE);
        glColor3f(0, 1, 1);
        glutSolidSphere(10, 25, 25);
        glEndList();
void mykeyboard(unsigned char key, int x, int y) {
        switch (key) {
        case 't': glutPostRedisplay();
                break;
        case 'q': exit(0);
        default: break;
        }
}
void myInit() {
        glClearColor(0, 0, 0, 0);
        glOrtho(0, 600, 0, 600, 0, 600);
void draw wheel() {
        glColor3f(0, 1, 1);
        glutSolidSphere(10, 25, 25);
}
void moveCar(float s) {
        glTranslatef(s, 0.0, 0.0);
        glCallList(CAR);
        glPushMatrix();
        glTranslatef(25, 25, 0.0); //move to first wheel position
        //draw wheel();
        glCallList(WHEEL);
        glPopMatrix();
```

```
glPushMatrix();
        glTranslatef(75, 25, 0.0); //move to 2nd wheel position
        ///draw wheel();
        glCallList(WHEEL);
        glPopMatrix();
        glFlush();
void myDisp() {
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        carlist();
        moveCar(s);
        wheellist();
void mouse(int btn, int state, int x, int y) {
        if (btn == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) {
                s += 5;
                myDisp();
        }
        else if (btn == GLUT RIGHT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) {
                s += 2;
                myDisp();
        }
}
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(600, \overline{500});
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
        glutCreateWindow("car");
        myInit();
        glutDisplayFunc(myDisp);
        glutMouseFunc(mouse);
        glutKeyboardFunc(mykeyboard);
        glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <GL/alut.h>
#include<gl\GL.h>
#include<gl\GLU.h>
#include <time.h>
GLfloat vertices[] = \{-1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -
1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0,
1.0, -1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, -1.0, 1.0, 1.0;
GLfloat normals[] = \{-1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1
1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 1.0,
1.0, -1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, -1.0, 1.0, 1.0;
GLfloat colors[] = { 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0,
1.0,1.0,0.0, 0.0,1.0,0.0, 0.0,0.0,1.0,
1.0,0.0,1.0, 1.0,1.0,1.0, 0.0,1.0,1.0 };
GLubyte cubeIndices[] = {
0,3,2,1,2,3,7,6,0,4,7,3,1,2,6,5,4,5,6,7,0,1,5,4 };
static GLfloat theta[] = { 0.0,0.0,0.0 };
static GLfloat beta[] = { 0.0,0.0,0.0 };
static GLint axis = 2;
void delay(float secs)
{
                                float end = clock() / CLOCKS PER SEC + secs;
                                while ((clock() / CLOCKS PER SEC) < end);</pre>
}
void displaySingle(void)
                                /* display callback, clear frame buffer and z buffer,
                                             rotate cube and draw, swap buffers */
                                glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
                                glLoadIdentity();
                                glRotatef(theta[0], 1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
                                glRotatef(theta[1], 0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
                                glRotatef(theta[2], 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
                                glDrawElements(GL_QUADS, 24, GL UNSIGNED BYTE, cubeIndices);
                                glBegin(GL LINES);
                                glVertex3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
                                glVertex3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
                                glEnd();
                                glFlush();
}
void spinCube()
{
                                /* Idle callback, spin cube 2 degrees about selected axis */
                                //sleep(50);
```

```
delay(0.01);
        theta[axis] += 2.0;
        if (theta[axis] > 360.0) theta[axis] -= 360.0;
        glutPostRedisplay();
}
void mouse(int btn, int state, int x, int y)
        /* mouse callback, selects an axis about which to rotate */
        if (btn == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) axis = 0;
        if (btn == GLUT MIDDLE BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) axis = 1;
        if (btn == GLUT RIGHT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN) axis = 2;
}
void myReshape(int w, int h)
        glViewport(0, 0, w, h);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        if (w \le h)
                glOrtho(-2.0, 2.0, -2.0 * (GLfloat)h / (GLfloat)w,
                        2.0 * (GLfloat)h / (GLfloat)w, -10.0, 10.0);
        else
                glOrtho(-2.0 * (GLfloat)w / (GLfloat)h,
                        2.0 * (GLfloat) w / (GLfloat) h, -2.0, 2.0,
-10.0, 10.0);
        glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
}
void
main(int argc, char** argv)
{
        //window 1
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutCreateWindow("colorcube");
        glutReshapeFunc(myReshape);
        glutDisplayFunc(displaySingle);
        glutIdleFunc(spinCube);
        glutMouseFunc(mouse);
        glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST); /* Enable hidden--surface--removal */
        glEnableClientState(GL COLOR ARRAY);
        glEnableClientState(GL NORMAL ARRAY);
        glEnableClientState(GL VERTEX ARRAY);
        glVertexPointer(3, GL FLOAT, 0, vertices);
        glColorPointer(3, GL FLOAT, 0, colors);
        glNormalPointer(GL FLOAT, 0, normals);
        glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
        glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<gl/glut.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<stdio.h>
struct screenPt {
        int x;
        int y;
};
typedef enum { limacon = 1, cardioid = 2, threeLeaf = 3, spiral = 4 }
curveName;
int w = 600, h = 500;
int curve = 1;
int red = 0, green = 0, blue = 0;
void myinit(void) {
        glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        gluOrtho2D(0.0, 200.0, 0.0, 150.0);
}
void lineSegment(screenPt p1, screenPt p2) {
        glBegin(GL LINES);
        glVertex2i(p1.x, p1.y);
        glVertex2i(p2.x, p2.y);
        glEnd();
        glFlush();
}
void drawCurve(int curveNum) {
        const double twoPi = 6.283185;
        const int a = 175, b = 60;
        float r, theta, dtheta = 1.0 / float(a);
        int x0 = 200, y0 = 250;
        screenPt curvePt[2];
        curve = curveNum;
        glColor3f(red, green, blue);
        curvePt[0].x = x0;
        curvePt[0].y = y0;
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        switch (curveNum) {
        case limacon: curvePt[0].x += a + b; break;
        case cardioid: curvePt[0].x += a + a; break;
        case threeLeaf: curvePt[0].x += a; break;
        case spiral: break;
        default: break;
        theta = dtheta;
        while (theta < twoPi) {</pre>
                switch (curveNum) {
                case limacon: r = a * cos(theta) + b; break;
                case cardioid: r = a * (1 + cos(theta)); break;
                case threeLeaf: r = a * cos(3 * theta); break;
                case spiral: r = (a / 4.0) * theta; break;
                default: break;
                }
                curvePt[1].x = x0 + r * cos(theta);
                curvePt[1].y = y0 + r * sin(theta);
                lineSegment(curvePt[0], curvePt[1]);
```

```
curvePt[0].x = curvePt[1].x;
                 curvePt[0].y = curvePt[1].y;
                 theta += dtheta;
        }
}
void colorMenu(int id) {
        switch (id) {
        case 0:
                break;
        case 1:
                red = 0;
                green = 0;
                blue = 1;
                break;
        case 2:
                red = 0;
                green = 1;
                blue = 0;
                break;
        case 4:
                red = 1;
                green = 0;
                blue = 0;
                break;
        case 3:
                red = 0;
                green = 1;
                blue = 1;
                break;
        case 5:
                red = 1;
                 green = 0;
                blue = 1;
                break;
        case 6:
                red = 1;
                 green = 1;
                blue = 0;
                break;
        case 7:
                red = 1;
                 green = 1;
                blue = 1;
                break;
        default:
                break;
        drawCurve(curve);
void main menu(int id) {
```

```
switch (id) {
        case 3: exit(0);
        default: break;
void mydisplay() {
        /*int curveNum=1;
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        /*printf("Enter the integer value corresponding to one of the
followinf curve names:\n");
        printf("1 - limacon\n2 - cardioid\n3 - threeleaf\n4 -
spiral\n");
        scanf s("%d", &curveNum); */
        /*if (curveNum == 1 || curveNum == 2 || curveNum == 3 ||
curveNum == 4)
        drawCurve(curveNum);*/
}
void myreshape(int nw, int nh) {
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
        glLoadIdentity();
        gluOrtho2D(0.0, (double)nw, 0.0, (double)nh);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
}
void main(int argc, char** argv) {
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(w, h);
        glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
        glutCreateWindow("Drawing curves");
        int curveId = glutCreateMenu(drawCurve);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Limacon", 1);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Cardioid", 2);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Threeleaf", 3);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Spiral", 4);
        glutAttachMenu(GLUT LEFT BUTTON);
        int colorId = glutCreateMenu(colorMenu);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Red", 4);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Green", 2);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Blue", 1);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Black", 0);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Yellow", 6);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Cyan", 3);
        glutAddMenuEntry("Magenta", 5);
        glutAddMenuEntry("white", 7);
        glutAttachMenu(GLUT LEFT BUTTON);
        glutCreateMenu(main menu);
        glutAddSubMenu("drawCurve", curveId);
        glutAddSubMenu("colors", colorId);
        glutAddMenuEntry("quit", 3);
        glutAttachMenu(GLUT LEFT BUTTON);
```

```
myinit();
glutDisplayFunc(mydisplay);
glutReshapeFunc(myreshape);

glutMainLoop();
}
```

```
#include<iostream>
#include<math.h>
#include<gl/glut.h>
using namespace std;
float f, g, r, x1[4], yc[4];
int flag = 0;
void myInit() {
        glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
        glColor3f(1, 1, 1);
        glPointSize(5);
        gluOrtho2D(0, 500, 0, 500);
}
void drawPixel(float x, float y) {
        glBegin(GL POINTS);
        glVertex2f(x, y);
        glEnd();
}
void display() {
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
        double t;
        glColor3f(0, 0, 0);
        glBegin(GL POINTS);
        for (t = 0; t < 1; t = t + 0.005) {
                double xt = pow(1 - t, 3) * x1[0] + 3 * t * pow(1 - t, 3)
2) * x1[1] + 3 * pow(t, 2) * (1 - t) * <math>x1[2] + pow(t, 3) * x1[3];
                double yt = pow(1 - t, 3) * yc[0] + 3 * t * pow(1 - t,
2) * yc[1] + 3 * pow(t, 2) * (1 - t) * <math>yc[2] + pow(t, 3) * yc[3];
                glVertex2f(xt, yt);
        glColor3f(1, 1, 0);
        for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
                glVertex2f(x1[i], yc[i]);
                glEnd();
                glFlush();
        }
void mymouse(int btn, int state, int x, int y)
{
        if (btn == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN && flag < 4)
        {
                x1[flag] = x;
                yc[flag] = 500 - y;
                cout << " X: " << x << " Y" << 500 - y;
                glPointSize(3);
                glColor3f(1, 1, 0);
                glBegin(GL POINTS);
                glVertex2i(x, 500 - y);
```

```
glEnd();
                glFlush();
                flag++;
        if (flag >= 4 && btn == GLUT LEFT BUTTON)
                glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
                display();
                flag = 0;
        }
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        /*
        //USE KEYBOARD
        cout << "Enter the x co-ordinates";</pre>
        cin >> x1[0] >> x1[1] >> x1[2] >> x1[3];
        cout << "Enter y co-ordinates";</pre>
        cin >> yc[0] >> yc[1] >> yc[2] >> yc[3];
        //END KEYBOARD
        */
        qlutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
        glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
        glutCreateWindow("BZ");
        glutDisplayFunc(display);
        glutMouseFunc(mymouse); //INCLUDE FOR MOUSE, REMOVE FOR
KEYBOARD
        myInit();
        glutMainLoop();
}
```