

Feedback Linearizable Discretizations of Mechanical Systems using Retraction Maps

Shreyas N B

October 16, 2024



Outline

1 Introduction

- Feedback Linearization
- Retraction Maps
- Mechanical Systems

2 MF-Linearization

- MF-Linearizability
- Examples

3 Conclusions

- Some results



Outline

1 Introduction

- Feedback Linearization
- Retraction Maps
- Mechanical Systems

2 MF-Linearization

- MF-Linearizability
- Examples

3 Conclusions

- Some results



Definitions

Let M and N be two n -dimensional manifolds and $\phi : M \rightarrow N$ be a diffeomorphism. Let $X \in \mathfrak{X}(M)$ be a vector field on M . Then, $X_\phi := T\phi \circ X \circ \phi^{-1}$ is a vector field on N .

Feedback Linearization

Let $x_0 \in \mathcal{O}(x_0)$ and $u_0 \in \mathcal{O}(u_0)$ be such that $f(x_0, u_0) = 0$. Then, the system is locally feedback linearizable if there exists a diffeomorphism $\phi : M \rightarrow N$ such that $X_\phi = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}$.



MIT Hack

The HACK:



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)
- Seven freshman measured Harvard bridge using Smoot's body to mark distance



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)
- Seven freshman measured Harvard bridge using Smoot's body to mark distance
- Result: Harvard Bridge = 364.4 smoots (+an ear)



Career

- Chairman of the American National Standards Institute



Career

- Chairman of the American National Standards Institute
- Served as president of the International Organization for Standardization from 2003 to 2005.



What is a Smoot?

- An imprecise unit of measurement originating from famous MIT hack



What is a Smoot?

- An imprecise unit of measurement originating from famous MIT hack
- 1 smoot = 5 feet and 7 inches



What is a Smoot?

- An imprecise unit of measurement originating from famous MIT hack
- 1 smoot = 5 feet and 7 inches
- Harvard bridge = 364.4 smoots (+ an ear)



MIT Hack

The HACK:



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)
- Seven freshman measured Harvard bridge using Smoot's body to mark distance



MIT Hack

The HACK:

- Tom O'Connor - wanted to measure Harvard bridge to track his progress when walking
- Smoot's height chosen as unit of measurement (he was the shortest)
- Seven freshman measured Harvard bridge using Smoot's body to mark distance
- Result: Harvard Bridge = 364.4 smoots (+an ear)



Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - Feedback Linearization
 - Retraction Maps
 - Mechanical Systems
- 2 MF-Linearization
 - MF-Linearizability
 - Examples
- 3 Conclusions
 - Some results



Career

- Chairman of the American National Standards Institute



Career

- Chairman of the American National Standards Institute
- Served as president of the International Organization for Standardization from 2003 to 2005.



Examples

■ Inverted Pendulum



Examples

- Inverted Pendulum
- Double Pendulum



Examples

- Inverted Pendulum
- Double Pendulum
- Cart-Pole System



Outline

1 Introduction

- Feedback Linearization
- Retraction Maps
- Mechanical Systems

2 MF-Linearization

- MF-Linearizability
- Examples

3 Conclusions

- Some results



Questions and Answers

Want to know more?

- Browse <http://web.mit.edu/smoot/history.htm>.



Questions and Answers

Want to know more?

- Browse <http://web.mit.edu/smoot/history.htm>.
- Smoot's Legacy http://alum.mit.edu/news/AlumniNews/Archive/smoots_legacy.



Questions and Answers

Want to know more?

- Browse <http://web.mit.edu/smoot/history.htm>.
- Smoot's Legacy http://alum.mit.edu/news/AlumniNews/Archive/smoots_legacy.
- Smoot Salute!
<http://web.mit.edu/spotlight/smoot-salute>.

