

## Stirling (Central) Difference Interpolation Formula

Consider the following data points with equal interval.

$x_0$	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$
$y_0$	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$
$y_0$	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$

$$x = x_i = f(x_i) = y(x_i) = ?$$

$$y(x) = y_0 + \frac{(\Delta y_0 + \Delta y_{-1})}{2} p + \frac{p^2}{2!} (\Delta^2 y_{-1}) +$$

$$\frac{p(p^2-1)}{3!} (\Delta^3 y_{-1} + \Delta^3 y_{-2}) + \frac{p^2(p^2-1)}{4!} \Delta^4 y_{-2}$$

$$\frac{p(p^2-1)(p^2-2)}{5!} (\Delta^5 y_{-2} + \Delta^5 y_{-3}) + \frac{(p^2)(p^2-1^2)(p^2-2^2)}{6!} \Delta^6 y_{-3}$$

$$+ \dots$$

where  $p = \frac{(x-x_0)}{h}$

# Formation of Central Difference Interpolation Table

$x$	$y$	$\Delta y$	$\Delta^2 y$	$\Delta^3 y$
$x_3$	$y_3$	$\Delta y_3 = y_2 - y_3$		
$x_2$	$y_2$	$\Delta y_2 = y_1 - y_2$	$\Delta^2 y_3 = \Delta y_2 - \Delta y_3$	$\Delta^3 y_3$
$x_1$	$y_1$	$\Delta y_1 = y_0 - y_1$	$\Delta^2 y_2 = \Delta y_1 - \Delta y_2$	$\Delta^3 y_2$
$x_0$	$y_0$	$\Delta y_0 = y_1 - y_0$	$\Delta^2 y_1 = \Delta y_0 - \Delta y_1$	$\Delta^3 y_1$
$x_1$	$y_1$	$\Delta y_1 = y_2 - y_1$	$\Delta^2 y_0 =$	
$x_2$	$y_2$			

$\Delta^4 y$        $\Delta^5 y$

$$\begin{matrix} \Delta^4 y_3 \\ \Delta^4 y_2 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \Delta^5 y_3 \\ \Delta^5 y_2 \end{matrix}$$

- Q: Solve the following data point using central difference interpolation and find  $x=35$ .

$x$	20	30	40	50	$\Delta y$	$\Delta^2 y$	$\Delta^3 y$
$x$	20	30	40	50			
$y$	512	439	346	243			
$x$							
20	$y_2$				$\Delta y_2 = -73$		
30		$y_1$				$\Delta^2 y_2 = -20$	
40			$y_0$		$\Delta y_1 = -93$	$\Delta^3 y_2 = +10$	
50	$x_1$			$y_1$	$\Delta y_0 = -103$		

Let  $x_0 = 40$ . Then  
condit. table for  
given data.

Given  $x_0 = 35 \quad y_0 = 40 \quad h = 10$

$$P = \frac{35 - 40}{10} = -\frac{5}{10} = -0.5 = -0.5$$

Now Central Difference Stirling formula

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{0.5} &= y(345) = y_0 + P \left( \frac{\Delta y_0 + \Delta y_{-1}}{2} \right) + \frac{P^2}{2!} \left( \Delta^2 y_{-1} \right) \\
 &= 346 + (-0.5) \underbrace{\left( -93 - 103 \right)}_2 + \frac{(0.5)^2}{2} (-10) \\
 &= 346 + (0.5) \left( 98 \right) + \frac{(0.25)}{2} (-10) \\
 &= 346 - 1.25 + 4.0 \\
 &= 393.75 \approx \underline{394}
 \end{aligned}$$

- Q: Use central diff. 1st. formula. to evaluate.  
 $f(1.22)$

$x$	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
$P_{0.5}$	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451

D - 1.22 - 1.2