PROBABILITY PROBLEM 1

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March 2022

Problem Statement

Question 1.C of ICSE maths 2014 paper

A die has 6 faces marked by given numbers as shown below

1 2 3 -1 -2 -3

The die is thrown once. What is the probability of getting:

- (i) a positive integer
- (ii) an integer greater than -3
- (iii) the smallest integer

1 Given:

A die has six faces marked by the numbers 1,2,3,-1,-2,-3.

The die is thrown once.

2 To Find:

- The probability of getting a positive integer.
- The probability of getting an integer greater than -3.
- The probability of getting the smallest integer.

3 Solution:

3.1 part 1:

Let S be the sample space.

$$S = \{1, 2, 3, -1, -2, -3\}$$

Thus,
$$n(S) = 6$$

Let E1 be the event of getting positive integer.

$E1 = \{1, 2, 3\}$

Thus, n(E1) = 3

Probability P(E1) = n(E1)/n(S)

Thus
$$p(E1) = 3/6$$

$$= 1/2$$

=0.5

3.2 part 2:

Let S be the sample space.

$$S = \{1, 2, 3, -1, -2, -3\}$$

Thus,
$$n(S) = 6$$

Let E2 be the event of getting an integer greater than -3.

$$E2 = \{1, 2, 3, -1, -2\}$$

Thus,
$$n(E2) = 5$$

Probability
$$P(E2) = n(E)/n(S)$$

Thus
$$p(E2) = 5/6$$

$$= 0.833$$

3.3 part 3:

Let S be the sample space.

$$S = \{1, 2, 3, -1, -2, -3\}$$

Thus,
$$n(S) = 6$$

Let E3 be the event of getting the smallest integer.

$$E3 = \{-3\}$$

Thus,
$$n(E3) = 1$$

Probability
$$P(E3) = n(E3)/n(S)$$

Thus,
$$p(E3) = 1/6$$

$$= 0.166$$