

Assignment 2

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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Question (1.X) : solve the equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - xy + y - x$$

Solution:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - xy + y - x \quad (1)$$

Some standard results used:

1) $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$

2) $\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \log_e x + c$

Using Variable Separable method,

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - x + y(1 - x) \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = (1 - x)(1 + y) \quad (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{(1 + y)} = (1 - x)dx \quad (4)$$

Integrating both sides,

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{dy}{(1 + y)} = \int (1 - x)dx \quad (5)$$

Using formula (2) for LHS,

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{dy}{(1 + y)} = \log_e |1 + y| + c \quad (6)$$

Using formula (1) for RHS,

$$\Rightarrow \int (1 - x)dx = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + c \quad (7)$$

From (5), (6) and (7),

$$\Rightarrow \log_e |1 + y| = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + c \quad (8)$$

where 'c' is the integration constant.

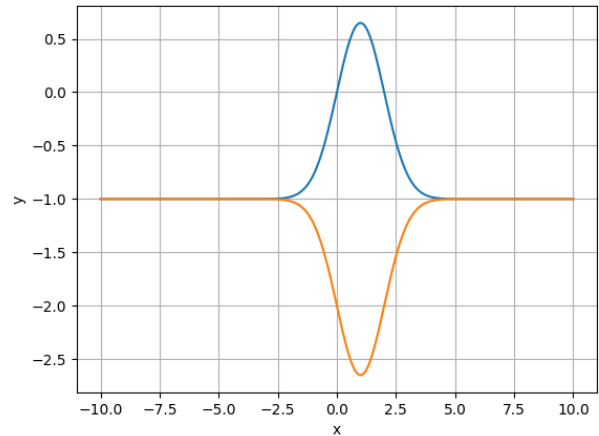


Fig. 1. graph for curve corresponding to equation (8). (where integration constant c is assumed to be 0)