## \$k10101\_hw4\_q1\_q2 uesday, October 25, 2022 9:51 PM $\Omega_1$ (i) For sum\_bt1(bt): (n)(n-1) (1) Based on professor's approach: For sum\_ let 2 (let, line high): Basid 0, len(1st)-1 TA'S repinse (1) 1, len Ut]-1 n-1 (1) (ı) 2, Len (lst)-1 n-2 (1) C17 len (lst)-1, len (lst)-1 0 For swn\_ht1(ht): ( ر ان For each recurin of the function over nitemay, we slie he list. .. Total cost = n+ n-1+ n-2+ .... + $l = n(n+1) = n^2 + n = O(n^2 + n)$ = $O(n^2)$ For sum bt2(bt): for each recursion of the purction we have O(1) implementations over n times :. Total cost = O(n) 3) Smil n2 > n sum lst 2 (4t) will be asymptotically forter