CBC-1954-U M.C.A. Third Semester (End Semester) Examination, Dec.-2019

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS

Paper: CSA-CC-325

(Probability, Statistics and Combinatories)

Time: Three Hours [Maximum Marks: 60

Note: The question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt questions as per direction. Attempt questions as per instructions in each section. Calculator is allowed.

SECTION - A

(Objective Type Questions) 1×10=10

Note: - Choose the correct answer --

- 1. (1) It P(A) = P(B) = P(C) holds then:
 - exhaustive
 - (b) It is sure that events will be equally likely
 - (c) Events will not be exhaustive
 - (d) Events will not be independent
 - (2) If $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, Event $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

Event $B = \{2, 3, 4\}$. Then P(A/B) will be:

- (a) $\frac{1}{3}$
- (b) 2/3
- (c) $\frac{4}{6}$
- (d) $\frac{5}{6}$

- (3) A variable is called random variable if:
 - (a) It is a real valued function
 - (b) It has domain as sample space
 - (c) It has range as real line
 - (d) It has all above
- (4) If x : 1, 2, 3, 4 P(x) : 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.4the value of E (x^3) will be : (closest answer)
 - (a) 24.2
 - (b) 26.3
 - (c) 28.6
 - (d) 30.2
- (5) If x: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and y: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, then correlation between x & y will be:
 - (a) -1
 - (b) 0
 - (c) +1
 - (d) +0.5

- (6) If all values in a data set are same then its standard deviation will be:
 - (a) 0
 - (b) -1
 - (c) + 1
 - (d) + 2
- (7) Permutation is used for:
 - (a) Arrangements of non-distinct objects
 - Arrangements of distinct objects
 - (c) Selection of non-distinct objects
 - (d) Selection of distinct object
- (8) If 6 boys of a school are to be placed at 4 identical chairs then how many ways it can be:
 - (a) 360
 - (b) 300
 - = (c) 30
 - (d) 15

- (9) The value of $\left[{}^3p_2+{}^6c_3+{}^4c_2\right]$ will be : (find closed one) :
 - (a) 30.5
 - (b) 27.5
 - (c) 36.5
 - (d) 25.5
- (10) The value of ${}^3c_0 + {}^3c_1x + {}^3c_2x^2$ at x=2 will

be:

- (a) 19
- (b) 20
- (c) 22
- (d) 16 m m

SECTION - B

(Short Answer Type Questions) 4×5=20

- **Note:** Attempt any **four** questions. Each question carries **five** marks.
- 1. If $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ construct two independent events.

- 2. If $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ construct two events A and B such that P(A/R)=1.
- (3) If $f(x) = Kx^3 + x^2 + x$; 0 < x < 1; at what value of K the f(x) will be probability density function of random variable X.
- 4. Let data is 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2. Calculate the variance of the data.
- Prove that $^{N-n}C_r = ^{N-n}C_{N-n-r}$ holds
- There are five balls to be placed in three bowls. How many cases possible when—
 - Case I: When balls are of different colour and bowls are also different.
 - Case II: When balls are of different colour and bowls are same type.

SECTION - C

(Long Answer Type Questions) 3×10=30

Note: - Attempt any three questions. Each question carries ten marks.

- (1) State and prove the followings—
 - Law of Addition of probabilities
 - Law of multiplication of probabilities (b)
 - Bayes theorem (c)
- 2. Compare discrete and continuous random variables with examples—

10

P(x): 2K 3K 4K 5K

At what K, the P(x) will be p.m.f. of discrete random variable . Find E(x) = ?

Discuss measures of central tendency and measure of dispersion.

Calculate standard deviations of following data:

X	F
10-20	5
20-30	7
30-40	11
40-50	15
50-60	8

- 4. Write a note on generating function of combinations.
- 5. Discuss the distribution of distinct and non-distinct objects.