- ## 1: OVERVIEW
- ## 2: COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE
- ## 3: CHRONOLOGY OF IMPORTANT EVENTS
- ## 4: CHRONOLOGY OF COURT PROCEEDINGS
- ## 5: JUDGMENT
- ## 6: LAWS INVOLVED
- ## 7: Who is the informant or complainant
- ## 8: What is the name of the victim
- ## 9: What is the date or of the commitment of the offence
- ## 10: What is the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 11: How much time was taken by the police to reach the place of occurrence after the receipt of information of commission of the offence
- ## 12: What is the name of the accused arrested at the spot
- ## 13: What was the manner of assault
- ## 14: What is the description of the weapon used during the occurrence of the offence
- ## 15: What is the description of the specific overt act performed by of the accused person(s)
- ## 16: Who identified the body of the deceased
- ## 17: What was the statement of the accused person(s) under section 313 Cr.P.C on examination.
- ## 18: When was the arrest memo prepared
- ## 19: Whether there was any delay in preparing the arrest memo
- ## 20: Whether the site map of the place of occurrence was prepared and incorporated
- in the case diary and exhibited before the court
- ## 21: What is the name of the police officer who prepared the seizure list
- ## 22: Whether the seized article(s) were sealed at the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 23: Whether any materials were seized at the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 24: What were the name(s) of seizure list witness(s)
- ## 25: Whether the seizure list was prepared at the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 26: Whether the cause of death was mentioned in the inquest report
- ## 27: What were the name(s) of inquest witness(s)
- ## 28: Whether the inquest report was prepared at the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 29: What is the name of the police officer who prepared the inquest report
- ## 30: Whether the occurrence of the offence took place in prosecution of the common object
- ## 31: Whether the occurrence of the offence took place in furtherance of the common intention of the accused person(s)
- ## 32: Whether there was an allegation of criminal conspiracy amongst accused persons
- ## 33: Whether the copies of the seizure list supplied to the accused person(s)
- ## 34: What was the date of institution of the FIR
- ## 35: Whether the FIR was instituted on oral statement or written report or fardbeyan
- ## 36: What is the name of the police officer who recorded the statement
- ## 37: What was the time of institution of the FIR
- ## 38: Whether there was a delay in lodging the FIR
- ## 39: What was the reason of delay (if any) in lodging the FIR
- ## 40: Under which section(s) was the FIR filed
- ## 41: What is the name of the accused person(s) in the FIR
- ## 42: What was the number of the unknown accused persons in the FIR
- ## 43: What is the name of the witness(s), if any, named in the written report/furdbeyan/oral statement
- ## 44: Whether there is/are any injury/injuries mentioned in the FIR
- ## 45: Whether there is any evidence as to previous conviction of the accused

```
## 46: What is the name and designation of the investigating officer
```

- ## 47: When did the investigating officer assume the charge of the investigation
- ## 48: What is the name(s) of Charge-sheeted witness(s)
- ## 49: Under which section(s) was the charge sheet filed
- ## 50: What is the date, time and place of examining the witnesses by the investigating officer
- ## 51: What is the date of submission of the charge sheet
- ## 52: What is the date of cognizance of the offence or framing of charge
- ## 53: What was the date of supply of the police paper to accused persons
- ## 54: Whether the confession of the accused is extra judicial in nature
- ## 55: What is the nature of the confession
- ## 56: Whether any material has been recovered on the basis of confession
- ## 57: Who is the eye-witness in the case
- ## 58: Whether there is any injured eye witness in the case
- ## 59: Whether there is any injury certificate of the injured eye witness
- ## 60: Whether there is any discrepancy in the Ocular and Medical Evidence
- ## 61: Who were the other eye witnesses present on the spot when the police reached the spot
- ## 62: Which witness is narrating the injuries caused by the accused
- ## 63: Which witness reached the place of occurrence of the offence
- ## 64: What is the name(s) of Defence Witness(s) who has been examined
- ## 65: What is the date on which prosecution witness(s) was examined
- ## 66: Whether the witness(s) supported the prosecution case or turned hostile
- ## 67: What is the nature of the witness(s)
- ## 68: Which accused caused which injury on the body of the victim
- ## 69: What is the date of remand of the accused
- ## 70: Whether any injury/injuries were found on the body of accused person(s)
- ## 71: Whether accused complained of any ill treatment at the hands of police personnel
- ## 72: What are the names of the accused persons who conspired together
- ## 73: What are the names of the abettors
- ## 74: What is the name of the accused person(s) who was forwarded for trial
- ## 75: What is the name(s) of the absconding accused person(s)
- ## 76: Whether the accused has been examined as a witness
- ## 77: Whether the T.I.P of unknown accused person(s) was conducted
- ## 78: What is the name of the police officer who conducted the T.I.P
- ## 79: Whether the T.I.P was conducted as per statutory provisions under Cr.P.C
- ## 80: What is the name of witness(s) who participated in the T.I.P
- ## 81: What is the name of the accused person(s) identified during the T.I.P
- ## 82: What is the name of the accused person(s) not named in the FIR but identified during the T.I.P
- ## 83: What was the date on which the judgment was delivered by the trial court
- ## 84: What was the name of the Judge who conducted the trial
- ## 85: Whether the accused was convicted/acquitted
- ## 86: Whether the trial took place through video conferencing
- ## 87: Whether court has examined any witness as court witness
- ## 88: Whether any accused has been arrayed as witness during trial under section 319 Cr.P.C
- ## 89: What was the number of the documentary evidence(s) exhibited by either of the sides and what was Exhibit No.
- ## 90: Whether any accused arrayed as an approver
- ## 91: Whether there was a part conviction in the present case
- ## 92: Whether the accused has confessed during framing the charges
- ## 93: What was the date fixed for judgment
- ## 94: Whether the accused has taken the plea of an alibi

- ## 95: Whether there was any evidence as to previous charge framed against the accused
- ## 96: What was the number of material evidence(s) exhibited by either of the side with Material Exhibit No.
- ## 97: What were the objection(s), if any, by either of the side at the time of exhibiting evidence(s)
- ## 98: What was the date of receipt of record in the court of sessions after commitment
- ## 99: What was the date on which summons were issued on accused person(s) on Bail
- ## 100: What was the date fixed for defence evidence, if any
- ## 101: What was the date fixed for the argument
- ## 102: How many number of dates were taken for the conclusion of the argument
- ## 103: When was the body of the deceased sent for post-mortem
- ## 104: What was the name of the doctor who performed post-mortem
- ## 105: What was the nature of injury/ injuries mentioned in the post-mortem report
- ## 106: What was the nature of weapon(s) used and opined by the doctor causing injury/injuries to the deceased
- ## 107: Are there any discrepancy/ies in the injury/injuries found on the person of victim/deceased and opined by the doctor in post-mortem vis-a vis nature of weapon used
- ## 108: Are there any discrepancy/discrepancies in injury/injuries found on the person
- of victim/deceased in post-mortem report vis-a-vis the inquest report
- ## 109: What is the cause of death stated in the post-mortem report
- ## 110: What is the time of death stated on the post-mortem report
- ## 111: What is the nature of food material(s) found in the stomach of the deceased
- ## 112: Whether the viscera of the deceased was sent to forensic science laboratory
- ## 113: What is the description of rigor mortis
- ## 114: Whether the injury/injuries were ante-mortem/post-mortem
- ## 115: Whether there was any foreign body found in the body of the deceased
- ## 116: When was the report from the forensic science laboratory received
- ## 117: When was the report received from the forensic science laboratory adduced before the Court
- ## 118: Whether any material was sent to the forensic science laboratory for forensic examination
- ## 119: Whether the forensic science laboratory report was formally proved by its Author
- ## 120: What is the quantum of substantive sentence and the amount of fine
- ## 121: What was the date of hearing of the sentence
- ## 122: Whether any evidence(s) was adduced before the court during the hearing of the sentence
- ## 123: When was the post-mortem report collected by the police officer
- ## 124: What circumstances did the prosecution rely upon at the time of trial
- ## 125: What is the defence taken by the accused
- ## 126: What was the nature of the external injury/injuries on the person of the
- ## 127: What was the nature of the internal injury or injuries on the body of the deceased
- ## 128: In which court was the trial held
- ## 129: What was the date of institution of the domestic violence case
- ## 130: In which police station was the FIR instituted
- ## 131: How many witnesses were examined by the prosecution.
- ## 132: What is the FIR number
- ## 133: What is the name of the judge who charged the accused
- ## 134: What was the date of institution of trial
- ## 135: After how long was the post-mortem conducted since the time of death?
- ## 136: Judge convicted the accused?

```
## 137: Is the death sentence conditional?
## 138: Were copies of judgment and order on sentence supplied to the convict?
## 139: On what date was the death sentence reference filed in the High Court?
## 140: When was the post-mortem on the deceased conducted?
## 141: What is the distance of the police station from the place of occurrence of the
offence?
## 142: Who proved the MLC of the deceased?
## 143: What were the contentions of the accused?
## 144: For how long was the accused kept in police custody?
## 145: The statement of which witness was recorded under section 161 of Cr.P.C?
## 146: which police officer recorded the statement of witness under section 161 of
## 147: Who is the police-witness in the case
## 148: Who prepared the crime team report?
## 149: How many accused person(s) are named in the FIR?
## 150: what are the names of doctors cited as witnesses
## 151: what is the date of arrest?
## 152: What is the nature of the charge sheet?
## 153: what is the time of death of victim?
## 154: What is the name of the police officer who prepared the inquest proceedings?
## 155: What was the number of accused persons?
## 156: What is the name of the doctor who examined the witness?
## 157: What is the name of the station house officer (SHO)?
## 158: What is the name of the assistant commissioner of police(ACP)?
## 159: What is the FSL report number?
## 160: What is the MLC number?
## 161: What is the status of the accused stated in the charge sheet?
## 162: Does the charge sheet give any advice to the investigating officer?
## 163: How many sealed parcels were received by the forensic science laboratory?
## 164: How are the sealed articles described?
## 165: When were the sealed articles received by the FSL?
## 166: What is the result of the analysis of the sealed articles?
## 167: What techniques were used to examine the biological report?
## 168: What is the result of the biological report?
## 169: Who prepared the inquest papers?
## 170: Whether the post mortem report was formally proved by its Author?
## 171: Who assisted the Inspecting Officer in investigation?
## 172: Who are witnesses to the beatings given to the accused?
## 173: Was the MLC report adduced before the court?
## 174: On what date were the arguments heard?
## 175: Who is the most crucial witness of the prosecution?
## 176: When did the investigating officer receive the site map of the place of
occurrence of offence?
## 177: Whether any subsequent opinion of weapon was sought by investigating officer?
## 178: What were the contentions of the prosecution?
## 181: Under which section was the domestic violence case filed?
## 182: What order was passed by the magistrate in the domestic violence case
## 183: Whether benefit u/s 428 of Cr.P.C was given to the accused?
## 184: What was the number of inquest papers?
## 185: Who proved the crime team report?
## 186: Did the accused lead any evidence in his defence?
## 187: Which cases were cited during the trial?
## 188: Which cases were cited by the defence counsel during the trial?
## 189: Was the prosecution successful in proving its case?
## 190: Who are the material witnesses?
```

```
## 191: Who are the formal witnesses?
## 192: Who are the expert witnesses?
## 193: To whom was the dead body of the victim handed over?
## 194: What was the date on which the judgment was delivered by the High Court with
respect to the death sentence reference appeal?
## 195: What was the name of the Judge who heard the death sentence reference appeal?
## 196: Under which section was death sentence referred to the High Court for
confirmation?
## 197: Who prepared the rukka on receipt of information of the crime?
## 198: What were the steps taken after the information of the crime was given to the
police?
## 199: Where was the accused arrested?
## 200: Who prepared the site plan of the place of occurrence?
## 201: When was the confession of the accused person(s) recorded?
## 202: Was the death sentence confirmed by the High Court?
## 203: When did the High Court give its decision on the death sentence?
## 204: When was the copy of the High Court judgment sent to the convict?
## 205: What was the mitigating circumstance for setting aside the death sentence?
## 206: Did the accused plead guilty and claim trial?
## 207: Were the convicts in judicial custody during the trial?
## 208: Under which sections was the accused convicted?
## 209: When was the PCR call related to the crime received?
## 210: Was the FIR read over to the complainant/informant?
## 211: Did the complainant/informant admit that the FIR was recorded correctly?
## 212: Was a copy of the FIR supplied to the complainant/informant?
## 213: What was the forensic evidence given in this case?
## 214: What is the date and time of receiving the body in mortuary?
## 215: Whether a recommendation was made u/s 357-A of Cr.P.C ?
## 216: What is the name(s) of Charge-sheeted accused person(s)?
## 217: What is the name of the deceased victim?
## 218: Who brought the certificate under section 65-B of the Evidence Act ?
## 219: What is the motive of commission of offence according to prosecution?
## 220: How did the police receive information about the accused person(s)?
## 221: Which convict paid the fine?
## 222: Whether the copy of police report supplied to the accused under section 207 of
Cr. PC?
## 223: What is the name of the forensic expert who prepared the CFSL report?
## 224: Who were the witnesses to the arrest of the accused?
## 225: Whether there was any discrepancy in the medical evidence?
```

## 226: What techniques were used to examine the serological report?

## 227: Whether the transit remand for accused was obtained?