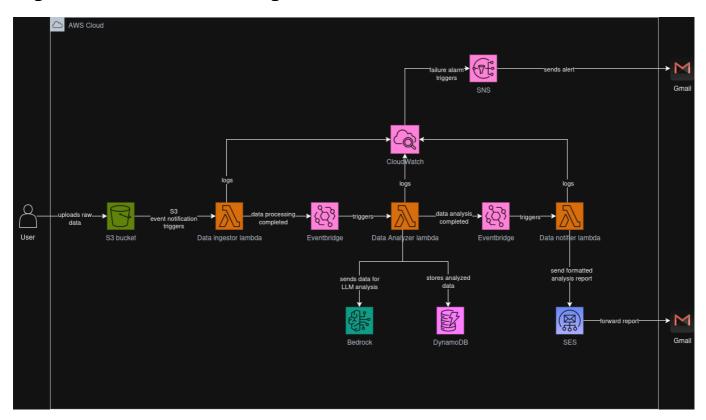
Serverless Architecture: Data Processing and Analysis

Serveless Architecture Github Repo Link

CICD Github Repo Link

High Level Architecture Diagram



Introduction:

Serverless Architecture:

Serverless Architecture is a way to build and run applications and services without having to manage infrastructure. The application still runs on a server, but all server management is done by cloud providers. We no longer have to provision, scale, and maintain servers to run your applications, databases, and storage systems.

Why use Serverless Architecture?

By using a serverless architecture, your developers can focus on their core product instead of worrying about managing and operating servers or runtimes, either in the cloud or on-premises. This reduced overhead lets developers reclaim time and energy that can be spent on developing great products which scale and that are reliable.

Data Processing using Serverless Architecture:

This project implements a data processing pipeline on AWS that demonstrates practices including Infrastructure as Code (IaC), security, monitoring, and CI/CD automation.

Key Features:

- 1. Serverless: AWS managed application
- 2. Automation: CI/CD using CodePipeline and CodeBuild
- 3. **Infrastructure as Code:** IaC using Terraform
- 4. AI-Powered: Use of LLM for data analysis via Amazon Bedrock
- 5. Logging and Monitoring: Cloudwatch metrics and alerts

Basic Flow:

- 1. **Ingestion:** Data is ingested into S3 bucket.
- 2. **Processing:** Raw data from S3 bucket is cleaned, validated and split into processed and rejected folders.
- 3. **Orchestration:** The workflow is coordinated using Eventbridge.
- 4. **Analysis:** Amazon Bedrock perform analysis in processed data.
- 5. **Storage:** The analyzed data is stored on DynamoDB.
- 6. **Notification:** The data from DynamoDB is sent through SES emails.
- 7. **Monitoring:** CloudWatch captures metrics, logs and triggers alarms.

Prerequisites

- AWS CLI installation
- Configure with credentials

aws configure

- Install required dependencies: python, boto, terraform
- Valid SES email addresses

Step-by-step Guide

• Clone a reposiory

git clone https://github.com/shrijanabudhathoki/Serverless-Architecture.git cd Serverless Architecture

• Configure AWS provider

aws configure

Initialize Terraform

cd terraform
terraform init

terraform plan terraform apply

- Check your email for SES verification and click the verification link to enable email sending.
- Upload sample data to s3 bucket to test the pipeline

```
aws s3 cp sample_data.csv s3://health-data-bucket-shrijana/raw/
```

• Upload same file twice to check for idempotency.

CodePipeline and CodeBuild

- The required aws resources are provisioned when we push code changes to github repository.
- Any changes to github repository triggers code pipeline which automatically deploys the resources required for serverless data processing pipeline.

Components details

Data ingestor lambda function:

- Data ingestor lambda function is s3 based data ingestion pipeline that ingests CSV health data, validates them and sends processed results to S3 bucket and Eventbridge.
- Lambda is triggered when we upload csv file to s3 bucket in raw/ folder.
- The lambda then validates the input against required fields and acceptable ranges.
- The idempotency is enforced using file version and SHA256 hash markers.
- Valid data are sent to processed/ and invalid data are sent to rejected/
- The lambda sends success or failure event to Eventbridge for orchestration of next step.

Data analyzer lambda function:

- Data analyzer lambda function analyzes processed data, detect anomalies, generate insights, recommendations and summary based on that data using LLM via Bedrock and saves the result for downstream process.
- It fetches the processed data from S3 bucket and flags row with abnormal metrics.
- It then sends prompt to Bedrock LLM to generate insights, recommendations, and executive summary.
- It saves the analysis result in DynamoDB and s3.
- It notifies downstream process using Eventbridge after the analysis is complete.

Data notifier lambda function:

- This Lambda function is a reporting and notification service for your health monitoring system.
- It fetches recent health analysis results from DynamoDB.
- It then aggregates data processing statistics from S3 manifest files.
- It extracts insights, recommendations, and summaries from the analysis.

• It generates a detailed email report (text + HTML) with statistics, anomalies, insights, and recommendations.

• It sends the email via Amazon SES.

Role of Eventbridge:

Eventbridge orchestrates the workflow. In a pipeline, after one Lambda finishes its task (e.g., data-ingestor or data-analyzer), it sends an event to EventBridge. EventBridge then triggers downstream Lambdas (e.g., notifier) based on the event type or content. The Lambda sends an EventBridge event with details like status: success or status: failed. EventBridge routes these events to the appropriate Lambda (or another consumer). This allows the system to react differently to success vs failure.

Security Measures:

Each lambda has minimal required permissions following principle of least privilege. For eg. notifier lambda is only allowed to get dynamodb data, create logs and get s3 bucket data. S3 bucket are encrypted using server side encryption which ensures data security.

Error Handling & Retry Strategies

- Lambda functions log structured JSON messages for success and error events.
- Idempotency marker prevents re-analysis; Bedrock or DynamoDB errors logged.
- Retry mechanism for sending email.
- Metrics alarm are used for alert through email in case of lambda failures.

CICD Pipeline

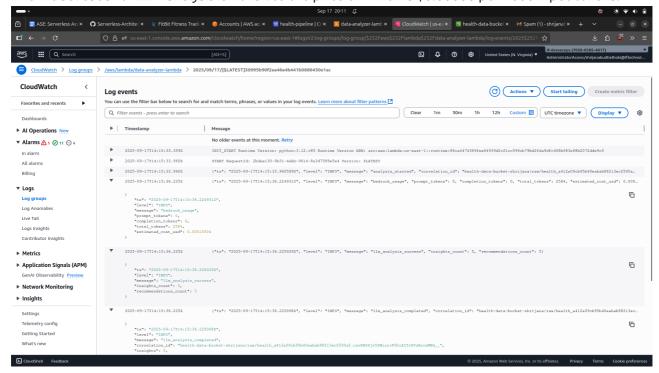
- CodeBuild and CodePipeline is used for CICD
- CI step fmt, init and validate terraform. It also performs validation testing.
- CD step apply the terraform.

Github Backsync

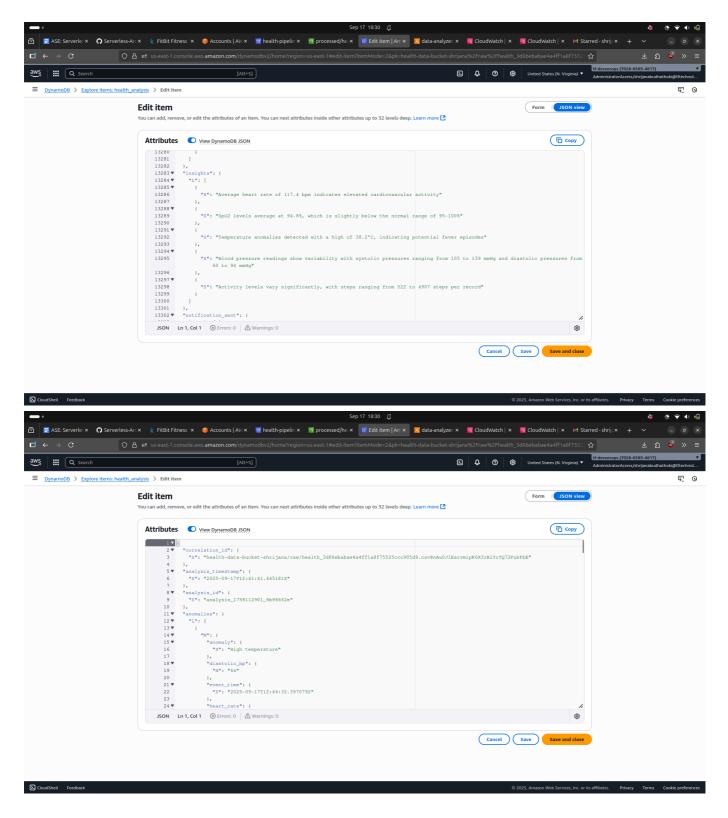
We have three branch: main, dev, uat. When we push changes to uat branch, dev is out of sync. Backsync creates pr to dev to sync uat and dev branch.

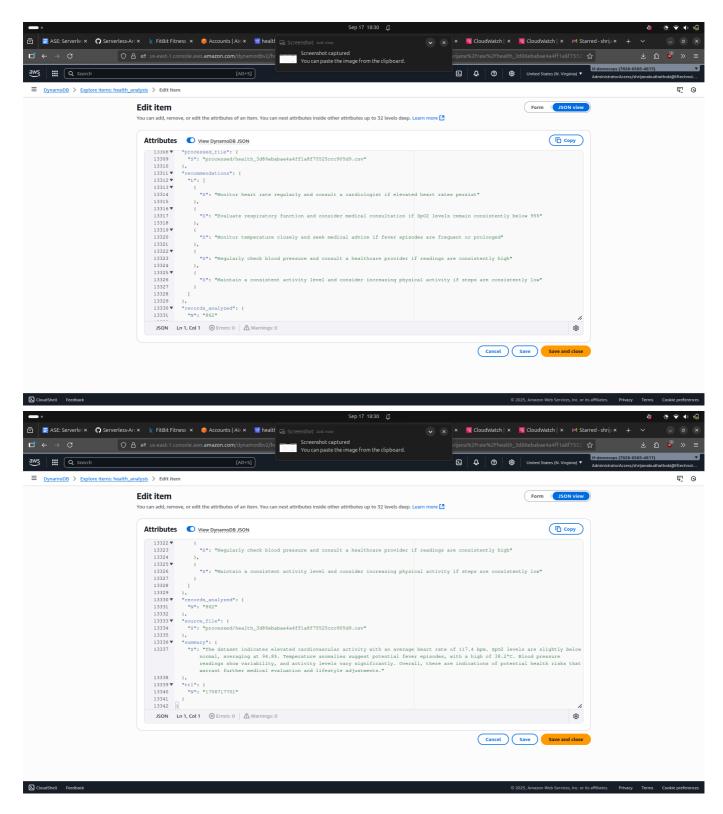
Cost Analysis of Bedrock Model

• The model used for LLM analysis is nova-lite the price of which is \$0.00006 per 1000 input tokens.

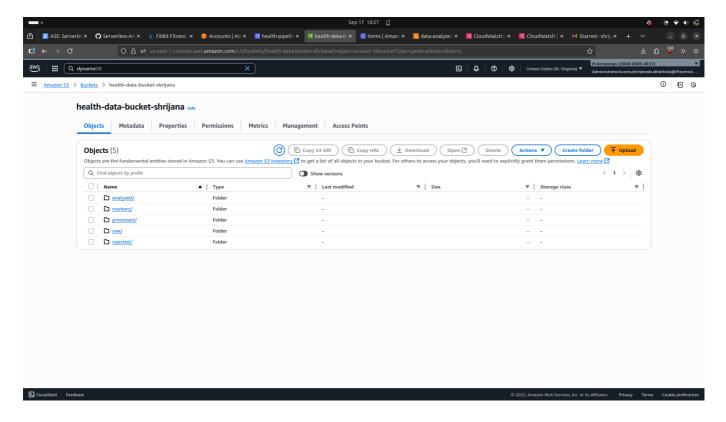


DynamoDB populated with data

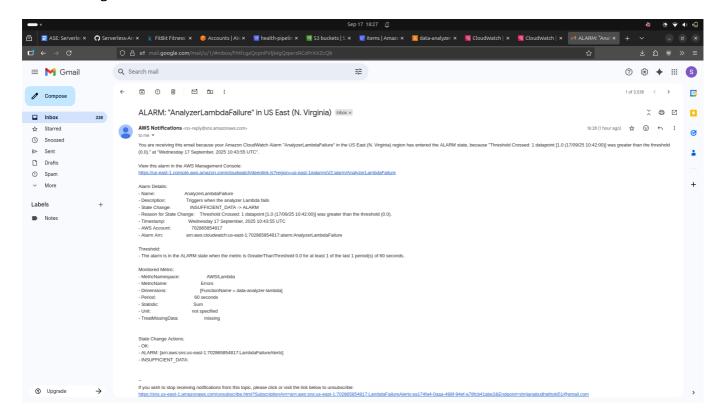




S3 bucket with raw/, processed/ and rejected/ data



Alarm firing on failure



Mail with analysis summary

