Emotion-Aware, Agentic Healthcare Chatbot Proposal

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1 Problem Statement

Modern Chatbot health interactions lack two critical capabilities:

- 1) **Emotional Intelligence:** Traditional chatbots "hear" what patients say but ignore how they say it anxiety and distress go unnoticed.
- 2) Modular Expertise & Memory: Monolithic dialogue models struggle with medical accuracy and conversational empathy, and lack persistent memory across sessions.

Goal: Build a real-time, multi-agent healthcare chatbot that:

- Detects and adapts to patient emotion in real time.
- Maintains a multimodal memory of content and affective state.
- Extracts symptoms, performs RAG-powered medical lookups, suggests diagnoses.
- Recommends and books appointments with nearby doctors based on location and specialty.

2 Solution Overview

Our design leverages **LangGraph** orchestration, specialized LLM agents, speech modules (VAD, STT, TTS), and a high-performance vector memory store:

- 1. **Emotion Detection Agent**: Analyzes pitch, tone, and pauses via VAD/STT i.e tags valence/arousal.
- 2. **Multimodal Memory Agent**: Streams transcripts and emotion metadata into a vector DB (e.g., FAISS/Pinecone).
- 3. **Specialized LLM Agents**: Symptom extraction, medical retrieval (RAG), empathy response, orchestrator.
- 4. **Orchestration Layer**: LangGraph handles task decomposition, parallel execution, error handling.
- 5. Output & Action: Presents top-3 differential diagnoses and enables appointment booking via scheduling APIs.

3 Technology Stack

Below is a detailed technical stack mapping for each node/agent in the architecture, including their input/output (I/O) and implementation technologies.

Agent/Node	Input	Output	Tech Stack / Tools
Main Agent (Orchestrator)	User audio/text, context	Routed tasks to agents	LangGraph, Python, FastAPI
VAD	Raw audio	Speech segments	WebRTC VAD, PyAu-dio/SoundDevice
STT	Speech segments	Text transcript	OpenAI Whisper, Google STT, AssemblyAI
Emotion Detection	Transcript, audio features	Emotion tags	OpenSMILE, PyAudioAnalysis, Transformers
Memory Agent	Transcript, emotion tags	Embeddings in Vector DB	FAISS/Pinecone/Chroma, Post- greSQL/MongoDB, LangChain Memory
Empathy Response	Utterance, emo-	Empathetic	GPT-4/Claude, LangChain, prompt
Agent	tion, context	response	engineering
Symptom Extraction	Text utterance	Structured	Bio_ClinicalBERT, Med7, scispaCy,
		symptom list	LangChain
Medical Retrieval	Symptoms, con-	Medical knowl-	LangChain RAG,
(RAG)	text	edge snippets	FAISS/Elasticsearch, Ollama
Task Breakdown	Complex intent	Sub-task list	LangGraph, Python
Context Sharing	Sub-agent out- puts	Unified session context	LangGraph, Redis
Diagnosis Agent	Unified context	Top-N diag-	GPT-4/Claude, custom LLM
		noses, doctor suggestions	function-calls, hospital APIs
Doctor's Dataset	Query params	List of doctors,	PostgreSQL/MongoDB, RESTful
		booking links	APIs
Frontend	User input	Chat UI, emo- tion meter	React.js, WebSockets, Native SDKs
Monitoring	System logs/events	Metrics, alerts	Prometheus, Grafana, ELK Stack

4 System Architecture

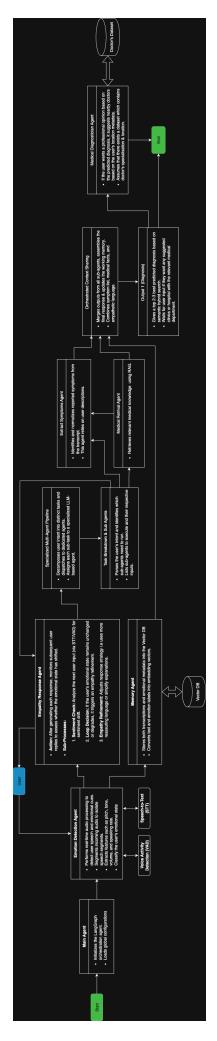


Figure 1: Agentic Chatbot System Architecture

4.1 High-Level Flow

- 1. User speaks or types input (audio/text).
- 2. VAD \rightarrow STT \rightarrow Emotion Detection Agent (real-time paralinguistic analysis).
- 3. Memory Agent ingests transcript + emotion tags into vector DB.
- 4. LangGraph orchestrator decomposes intent, dispatches sub-agents in parallel.
- 5. Symptoms Extraction \rightarrow Medical Retrieval (RAG lookup).
- 6. Empathy Response Agent generates tone-adaptive reply with sentiment loop.
- 7. Diagnosis presentation + doctor recommendation + booking in conversation.
- 8. Feedback loop: Next input monitored for sentiment drift; memory updated.

4.2 Key Modules

Module	Responsibility		
STT & VAD	Convert speech to text; detect voice activity, pitch, tone, and pauses.		
Emotion Detection Agent	Classify valence/arousal; trigger empathy refinement if distress persists.		
Memory Agent	Store multimodal embeddings in vector DB; support retrieval-augmented prompts.		
LangGraph Orchestrator	Define agent graph; handle task decomposition, parallelism, context sharing, and fallbacks.		
Symptoms Extraction Agent	Normalize free-form input into structured symptom lists.		
Medical Retrieval Agent	Query curated clinical guidelines and disease ontologies via RAG.		
Empathy Response Agent	Generate responses modulated by real-time emotion checks.		
Appointment Booking	Suggest specialists (geolocation + doctor dataset); integrate scheduling APIs.		

5 Core Features & User Experience

- Emotion-Adaptive UX: Live emotion meter; adapt dialogues between clinical and empathetic tones.
- Persistent Multimodal Memory: Recall past diagnoses, medications, and emotional context across sessions.
- Symptom-to-Diagnosis Pipeline: NL symptom extraction \rightarrow RAG lookup \rightarrow ranked differential diagnoses with confidence.
- Conversational Booking: From symptoms to confirmed appointment in three conversational turns.

6 Technology Stack Summary

Layer	Technologies	
Orchestration	LangGraph	
LLM APIs	OpenAI GPT-4, Anthropic Claude	
Speech Modules	WebRTC VAD, Whisper STT, Amazon Polly / Azure TTS	
Vector Memory	FAISS, Pinecone, Chroma	
Backend	Python, FastAPI, Docker, Kubernetes	
Databases	PostgreSQL, MongoDB, Redis	
Frontend	React.js, Native SDKs	
Monitoring	Prometheus, Grafana, ELK Stack	
Scheduling APIs	Calendly, Hospital Scheduling System APIs	

7 Scalability, Security & Privacy

- Horizontal Scaling: Containerized services, Kubernetes HPA for LangGraph and STT clusters.
- Failover & Redundancy: Multi-region LLM endpoints; fallback to on-prem models (Ollama).
- Data Privacy: End-to-end encryption, HIPAA/GDPR compliance, user-controlled memory purge.
- Audit & Logging: Immutable logs, role-based access controls, continuous security scans.

8 Conclusion

By combining multimodal emotion analysis, LangGraph agent orchestration, and RAG-powered medical retrieval, our solution delivers an empathetic, accurate, and actionable healthcare chatbot. We anticipate significant improvements in patient engagement, satisfaction, and care efficiency.