



Hands-on Lab: Working with Multiple Tables in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use <u>MySQL</u>. MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

EMPLOYE	ES													
EMP_ID	F_NAME	IE L_NAME SSN		B_DATE	TE SEX		ADDRESS		JOB_ID	SALA	MANAGER_		R_ID	DEP_ID
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-0	1-09	И	5631 Rice, Oa	kPark,IL	100	10000	00 3	0001		2
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-0	7-31 F		980 Berry In, E	Elgin,IL	200	80000	3	0002		5
E1003	Steve	Steve Wells 12		1980-0	8-10	И	291 Springs, Gary, IL		300	50000 30002		0002		5
JOB_HIST	ORY					JC	OBS							
EMPL_ID	START	START_DATE JOBS		DEPT_I	D		OB_IDENT JOB_TIT		LE		MIN_SALARY		MA	X_SALAR
E1001	2000-0	2000-01-30 100		2		10	100 Sr. Arch		nitect		60000		100000	
E1002	2010-0	2010-08-16 200		5		20	200 Sr.Soft		oftwareDeveloper		60000		800	00
E1003	2016-0	2016-08-10 300		5		30	Jr.Soft		SoftwareDeveloper		40000		600	00
DEPARTM	ENTS						LOCATIO	NS						
DEPT_ID_DE	P DEP_N	DEP_NAME		MANAGER_ID L			LOCT_ID		DEP	_ID_LOC				
2	Archit	Architect Group		30001		L0001			2					
5	Softwa	Software Development		30002		L0002			5					
7	Design	Design Team		30003			L0003		7					
5	Softwa	Software		30004 L0004										

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

• Write SQL queries that access more than one table

- Compose queries that access multiple tables using a nested statement in the WHERE clause
- Build queries with multiple tables in the FROM clause
- Write Implicit Join queries with join criteria specified in the WHERE clause
- Specify aliases for table names and qualify column names with table aliases

In this lab, you will through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with SQL queries that access multiple tables. You will be:

- Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries
- Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

How does an Implicit version of CROSS JOIN (also known as Cartesian Join) statement syntax look?

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1, table2;
```

How does an Implicit version of INNER JOIN statement syntax look?

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1, table2
WHERE table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

Exercise 1: Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries

1. Problem:

Retrieve only the EMPLOYEES records that correspond to jobs in the JOBS table.

▼ Solution

```
select * from EMPLOYEES where JOB ID IN (select JOB IDENT from JOBS);
```

▼ Output

+ Options								
← ⊤→	$\overline{}$	EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS
☐ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-09-01	M	5631 Rice, OakPark,IL
□ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry In, Elgin,IL
□ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy 🤇	Delete	E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-10-08	M	291 Springs, Gary,IL
□ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M	511 Aurora Av, Aurora,IL
☐ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-04-01	M	216 Oak Tree, Geneva,IL
□ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-06-02	F	111 Green PI, Elgin,IL
☐ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F	100 Rose PI, Gary,IL
□ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-06-05	М	145 Berry Ln, Naperville, IL
☐ 🖉 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-09-07	F	120 Fall Creek, Gary,IL
□ 🔗 Edit 🛂 Copy (Delete	E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F	111 Britany Springs, Elgin, IL

2. Problem:

Retrieve only the list of employees whose JOB_TITLE is Jr. Designer.

- ► Solution
- ► Output
- 3. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information and list of employees who earn more than \$70,000.

- ► Solution
- ► Output
- 4. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information and list of employees whose birth year is after 1976.

- ► Solution
- ► Output
- 5. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information and list of female employees whose birth year is after 1976.

- ► Solution
- ► Output

Exercise 2: Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

1. Problem:

Perform an implicit cartesian/cross join between EMPLOYEES and JOBS tables.

- ► Solution
- **▼** Output

+ Options EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS	JOB_ID	SALARY	MANAGER_ID
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F	111 Britany Springs,Elgin,IL	220	70000.00	30004
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-09-07	F	120 Fall Creek, Gary,IL	234	70000.00	30003
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-06-05	M	145 Berry Ln, Naperville,IL	660	65000.00	30003
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F	100 Rose PI, Gary,IL	650	65000.00	30003
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-06-02	F	111 Green PI, Elgin,IL	600	90000.00	30001
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-04-01	M	216 Oak Tree, Geneva,IL	500	70000.00	30001
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M	511 Aurora Av, Aurora,IL	400	60000.00	30004
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-10-08	M	291 Springs, Gary,IL	300	50000.00	30002
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry In, Elgin,IL	200	80000.00	30002
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-09-01	M	5631 Rice, OakPark,IL	100	100000.00	30001
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F	111 Britany Springs,Elgin,IL	220	70000.00	30004
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-09-07	F	120 Fall Creek, Gary,IL	234	70000.00	30003
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-06-05	М	145 Berry Ln, Naperville,IL	660	65000.00	30003
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F	100 Rose PI, Gary,IL	650	65000.00	30003
Consol	Nancy e	Allen	123411	1978-06-02	F	111 Green PI, Elgin,IL	600	90000.00	30001

2. Problem:

Retrieve only the EMPLOYEES records that correspond to jobs in the JOBS table.

 $lap{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize{Normalize$

select * from EMPLOYEES, JOBS where EMPLOYEES.JOB_ID = JOBS.JOB_IDENT;

- ► Output
- 3. Problem:

Redo the previous query, using shorter aliases for table names.

- ► Solution
- ► Output
- 4. Problem:

Redo the previous query, but retrieve only the Employee ID, Employee Name and Job Title.

- ► Solution
- ► Output
- 5. Problem:

Redo the previous query, but specify the fully qualified column names with aliases in the SELECT clause.

▼ Solution

```
select E.EMP_ID, E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME, J.JOB_TITLE from EMPLOYEES E, JOBS J where E.JOB_ID = J.JOB_IDENT;
```

► Output

Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems of this lab with a script, download the script below. Import the script to mysql phpadmin interface and run. Follow Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables on how to import a script to MYsql phpadmin interface and run it.

• <u>MultipleTablesSolutionScript.sql</u>

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

Author(s)

Lakshmi Holla

Malika Singla

Changelog

Date Version Changed by Change Description 2021-11-01 0.1 Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla Initial Version

© IBM Corporation 2021. All rights reserved.

Previous