## Practice Problems DAY 6 PROB 1

1) Write a program that takes a command-line argument n and prints a table of the powers of 2 that are less than or equal to  $2^n$ .

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter the n value"
read n

p=1

for((i=0; i<$n; ++i))
do

    if(($i==0))
    then
        p=1
    else
        p=$(($p*2))
    fi
    echo $p
```

done

2) Write a program that takes a command-line argument n and prints the nth harmonic number. Harmonic Number is of the form

```
#!/bin/bash
harmonic=1
read -p "Enter the Nth number" n
#harmonic=$(($harmonic + 1))
#echo $harmonic
```

```
for (( i=2; i<=$n; i++))
do
  res=`echo "scale=2; 1 / $i" | bc`
  harmonic=`echo "scale=2; $harmonic + $res" | bc`
  #harmonic=$(($harmonic + $res))</pre>
```

done

echo \$harmonic

```
3) Write a program that takes a input and determines if the number is a prime.
echo "Please Enter the number"
read number
i=2
f=0
for ((i=2; i<=number; i++))
while test $i -le `expr $number / 2`
do
if test `expr $number % $i` -eq 0
then
f=1
fi
i=\text{`expr $i+1$`}
done
if test $f -eq 1
echo "Not Prime"
else
echo "Prime"
fi
done
```

4)Extend the program to take a range of number as input and output the PrimeNumbers in that range.

```
read -p "Enter start number and end range to find prime number" num1 read -p "Enter start number and end range to find prime number" num2
```

```
count=0
if((num2 < 2))
then
       echo "There are no prime numbers"
else
       echo "Prime numbers in the given range are"
       temp=$num1
       if(($num1 % 2 ==0))
       then
              num1=`expr $num1 + 1`
       fi
              for((i=$num1; i<=$num2; i=$i+2))
              do
                     flag=0
                     for((j=2; j<=\$i/2; j++))
                            u=$(($i % $j))
                            if((\$u == 0))
                            then
                                   flag=1
                                   break;
                            fi
                     done
                     if((flag == 0))
                     then
                            echo $i
                     fi
              done
fi
```

```
5 Write a program that computes a factorial of a number taken as input. 5 Factorial – 5! = 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * 5

echo "Enter a number"
read num
fact=1
```

```
while [ $num -gt 1 ]
do
  fact=$((fact * num)) #fact = fact * num
  num=$((num - 1)) #num = num - 1
done
echo $fact
```

6) Write a program to compute Factors of a number N using prime factorization method.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
read -p "Enter the number" n
while ((n\%2 == 0))
do
       n=\$n/2
done
a=$(bc <<< "scale=0; sqrt($n)")
for((i=3; i \le a; i=i+2))
do
       while(($n \%$i == 0))
       do
              echo $i
              n=$n/$i
       done
done
if((n > 2))
then
       echo $n
fi
```

## Practice Problems DAY 6 PROB

1) Write a program that takes a command-line argument n and prints a table of the powers of 2 that are less than or equal to 2\n till 256 is reached..

#!/bin/bash

```
echo "Enter the n value"
read n

p=1

for((i=0; i<$n; ++i))
do

    if(($i==0))
    then
        p=1
    else
        p=$(($p*2))
    fi

    echo $p
```

2)

done

3) Extend the Flip Coin problem till either Heads or Tails wins 11 times.

```
#!/bin/bash
count=0
count1=0
while(( $count <= 11 ||$count1 <=11))
do
   FLIP=$(($RANDOM %2))</pre>
```

```
if [ $FLIP -eq 1 ];then
    echo "Heads"
    count1=`expr $count1 + 1`

else
    echo "tails"
    count=`expr $count + 1`

fi

if(($count ==11 || $count1==11))
then
    if(($count1 ==11))
then
    echo "Head won $count1 times and Tail won $count times"
else
    echo "Tail won $count times and Head won $count1 times"
fi
break
fi
```

## PRACTICE PROBLEM DAY 6 PROB 3

1) Help user find degF or degC based on their Conversion Selection. Use Case Statement and ensure that the inputs are within the Freezing Point (  $0~^\circ\text{C}$  /  $32~^\circ\text{F}$  ) and the Boiling Point of Water

```
( 100 °C / 212 °F )
a. degF = (degC * 9/5) + 32
b. degC = (degF – 32) * 5/9
```

done

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
temprature(){
if [$1 -eq 1]
then
 echo -n "Enter temperature in Celsius: "
  read tc
 tf=$(echo "scale=2;((9/5) * $tc) + 32" |bc)
  echo "$tc Celsius = $tf Fahrenheit"
elif [$1 -eq 2]
then
  echo -n "Enter temperature in Fahrenheit:"
  read tf
  tc=$(echo "scale=2;(5/9)*($tf-32)"|bc)
  echo "$tf Fahrenheit = $tc Celsius"
else
 echo "Select the correct option please"
  exit 1
fi
}
echo "Temprature Conversion System"
echo "1. Convert Celsius temperature into Fahrenheit"
echo "2. Convert Fahrenheit temperatures into Celsius"
echo -n "Select your choice (1-2): "
read choice
temprature $choice
```

2) Write a function to check if the two numbers are Palindromes

#!/bin/bash

```
palindrome()
number=$1
no=$1
reverse=0
while(( no > 0))
do
    a=`expr $no % 10`
    n=`expr $no / 10`
    reverse=`expr $reverse \* 10 + $a`
done
echo $reverse
if[ $number -eq $reverse ]
then
    echo "It's a palindrome"
else
    echo "It's not palindrome"
fi
}
read -p "Enter values" n
palindrome $n
```

- 3) Take a number from user and check if the number is a Prime then show that its palindrome is also prime
- a. Write function check if number is Prime
- b. Write function to get the Palindrome
- c. Check if the Palindrome number is also prime

```
#!/bin/bash
prime()
```

```
{
      numo=$1
      for((i=2; i<=numo/2;i++))
      do
            if(($((numo%i))== 0))
            then
                  echo "$num1 is not a prime number"
                  exit
            fi
      done
      echo "$num1 is a prime number"
}
palindrome(){
      n=$1
      number=$1
      reverse=0
      while [ $n -gt 0 ]
      do
            a=`expr $n % 10`
            n=`expr $n / 10`
            reverse=`expr $reverse \* 10 + $a`
      done
      echo $reverse
      if [ $number -eq $reverse ]
      then
            echo "Number is palindrome"
      else
            echo "Number is not palindrome"
      fi
      prime $reverse
}
read -p "Enter a number" num
palindrome $num
```