```
• integer ==== int
```

- float ==== float
- string === str

num1=100

In [1]:

• boolean === bool

Integer to other data types

```
type(num1)
Out[1]: int
In [3]: num_float=float(num1)
         num\_float
Out[3]: 100.0
In [4]: type(num_float)
Out[4]: float
          • num1 is a variable, stored value: 100
          • num1 is an integer type
          • to convert float, float(num1)
          • float(num1) gives 100.0
          • float(num1) stored in a variable: num_float
          • num_float is float type
In [7]: python
Out[7]: 10
In [6]: python=10
In [8]: naresh
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
       NameError
       Cell In[8], line 1
        ----> 1 naresh
       NameError: name 'naresh' is not defined
```

Name error

- whenever if we see name error means that corresponding variable not intialized
- For example in above naresh is a variable
- Is Not defined before, thats why we are getting error
- So go above the lines and search for variable: naresh
- if you fell that is already defined then run again

```
In [10]:
         # Integer to string conversion
         num1=100
         num_string=str(num1)
         num_string
Out[10]: '100'
In [11]: type(num_string)
Out[11]: str
In [12]: # Integer to bool conversion
         num1=100
         num_bool=bool(num1)
         num_bool
Out[12]: True
In [13]: type(num_bool)
Out[13]: bool
In [14]: num2=-100
         num2_bool=bool(num2)
         num2_bool
Out[14]: True
In [15]: num3=0
         num3_bool=bool(num3)
         num3_bool
Out[15]: False
```

Note

- When boolean conversion of integer gives False
 - For 0 value , It gives Flase

```
In [16]: num1=100
    num1_float=float(num1)
    num1_str=str(num1)
    num1_bool=bool(num1)
    num1_float,num1_str,num1_bool
```

```
Out[16]: (100.0, '100', True)
In [17]: float(1000),str(1000),bool(1000)
Out[17]: (1000.0, '1000', True)
In [20]: 10,20,30
Out[20]: (10, 20, 30)
         Float to other data types
In [24]: num1=100.5 # Float
         num1_int=int(num1)
         num1_str=str(num1)
         num1_bool=bool(num1)
         num1_int,num1_str,num1_bool
Out[24]: (100, '100.5', True)
In [23]: print(num1_str)
        100

    first mistake conversion

           • printing the string value

    providing some gap

In [25]: int(0.0),str(0.0),bool(0.0)
Out[25]: (0, '0.0', False)
         String to other data type
In [42]: # Case-1:
         str='apple'
         int('apple') # error
         float('apple') # error
         bool('apple') # True
        ValueError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[42], line 3
              1 # Case-1:
              2 str='apple'
        ----> 3 int('apple') # error
              4 float('apple') # error
              5 bool('apple')
        ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'apple'
 In [ ]: # Case-2:
         str='apple123'
         int('apple123') # Error
```

```
float('apple123') # Error
         bool('apple123') # True
 In [ ]: # Case-3:
         str='0'
         int('0') # 0
         float('0') # 0.0
         bool('0') # True
 In [ ]: # Case-4:
         str=''
         int('') # error
         float('') # error
         bool('') # False
 In [ ]: # Case-5:
         str='10'
         int('10') # 10
         float('10') # 10.0
         bool('10') # True
In [28]: int('apple')
        ValueError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[28], line 1
        ----> 1 int('apple')
        ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'apple'
In [29]: float('apple')
        ValueError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[29], line 1
        ----> 1 float('apple')
       ValueError: could not convert string to float: 'apple'
In [27]: bool('apple')
Out[27]: True
In [30]: int('apple123')
        ValueError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[30], line 1
        ----> 1 int('apple123')
       ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'apple123'
In [31]: float('apple123')
```

```
ValueError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[31], line 1
        ----> 1 float('apple123')
        ValueError: could not convert string to float: 'apple123'
In [32]: bool('apple123')
Out[32]: True
In [33]: int('0')
Out[33]: 0
In [34]: float('0')
Out[34]: 0.0
In [35]: bool('0')
Out[35]: True
In [36]: int('')
        ValueError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[36], line 1
        ----> 1 int('')
        ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: ''
In [37]: float('')
        ValueError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[37], line 1
        ----> 1 float('')
       ValueError: could not convert string to float: ''
In [38]: bool('')
Out[38]: False
In [39]: int('10')
Out[39]: 10
In [40]: float('10')
Out[40]: 10.0
In [41]: bool('10')
Out[41]: True
```

```
In [ ]: # Case-6:
    str='10.5'
    int('10.5') # 10 ==== > error
    float('10.5') # 10.5
    bool('10.5') # True
```

- english letters as string represntation
 - apple
 - o intger coversion fail
 - o float conversion fail
 - boolean coversion True
- english letters with numbers as string representation
 - apple123
 - o intger coversion fail
 - float conversion fail
 - boolean coversion True
- 0 as string representation
 - intger coversion will give 0
 - float conversion will give 0.0
 - boolean coversion True
- empty string as string representation
 - intger coversion fail
 - float conversion fail
 - boolean coversion False
- 10 as string representation
 - intger coversion will give 10
 - float conversion will give 10.0
 - boolean coversion True
- 10.5 as string representation
 - intger coversion will fail
 - float conversion will give 010.5

```
In [43]: int('10')
Out[43]: 10
In [44]: float('10.5')
Out[44]: 10.5
In [45]: float('10')
Out[45]: 10.0
In [46]: int('10.5678')
        ValueError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[46], line 1
        ----> 1 int('10.5')
        ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '10.5'
In [47]: 10.678
          # 10.68
          # 10.7
          # 10.0
          # 10
Out[47]: 10.678
In [49]: int(float('10.5678'))
Out[49]: 10
          float is the boss
          float('10')
          float('10.5')
          integer will works only int famliy int('10')
          int('10.5') # Error
           • boolean conversion of empty string gives False
           • Otherwise True
In [52]: bool(''),bool(' ')
Out[52]: (False, True)
In [53]: len('')
```

```
Out[53]: 0
In [54]: len(' ')
Out[54]: 1
In [ ]: int(10.8) # Number system It will works
         int('10.5') # This will not works
In [ ]: int(True) # 1
         float(True) # 1.0
         str(True) # 'True'
 In [ ]: int(False) # 0
         float(False) # 0.0
         str(False) # 'False'
 In [1]: str(True)
 Out[1]: 'True'
 In [2]: str(False)
 Out[2]: 'False'
 In [ ]: sir, one doubt, in my note book , str/int/float is in green colour as it's keywo
 In [ ]: 9701962333
```