

## Loops

- Repeating the same task
- For example we want to do tax calculation
- Tax calculation has 4 lines of code
- I want to apply the tax calculations to my 100 employees
- How many lines required : 400
- But if I keep the 4 lines in form of function
- Then only one line can use for 100 members
- The making one line : Functions
- we are applying that one line for all 100 members : Loop
- Generally we have two types of loops
  - For loop
  - while loop
- Any loop we required three things
  - Initial point : start point to enter into the loop
  - Increment or decrement : Number of times iterate the loop
  - Condition to stop : we want to stop the loop based on specific condition
- In for loop all these 3 are in a single line
- In while loop all these 3 are 3 different lines

## For loop

*pattern – 1*

### **range(stop)**

- for loop use range data type
- inside range we can keep some values
- suppose if you keep only one value
- start= 0 by default

- increment by 1
- stop value= the given value -1
- range(3)
  - start=0
  - increment=1
  - stop= last-1= 3-1=2
  - 0 1 2

### python index start with zero

```
In [1]: # syntax

for i in range(3):
    print(i)
```

0  
1  
2

```
In [2]: print(0)
print(1)
print(2)
print(4)

print(i)
```

0  
1  
2  
4

```
In [ ]: for i in range(4):
        print(i)
# step-1 i=0 ===== print(0)
# step-2 i=1 ===== print(1)
# step-3 i=2 ===== print(2)
# step-4 i=3 ===== print(3)
```

```
In [10]: for i in range(4):
         print(i,end=' ')
```

0 1 2 3

```
In [9]: print(0,end=' ')
print(1,end=' ')
print(2,end=' ')
print(4)

print(i,end=' ')
```

0 1 2 4

```
In [11]: # print hello 5 times
print('hello')
```

```
print('hello')
print('hello')
print('hello')
print('hello')
```

hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello

```
In [12]: for i in range(5):
         print('hello')
```

hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello

```
In [ ]: # wap ask the use get a number ranndomly between 1 to 100
        # print the square of the number
        # ask the user repeat this task for three times
```

```
In [14]: import random
         num=random.randint(1,100)
         print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")

         import random
         num=random.randint(1,100)
         print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")

         import random
         num=random.randint(1,100)
         print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")
```

the square of 2 is 4  
the square of 32 is 1024  
the square of 82 is 6724

```
In [15]: import random
         for i in range(3):
             num=random.randint(1,100)
             print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")
```

the square of 8 is 64  
the square of 89 is 7921  
the square of 96 is 9216

*pattern – 2*

**range(start,stop)**

- Whenever we see the above pattern
- start= start
- increment by 1
- last=stop-1

- range(5,10)
  - start=5
  - increment=1
  - last= 10-1=9
  - 5,6,7,8,9

In [16]: 

```
for i in range(5,10):
    print(i)
```

5  
6  
7  
8  
9

In [17]: 

```
# wap ask the user print the square of the numbers
# from 1 to 5
for i in range(1,6):
    print(f"the square of {i} is {i*i}")
```

the square of 1 is 1  
the square of 2 is 4  
the square of 3 is 9  
the square of 4 is 16  
the square of 5 is 25

In [20]: 

```
import random
for i in range(1333,1336):
    num=random.randint(1,100)
    print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")
```

the square of 99 is 9801  
the square of 6 is 36  
the square of 7 is 49

In [22]: 

```
# wap ask the use get a number from keyboard
# find that number even or odd
# repeat this 5 times

for i in range(5):
    num=eval(input('enter a number:'))
    if num%2==0:
        print(f"the {num} is an even")
    else:
        print(f"the {num} is an odd")
```

the 1 is an odd  
the 2 is an even  
the 3 is an odd  
the 4 is an even  
the 5 is an odd

In [23]: 

```
num= eval(input("enter the number:"))
if num%2==0:
    for i in range(5):
        print(f"the number is even {num}")
```

```
else:
    print("number is odd")
```

the number is even 20  
the number is even 20  
the number is even 20  
the number is even 20  
the number is even 20

*pattern – 3*

### **range(start,stop,step)**

- start= start only
- step value
  - if step value is positive
    - positive step means positive direction
    - increment= step
    - last= stop-1
  - if step value is negative
    - negative step means reverse direction
    - decrement = step
    - last= stop+1

```
In [25]: for i in range(1,11,2):
          print(i,end=' ')

# start=1
# direction= step =+2
# increment =2
# last= stop-1=11-1=10

#1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10
#1      3      5      7      9

1 3 5 7 9
```

```
In [26]: for i in range(1,11,-2):
          print(i,end=' ')

# start=1
# negative = step = -2
# last = stop+1= 11+1=12
```

```
In [27]: for i in range(11,1,-2):
          print(i,end=' ')

# start=11
# dire = negative = -2
```

```
# last=stop+1= 1+1=2
# 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
# 11      9      7      5      3
```

11 9 7 5 3

```
In [28]: for i in range(-11,1,-2):
          print(i,end=' ')

# start=-11
# direction= negative step=-2 decrement
# last= stop+1=1+1=2
```

```
In [29]: for i in range(-11,-1,2):
          print(i,end=' ')
```

-11 -9 -7 -5 -3

```
In [ ]: range(3,15,3) # P
range(3,15,-3) # Np
range(3,-15,3) # NP
range(-3,15,3) # P
range(3,-15,-3) # P
range(-3,15,-3) # NP
range(-3,-15,-3) # P
range(15,3,3) # NP
range(15,3,-3) # P
range(15,-3,3) # NP
range(-15,-3,-3) # NP
```

```
In [1]: range(-22,22,-2)
```

Out[1]: range(-22, 22, -2)

```
In [ ]: #1) wap ask the use get a number ranndomly between 1 to 100
#       print the square of the number
#       ask the user repeat this task for three times
import random
for i in range(3):
    num=random.randint(1,100)
    print(f"the square of {num} is {num*num}")
```

```
In [ ]: #2) wap ask the user print the square of the numbers
#       from 1 to 5
for i in range(1,6):
    print(f"the square of {i} is {i*i}")
```

```
In [ ]: #3) wap ask the use get a number from keyboard
#       find that number even or odd
#       repeat this 5 times

for i in range(5):
    num=eval(input('enter a number:'))
    if num%2==0:
        print(f"the {num} is an even")
    else:
        print(f"the {num} is an odd")
```

```
In [6]: #4) Wap: Print the 7th table
# 7 x 1 = 7
# 7 x 2 = 14
# 7 x 10 = 70

# 7 x i = ans
for i in range(1,11):
    #print(7*i)
    print(f"7x{i}={7*i}")
```

```
7x1=7
7x2=14
7x3=21
7x4=28
7x5=35
7x6=42
7x7=49
7x8=56
7x9=63
7x10=70
```

```
In [10]: def table():
num=eval(input('Enter the number to display the table:'))
for i in range(1,11):
    print(f"{num}x{i}={num*i}")

table()
```

```
19x1=19
19x2=38
19x3=57
19x4=76
19x5=95
19x6=114
19x7=133
19x8=152
19x9=171
19x10=190
```

```
In [ ]: # Code
# Type the code
# 5 qns
# till if-else
# online offline
# write the exam
```

```
In [12]: # 5) WAP to find the divisors of a given number : 75
# What is meant by divisors
# If you divide a number with another number the remainder =0
# Idea
# Iterate the loop with given number
# For example if you want divisors of number =10
# start=1 end with 10
# So there are 1 to 10 numbers
# every number divide with the iterator number
# Find the remainder
# if remainder =0 then print that number

# step-1: num= eval()
# step-2: for i in range(1,num+1):
```

```
# step-3:      if <reminder>:
# step-4:      print(i)

num=eval(input("enter the number:"))
for i in range(1,num+1):
    if num%i==0:
        print(i)
```

1  
3  
5  
15  
25  
75

```
In [ ]: # 6) wap ask the to get sum of first 10 natural numbers
# 1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10= 55

0+1=1
1+2=3
3+3=6
6+4=10
10+5=15
15+6=21
21+7=28
28+8=36
36+9=45
45+10=55

{sum}+i={sum}
```

### Summation wrapper

- whenever we do summation using loop
- always keep summ=0 at starting of the code
- second line iterate the for loop
- Third line inside for loop write : summ=summ+i
- summ+=i or summ=summ+i
- dont give variable name as **sum**

```
In [ ]: # summ=0
# forLoop:
# summ=summ+i
summ=0 # Intial point
for i in range(1,11):
    summ=summ+i # updation

# step-1: summ=0   i=1   summ=0+1=1
# step-2: summ=1   i=2   summ=1+2=3
# step-3: summ=2   i=3   summ=3+3=6
```

```
In [13]: summ=0 # Intial point
for i in range(1,11):
```



```
    summ=summ+i # updation
    print(summ)
```

1  
3  
6  
10  
15  
21  
28  
36  
45  
55

```
In [14]: summ=0 # Intial point
        for i in range(1,11):
            summ=summ+i # updation

        print(summ)
```

55

```
In [15]: #Q8) Find the average of first 10 natural numbers
        summ=0 # Intial point
        for i in range(1,11):
            summ=summ+i # updation

        print(summ/10)
```

5.5

```
In [24]: summ=0
        def add():
            global summ,n1,n2
            n1=eval(input("enter the start:"))
            n2=eval(input("enter the last num:"))
            for i in range(n1,n2):
                summ=summ+i
            return(summ)
        summ=add()
        avg=summ/(n2-n1)
        print(avg)
```

5.5

### Counter wrapper

```
In [25]: for i in range(3):
        print("hello")
```

hello  
hello  
hello

- count=0
- for loop
- whenever the creteria meet count=count+1

- in the summation we use `sum=sum+i`
- in the counter we use `count=count+1`

```
In [26]: # q9)
count=0
for i in range(3):
    print("hello")
    count=count+1

print(count)
```

```
hello
hello
hello
3
```

```
In [28]: # Q10)
count=0
num=eval(input("enter the number:"))
for i in range(1,num+1):
    if num%i==0:
        print(i)
        count=count+1
print("The number of divisions are:",count)
```

```
1
3
5
15
25
75
The number of divisions are: 6
```

```
In [29]: # Q11)
count,summ=0,0
num=eval(input("enter the number:"))
for i in range(1,num+1):
    if num%i==0:
        print(i)
        count=count+1
        summ=summ+i
print("The number of divisions are:",count)
print("The summation of all divisions are:",summ)
```

```
1
3
5
15
25
75
The number of divisions are: 6
The summation of all divisions are: 124
```

```
In [ ]: # Q12)
# ask the user get a random number: n1
# ask the user enter a number: n2
# if n1==n2: print(won)
# otherwise print(fals)
```

```
# i want to give 3 chances
```

```
In [35]: import random
for i in range(3):
    num1 = random.randint(1,10)
    print(num1)
    num2 = eval(input("Enter your number"))
    if num1 == num2:
        print("Congrats yo've won")
        break
    else:
        print("Failed,mate")
```

```
3
Failed,mate
1
Congrats yo've won
```

```
In [ ]: case-1: whenever you won code should stop (completed)

case-2: whenever you fail
        it should display how many chances you have left

case-3: whenever all the chances are over
        it should display
        try after 24 hours
```

```
In [ ]: yes sir didnt get prime number problem...pls explain
answer know or dontknow

how to write the code
if you know the answer == how to write the code
dont know
```

```
In [ ]: n%1==0 and n%n==0

n%<>!=0
```

```
In [3]: n=eval(input("Enter a number: "))
if n>1:
    for i in range(1,n):
        if n%i==0:
            print("The given number is not Prime Number")
            break
    else:
        print("The given number is Prime Number.")

# n=7
# if 7>1 True ==== >
#     i (1,7)
#         7%1 7%2 7%3 7%4 7%5 7%6 where is 7%7 ?
```

The given number is not Prime Number

```
In [ ]: # when to write loop
if num%1==0:
    print('1 is the divisor of num')

if num%2==0:
```

```
print('2 is the divisor')
```

```
In [ ]: num=eval(input('Enter any number : '))
for i in range(2,num):
    if num%i==0:
        print('Not prime')
        break
    else:
        print('Prime')
        break
```

```
In [ ]: count=0
num=eval(input('enter number:'))
for i in range(num,num+1):
    if num%i==0:
        print(i,end=" ")
        count=count+1
    if count==2:
        print('it is prime number')
    else:
        print('it is not prime')
```

```
In [ ]: - if 1 and 2 never be consider as prime number

- for loop here 3 to n
- condition
```

```
In [ ]: # Today also you try it
```

```
In [4]: # wap ask the user take 5 random numbers
# provide me the count
# in that how many are even and how many are odd
import random
even_count=0
odd_count=0
for i in range(5):
    num=random.randint(1,100)
    if num%2==0:
        even_count+=1 # even_count=even_count+1
    else:
        odd_count+=1

print("The total number of evens are:",even_count)
print("The total number of odds are:",odd_count)
```

The total number of evens are: 2  
The total number of odds are: 3

```
In [12]: import random
even_sum=0
odd_sum=0
for i in range(5):
    num=random.randint(1,100)
    if num%2==0:
        print(f"{num} is an even")
        even_sum+=num # even_count=even_count+1
    else:
        print(f"{num} is an odd")
```

```
        odd_sum+=num
print(even_sum)
print(odd_sum)
```

```
19 is an odd
47 is an odd
38 is an even
41 is an odd
93 is an odd
38
200
```

### in operator

- For loop iteration possible with two ways
  - range
  - in
- range is math related, so it takes numbers
- in directly access with characters
- in the naive way in operator only for strings

```
In [15]: str1='python'

'p' in str1 # is 'p' available in str1

'y' in str1

'P' in str1
```

Out[15]: False

```
In [ ]: str1='python'

'p' in str1 # is 'p' available in str1
'y' in str1
't' in str1
'h' in str1
'o' in str1
'n' in str1

i in str1
```

```
In [16]: for i in str1:
          print(i)
```

```
p
y
t
h
o
n
```

```
In [17]: for i in 'hello':
```

```
print(i)
```

h  
e  
l  
l  
o

```
In [18]: # error
for i in range('hello'):
    print(i)
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[18], line 1
----> 1 for i in range('hello'):
      2     print(i)

TypeError: 'str' object cannot be interpreted as an integer
```

- range and eval will not process strings english characters
- range is a data type
- eval is not a data type

```
In [ ]: 'a' < 'A' # F
        'a' > 'A' # T
        'p' > 'y' # F
```

## ASCII

- American Standard Code for Information Interchange
- Every charcter symbol associated with a number
- 'a' : 97 'A': 65
- 'b' : 98 'B': 66

## ord-chr

- ord and chr are in-built functions
- ord will give the ascii number of charcter
- chr will give the charcter of a number

```
In [20]: ord('A'), ord('a')
```

```
Out[20]: (65, 97)
```

```
In [21]: 'a' > 'A' # 97>65
```

```
Out[21]: True
```

```
In [23]: chr(65),chr(97)
```

```
Out[23]: ('A', 'a')
```

### task-1

- Print all ascii number of A to Z using for loop

```
In [ ]: for i in 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
```

```
In [ ]: #Package name: string
#import string
#dir string
#find out the method which method will give capitalletters
```

```
In [24]: import string
```

```
In [25]: dir(string)
```

```
Out[25]: ['Formatter',
          'Template',
          '_ChainMap',
          '__all__',
          '__builtins__',
          '__cached__',
          '__doc__',
          '__file__',
          '__loader__',
          '__name__',
          '__package__',
          '__spec__',
          '_re',
          '_sentinel_dict',
          '_string',
          'ascii_letters',
          'ascii_lowercase',
          'ascii_uppercase',
          'capwords',
          'digits',
          'hexdigits',
          'octdigits',
          'printable',
          'punctuation',
          'whitespace']
```

```
In [26]: string.ascii_letters
```

```
Out[26]: 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
```

```
In [27]: string.ascii_lowercase
```

```
Out[27]: 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
```

```
In [28]: string.ascii_uppercase
```

```
Out[28]: 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
```

```
In [31]: for i in string.ascii_lowercase:
        print(f"{i}:{ord(i)}",end=' ')
```

a:97 b:98 c:99 d:100 e:101 f:102 g:103 h:104 i:105 j:106 k:107 l:108 m:109 n:110  
o:111 p:112 q:113 r:114 s:115 t:116 u:117 v:118 w:119 x:120 y:121 z:122

```
In [32]: for i in string.ascii_uppercase:
        print(f"{i}:{ord(i)}",end=' ')
```

A:65 B:66 C:67 D:68 E:69 F:70 G:71 H:72 I:73 J:74 K:75 L:76 M:77 N:78 O:79 P:80  
Q:81 R:82 S:83 T:84 U:85 V:86 W:87 X:88 Y:89 Z:90

```
In [33]: for i in string.punctuation:
        print(f"{i}:{ord(i)}",end=' ')
```

!:33 ":34 #:35 \$:36 %:37 &:38 ':39 (:40 ):41 \*:42 +:43 ,:44 -:45 .:46 /:47 ::58  
;:59 <:60 =:61 >:62 ?:63 @:64 [:91 \:92 ]:93 ^:94 \_:95 `:96 {:123 |:124 }:125 ~:1  
26

```
In [37]: for i in range(33,127):
        print(f"{i}:{chr(i)}",end=' ')
```

33:! 34:" 35:# 36:\$ 37:% 38:& 39:' 40:( 41:) 42:\* 43:+ 44:, 45:- 46:. 47:/ 48:0 4  
9:1 50:2 51:3 52:4 53:5 54:6 55:7 56:8 57:9 58:: 59:; 60:< 61:= 62:> 63:? 64:@ 6  
5:A 66:B 67:C 68:D 69:E 70:F 71:G 72:H 73:I 74:J 75:K 76:L 77:M 78:N 79:O 80:P 8  
1:Q 82:R 83:S 84:T 85:U 86:V 87:W 88:X 89:Y 90:Z 91:[ 92:\ 93:] 94:^ 95:\_ 96:` 9  
7:a 98:b 99:c 100:d 101:e 102:f 103:g 104:h 105:i 106:j 107:k 108:l 109:m 110:n 1  
11:o 112:p 113:q 114:r 115:s 116:t 117:u 118:v 119:w 120:x 121:y 122:z 123:{ 124:  
| 125:} 126:~

```
In [42]: for i in range(9758,10000):
        print(f"{i}:{chr(i)}",end=' ')
```

9758:𐀀 9759:𐀁 9760:𐀂 9761:𐀃 9762:𐀄 9763:𐀅 9764:𐀆 9765:𐀇 9766:𐀈 9767:𐀉 9768:𐀊 9  
769:𐀋 9770:𐀌 9771:𐀍 9772:𐀎 9773:𐀏 9774:𐀐 9775:𐀑 9776:𐀒 9777:𐀓 9778:𐀔 9779:𐀕  
9780:𐀖 9781:𐀗 9782:𐀘 9783:𐀙 9784:𐀚 9785:𐀛 9786:𐀜 9787:𐀝 9788:𐀞 9789:𐀟 9790:𐀠  
9791:𐀡 9792:𐀢 9793:𐀣 9794:𐀤 9795:𐀥 9796:𐀦 9797:𐀧 9798:𐀨 9799:𐀩 9800:𐀪 9801:𐀫  
9802:𐀬 9803:𐀭 9804:𐀮 9805:𐀯 9806:𐀰 9807:𐀱 9808:𐀲 9809:𐀳 9810:𐀴 981  
1:𐀵 9812:𐀶 9813:𐀷 9814:𐀸 9815:𐀹 9816:𐀺 9817:𐀻 9818:𐀼 9819:𐀽 9820:𐀾 9821:  
𐀿 9822:𐁀 9823:𐁁 9824:𐁂 9825:𐁃 9826:𐁄 9827:𐁅 9828:𐁆 9829:𐁇 9830:𐁈 9831:𐁉 9832:  
𐁊 9833:𐁋 9834:𐁌 9835:𐁍 9836:𐁎 9837:𐁏 9838:𐁐 9839:𐁑 9840:𐁒 9841:𐁓 9842:𐁔 9843:𐁕  
9844:𐁖 9845:𐁗 9846:𐁘 9847:𐁙 9848:𐁚 9849:𐁛 9850:𐁜 9851:𐁝 9852:𐁞 9853:𐁟 9854:  
𐁠 9855:𐁡 9856:𐁢 9857:𐁣 9858:𐁤 9859:𐁥 9860:𐁦 9861:𐁧 9862:𐁨 9863:𐁩 9864:𐁪 986  
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