

Iris Data Analysis

1 Importing Dependencies

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

2 Data Collection and Preprocessing

```
[2]: df= pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
```

```
[3]: df
```

```
[3]:      Id  SepalLengthCm  SepalWidthCm  PetalLengthCm  PetalWidthCm  \
0         1           5.1           3.5           1.4           0.2
1         2           4.9           3.0           1.4           0.2
2         3           4.7           3.2           1.3           0.2
3         4           4.6           3.1           1.5           0.2
4         5           5.0           3.6           1.4           0.2
..      ...           ...           ...           ...           ...
145      146           6.7           3.0           5.2           2.3
146      147           6.3           2.5           5.0           1.9
147      148           6.5           3.0           5.2           2.0
148      149           6.2           3.4           5.4           2.3
149      150           5.9           3.0           5.1           1.8
```

```
      Species
0      Iris-setosa
1      Iris-setosa
2      Iris-setosa
3      Iris-setosa
4      Iris-setosa
```

```

..
145 Iris-virginica
146 Iris-virginica
147 Iris-virginica
148 Iris-virginica
149 Iris-virginica

[150 rows x 6 columns]

```

```
[4]: # Extracting first 5 rows of data
df.head()
```

```
[4]:
```

| | Id | SepalLengthCm | SepalWidthCm | PetalLengthCm | PetalWidthCm | Species |
|---|----|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| 0 | 1 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 0.2 | Iris-setosa |
| 1 | 2 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 0.2 | Iris-setosa |
| 2 | 3 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 0.2 | Iris-setosa |
| 3 | 4 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 0.2 | Iris-setosa |
| 4 | 5 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 0.2 | Iris-setosa |

```
[5]: # Collecting basic info about data
df.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 6 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Id              150 non-null   int64
1   SepalLengthCm   150 non-null   float64
2   SepalWidthCm    150 non-null   float64
3   PetalLengthCm   150 non-null   float64
4   PetalWidthCm    150 non-null   float64
5   Species         150 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 7.2+ KB

```

```
[6]: df.describe()
```

```
[6]:
```

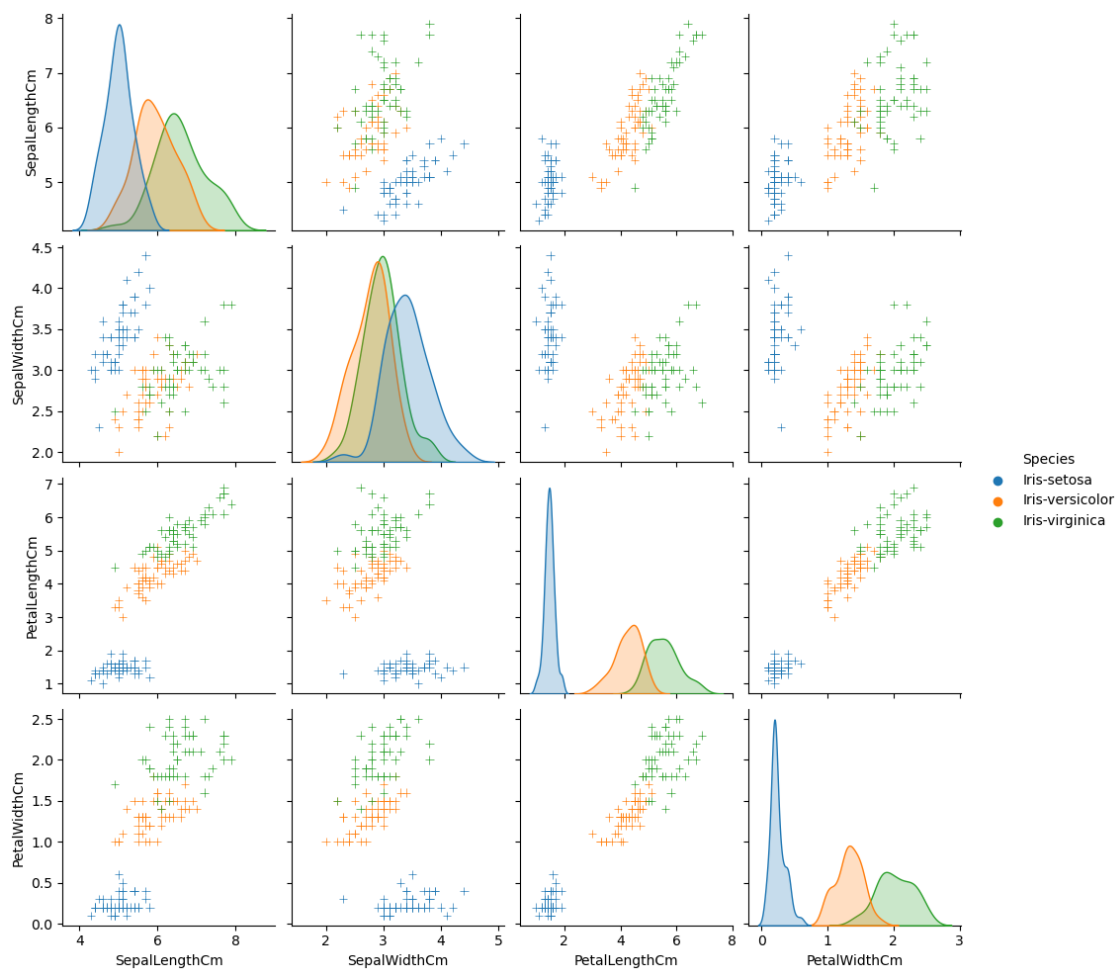
| | Id | SepalLengthCm | SepalWidthCm | PetalLengthCm | PetalWidthCm |
|-------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| count | 150.000000 | 150.000000 | 150.000000 | 150.000000 | 150.000000 |
| mean | 75.500000 | 5.843333 | 3.054000 | 3.758667 | 1.198667 |
| std | 43.445368 | 0.828066 | 0.433594 | 1.764420 | 0.763161 |
| min | 1.000000 | 4.300000 | 2.000000 | 1.000000 | 0.100000 |
| 25% | 38.250000 | 5.100000 | 2.800000 | 1.600000 | 0.300000 |
| 50% | 75.500000 | 5.800000 | 3.000000 | 4.350000 | 1.300000 |
| 75% | 112.750000 | 6.400000 | 3.300000 | 5.100000 | 1.800000 |
| max | 150.000000 | 7.900000 | 4.400000 | 6.900000 | 2.500000 |

```
[7]: df['Species'].value_counts()
```

```
[7]: Iris-setosa      50  
     Iris-versicolor 50  
     Iris-virginica  50  
     Name: Species, dtype: int64
```

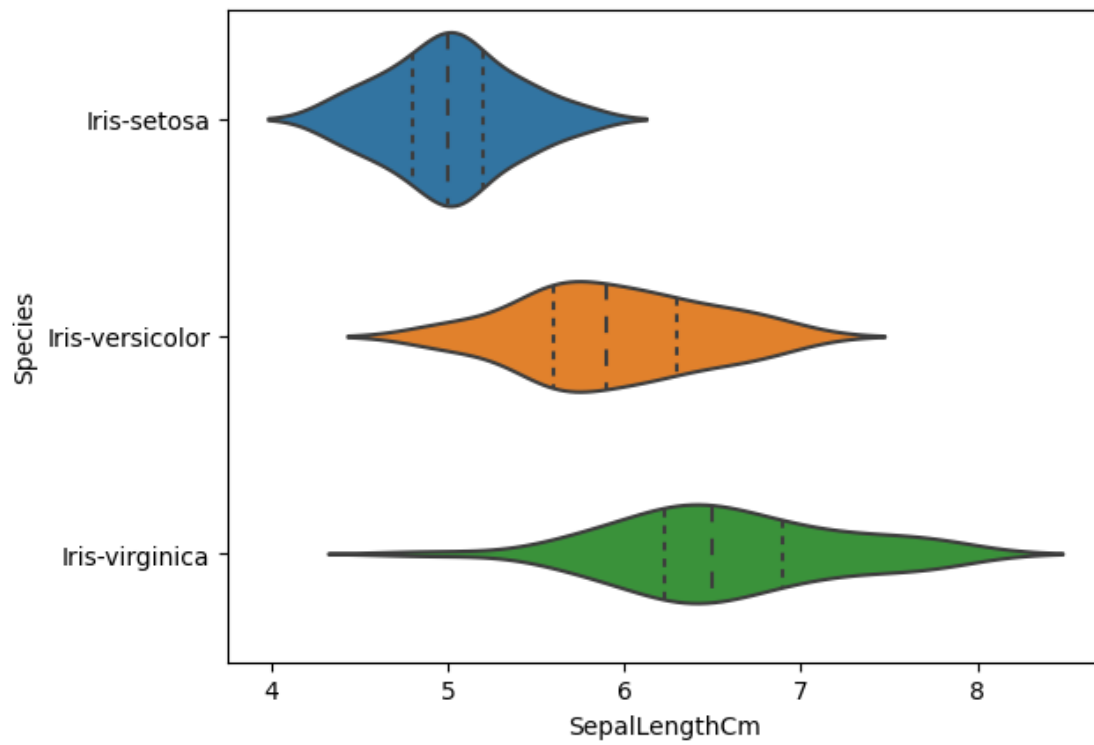
3 Data Visualization

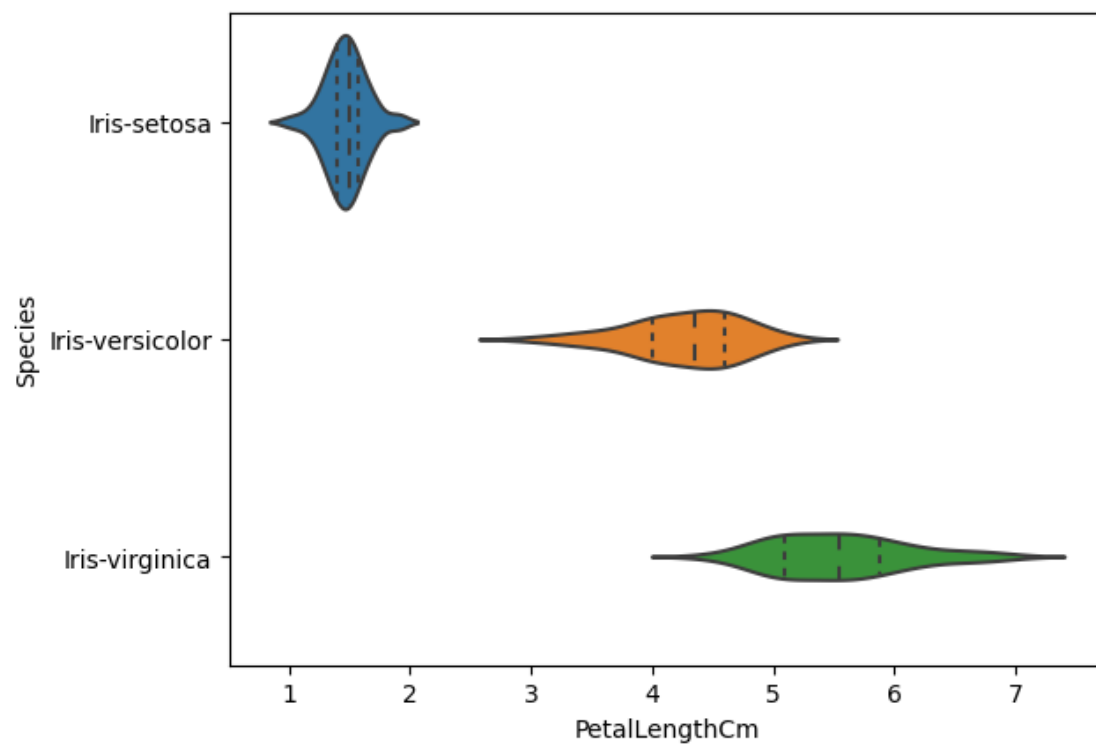
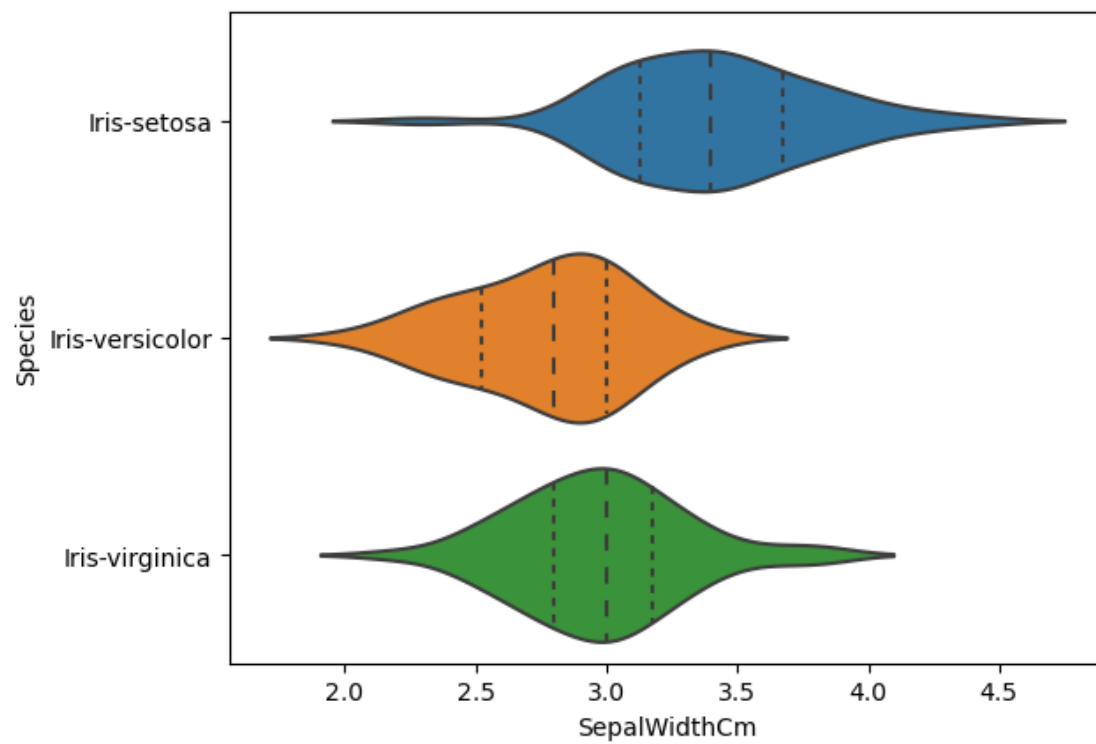
```
[8]: tmp = df.drop('Id', axis=1)  
     g = sns.pairplot(tmp, hue='Species', markers='+')  
     plt.show()
```

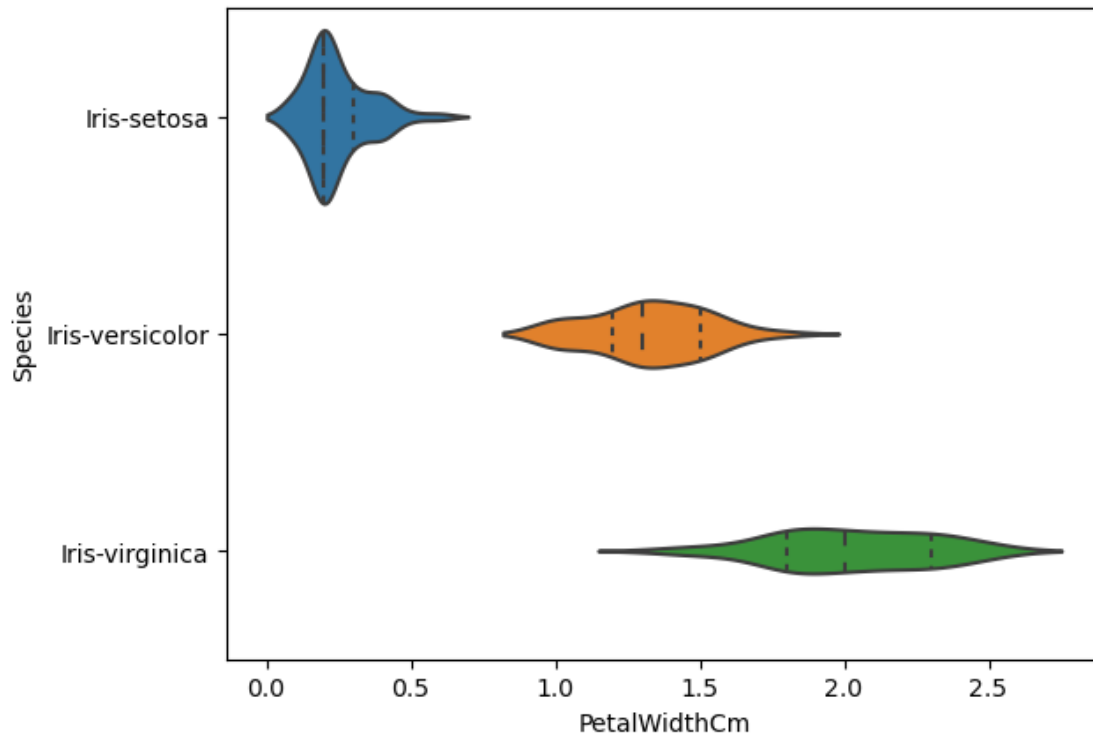


```
[9]: g = sns.violinplot(y='Species', x='SepalLengthCm', data=df, inner='quartile')  
     plt.show()  
     g = sns.violinplot(y='Species', x='SepalWidthCm', data=df, inner='quartile')
```

```
plt.show()
g = sns.violinplot(y='Species', x='PetalLengthCm', data=df, inner='quartile')
plt.show()
g = sns.violinplot(y='Species', x='PetalWidthCm', data=df, inner='quartile')
plt.show()
```







4 Modeling with scikit-learn

```
[11]: X = df.drop(['Id', 'Species'], axis=1)
      y = df['Species']
      print(X.shape)
      print(y.shape)
```

(150, 4)

(150,)

Train and test on the same dataset

```
[12]: #experimenting with different n values
      k_range = list(range(1,26))
      scores = []
      for k in k_range:
          knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
          knn.fit(X, y)
          y_pred = knn.predict(X)
          scores.append(metrics.accuracy_score(y, y_pred))

      plt.plot(k_range, scores)
      plt.xlabel('Value of k for KNN')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Accuracy Score')
plt.title('Accuracy Scores for Values of k of k-Nearest-Neighbors')
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neighbors\_classification.py:228: FutureWarning: Unlike other
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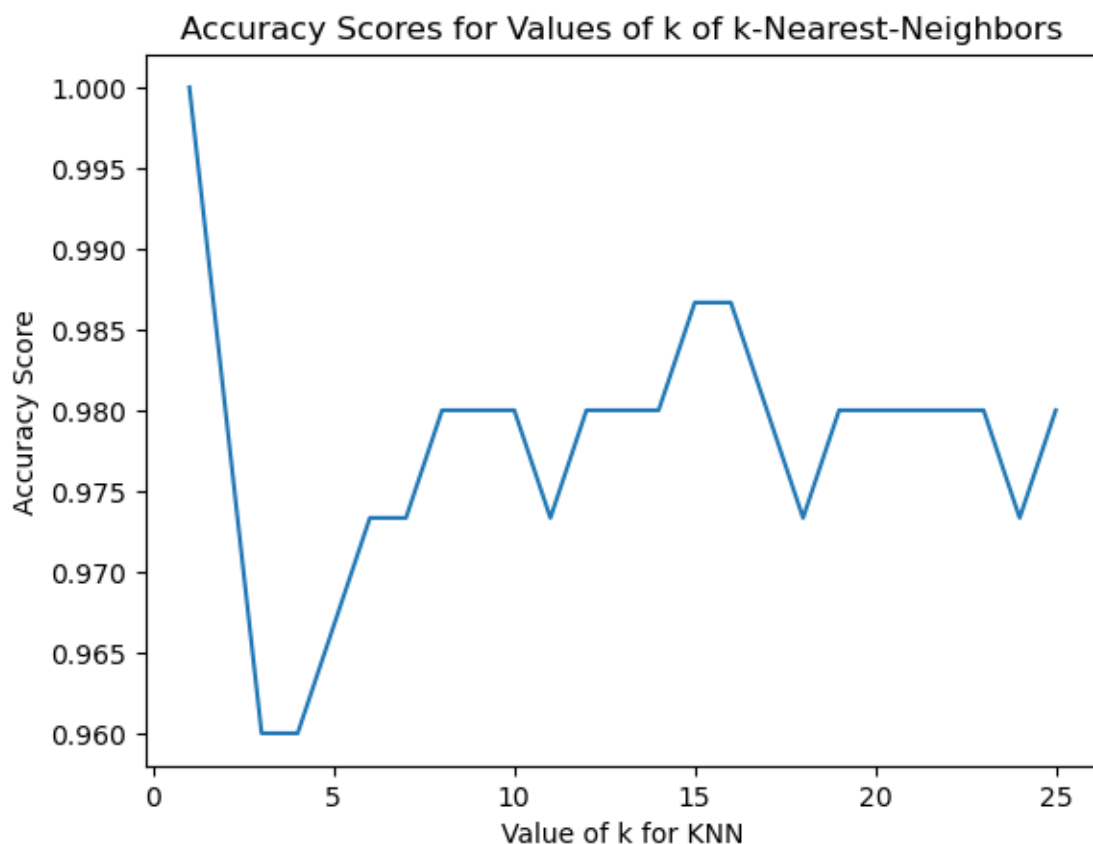
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```
[13]: logreg = LogisticRegression()  
logreg.fit(X, y)  
y_pred = logreg.predict(X)  
print(metrics.accuracy_score(y, y_pred))
```

0.9733333333333334

5 Split the dataset into a training set and a testing set

```
[14]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
    ↪random_state=5)
print(X_train.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
print(X_test.shape)
print(y_test.shape)
```

(120, 4)

(120,)

(30, 4)

(30,)

```
[15]: # experimenting with different n values
k_range = list(range(1,26))
scores = []
for k in k_range:
    knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
    knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = knn.predict(X_test)
    scores.append(metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

plt.plot(k_range, scores)
plt.xlabel('Value of k for KNN')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy Score')
plt.title('Accuracy Scores for Values of k of k-Nearest-Neighbors')
plt.show()
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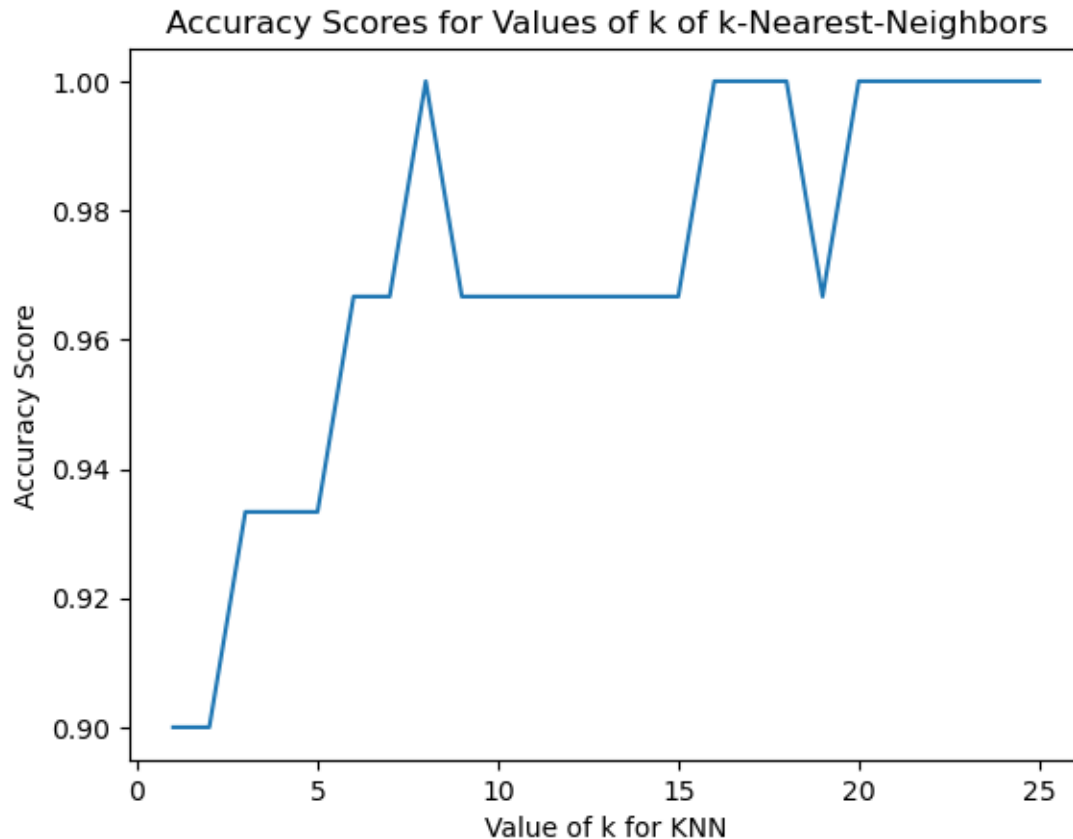
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```
[16]: logreg = LogisticRegression()  
logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)  
y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)  
print(metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

0.9666666666666667

C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model_logistic.py:814:
ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression

```
n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
```