Analysis Script

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Loading Packages

```
rm(list=ls())
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)
```

Reading dataset

```
df <- read.csv("SampleSuperstore.csv")</pre>
str(df)
## 'data.frame':
                   9994 obs. of 13 variables:
## $ Ship.Mode
                : Factor w/ 4 levels "First Class",...: 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Segment
                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "Consumer", "Corporate", ..: 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Country
                 : Factor w/ 1 level "United States": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                 : Factor w/ 531 levels "Aberdeen", "Abilene",..: 195 195 267 154 154 267 267 267 2
## $ City
                : Factor w/ 49 levels "Alabama", "Arizona", ...: 16 16 4 9 9 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ State
## $ Postal.Code : int 42420 42420 90036 33311 33311 90032 90032 90032 90032 ...
## $ Region : Factor w/ 4 levels "Central", "East", ..: 3 3 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Category : Factor w/ 3 levels "Furniture", "Office Supplies",..: 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 2 2 ...
## $ Sub.Category: Factor w/ 17 levels "Accessories",..: 5 6 11 17 15 10 3 14 4 2 ...
## $ Sales
                : num 262 731.9 14.6 957.6 22.4 ...
## $ Quantity
                 : int 2 3 2 5 2 7 4 6 3 5 ...
   $ Discount : num 0 0 0 0.45 0.2 0 0 0.2 0.2 0 ...
##
   $ Profit
                 : num 41.91 219.58 6.87 -383.03 2.52 ...
summary(df)
```

```
## Ship.Mode Segment Country
## First Class :1538 Consumer :5191 United States:9994
## Same Day : 543 Corporate :3020
## Second Class :1945 Home Office:1783
## Standard Class:5968
##
```

```
##
##
               City
                                   State
                                                Postal.Code
##
                                                                    Region
                                                      : 1040
##
    New York City: 915
                                      :2001
                                                                Central:2323
                          California
                                               Min.
##
    Los Angeles : 747
                          New York
                                      :1128
                                               1st Qu.:23223
                                                               East
                                                                       :2848
                                       : 985
                                               Median :56431
##
    Philadelphia: 537
                          Texas
                                                                South
                                                                       :1620
    San Francisco: 510
                          Pennsylvania: 587
##
                                               Mean
                                                      :55190
                                                                West
                                                                       :3203
##
    Seattle
                 : 428
                          Washington: 506
                                               3rd Qu.:90008
##
    Houston
                 : 377
                          Illinois
                                       : 492
                                               Max.
                                                      :99301
                                       :4295
##
    (Other)
                 :6480
                          (Other)
##
               Category
                                 Sub.Category
                                                    Sales
                                                                        Quantity
                                                                            : 1.00
##
                    :2121
                                       :1523
    Furniture
                            Binders
                                                Min.
                                                             0.444
                                        :1370
##
    Office Supplies:6026
                                                1st Qu.:
                                                           17.280
                                                                     1st Qu.: 2.00
                            Paper
##
    Technology
                    :1847
                            Furnishings: 957
                                                Median:
                                                           54.490
                                                                     Median: 3.00
##
                                                          229.858
                                                                            : 3.79
                            Phones
                                       : 889
                                                Mean
                                                                     Mean
##
                            Storage
                                        : 846
                                                3rd Qu.:
                                                          209.940
                                                                     3rd Qu.: 5.00
##
                                        : 796
                            Art
                                                Max.
                                                       :22638.480
                                                                     Max.
                                                                            :14.00
##
                            (Other)
                                        :3613
##
                          Profit
       Discount
##
           :0.0000
                     Min.
                             :-6599.978
##
    1st Qu.:0.0000
                      1st Qu.:
                                  1.729
   Median :0.2000
                                  8.666
                      Median:
           :0.1562
##
   Mean
                                 28.657
                      Mean
    3rd Qu.:0.2000
                                 29.364
##
                      3rd Qu.:
##
  Max.
           :0.8000
                      Max.
                             : 8399.976
##
```

Data preparation and Cleaning

Checking for abnormalities:

```
#any null values?
is.null(df)

## [1] FALSE

#any duplicacy?
dfnew <- df %>% distinct() ##yes, duplicates were removed
```

We see that there is an outlier in the Sales feature, an unusual hike. Let's replace it with the mean of sales.

```
maxSales <- max(dfnew$Sales)
dfnew$Sales <- replace(dfnew$Sales, dfnew$Sales,mean(dfnew$Sales))</pre>
```

Removing country and Postal Codes feature

```
dfnew <- dfnew %>% select(-c(Country, Postal.Code))
```

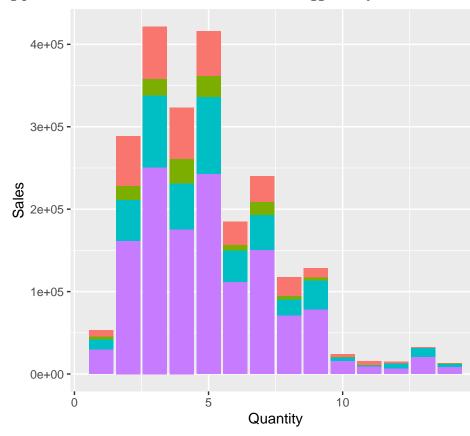
Visualization

Let's analyze patterns in our cleaned data

Sales vs Quantity

```
ggplot(data = dfnew, aes(x = Quantity, y = Sales, fill = Ship.Mode) )+ geom_bar(stat = "identity")
```

In the below graph, we see the following pattern that most of the sales have been triggered by

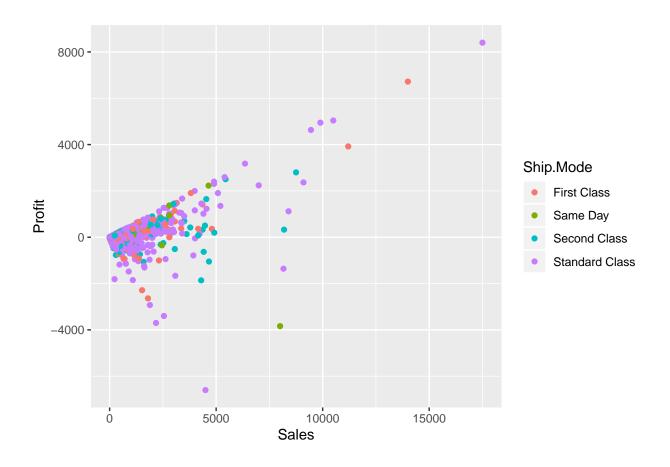


the standard class of shipment mode.

Sales vs Profit

And hence, obviously we see more profits/loss have been availed from the standard shipment class. But, there are not higher range profits seen this feature.

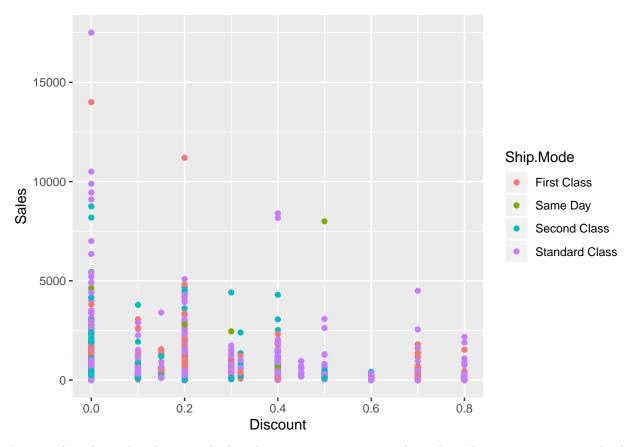
```
ggplot(data = dfnew, aes(x = Sales, y = Profit, color = Ship.Mode)) + geom_point()
```



Sales vs Discount

Let us see how Sales are affected if discounts are offered.

```
ggplot() + geom_point(data = dfnew, aes(x = Discount, y = Sales, color = Ship.Mode))
```

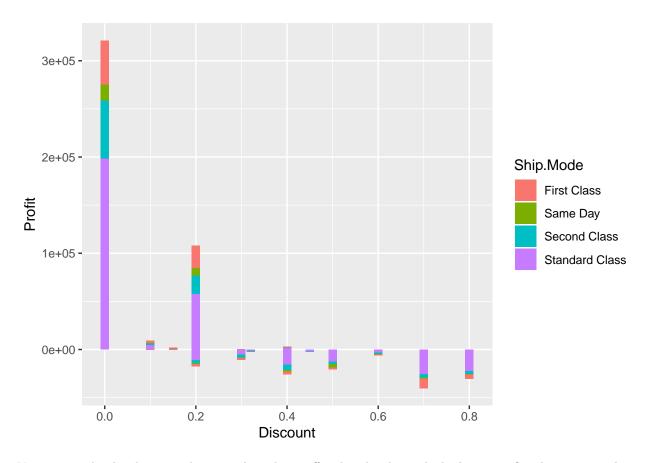


It is evident from the above graph that discounts attract more sales. But, discounts attract mostly the Standard Class shipment. Same day shipment mode receive the least discount offers.

Profits vs Discount

Let's see whether profits have been triggered if discounts have been redeemed.

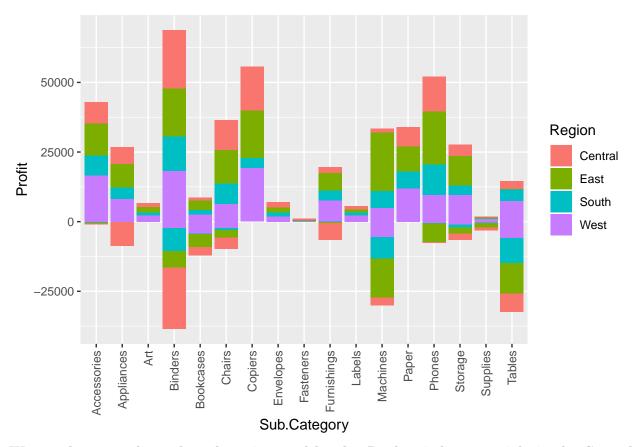
```
ggplot() + geom_bar(data = dfnew, aes(x = Discount, y = Profit, fill = Ship.Mode), stat = "identity")
```



Yes, we see clearly, the more discounts have been offered and redeemed, the lesser profits the segments have achieved. Products with no discounts show high range of profits but as the discount range increases, we only see more and more loss with hardly any profit.

Let us see if this is the case with other segments

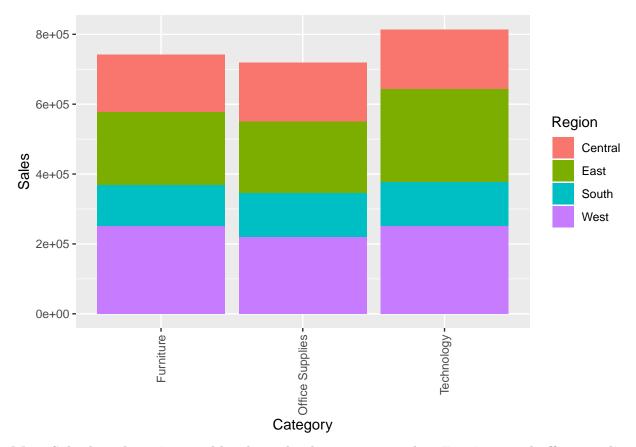
```
ggplot() + geom_bar(data = dfnew, aes(x = Sub.Category, y = Profit, fill = Region), stat = "identity")
```



We see that more losses have been incurred by the Binders industry mainly in the Central region and Machines and * Tables * industry.

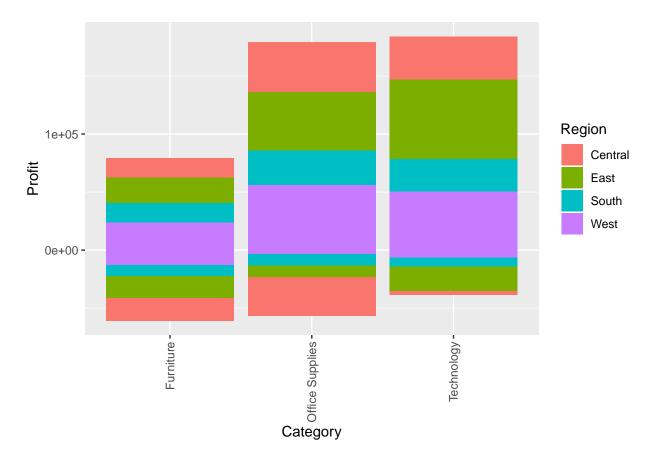
Now,

```
ggplot() + geom_bar(data = dfnew, aes(x = Category, y = Sales, fill = Region), stat = "identity") + then
```



More Sales have been incurred by the technology category, then Furniture and office supplies. Mostly sales have been made from the West and East regions

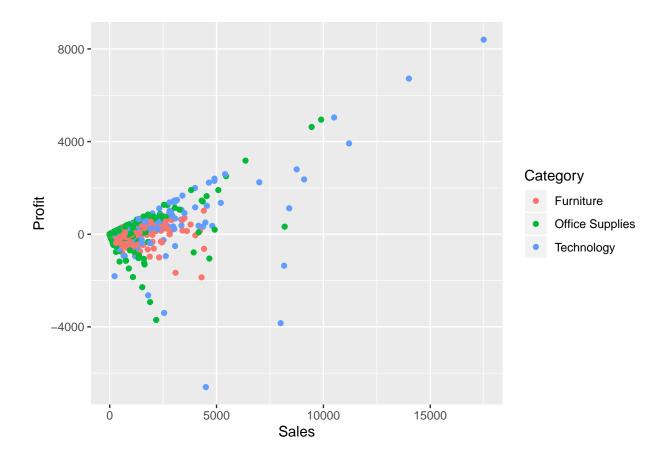
```
ggplot() + geom_bar(data = dfnew, aes(x = Category, y = Profit, fill = Region), stat = "identity") + th
```



The furniture category incurrs more losses than losses in the technology and Office Supplies category.

Since, Sales also vary from low to high in this category so is are profits.

```
ggplot() + geom_point(data = dfnew, aes(x = Sales, y = Profit, color = Category))
```



We have now witnessed from the above graphs that the Sales to Profit ratio is same in every category, no matter how they are clubbed.

Conclusion

Recommended Solutions/ Key Insights Same day shipment if receives more discounts can trigger sales/profits. Discounts should be based on the Sales and should not increase a particular range otherwise unnecessary discounts with low sales can witness huge losses Binders and Machines industry should be focused upon more so as to strengthen these weakened industry areas. Office Supplies and the Furniture industries do not seem to boom in the Central Region.

THANK YOU!!