

An Introduction

## Multiple Reducers

- We can have multiple reducers which can act on the state specified to that reducer
- All the reducers can act on any Action, but they have access to manipulate only their state.
- We can add multiple reducers by using combineReducers utility from redux
- import { combineReducers } from 'redux'
- We specify the state tree we want with each of the reducer

## Multiple Reducers

```
const reducers = combineReducers({
   users: userReducer,
   products: productsReducer
});
// each reducer will have a state tree as its initial state
// userReducer is not aware about existence of products
// reducer and vice-versa
// create the store with combined reducers
const store = createStore(reducers);
```

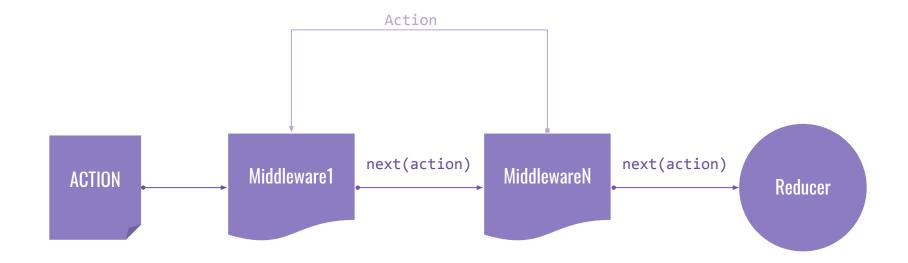
#### Middlewares

- Are simple functions intercepting the actions before reaching to the reducers
- They can manipulate actions and can block any actions to be forwarded to the reducer
- Middleware have the power to do async actions, i.e API calls etc. Since they have control over actions to be forwarded
- These are a chain of thunks, i.e functions returning functions
- import { applyMiddleware } from 'redux'

#### Middlewares

```
const applyMiddleware = (store) => (next) => (action) {
   // manipulate action here
   // forward action to next middleware(s) or to a reducer
   next(action)
};
To use middlewares, use applyMiddleware utility from redux
const middlewares = applyMiddleware(...list of middlewares)
const store = createStore(reducers, middlewares);
```

# How redux-thunk works?



## Async Actions

- Actions are synchronous, i.e they happen instantly
- For things like API calls or network requests, these need to be used in a different way
- We use redux-thunk to implement async actions
- These are multiple actions fired over a period of a Network request
- I.e Request fired, Request succeeded, Request failed
- redux-thunk provides a middleware for this called thunkMiddleware

## Async Actions

```
const asyncAction = () => {
   return (dispatch) => { // this is store's dispatch method
       dispatch(apiCallStarted()); // call started
       fetch('http://rest.learncode.academy/api/ttn/users')
           .then(response => response.json())
           .then(data => {
              dispatch(apiCallSuccess(data)); // success
           })
           .catch(err => {
              dispatch(apiCallFailed(err));  // failure
           });
```