

EXERCISE 4: SQL SELECT QUERIES & AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

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SYNTAX OF ORACLE SELECT AND AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

1. Create the following tables with suitable constraints:

- STUDENT (REG_NO, NAME, GENDER, AGE, DID, SEMESTER). Make REG_NO as the primary key and DID as foreign key to DEPARTMENT table. NAME cannot be null.
- DEPARTMENT (DEPT_ID, DEPT_NAME, STUDENT_CNT). Make DEPT_ID as the primary key and DEPT_NAME cannot be null.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 (DEPT_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, DEPT_NAME VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, STUDENT_CNT INT);
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE STUDENT_20BRS1193 (REG_NO INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY, NAME VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL, GENDER VARCHAR2(10),
AGE INT, DID INT NOT NULL, SEMESTER INT, CONSTRAINT FK_G FOREIGN KEY (DID) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193(DEPT_ID));
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE COURSES_20BRS1193 (COURSE_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, COURSE_NAME VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, DID INT NOT NULL, ST
UDENT_CNT INT, CONSTRAINT FK_G2 FOREIGN KEY (DID) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193(DEPT_ID));
Table created.
```

2. Insert suitable records into the STUDENT & DEPARTMENT tables.

Also created courses table.

```
SQL> INSERT ALL
 2 INTO DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (101, 'CSE', 4)
 3 INTO DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (102, 'ECE', 3)
 4 INTO DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (103, 'EEE', 3)
 5 SELECT * FROM DUAL;

3 rows created.

SQL>
SQL>
SQL> INSERT ALL
 2 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1001, 'Khushi Dutta', 'Female', 18, 101, 1)
 3 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1002, 'Mayuram Das', 'Male', 18, 102, 2)
 4 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1003, 'Aakash Deshpande', 'Male', 19, 103, 3)
 5 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1004, 'Rudra Chad', 'Male', 19, 101, 4)
 6 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1005, 'Sumati Balay', 'Female', 20, 101, 5)
 7 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1006, 'Nilima Deol', 'Female', 20, 102, 6)
 8 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1007, 'Akansha Dalia', 'Female', 21, 102, 7)
 9 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1008, 'Pran Bhalla', 'Male', 21, 103, 8)
10 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1009, 'Anisha Nanda', 'Female', 20, 101, 5)
11 INTO STUDENT_20BRS1193 VALUES (1010, 'Harsh Nigam', 'Male', 20, 103, 6)
12 SELECT * FROM DUAL;

10 rows created.
```

```
SQL>
SQL> INSERT ALL
  2 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (1210, 'Operating Systems', 101, 4)
  3 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (1310, 'Web Development', 101, 3)
  4 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (1410, 'Software Engineering', 101, 4)
  5 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (2210, 'Signal Processing', 102, 3)
  6 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (2310, 'VLSI Design', 102, 2)
  7 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (3210, 'Dynamics of Electric Machines', 103, 2)
  8 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (3310, 'Semiconductor Controlled Drives', 103, 3)
  9 INTO COURSES_20BRS1193 VALUES (3410, 'Electric Traction Systems', 103, 1)
10 SELECT * FROM DUAL;

8 rows created.
```

3. Retrieve all the details of department table.

SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

  DEPT_ID DEPT_NAME  STUDENT_CNT
-----
      101 CSE           4
      102 ECE           3
      103 EEE           3
```

4. Fetch the names of all departments that exists in your college.

SELECT DEPT_NAME FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT DEPT_NAME FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

DEPT_NAME
-----
CSE
ECE
EEE
```

5. Fetch the department id and department name of all departments.

SELECT DEPT_ID, DEPT_NAME FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT DEPT_ID, DEPT_NAME FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

  DEPT_ID DEPT_NAME
-----
      101 CSE
      102 ECE
      103 EEE
```

6. Retrieve the registration number and names of students belonging to CSE department.

SELECT DEPT_ID FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME = 'CSE';
SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101;

```
SQL> SELECT DEPT_ID FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME = 'CSE';

DEPT_ID
-----
      101
```

```
SQL> SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101;

REG_NO NAME
-----
1001 Khushi Dutta
1004 Rudra Chad
1005 Sumati Balay
1009 Anisha Nanda
```

Here, first we find the Dept ID of the CSE Branch from the department table.

- Retrieve the registration number and names of female students belonging to CSE department.

SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101 AND GENDER = 'Female';

```
SQL> SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101 AND GENDER = 'Female';

REG_NO NAME
-----
1001 Khushi Dutta
1005 Sumati Balay
1009 Anisha Nanda
```

- Find the number of male students belonging to CSE department.

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE GENDER = 'Male' AND DID = 101;

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE GENDER = 'Male' AND DID = 101;

COUNT(*)
-----
1
```

- Retrieve the registration number and names of students whose age is > 19.

SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE AGE > 19;

```
SQL> SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE AGE > 19;

REG_NO NAME
-----
1005 Sumati Balay
1006 Nilima Deol
1007 Akansha DALia
1008 Pran Bhalla
1009 Anisha Nanda
1010 Harsh Nigam

6 rows selected.
```

- List the names of students whose names start with letter 'A'.

SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE 'A%';

```
SQL> SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE 'A%';

NAME
-----
Aakash Deshpande
Akansha DALia
Anisha Nanda
```

11. List the names of students whose names end with letter 'a'.

SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE '%a';

```
SQL> SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE '%a';  
  
NAME  
-----  
Khushi Dutta  
Akansha DALia  
Pran Bhalla  
Anisha Nanda
```

12. List the names of students whose names contain the letter 'm'.

SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE '%m%';

```
SQL> SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE '%m%';  
  
NAME  
-----  
Mayuram Das  
Sumati Balay  
Nilima Deol  
Harsh Nigam
```

13. List the names of students whose names contain the letter 'm' but not at the start or at the end of their names.

SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE ('%m%') AND NAME NOT LIKE ('M%') AND NAME NOT LIKE ('%m');

```
SQL> SELECT NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE NAME LIKE ('%m%') AND NAME NOT LIKE ('M%') AND NAME NOT LIKE ('%m');  
  
NAME  
-----  
Sumati Balay  
Nilima Deol
```

14. List the registration numbers and names of students belonging to ECE & EEE departments.

SELECT DEPT_NAME, DEPT_ID FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME IN ('EEE', 'ECE');

SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID IN (102, 103);

```
SQL> SELECT DEPT_NAME, DEPT_ID FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME IN ('EEE', 'ECE');  
  
DEPT_NAME    DEPT_ID  
-----  
ECE          102  
EEE          103
```

```
SQL> SELECT REG_NO, NAME FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID IN (102, 103);
```

| REG_NO | NAME |
|--------|------------------|
| 1002 | Mayuram Das |
| 1003 | Aakash Deshpande |
| 1006 | Nilima Deol |
| 1007 | Akansha DAlia |
| 1008 | Pran Bhalla |
| 1010 | Harsh Nigam |

```
6 rows selected.
```

Here, we first find the DID of ECE and EEE in department table and use to find the students in student table.

15. What is the maximum count of students in a department?

SELECT MAX(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT MAX(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;
```

| MAX(STUDENT_CNT) |
|------------------|
| 4 |

16. What is the minimum count of students in a department?

SELECT MIN(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT MIN(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;
```

| MIN(STUDENT_CNT) |
|------------------|
| 3 |

17. What is the average student count per department in your college?

SELECT AVG(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;

```
SQL> SELECT AVG(STUDENT_CNT) FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193;
```

| AVG(STUDENT_CNT) |
|------------------|
| 3.33333333 |

18. List the students who study 3rd year in your college using Between.

SELECT * FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE SEMESTER BETWEEN 5 AND 6;

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE SEMESTER BETWEEN 5 AND 6;
```

| REG_NO | NAME | GENDER | AGE | DID |
|-----------|--------------|--------|-----|-----|
| 1005 5 | Sumati Balay | Female | 20 | 101 |
| 1006 6 | Nilima Deol | Female | 20 | 102 |
| 1009 5 | Anisha Nanda | Female | 20 | 101 |

| REG_NO | NAME | GENDER | AGE | DID |
|-----------|-------------|--------|-----|-----|
| 1010 6 | Harsh Nigam | Male | 20 | 103 |

19. List the different departments which have students.

SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE STUDENT_CNT > 0;

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE STUDENT_CNT > 0;
```

| DEPT_ID | DEPT_NAME | STUDENT_CNT |
|---------|-----------|-------------|
| 101 | CSE | 4 |
| 102 | ECE | 3 |
| 103 | EEE | 3 |

20. Display the count of students enrolled in CSE department;

Two ways to do this,

SELECT DEPT_NAME, STUDENT_CNT FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME = 'CSE';

SELECT DID, COUNT(*) FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101 GROUP BY DID;

```
SQL> SELECT DEPT_NAME, STUDENT_CNT FROM DEPARTMENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DEPT_NAME = 'CSE';
```

| DEPT_NAME | STUDENT_CNT |
|-----------|-------------|
| CSE | 4 |


```
SQL> SELECT DID, COUNT(*) FROM STUDENT_20BRS1193 WHERE DID = 101 GROUP BY DID;
```

| DID | COUNT(*) |
|-----|----------|
| 101 | 4 |

21. Display the contents of courses table in ascending order of Students count.

SELECT * FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 ORDER BY STUDENT_CNT;

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 ORDER BY STUDENT_CNT;
```

| COURSE_ID | COURSE_NAME | DID |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----|
| 3410 | Electric Traction Systems | 103 |
| 1 | | |
| 3210 | Dynamics of Electric Machines | 103 |
| 2 | | |
| 2310 | VLSI Design | 102 |
| 2 | | |

| COURSE_ID | COURSE_NAME | DID |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1310 | Web Development | 101 |
| 3 | | |
| 2210 | Signal Processing | 102 |
| 3 | | |
| 3310 | Semiconductor Controlled Drives | 103 |
| 3 | | |

| COURSE_ID | COURSE_NAME | DID |
|-----------|----------------------|-----|
| 1210 | Operating Systems | 101 |
| 4 | | |
| 1410 | Software Engineering | 101 |
| 4 | | |

8 rows selected.

Ascending by default

22. Display the contents of courses table in descending order of Students count.

```
SELECT * FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 ORDER BY STUDENT_CNT DESC;
```



```
SQL> SELECT * FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 ORDER BY STUDENT_CNT DESC;
```

| COURSE_ID | COURSE_NAME | DID |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1410 | Software Engineering | 101 |
| 4 | | |
| 1210 | Operating Systems | 101 |
| 4 | | |
| 1310 | Web Development | 101 |
| 3 | | |
| 2210 | Signal Processing | 102 |
| 3 | | |
| 3310 | Semiconductor Controlled Drives | 103 |
| 3 | | |
| 3210 | Dynamics of Electric Machines | 103 |
| 2 | | |
| 2310 | VLSI Design | 102 |
| 2 | | |
| 3410 | Electric Traction Systems | 103 |
| 1 | | |

8 rows selected.

23. Determine the average student count across courses run by each department.

SELECT DID, AVG(STUDENT_CNT) FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 GROUP BY DID;

```
SQL> SELECT DID, AVG(STUDENT_CNT) FROM COURSES_20BRS1193 GROUP BY DID;
```

| DID | AVG(STUDENT_CNT) |
|-----|------------------|
| 101 | 3.66666667 |
| 103 | 2 |
| 102 | 2.5 |