

## EXERCISE 1: SQL INTRODUCTION (DDL Commands)

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Slot: L43+L44

Class Number: CH2021221000708

Date: 04/08/2021

Due Date for Submission: 08/08/2021

### DBMS LAB ASSIGNMENT 1 MEHER SHRISHTI NIGAM 20BR51193

Logging into user:

```
SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Tue Aug 17 22:38:51 2021
Version 19.3.0.0.0

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Enter user-name: c##meher1193
Enter password:
Last Successful login time: Tue Aug 17 2021 22:21:00 +05:30

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0
```

1. Create the following tables:
  - a. Department(deptid, dname, location)
  - b. Student(regnum, name, deptid, semester, age)
  - c. Faculty(fid, fname, deptid)
  - d. Class(cname, slot, room, fid)
  - e. Enrolled(regnum, cname)

Creating tables with required fields using command –

**CREATE TABLE table\_name (field\_1 datatype(n), field\_2 datatype(n) ..... ) ;**

Using varchar2 and number(p,q) as field datatypes.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Department_20brs1193 (deptid varchar2(10), dname varchar2(20), location varchar2(20));
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE Student_20brs1193 (regnum varchar2(9), name varchar2(20), deptid varchar2(10), semester varchar2(10), age number(3,1));
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE Faculty_20brs1193 (fid varchar2(10), fname varchar2(10), deptid varchar2(10));
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE Class_20brs1193 (cname varchar2(10), slot varchar2(10), room number(4,0), fid varchar2(10));
Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE Enrolled_20brs1193 (regnum varchar2(9), cname varchar2(10));
Table created.
```

2. Include two more fields namely gender and mobile the student table.
3. Change the field name to SName in the Student table.
4. Change the field fid to FacultyID in Faculty and Class tables.

Altering the required fields with the commands –

**ALTER TABLE table\_name ADD field\_name datatype(n);**

**ALTER TABLE table\_name RENAME COLUMN old\_field\_name TO new\_field\_name;**

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE Student_20brs1193 ADD gender varchar2(10);
Table altered.

SQL> ALTER TABLE Student_20brs1193 ADD mobile varchar2(10);
Table altered.

SQL> ALTER TABLE Student_20brs1193 RENAME COLUMN name TO SName;
Table altered.

SQL> ALTER TABLE Faculty_20brs1193 RENAME COLUMN fid TO FacultyID;
Table altered.

SQL> ALTER TABLE Class_20brs1193 RENAME COLUMN fid TO FacultyID;
Table altered.
```

Printing out the descriptions of the final tables using the command –

**DESC table\_name;**

```
SQL> desc Department_20brs1193;
Name                               Null?      Type
-----
DEPTID                             VCHAR2(10)
DNAME                              VCHAR2(20)
LOCATION                             VCHAR2(20)
```

```
SQL> desc Student_20brs1193;
Name                               Null?      Type
-----
REGNUM                             VCHAR2(9)
SNAME                              VCHAR2(20)
DEPTID                             VCHAR2(10)
SEMESTER                           VCHAR2(10)
AGE                                NUMBER(3,1)
GENDER                             VCHAR2(10)
MOBILE                             VCHAR2(10)
```

```
SQL> desc Faculty_20brs1193;
Name                               Null?      Type
-----
FACULTYID                          VCHAR2(10)
FNAME                              VCHAR2(10)
DEPTID                             VCHAR2(10)
```

```
SQL> desc Class_20brs1193;
```

Name	Null?	Type
CNAME		VARCHAR2(10)
SLOT		VARCHAR2(10)
ROOM		NUMBER(4)
FACULTYID		VARCHAR2(10)

```
SQL> desc Enrolled_20brs1193;
```

Name	Null?	Type
REGNUM		VARCHAR2(9)
CNAME		VARCHAR2(10)

5. Drop the table named Enrolled.

Deleting a table using the command –

**DROP TABLE table\_name;**

This command is rarely used.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE Enrolled_20brs1193;
```

```
Table dropped.
```

```
SQL> desc Enrolled_20brs1193;
```

```
ERROR:
```

```
ORA-04043: object Enrolled_20brs1193 does not exist
```