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How to Remove Objects From ArrayList while Iterating in Java - Example Tutorial

One of the common problems many Java Programmers face is to **remove elements while iterating over ArrayList in Java** because the intuitive solution doesn't work like you just cannot go through an ArrayList using a for loop and remove an element depending upon some condition. Even though

`java.util.ArrayList` provides the `remove()` methods, like `remove (int index)` and `remove (Object element)`,

you cannot use them to remove items while iterating over ArrayList in Java because they will throw **ConcurrentModificationException** if called during iteration. The right way to remove objects from ArrayList while iterating over it is by using the *Iterator's* `remove()` method.

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When you use iterator's `remove()` method, `ConcurrentModfiicationException` is not thrown. Because it also updates the counters and variables used by the Iterator like `modCount`, which indicates that modification is done by the Iterator itself and not somewhere around.

In this article, I'll show you an example of both ways and how they work in Java. You'll also learn a little bit about `java.util.ConcurrentModificationException`, which is a common problem for non-concurrent collection classes like `ArrayList` or `HashMap`.

Though, if you are entirely new to Java and coming from a non-programming background, I suggest you to first go through a comprehensive Java course like **The Complete Java MasterClass** instead of learning from arbitrary articles.

The course provides structured learning, which is both efficient and works great for beginners. Once you know the fundamentals, you can learn any topic by reading a blog post or individual tutorial, they will make more sense by then also.

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1. ArrayList remove() method Example

Now, let's see an example of removing elements from ArrayList while looping using for() loop and ArrayList.remove() method, which is wrong, and the program will throw ConcurrentModificationException upon execution.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

/*
 * Java Program to remove an element while iterating over ArrayList
 */

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        List<String> loans = new ArrayList<>();
        loans.add("personal loan");
        loans.add("home loan");
        loans.add("auto loan");
        loans.add("credit line loan");
        loans.add("mortgage loan");
        loans.add("gold loan");

        // printing ArrayList before removing any element
        System.out.println(loans);

        // removing element using ArrayList's remove method during iteration
        // This will throw ConcurrentModificationException

        for (String loan : loans) {
            if (loan.equals("personal loan")) {
                loans.remove(loan);
            }
        }

        // printing ArrayList after removing an element
        System.out.println(loans);
    }
}
```

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}

Output

Exception in thread "main" [personal loan, home loan, auto loan, credit line loan, mortgage loan, gold loan]

```
java.util.ConcurrentModificationException
```

```
at
```

```
java.util.ArrayList$Itr.checkForComodification(ArrayList.java:859)
```

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```
at java.util.ArrayList$Itr.next(ArrayList.java:831)
```

```
at Main.main(Main.java:26)
```

Some of you may wonder that we are getting `ConcurrentModificationException` because we are not using the Iterator, but that's not true, even if you use Iterator you will get `java.util.ConcurrentModificationException` as long as you will use ArrayList's `remove()` method for removing element while iterating as shown in the following example:

```
Iterator<String> itr = loans.iterator();
while (itr.hasNext()) {
    String loan = itr.next();
    if (loan.equals("personal loan")) {
        loans.remove(loan);
    }
}
```

```
Exception in thread "main" java.util.ConcurrentModificationException
```

```
at
```

```
java.util.ArrayList$Itr.checkForComodification(ArrayList.java:859)
```

```
at java.util.ArrayList$Itr.next(ArrayList.java:831)
```

```
at Main.main(Main.java:29)
```

In order to fix the above code, you just need to remove the `loans.remove(loan)` with the `itr.remove()` method, which is explained in the next example. Though, if you want to know more about Iterator and in general Java Collection Framework, which can feel daunting sometimes, I suggest you go through [Java Fundamentals: Collections](#) course on

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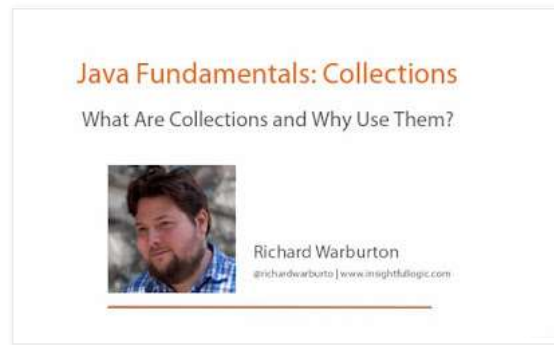
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It's a perfect course to both learn and master the Java Collection framework and I highly recommend you to join this course.



2. Iterator's remove() method Example

Now, let's try the other approach, which uses Iterator's `remove()` method to remove an element from ArrayList while **iterating** over it.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.List;

/*
 * Java Program to remove an element while iterating over ArrayList
 */

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        List<String> loans = new ArrayList<>();
        loans.add("personal loan");
        loans.add("home loan");
        loans.add("auto loan");
        loans.add("credit line loan");
        loans.add("mortgage loan");
        loans.add("gold loan");

        // printing ArrayList before removing any element
        System.out.println(loans);
```

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```
// removing element using ArrayList's remove method during iteration
// This will throw ConcurrentModification
```

```
Iterator<String> itr = loans.iterator();
while (itr.hasNext()) {
    String loan = itr.next();
    if (loan.equals("personal loan")) {
        itr.remove();
    }
}

// printing ArrayList after removing an element
System.out.println(loans);
}
```

Output

```
[personal loan, home loan, auto loan, credit line loan, mortgage
loan, gold loan]
[home loan, auto loan, credit line loan, mortgage loan, gold loan]
```

From the output, you can see that the "personal loan" element is removed from the ArrayList. The size of the ArrayList is also reduced by one, and there is no `ConcurrentModificationException` in the code.

That's all about **how to remove elements while iterating over ArrayList in Java**. As I have said that if you use ArrayList's `remove()` method like `remove(int index)` or `remove(Object obj)` while iterating over ArrayList, then a `ConcurrentModificationException` will be thrown. You can avoid that by using Iterator's `remove()` method, which removes the current object in the iteration.

Other ArrayList tutorials for Java Programmers

- How to remove duplicate elements from ArrayList in Java? ([tutorial](#))
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Thanks for reading this article so far. If you like this article, then please share it with your friends and colleagues. If you have any questions or feedback, then please drop a note

P. S. - If you are new to the Java world and looking for a free online training course to learn Java then you can also check out this **Java Tutorial for Complete Beginners** course on Udemy. It's completely free and you just need a Udemy account to join this online course.



Labels: [ArrayList](#), [core java](#), [Java collection tutorial](#)

5 comments:

Anonymous May 14, 2020 at 5:41 PM

```
while (itr.hasNext()) {
    String loan = itr.next();
    if (loan.equals("personal loan")) {
        itr.remove();
    }
}
```

Doesn't this while loop fail to check the first element in the sequence, since it's always checking the next?

Reply

Replies



javin paul May 15, 2020 at 4:48 AM

When @Anonymous, did you tested that? hasNext() return true if there is more element and itr.next() is required to move the pointer. I suggest you test and then we can discuss.

Reply



AA July 17, 2020 at 11:20 AM

Why I am not getting the exception in both cases....
Still wondering why, what I have coded wrong that I am missing the exception.

Reply



Unknown December 7, 2020 at 9:03 AM

```
public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Collection students = new ArrayList();

        for (int i=0; i< 4;i++){
            Student student = new Student();
            student.name = "Lavanya"+i;
            student.age = 20 + i;

            students.add(student);
        }

        System.out.println("Before performing operations.....");
        for (Student student : students) {
            System.out.println(String.format("%s -> %d",student.name, student.age));
        }
    }
}
```

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```
Iterator iterator = students.iterator();
if (iterator.hasNext()){
    var student = iterator.next();
    if ( student.age == 21){
        iterator.remove();
    }
}
System.out.println();
System.out.println("After performing remove operations.....");
for (Student student : students) {
    System.out.println(String.format("%s -> %d",student.name, student.age));
}
}
```

Where Student class has two properties name and age.
In output i am able to see the student who has age 21.

output:

Before performing operations.....

Lavanya0 -> 20

Lavanya1 -> 21

Lavanya2 -> 22

Lavanya3 -> 23

After performing remove operations.....

Lavanya0 -> 20

Lavanya1 -> 21

Lavanya2 -> 22

Lavanya3 -> 23

Could you please explain....

Reply

Replies



javin paul December 7, 2020 at 7:26 PM

You are using if instead of while, this means you are only checking for first student which has age 20 that's why no student is get deleted. change the code like this and it should work

```
while (iterator.hasNext()){
    var student = iterator.next();
    if ( student.age == 21){
        iterator.remove();
    }
}
```

Reply



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