

Uninformed Search II

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50.021 Artificial Intelligence

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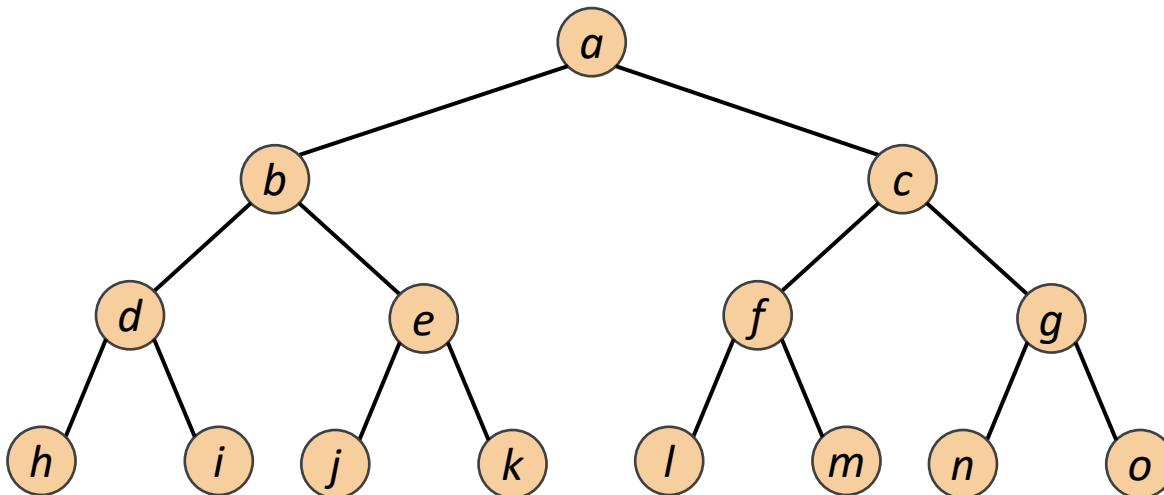
Types of Uninformed Search

- ~~○ Breadth-First Search~~
- ~~○ Uniform-cost search~~
- Depth-First Search
- Depth-limited search
- Iterative deepening search



Depth-First Search

- General idea: Expand the *deepest* unexpanded node
- Implementation: Using a *Last-In First-Out (LIFO)* queue

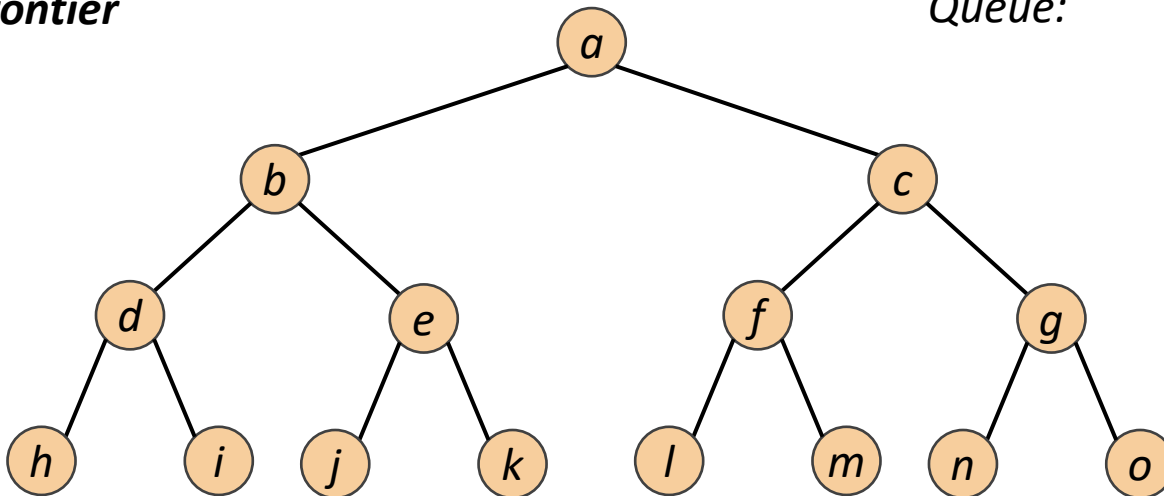


Depth-First Search

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Initialize frontier

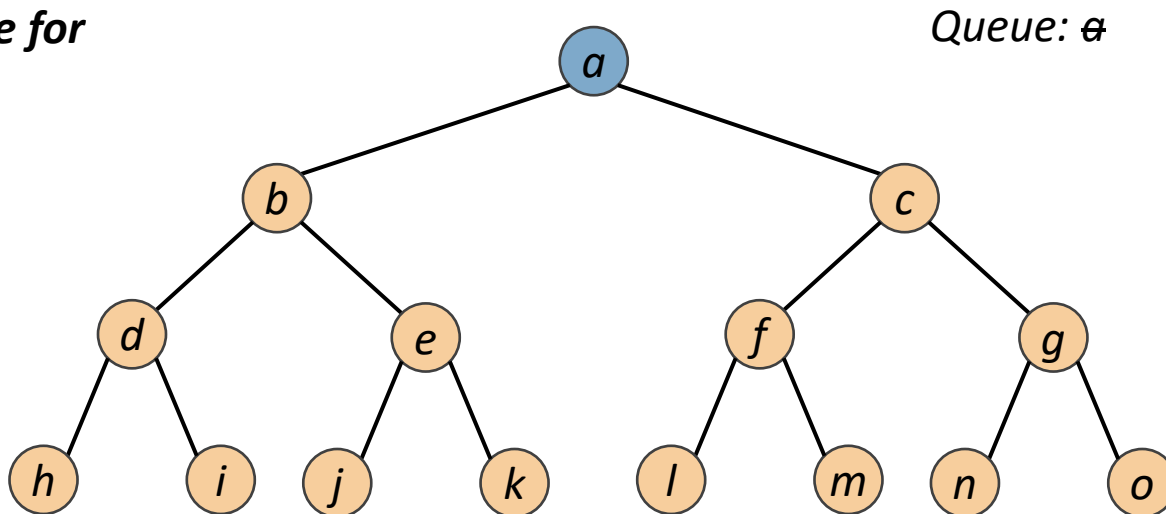
Queue:



Depth-First Search

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Check node for goal state

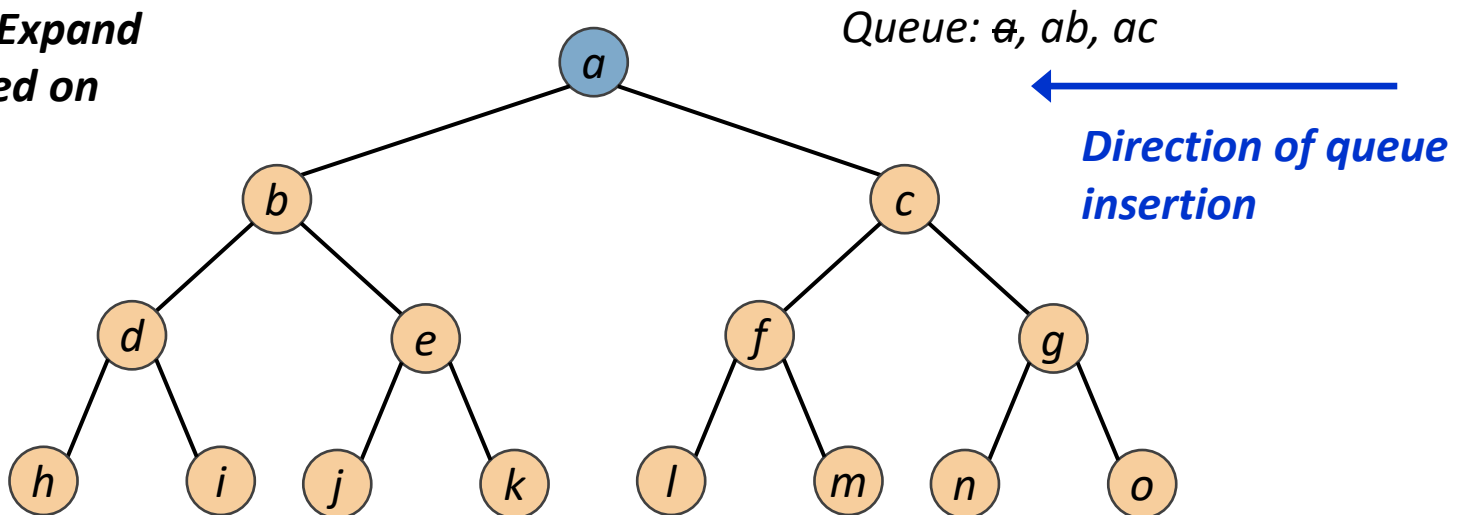


Depth-First Search

- General idea: Expand the *deepest* unexpanded node
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*Insertion order:
Insert by lowest
alphabetical
order first*

***Not goal? Expand
nodes based on
strategy***

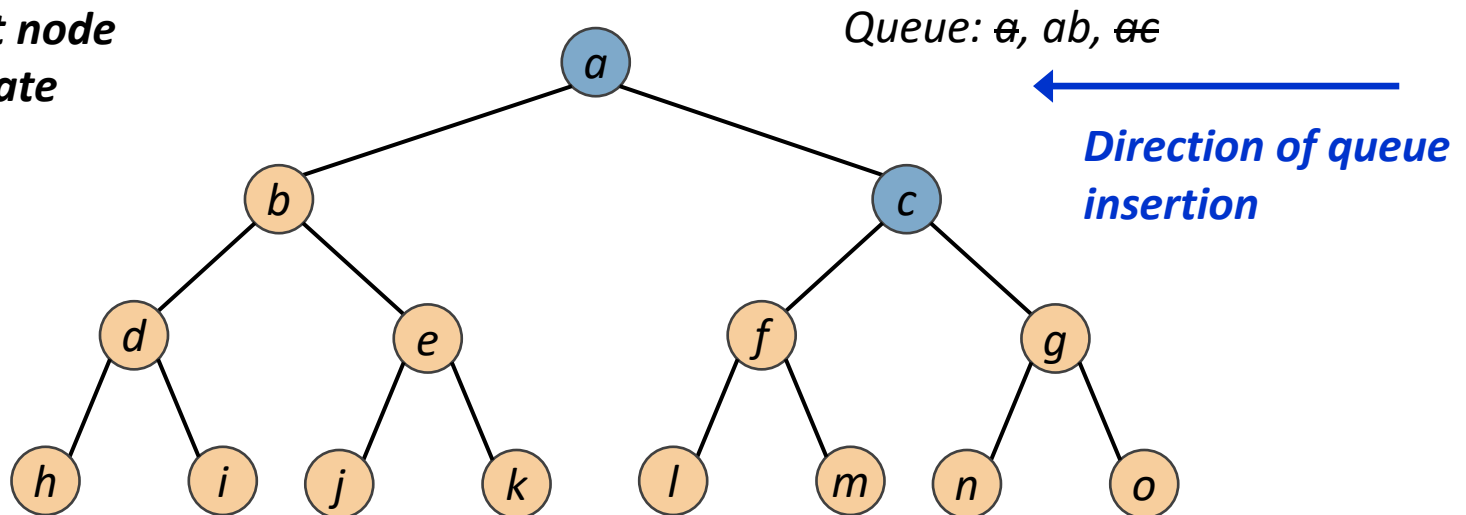


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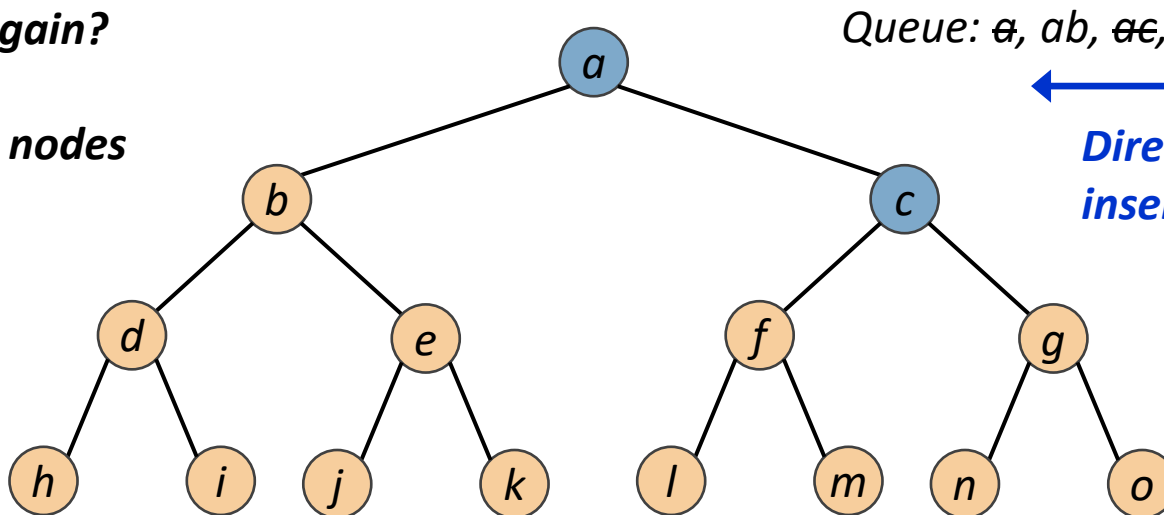


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*Not goal again?
Continue
expanding nodes*

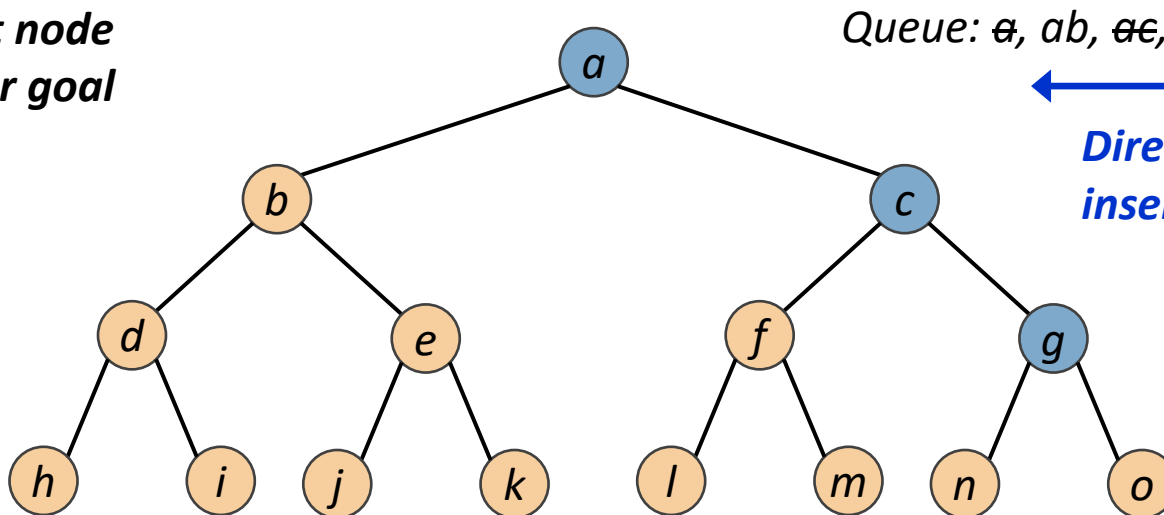


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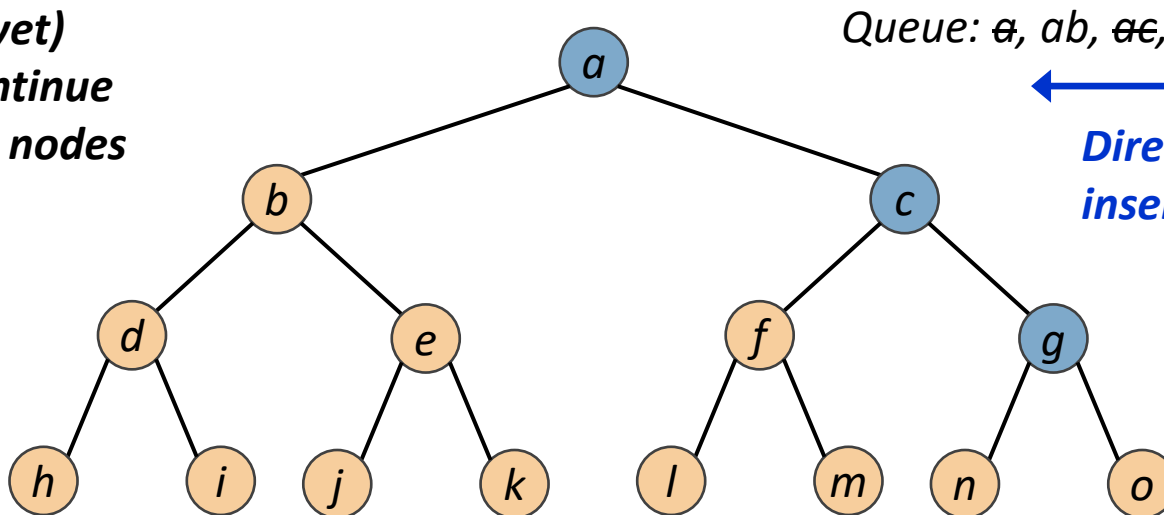


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expanding nodes
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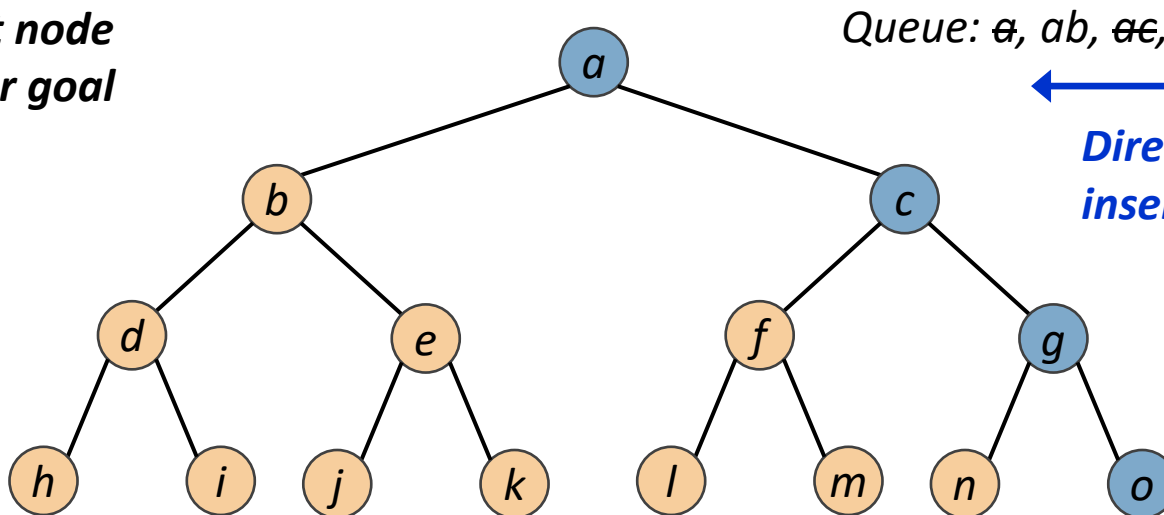


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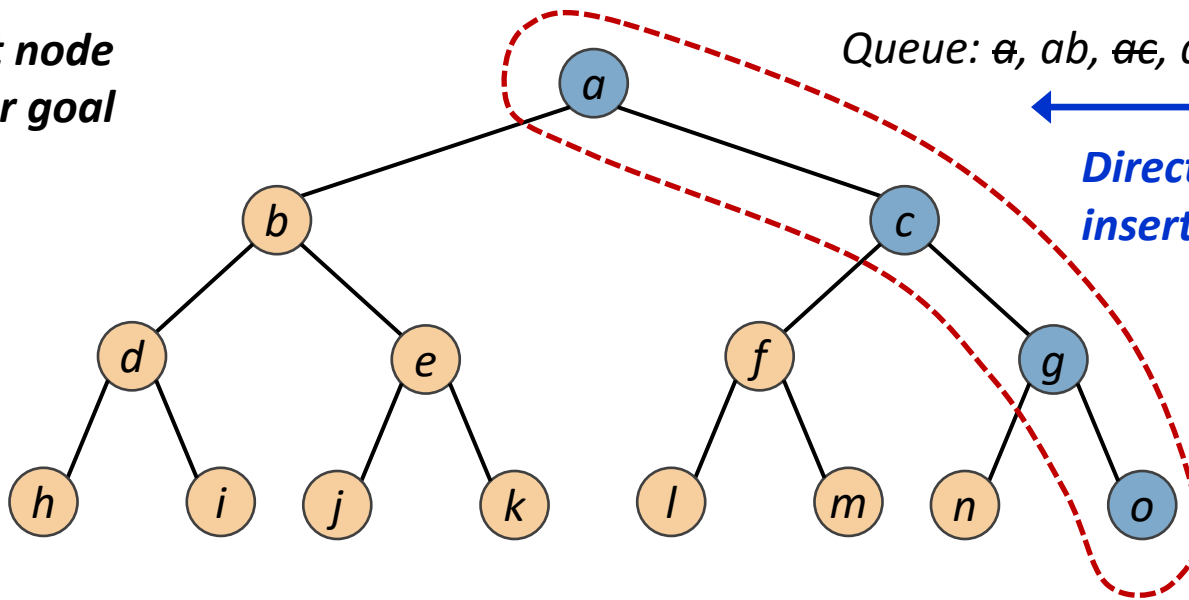


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Properties of Depth-First Search

- Completeness: No
(if m is infinite)
- Optimality: No
- Time complexity:
- Space complexity:



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- Time complexity: $O(b^m)$
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- Space complexity: $O(bm)$
(linear space!)



Exercise: Breadth-First Search VS Depth-First Search

- When is Breadth-First Search preferred over Depth-First Search?
- When is Depth-First Search preferred over Breadth-First Search?



Exercise: Breadth-First Search VS Depth-First Search

- When is Breadth-First Search preferred over Depth-First Search?
 - When optimal solution is important
 - When m is much greater than d (as DFS takes $O(b^m)$ time)
- When is Depth-First Search preferred over Breadth-First Search?
 - When space is important. DFS requires $O(bm)$, BFS requires $O(b^d)$



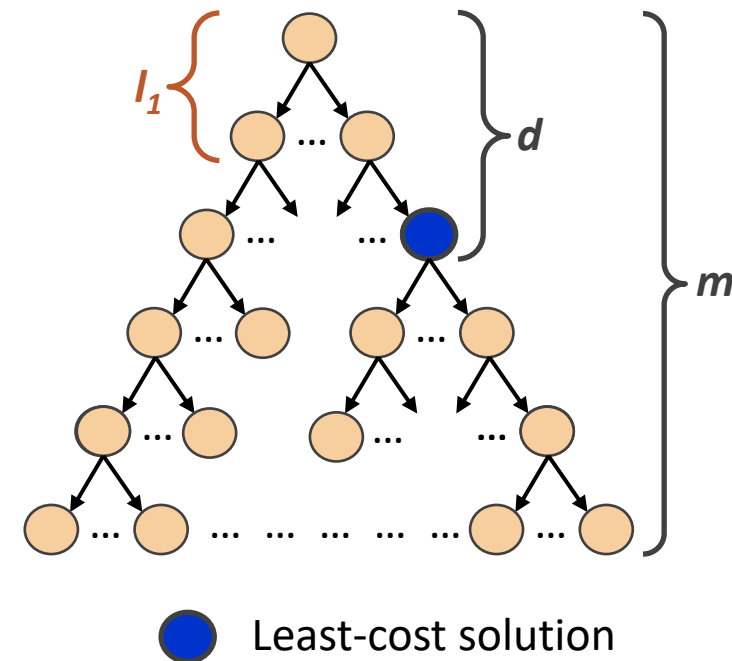
Depth-Limited Search

- General idea: Depth-First Search with predetermined depth limit l
 - i.e. nodes at depth l have no successors (child nodes)
 - Solves the infinite-path problem
- Completeness: No (if $l < d$)
- Optimality: No (if $l > d$)
- Time complexity: $O(b^l)$
- Space complexity: $O(bl)$



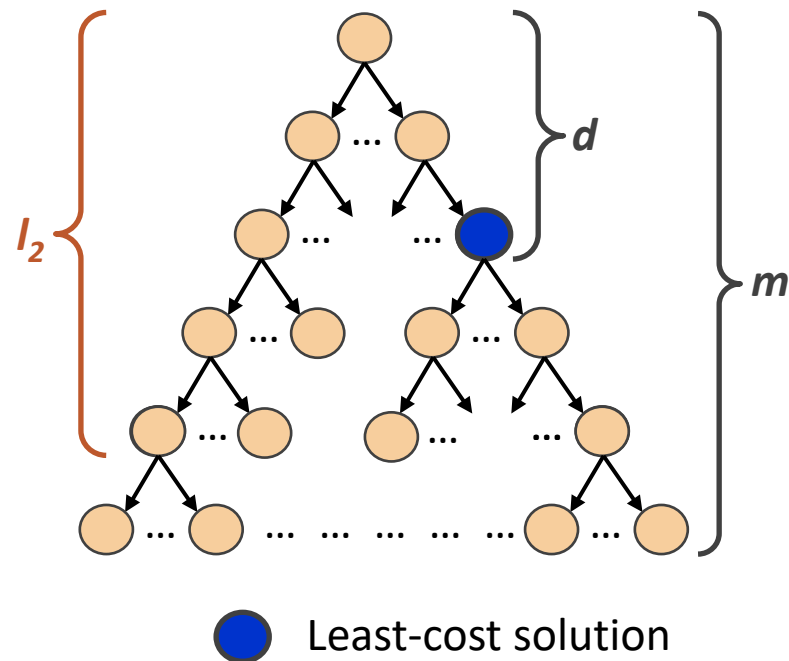
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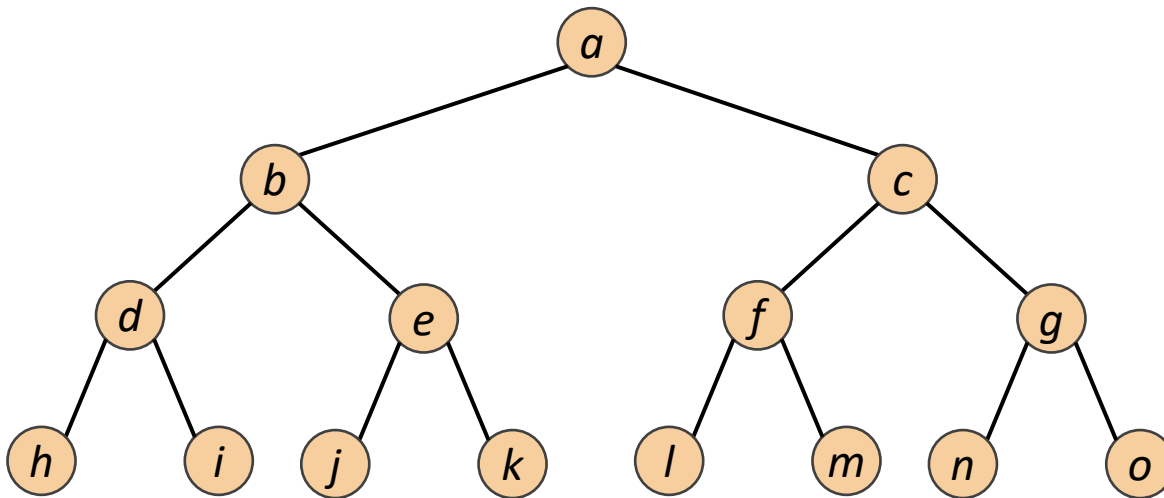
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Iterative Deepening Search

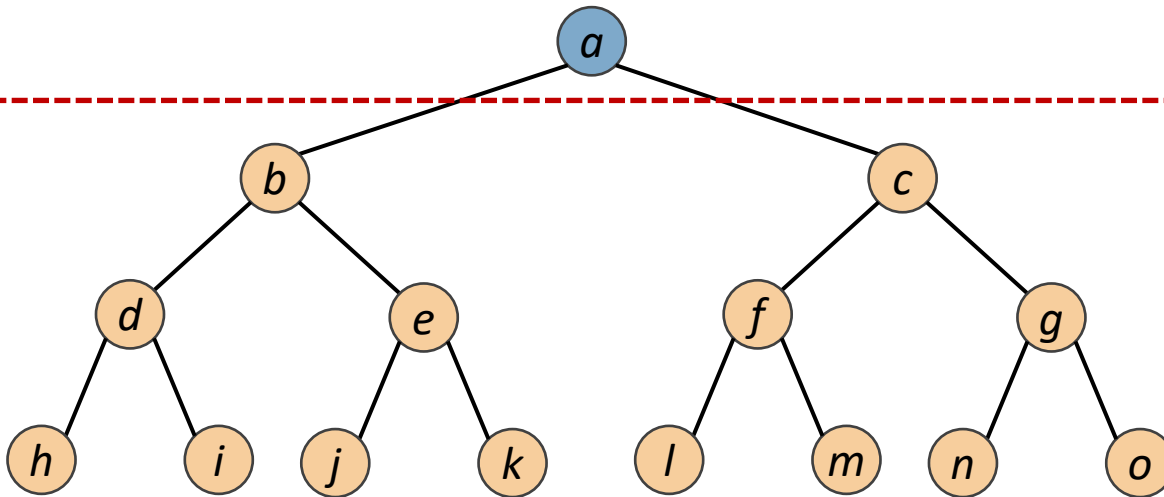
- General idea: Use increasing Depth-Limited Search (DLS) to find the best depth limit l
 - I.e., use DLS with depth limit 1. If no solution, then increase depth limit to 2. So on and so on, until solution is found
- Best of both Breadth-First Search and Depth-First Search



Iterative Deepening Search

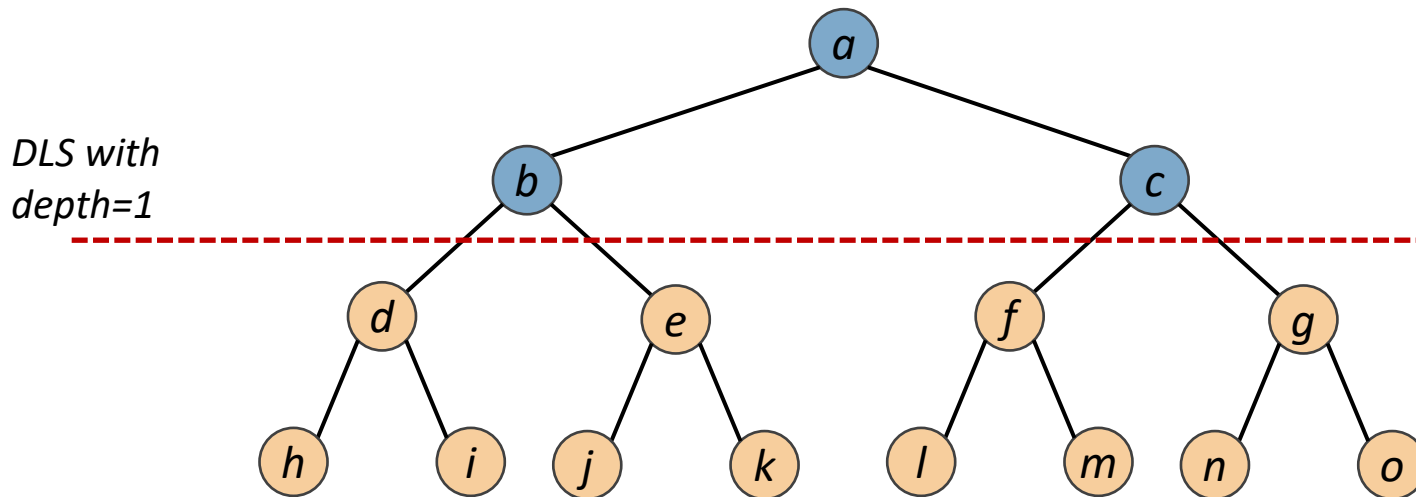
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*DLS with
depth=0*



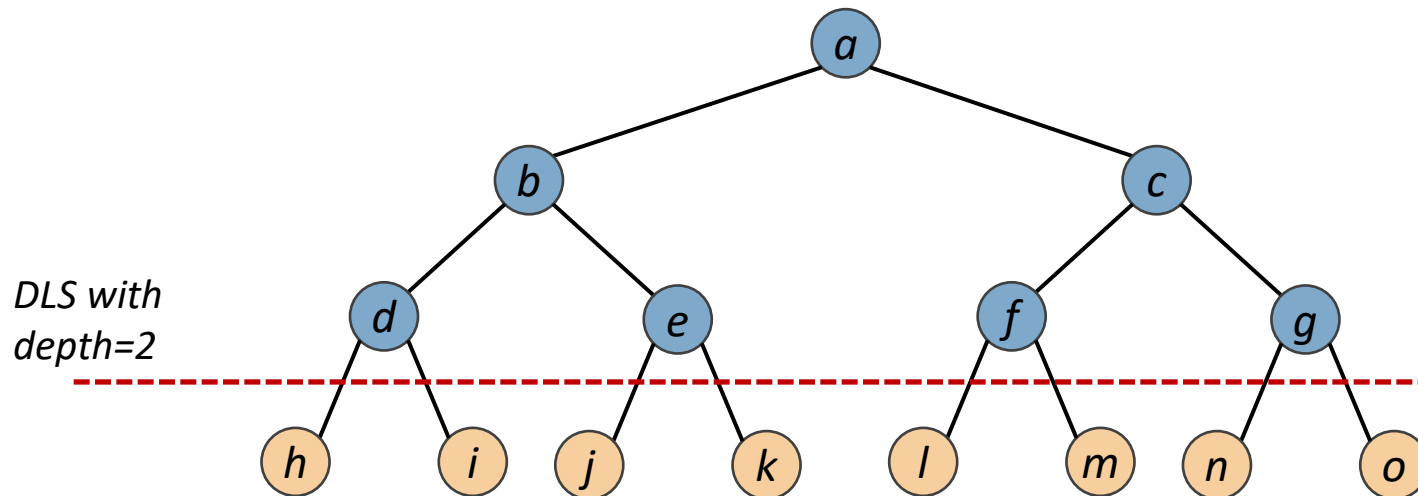
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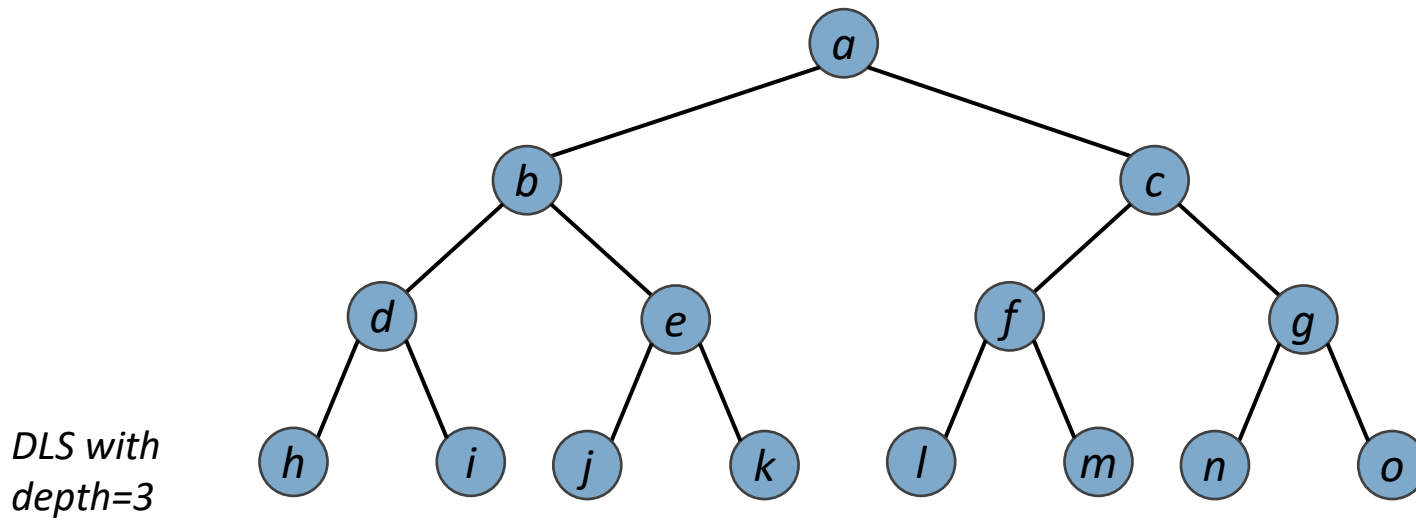
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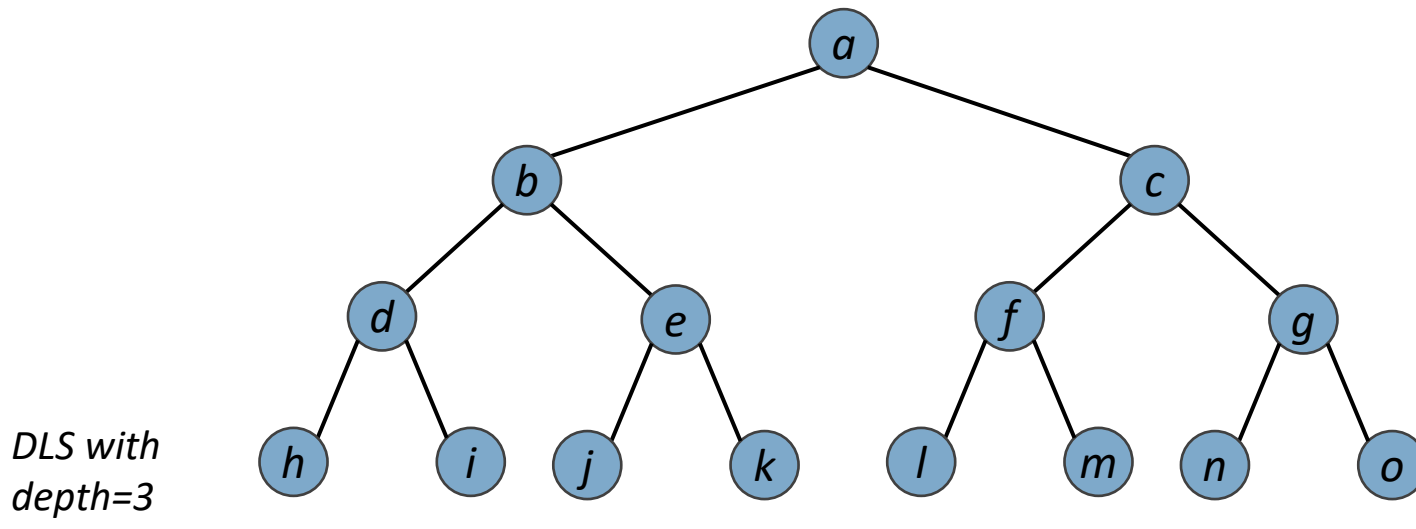
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- But is it wasteful to keep generating states with each increasing DLS?



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- Best of both Breadth-First Search and Depth-First Search
- But is it wasteful to keep generating states with each increasing DLS?
 - Turns out it is not too costly as most of the work (node expansion) happens at the lower depths



Properties of Iterative Deepening Search

- Completeness: Yes
- Optimality: Yes
- Time complexity: $O(b^d)$
- Space complexity: $O(bd)$



Summary: Uninformed Search

- Breadth-First Search
- Uniform-cost search
- Depth-First Search
- Depth-limited search
- Iterative deepening search

