

SRN: PES1UG20CS415

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Section: G

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Screenshot

Code

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# This weeks code focuses on understanding basic functions of pandas and
# This will help you complete other lab experiments
# Do not change the function definations or the parameters
import collections
from fileinput import filename
from re import X
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# input: tuple (x,y) x,y:int
def create_numpy_ones_array(shape):
  # return a numpy array with one at all index
  array = np.ones(shape)
  return array
# input: tuple (x,y) x,y:int
def create_numpy_zeros_array(shape):
  # return a numpy array with zeros at all index
  array = None
  array = np.zeros(shape)
  return array
#input: int
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def create_identity_numpy_array(order):
  # return a identity numpy array of the defined order
  array = None
  array = np.identity(order)
  return array
# input: numpy array
def matrix_cofactor(array):
  # return cofactor matrix of the given array
  array = np.linalg.inv(array).T*np.linalg.det(array)
  return array
# Input: (numpy array, int , numpy array, int , int , int , int ,
tuple, tuple)
# tuple(x,y) x,y:int
def f1(X1, coef1, X2, coef2, seed1, seed2, seed3, shape1, shape2):
  # note: shape is of the forst (x1,x2)
  # return W1 x (X1 ** coef1) + W2 x (X2 ** coef2) +b
  # where W1 is random matrix of shape shape1 with seed1
  # where W2 is random matrix of shape shape2 with seed2
  # where B is a random matrix of comaptible shape with seed3
  # if dimension mismatch occur return -1
  np.random.seed(seed1)
  W1 = np.random.rand(*shape1)
  np.random.seed(seed2)
  W2 = np.random.rand(*shape2)
  np.random.seed(seed3)
  B = np.random.rand(shape1[0], shape2[1])
  if X1.shape[0] != shape1[1] or X2.shape[0] != shape2[1]:
     return -1
  a1 = np.matmul(W1, X1**coef1)
  a2 = np.matmul(W2, X2**coef2)
  if a1.shape[0] != a2.shape[0] or a1.shape[1] != a2.shape[1]:
     return -1
  ans = a1+a2+B
  return ans
def fill_with_mode(filename, column):
  Fill the missing values(NaN) in a column with the mode of that column
  Args:
```

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filename: Name of the CSV file.
     column: Name of the column to fill
  Returns:
     df: Pandas DataFrame object.
     (Representing entire data and where 'column' does not contain NaN
     (Filled with above mentioned rules)
  df = pd.read_csv(filename)
  df[column] = df[column].fillna(df[column].mode()[0])
  return df
def fill_with_group_average(df, group, column):
  Fill the missing values(NaN) in column with the mean value of the
  group the row belongs to.
  The rows are grouped based on the values of another column
  Args:
     df: A pandas DataFrame object representing the data.
     group: The column to group the rows with
     column: Name of the column to fill
  Returns:
     df: Pandas DataFrame object.
     (Representing entire data and where 'column' does not contain NaN
values)
     (Filled with above mentioned rules)
  df[column] =
df[column].fillna(df.groupby(group)[column].transform('mean'))
  return df
def get_rows_greater_than_avg(df, column):
  Return all the rows(with all columns) where the value in a certain
'column'
  is greater than the average value of that column.
  row where row.column > mean(data.column)
  Args:
     df: A pandas DataFrame object representing the data.
     column: Name of the column to fill
  Returns:
     df: Pandas DataFrame object.
  df = df[df[column] > df[column].mean()]
```

return df