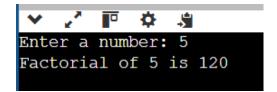
## **ASSIGNMENT 6(8.08.2025)**

## 1. Write a function to find the factorial of a number.

```
Input: An integer n
 Process: Multiply numbers from 1 to n \rightarrow n! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times ... \times n
 Output: Factorial of n
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int factorial(int n)
{
  int fact = 1;
  for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
     fact *= i;
  return fact;
}
int main()
{
  int num;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Factorial of %d is %d\n", num, factorial(num));
  return 0;
```

### **OUTPUT:**



## 2. Write a function to check whether a number is

prime Input: An integer n

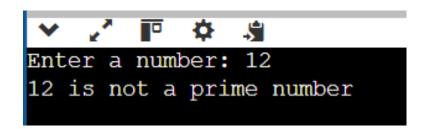
Process: Check if n is divisible by any number from 2 to n/2

Output: Prime or not prime message

## CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isPrime(int n)
{
    if(n < 2) return false;
    for(int i = 2; i <= n/2; i++)
        if(n % i == 0)
        return false;
    return true;
}
int main()
{
    int num;</pre>
```

```
printf("Enter a number: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
if(isPrime(num))
    printf("%d is a prime number\n", num);
else
    printf("%d is not a prime number\n", num);
return 0;
}
```



3. Write a function to calculate power using recursion.

```
Input: Base b, Exponent e

Process: Recursive multiplication → b^e = b×b ×...
b (e times)

Output: Result of b^e

CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int power(int base, int exp)
```

X

```
{
  if(exp == 0)
    return 1;
  return base * power(base, exp - 1);
}
int main()
{
  int base, exp;
  printf("Enter base and exponent: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &base, &exp);
  printf("%d^{\wedge}%d = %d\n", base, exp, power(base, exp));
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Enter base and exponent: 2 3
```

# 4. Write a function to check palindrome number using recursion.

**Input:** An integer n

**Process:** Reverse the number using recursion and compare with original

**Output:** Whether the number is a palindrome

```
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int reverse(int num, int rev)
{
  if(num == 0)
     return rev;
  return reverse(num / 10, rev * 10 + num % 10);
}
int main()
{
  int num, rev;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  rev = reverse(num, 0);
  if(num == rev)
     printf("%d is a palindrome\n", num);
  else
     printf("%d is not a palindrome\n", num);
  return 0;
```

}

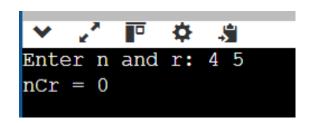
```
Enter a number: 123

123 is not a palindrome
```

## 5. Write a function to calculate nCr (combinations).

```
Input: Two integers n and r
Process: Compute using formula \rightarrow nCr = n! / (r! * (n -
r)!)
Output: Value of nCr
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int factorial(int n) {
  int f = 1;
  for(int i = 1; i \le n; i++)
     f *= i;
  return f;
}
int nCr(int n, int r) {
  return factorial(n) / (factorial(r) * factorial(n - r));
}
```

```
int main() {
  int n, r;
  printf("Enter n and r: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &n, &r);
  printf("nCr = %d\n", nCr(n, r));
  return 0;
}
```



6. Write a program to demonstrate call by value and call by reference.

**Input:** An integer variable x

### **Process:**

- a. Call by value: Pass x and modify inside function (no effect outside)
- b. Call by reference: Pass address of x and modify actual value

Output: Values before and after both function calls

### CODE:

#include <stdio.h>

```
void callByValue(int a) {
  a = a + 10;
  printf("Inside callByValue: %d\n", a);
}
void callByReference(int *a) {
  *a = *a + 10;
  printf("Inside callByReference: %d\n", *a);
}
int main() {
  int x = 5;
  printf("Before callByValue: %d\n", x);
  callByValue(x);
  printf("After callByValue: %d\n", x);
  printf("Before callByReference: %d\n", x);
  callByReference(&x);
  printf("After callByReference: %d\n", x);
  return 0;
}
```

```
After callByValue: 5
Before callByReference: 5
Inside callByReference: 15
After callByReference: 15
```

## 7. Write a program using function to swap two numbers.

**Input:** Two numbers a and b

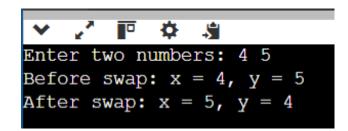
**Process:** Use a temporary variable (or pointers) to swap values

Output: Values of a and b after swapping

```
CODE: #include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
  int temp = *a;
  *a = *b;
  *b = temp;
}
```

int main()

```
int x, y;
printf("Enter two numbers: ");
scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
printf("Before swap: x = %d, y = %d\n", x, y);
swap(&x, &y);
printf("After swap: x = %d, y = %d\n", x, y);
return 0;
}
```



### 8. Write a recursive function to find the nth Fibonacci number.

**Input:** Integer n

**Process:** Use recursion to calculate nth Fibonacci number

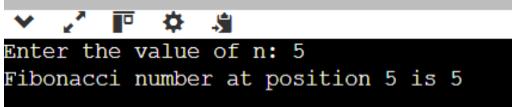
```
F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2) with base cases F(0) = 0, F(1) = 1
```

Output: nth Fibonacci number

CODE:

#include <stdio.h>

```
int fibonacci(int n) {
  if (n == 0) return 0;
  else if(n == 1) return 1;
  else return fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2);
}
int main() {
  int n;
  printf("Enter the value of n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Fibonacci number at position %d is %d\n", n, fibonacci(n));
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
```



9. Write a program to find GCD and LCM using functions.

Input: Two integers num1 and num2

**Process:** 

```
a. GCD: Euclidean algorithm
```

```
b. LCM: (num1 * num2) / GCD
```

**Output:** GCD and LCM of the input numbers

```
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int gcd(int a, int b) {
  while(b != 0) {
     int temp = b;
     b = a \% b;
     a = temp;
  }
  return a;
}
int lcm(int a, int b) {
  return (a * b) / gcd(a, b);
}
int main() {
  int num1, num2;
  printf("Enter two numbers: ");
```

```
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);

printf("GCD = %d\n", gcd(num1, num2));

printf("LCM = %d\n", lcm(num1, num2));

return 0;

}

OUTPUT:

outside function (global variable): 100
Inside function (local variable): 50
```

10. Write a program to demonstrate global and local variables.

Input: None (global and local values defined in code)

### Process:

CODE:

- a. Show global variable in main
- b. Shadow global variable with a local one inside show()

Output: Prints both global and local variable values

```
#include <stdio.h>
int globalVar = 100; // Global variable
```

```
void show() {
  int globalVar = 50; // Local variable (same name)
  printf("Inside function (local variable): %d\n", globalVar);
}
int main() {
  printf("Outside function (global variable): %d\n", globalVar);
  show();
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
```

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Outside function (global variable): 100
Inside function (local variable): 50