Core Java- Paper-2

- 1. An Interface with no fields and methods is known as?
 - a) Runnable Interface
 - b) Marker Interface
 - c) Abstract Interface
 - d) Functional interface
- 2. Which option is false about the final keyword?
 - a) A final Method cannot override
 - b) A final class cannot be extended
 - c) A final variable cannot be reinitialize.
 - d) All the above.
- 3. In which memory a String is stored, when we create using new operator?
 - a) Stack
 - b) String Memory
 - c) String Constant Pool
 - d) Random Storage Space
- 4. In java, jar stands for?
 - a) Java Archive Runner
 - b) Java Application Resource
 - c) Java Application Runner
 - d) None of the above

5. What will be the output of the following program?

```
StringBuffer sb=new StringBuffer("complete");
sb.setCharAt(1,'I');
sb.setCharAt(7,'d');
System.out.println(sb);
```

- a) complete
- b) iomplede
- c) colpletd
- d) cimpletd
- 6. Which of the following is a mutable class in java?
 - a) java.lang.String
 - b) java.lang.Byte
 - c) java.lang.Short
 - d) java.lang.StringBuffer
- 7. What will be the output of the following program?

```
abstract class Test
{
    abstract num(int a,int b){}
```

- a) No Error
- b) Method is not Defined properly
- c) Constructor is not defined
- d) Extra Parenthesis.

8.	What is meant by the classes and objects that dependents on each other?	
	a) Cohesion	
	b) Loss Coupling	
	c) Tight Coupling	
	d) None of the Above	
9.	How to implement inheritance in java?	
	a) import	
	b) extends	
	c) implements	
	d) package	
10. A class will accept how many modifiers?		
	a) public	
	b) final	
	c) abstract	
	d) All the above	
11	What is true about encapsulation?	
	a) All variables must be private	
	b) All variables must have setter and getter method	
	c) Both a & b	
	d) None of the Above	
12. What is the main objective of Abstraction?		
	a) Reusability	

b) Security

c) Flexibilityd) Efficient

- 13. How to check default constructor in java?
 - a) javap -c class_name
 - b) java -c file_name
 - c) java default -c class_name
 - d) java d -c class name
- 14. Why do we use "this" keyword in java?
 - a) To refer super class members
 - b) To refer current class members
 - c) Both a & b
 - d) None of the Above
- 15. Object level executions are called?
 - a) Early Loading
 - b) Middle Loading
 - c) Lazy Loading
 - d) Fast Loading
- 16. Which is not an OOPS concept?
 - a) Encapsulation
 - b) Polymorphism
 - c) Exception
 - d) Abstraction
- 17. Which feature of OOPS describes the reusability of a code?
 - a) Abstraction
 - b) Encapsulation
 - c) Polymorphism
 - d) Inheritance

- 18. The main usage of polymorphism is?a) Reusabilityb) Securityc) Flexibilityd) Duplicate
- 19. Which concept is known as purely abstract class?
 - a) Interface
 - b) Polymorphism
 - c) Abstraction
 - d) Method Hiding
- 20. In java we can't extends more than one class simultaneously.
 - a) TRUE
 - b) FALSE
- 21. Which inheritance is not supported by Java?
 - a) Multi-Level Inheritance
 - b) Hierarchical Inheritance
 - c) Multiple Inheritance
 - d) Single Level Inheritance
- 22. Which of the following is not a java feature?
 - a) Dynamic
 - b) Multi-Threaded
 - c) Use of Pointers
 - d) Object Oriented

- 23. What is the use of the intern() method?
 - a) It returns the existing string from memory
 - b) It creates a new string in the database
 - c) It modifies the existing string in the database
 - d) None of the above
- 24. A synchronized keyword is applicable for?
 - a) Variables and Methods
 - b) Blocks and Methods
 - c) Variables, Methods and Blocks
 - d) Variables, Methods, Blocks and Constructors
- 25. Having same method name with different arguments is called?
 - a) Method overloading
 - b) Method Overriding
 - c) Method Hiding
 - d) Constructor overloading
- 26. What would be the output of below code?

```
class Test{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.println("string-arg Method");
    }
    Public static void main(int[] i){
        System.out.println("int-arg Method");
    }
}
```

- a) Compile Time Errorb) Runtime Error
- c) string-arg Method
- d) int-arg Method
- 27. Using which modifier, method overriding is not possible?
 - a) public
 - b) abstract
 - c) strictfp
 - d) final
- 28. What happens if we display object reference?

Test t=new Test();

System.out.println(t);

- a) Test@Hexadecimal
- b) null
- c) Garbage Value
- d) 0
- 29. For any class if we allow to create only one object is called?
 - a) Abstract class
 - b) Concrete class
 - c) Singleton class
 - d) Inner class

30. Inner class does not accept?

a) Public members
b) Private members
c) Protected members
d) Static members