

# San Francisco Restaurant Inspection Data Analysis using SparkSQL and RDD's

#### General steps

- Create a case class for each data set
- Use CSV reader to read in each data file
- Convert RDD to DataFrame

### Setting up input data sets

```
val baseDir = "/FileStore/tables/o7ra249x1502053895865/"
val raw_inspections = sc.textFile(s"$baseDir/inspections_plus.tsv")
val violations = sc.textFile(s"$baseDir/violations_plus.tsv")
val business = sc.textFile(s"$baseDir/businesses_plus.tsv")
baseDir: String = /FileStore/tables/o7ra249x1502053895865/
raw_inspections: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /FileStore/tables/o7ra249x1
502053895865//inspections_plus.tsv MapPartitionsRDD[262] at textFile at <consol
e>:36
violations: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /FileStore/tables/o7ra249x150205
3895865//violations_plus.tsv MapPartitionsRDD[264] at textFile at <console>:37
business: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /FileStore/tables/o7ra249x15020538
95865//businesses_plus.tsv MapPartitionsRDD[266] at textFile at <console>:38
```

# 1) What is the inspection score distribution like? (inspections\_plus.csv)

Expected output - (**score, count**)

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
case class
Inspection(business_code:String,score:Int,date:String,comment:String)
val inspection=raw_inspections.map(_.split("\t"))
val validInspection=inspection.filter(l=>l(1) !=
"").map(p \Rightarrow Inspection(p(0), p(1).trim.toInt, p(2), p(3)))
val InspectionDF=validInspection.toDF()
InspectionDF.groupBy("score").count().sort(desc("score")).show()
```

```
+----+
|score|count|
+----+
  100 | 3705 |
    98 | 1534 |
    96 | 2365 |
    94 | 1751 |
    93 | 374 |
    92 | 1482 |
    91 | 411 |
    90 | 1241 |
    89|
         480
    88 | 640 |
    87|
         440|
    86|
         483
    85|
         415
    84|
         319
    83|
         328
    82|
         250
    81|
         289
    80|
         266
```

# 2) What is the risk category distribution like? (violations\_plus.csv)

Expected output - (risk category, count)

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
case class Risk(risk:String)
val risk=violations.map(_.split("\t")).filter(l=>l(3) != "N/A")
val validRisk=risk.map(l=>Risk(l(3)))
val RiskDF=validRisk.toDF()
RiskDF.groupBy("risk").count().show()
```

```
+----+
       risk|count|
+----+
    Low Risk|24717|
|Moderate Risk|15713|
   High Risk| 6446|
+----+
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
defined class Risk
risk: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Array[String]] = MapPartitionsRDD[179] at filter
at <console>:44
validRisk: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Risk] = MapPartitionsRDD[180] at map at <co</pre>
nsole>:45
RiskDF: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [risk: string]
```

# 3) Which 20 businesses got lowest scores? (inspections\_plus.csv, businesses\_plus.csv)

(This should be more low score rather than lowest score)

Expected columns - (business id,name,address,city,postal code,score)

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
case class
Business(business_code:String,business_name:String,business_address:String,city
:String,postal_code:String)
val filtered_business=business.map(_.split("\t")).filter(l=>l(2)
!="").filter(l=>1(4).length ==5).map(p=>Business(p(0),p(1),p(2),p(3),p(4)))
val temp_businessDF=filtered_business.toDF()
//Replaces empty strings in the col city to San Francisco
val businessDF=temp_businessDF.na.replace("city", Map(""-> "San Francisco"))
grouped_inspectionDF=InspectionDF.groupBy("business_code").agg(min("score").ali
as("score"))
//val joined=businessDF.join(grouped_inspectionDF, businessDF("business_code")
=== grouped_inspectionDF("business_code"), "inner") -- this will two cols of
business_code
val joined=businessDF.join(grouped_inspectionDF,Seq("business_code"))
joined.sort("score").limit(20).show()
|business_code| business_name| business_address| city|postal_
```

code so	•				
		+-		-++	
+	+				
	74522	Dick Lee Pastry	716 Jackson St	San Francisco	9
4133	42				
	68633	ABC Bakery Cafe	650 Jackson St	San Francisco	9
4133	46				
1	18480	Imperial Palace	818 Washington St	San Francisco	9
4108	47				
1	286	PUNJAB KABAB HOUSE	101 EDDY St	SF	9
4102	49				
1	64154 "	'Yummy Dim Sum &	930 Stockton St	San Francisco	9
4108	50				
1	69962	Hong Kee & Kim	91 Drumm St	San Francisco	9
4111	51	·			
1	3151	New Asia Restaurant	772 Pacific Ave	San Francisco	9
4133	51	·		•	
نسا	31151	Vee's Restaurant	1131 Grant Ave	Isan Franciscol	9

# 4) Which 20 businesses got highest scores? (inspections\_plus.csv, businesses\_plus.csv)

Expected columns - (business\_id,name,address,city,postal\_code,score)

#### val

```
max_inspectionDF=InspectionDF.groupBy("business_code").agg(max("score").alias("
score"))
```

val max\_joined=businessDF.join(max\_inspectionDF,"business\_code") max\_joined.sort(desc("score")).limit(20).show()

+		+-	+		
+-	+				
business_code  business_name		business_address	city postal_		
code score					
		+-	+		
+-					
	69528	Toyose INC	3814 Noriega St	Sf	9
4122	100				
	5071	CAFE-ROSSO	1600 HOLLOWAY Ave	SF	9
4132	100				
	34749	Chatz Coffee	215 02nd St	S.F.	9
4105	100				
1	76060 "E	Edith's Food Com	3251 20th Ave  San	Francisco	9
4132	100				
1	2495 ST	ARBUCK'S COFFEE	2222 fillmore	SF	9

```
4115 | 100 |
         5450|AT&T - (CART 3) ...|24 WILLIE MAYS PL...| S.F.|
                                                                         9
4107 | 100 |
       36744|El Castillito Taq...| 250 Golden Gate Ave|San Francisco|
4102 | 100 |
                        Cafe Musel 705 A0+h Ave I
                                                                CEL
        240001
```

# 5) Among all the restaurants that got 100 score, what kind of violations did they get (if any)

```
(inspections_plus.csv, violations_plus.csv)
```

(Examine "High Risk" violation only)

Expected columns - (business\_id, risk\_category, date, description)

Note - format the date in (month/day/year)

3482 | 01/10/2015 |

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.{unix_timestamp, to_date,date_format}
case class
new_risk(business_code:String,date:String,violationTypeID:String,risk_category:
String,description:String)
val riskobj = violations.map(_.split("\t")).filter(l=>l(3) != "N/A").filter(l=>
(l(3)=="High Risk")).map(p=>new_risk(p(0),p(1),p(2),p(3),p(4)))
val new_riskDF=riskobj.toDF()
InspectionDF.createOrReplaceTempView("business")
val sqlDF = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM business WHERE score=100")
val joined_inspection_risk = new_riskDF.join(sqlDF,Seq("business_code","date"))
.select($"business_code",date_format(to_date(unix_timestamp($"date","yyyymmdd")
.cast("timestamp")),"MM/dd/yyyy").alias("date"),$"risk_category",
  $"description").show()
                  date|risk_category|
|business_code|
                                             description|
  18825 | 01/21/2014 |
                            High Risk|No hot water or r...|
        1896|01/11/2014|
                           High Risk|Improper reheatin...|
          17|01/23/2012| High Risk|High risk food ho...|
```

High Risk|Unclean or unsani...|

5874|01/27/2014| High Risk|Improper reheatin...|

```
36744|01/26/2013| High Risk|Improper cooling ...|
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.{unix_timestamp, to_date, date_format}
defined class new_risk
riskobj: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[new_risk] = MapPartitionsRDD[222] at map at <</pre>
console>:65
new_riskDF: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [business_code: string, date: stri
ng ... 3 more fields]
sqlDF: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [business_code: string, score: int ...
2 more fields]
joined_inspection_risk: Unit = ()
```

### 6) Average inspection score by zip code

Expected columns - (zip, average score with only two digits after decimal)

```
//Find the avg for each restuarant
val
avg_inspectionDF=InspectionDF.groupBy("business_code").agg(avg("score").alias("
score"))
val joined_business_inspection=
businessDF.join(avg_inspectionDF, "business_code").groupBy("postal_code").agg(ro
und(avg($"score"),2).alias("score")).show(40)
```

```
+----+
|postal_code|score|
+----+
       94102 | 90.9 |
       94140 | 96.5 |
       94107 | 94.76 |
       94104 | 93.57 |
       94131|93.21|
       94014 | 90.0 |
       94143 | 89.5 |
       94609 | 87.0 |
       94112 | 92.82 |
       94545 | 100.0 |
       92672 | 91.33 |
       94513 | 92.33 |
       94103 | 90.58 |
       94130 | 97.75 |
       94118 | 92.64 |
       94117 | 91.6 |
```

94129 | 83.0 |

# 7) Compute the proportion of all businesses in each neighborhood that have incurred at least one of the violations

- "High risk vermin infestation"
- "Moderate risk vermin infestation"
- "Sewage or wastewater contamination"
- "Improper food labeling or menu misrepresentation"
- "Contaminated or adulterated food"
- "Reservice of previously served foods"
- "Expected output: zip code, percentage"

This question is asking for each neighborhood, what is the proportion of businesses that have incurred at least one of the above nasty violations

Note: use UDF to determine which violations match with one of the above extremely bad violations

Expected columns - (zip code, total violation count, extreme violation count, proportion with only two digits after decimal)

```
import spark.implicits._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
//create a udf
def extremeViolation(desc:String) : Int = {
  val violationList=List("High risk vermin infestation", "Moderate risk vermin
infestation", "Sewage or wastewater contamination", "Improper food labeling or
menu misrepresentation", "Contaminated or adulterated food", "Reservice of
previously served foods")
  if (violationList.contains(desc)) return 1
  else return 0
}
//Initialize the udf
val ExtremeViolationUDF = udf(extremeViolation(_:String))
//Get the required fields from the tsv file
case class new_business(business_code:String,zip:String)
val new_value=business.map(_.split("\t")).filter(l=>l(4).length
==5).map(p = \text{new\_business}(p(0), p(4))).toDF()
case class new_violation(business_code:String,violations:String)
val
temp_value=violations.map(_.split("\t")).filter(l=>l.length==5).filter(l=>l(4)
!= "").map(p=>new_violation(p(0),p(4))).distinct().toDF()
val joined_table=new_value.join(temp_value,Seq("business_code"))
val res1=joined_table.groupBy($"zip").agg(count("*").alias("total violation
count"))
val
res2=joined_table.select($"zip",ExtremeViolationUDF($"violations").as("vc")).gr
oupBy($"zip").agg(round(sum($"vc"),2).alias("extreme violation count"))
val final_res=res1.join(res2,Seq("zip")).select($"zip",$"total violation
count",$"extreme violation count",round((($"extreme violation count"/$"total
violation count")*100),2) as "proportion in percentage")
```

final\_res.sort(desc("proportion in percentage")).show(100)

+	+		++
zip total	violation count	extreme violation count	proportion in percentage
+	+		++
94129	6	1	16.67
94115	1357	135	9.95
94109	2582	236	9.14
94143	22	2	9.09
94133	3291	299	9.09

94122	1948	171	8.78
94110	3142	255	8.12
94134	457	37	8.1
94116	602	47	7.81
94158	13	1	7.69
94114	1283	97	7.56
94108	1515	114	7.52
94117	1027	76	7.4
94102	2438	172	7.05
94112	1079	75	6.95
94123	1284	75	5.84
94124	730	41	5.62
10/10/1	5651	21 l	E 101

# 8) Are SF restaurants clean? Justify your answer

(Make to sure backup your answer with data - don't just state your opinion)

(Yes/No) and why

I feel SF restuarants are not extremely clean. If you see the violation for high and moderate risk, it is almost equal to 50% of the entire inspection dataset



