# Task 2-Experimentation and Uplift testing

Julia has asked us to evaluate the performance of a store trial which was performed in stores 77, 86 and 88.

This can be broken down by:

- 1. total sales revenue
- 2. total number of customers
- 3. average number of transactions per customer

Create a measure to compare different control stores to each of the trial stores to do this write a function to reduce having to re-do the analysis for each trial store. Consider using Pearson correlations or a metric such as a magnitude distance e.g. 1- (Observed distance – minimum distance)/(Maximum distance – minimum distance) as a measure.

Once you have selected your control stores, compare each trial and control pair during the trial period. You want to test if total sales are significantly different in the trial period and if so, check if the driver of change is more purchasing customers or more purchases per customers etc.

Main areas of Focus are:

- 1. Select control stores Explore data, define metrics, visualize graphs
- 2. Assessment of the trial insights/trends by comparing trial stores with control stores
- 3. Collate findings summarize and provide recommendations

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
   import numpy as np
```

#### Out[2]:

	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	DATE	STORE_NBR	TXN_ID	PROD_NBR	PROD_NAME	PROD_QTY
0	1000	2018- 10-17	1	1	5	Natural Chip Compny SeaSalt175g	2
1	1002	2018- 09-16	1	2	58	Red Rock Deli Chikn&Garlic Aioli 150g	1
2	1003	2019- 03-07	1	3	52	Grain Waves Sour Cream&Chives 210G	1
3	1003	2019- 03-08	1	4	106	Natural ChipCo Hony Soy Chckn175g	1
4	1004	2018- 11-02	1	5	96	WW Original Stacked Chips 160g	1
4							<b>)</b>

# **Checking for nulls**

```
In [3]:
        qvi.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 264834 entries, 0 to 264833
        Data columns (total 12 columns):
         #
             Column
                              Non-Null Count
                                               Dtype
             -----
                               -----
         0
             LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                              264834 non-null int64
         1
             DATE
                              264834 non-null object
         2
                              264834 non-null int64
             STORE NBR
         3
             TXN ID
                              264834 non-null int64
         4
             PROD NBR
                             264834 non-null int64
         5
             PROD_NAME
                             264834 non-null object
             PROD_QTY
                              264834 non-null int64
         6
         7
                              264834 non-null float64
             TOT_SALES
         8
             PACK SIZE
                              264834 non-null int64
             BRAND
         9
                              264834 non-null object
         10
            LIFESTAGE
                              264834 non-null
                                               object
             PREMIUM_CUSTOMER 264834 non-null
                                               object
        dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(5)
```

qvi["YEARMONTH"] = qvi["DATE"].dt.strftime("%Y%m").astype("int")

memory usage: 24.2+ MB

In [4]: | qvi["DATE"] = pd.to\_datetime(qvi["DATE"])

Compile each store's monthly:

- 1. Total sales
- 2. Number of customers,
- 3. Average transactions per customer
- 4. Average chips per customer
- 5. Average price per unit

```
In [5]: def monthly_store_metrics():
            store_yrmo_group = qvi.groupby(["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"])
            total = store yrmo group["TOT SALES"].sum()
            num_cust = store_yrmo_group["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].nunique()
            trans_per_cust = store_yrmo_group.size() / num_cust
            avg_chips_per_cust = store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum() / num_cust
            avg_chips_price = total / store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum()
            aggregates = [total, num cust, trans per cust, avg chips per cust, avg
        chips price]
            metrics = pd.concat(aggregates, axis=1)
            metrics.columns = ["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPer
        Txn", "avgPricePerUnit"]
            return metrics
In [6]: qvi_monthly_metrics = monthly_store_metrics().reset_index()
        qvi_monthly_metrics.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 3169 entries, 0 to 3168
        Data columns (total 7 columns):
         #
            Column
                            Non-Null Count Dtype
                             -----
        ---
                            3169 non-null int64
         0
             STORE NBR
                            3169 non-null
3169 non-null
3169 non-null
             YEARMONTH
                                              int64
         1
             TOT SALES
         2
                                              float64
             nChipsPerTxn avgPrice?
         3
                                              int64
         4
                                              float64
         5
                                              float64
             avgPricePerUnit 3169 non-null float64
        dtypes: float64(4), int64(3)
        memory usage: 173.4 KB
```

Pre-Trial Observation as this filter only stores with full 12 months observation

#### Out[7]:

	STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPr
0	1	201807	206.9	49	1.061224	1.265306	
1	1	201808	176.1	42	1.023810	1.285714	
2	1	201809	278.8	59	1.050847	1.271186	
3	1	201810	188.1	44	1.022727	1.318182	
4	1	201811	192.6	46	1.021739	1.239130	
5	1	201812	189.6	42	1.119048	1.357143	
6	1	201901	154.8	35	1.028571	1.200000	
12	2	201807	150.8	39	1.051282	1.179487	
4							<b>&gt;</b>

```
In [11]: | def calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_obse
           control_store_nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE_NBR"].isin([77, 86, 8
         8])]["STORE_NBR"].unique()
           corrs = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial Str", "Ctrl Str", "Co
         rr_Score"])
           trial_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison][metr
         icCol].reset_index()
           for control in control_store_nbrs:
             concat df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial Str", "Ctrl St
         r", "Corr Score"])
             control store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == control][metricCo
         1].reset_index()
             concat_df["Corr_Score"] = trial_store.corrwith(control_store, axis=1)
             concat_df["Trial_Str"] = storeComparison
             concat df["Ctrl Str"] = control
             concat df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == sto
         reComparison]["YEARMONTH"])
             corrs = pd.concat([corrs, concat_df])
           return corrs
```

```
In [12]: corr_table = pd.DataFrame()
    for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
        corr_table = pd.concat([corr_table, calcCorrTable(["TOT_SALES", "nCusto mers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPricePerUnit"], trial_num)])
    corr_table.head(8)
```

### Out[12]:

	YEARMONTH	Trial_Str	Ctrl_Str	Corr_Score
0	201807	77	1	0.070414
1	201808	77	1	0.027276
2	201809	77	1	0.002389
3	201810	77	1	-0.020045
4	201811	77	1	0.030024
5	201812	77	1	0.063946
6	201901	77	1	0.001470
0	201807	77	2	0.142957

```
In [13]: | def calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretr
         ial full observ):
             control_store_nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE_NBR"].isin([77, 86,
         88])]["STORE_NBR"].unique()
             dists = pd.DataFrame()
             trial_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison][me
         tricCol]
             for control in control_store_nbrs:
                 concat df = abs(inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == storeCompari
         son].reset_index()[metricCol] - inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == contr
         ol].reset_index()[metricCol])
                 concat_df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] ==
         storeComparison]["YEARMONTH"])
                 concat_df["Trial_Str"] = storeComparison
                 concat_df["Ctrl_Str"] = control
                 dists = pd.concat([dists, concat df])
             for col in metricCol:
                 dists[col] = 1 - ((dists[col] - dists[col].min()) / (dists[col].max
         () - dists[col].min()))
             dists["magnitude"] = dists[metricCol].mean(axis=1)
             return dists
```

```
In [14]: dist_table = pd.DataFrame()
    for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
        dist_table = pd.concat([dist_table, calculateMagnitudeDistance(["TOT_SA LES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPricePerUnit"], tria l_num)])
    dist_table.head(8)
    dist_table
```

## Out[14]:

	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPricePerUnit	YEARMONTH	Tria
0	0.935431	0.980769	0.958035	0.739412	0.883569	201807	
1	0.942972	0.951923	0.993823	0.802894	0.886328	201808	
2	0.961503	0.836538	0.992126	0.730041	0.703027	201809	
3	0.988221	0.932692	0.989514	0.940460	0.590528	201810	
4	0.962149	0.951923	0.874566	0.730358	0.832481	201811	
2	0.207554	0.286822	0.462846	0.779879	0.923887	201809	
3	0.346797	0.387597	0.571497	0.796875	0.971133	201810	
4	0.286706	0.310078	0.623883	0.813241	0.966999	201811	
5	0.347151	0.387597	0.376456	0.699748	0.962198	201812	
6	0.402353	0.449612	0.450378	0.739714	0.971335	201901	
539	97 rows × 9 co	olumns					
4							•

We'll select control stores based on how similar monthly total sales in dollar amounts and monthly number of customers are to the trial stores by using correlation and magnitude distance.

```
In [15]:
         def combine_corr_dist(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_
         observ):
             corrs = calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable)
             dists = calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTab
         le)
             dists = dists.drop(metricCol, axis=1)
             combine = pd.merge(corrs, dists, on=["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_St
         r"])
             return combine
         compare_metrics_table1 = pd.DataFrame()
In [16]:
         for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
             compare metrics table1 = pd.concat([compare metrics table1, combine cor
         r_dist(["TOT_SALES"], trial_num)])
In [17]: | corr weight = 0.5
         dist_weight = 1 - corr_weight
```

Determining the top five highest composite score for each trial based on Total sales

```
In [18]:
         grouped_comparison_table1 = compare_metrics_table1.groupby(["Trial_Str", "C
         trl_Str"]).mean().reset_index()
         grouped_comparison_table1["CompScore"] = (corr_weight * grouped_comparison_
         table1["Corr_Score"]) + (dist_weight * grouped_comparison_table1["magnitud")
         e"1)
         for trial_num in compare_metrics_table1["Trial_Str"].unique():
             print(grouped_comparison_table1[grouped_comparison_table1["Trial_Str"]
         == trial_num].sort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").head(), '\n')
              Trial_Str Ctrl_Str Corr_Score magnitude CompScore
         218
                     77
                              233
                                          1.0
                                                0.986477
                                                            0.993238
         239
                     77
                              255
                                          1.0
                                                0.979479
                                                           0.989739
         177
                     77
                              188
                                          1.0
                                                            0.988831
                                                0.977663
                     77
         49
                               53
                                          1.0
                                                0.976678
                                                            0.988339
                     77
         120
                              131
                                          1.0
                                                0.976267
                                                            0.988134
              Trial_Str
                         Ctrl_Str Corr_Score magnitude CompScore
         356
                     86
                              109
                                          1.0
                                                0.966783
                                                           0.983391
         401
                     86
                              155
                                          1.0
                                                0.965876
                                                           0.982938
         464
                     86
                              222
                                          1.0
                                                0.962280
                                                           0.981140
         467
                     86
                              225
                                          1.0
                                                0.960512
                                                            0.980256
         471
                     86
                              229
                                          1.0
                                                0.951704
                                                            0.975852
              Trial_Str
                         Ctrl_Str Corr_Score magnitude CompScore
         551
                               40
                                                0.941165
                                                           0.970582
                     88
                                          1.0
         538
                     88
                               26
                                          1.0
                                                0.904377
                                                           0.952189
                               72
                     88
                                          1.0
                                                0.903800
                                                            0.951900
         582
         517
                     88
                                4
                                          1.0
                                                0.903466
                                                            0.951733
         568
                     88
                               58
                                          1.0
                                                0.891678
                                                            0.945839
In [19]: compare_metrics_table2 = pd.DataFrame()
```

```
In [19]: compare_metrics_table2 = pd.DataFrame()
    for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
        compare_metrics_table2 = pd.concat([compare_metrics_table2, combine_cor
        r_dist(["nCustomers"], trial_num)])
```

Determining the top five highest composite score for each trial based on no. of customers

```
grouped_comparison_table2 = compare_metrics_table2.groupby(["Trial_Str", "C
In [20]:
          trl_Str"]).mean().reset_index()
          grouped_comparison_table2["CompScore"] = (corr_weight * grouped_comparison_
          table2["Corr_Score"]) + (dist_weight * grouped_comparison_table2["magnitud
          e"1)
          for trial_num in compare_metrics_table2["Trial_Str"].unique():
              print(grouped_comparison_table2[grouped_comparison_table2["Trial_Str"]
          == trial_num].sort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").head(), '\n')
               Trial_Str Ctrl_Str Corr_Score
                                                magnitude CompScore
          218
                      77
                               233
                                            1.0
                                                  0.993132
                                                             0.996566
                      77
          38
                                41
                                            1.0
                                                  0.976648
                                                             0.988324
                      77
                                                             0.984203
         101
                               111
                                            1.0
                                                  0.968407
         105
                      77
                               115
                                                             0.983516
                                            1.0
                                                  0.967033
          15
                      77
                                17
                                            1.0
                                                  0.965659
                                                             0.982830
               Trial_Str
                          Ctrl_Str
                                    Corr_Score
                                                 magnitude CompScore
          401
                      86
                               155
                                            1.0
                                                  0.986772
                                                             0.993386
                               225
                                                  0.969577
                                                             0.984788
         467
                      86
                                            1.0
          356
                      86
                               109
                                            1.0
                                                  0.969577
                                                             0.984788
         471
                               229
                                            1.0
                                                  0.964286
                                                             0.982143
                      86
          293
                                            1.0
                                                  0.961640
                                                             0.980820
                      86
                                39
               Trial Str
                          Ctrl Str
                                    Corr_Score
                                                 magnitude CompScore
         736
                               237
                                                             0.993909
                      88
                                            1.0
                                                  0.987818
         705
                      88
                               203
                                            1.0
                                                  0.944629
                                                             0.972315
          551
                      88
                                40
                                            1.0
                                                  0.942414
                                                             0.971207
          668
                      88
                               165
                                            1.0
                                                  0.935770
                                                             0.967885
          701
                      88
                               199
                                            1.0
                                                  0.932447
                                                             0.966224
In [21]:
          for trial_num in compare_metrics_table2["Trial_Str"].unique():
              a = grouped_comparison_table1[grouped_comparison_table1["Trial_Str"] ==
          trial_num].sort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").set_index(["Trial_S
          tr", "Ctrl_Str"])["CompScore"]
             b = grouped_comparison_table2[grouped_comparison_table2["Trial_Str"] ==
          trial_num].sort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").set_index(["Trial_S
          tr", "Ctrl_Str"])["CompScore"]
              print((pd.concat([a,b], axis=1).sum(axis=1)/2).sort values(ascending=Fa
          lse).head(3), '\n')
          Trial Str
                     Ctrl Str
                     233
                                 0.994902
          77
                     41
                                 0.986020
                     46
                                 0.984762
         dtype: float64
         Trial Str
                     Ctrl Str
          86
                     155
                                 0.988162
                     109
                                 0.984090
                     225
                                 0.982522
         dtype: float64
         Trial Str
                     Ctrl Str
                                 0.970895
          88
                     40
                                 0.958929
                     26
                                 0.954079
                     72
          dtype: float64
```

#### Similarities based on total sales:

- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233, 255, 188
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 109, 155, 222
- 3. Trial store 88: Store 40, 26, 72

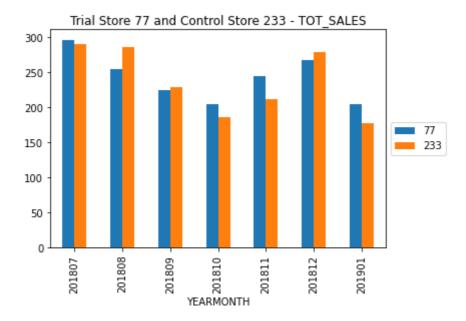
#### Similarities based on No. of Customers:

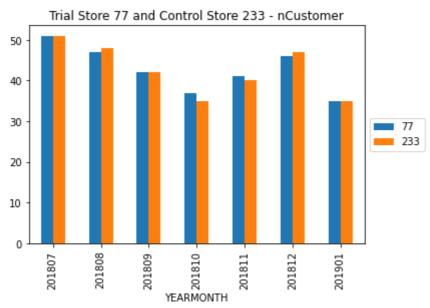
- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233, 41, 111
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 155, 225, 109
- 3. Trial store 88: Store 237, 203, 40

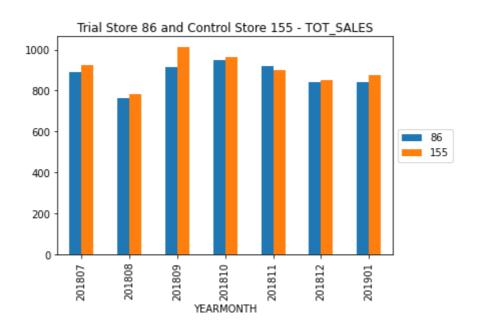
# Final SImilarities based on Highest average of both features combined:

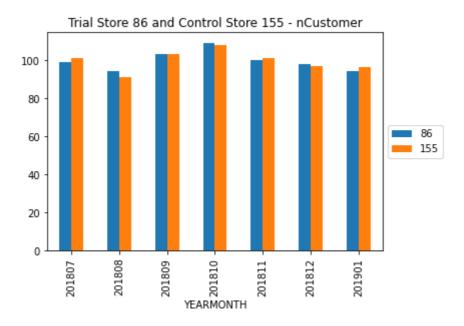
- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 155
- 3. Trial store 88: Store 40

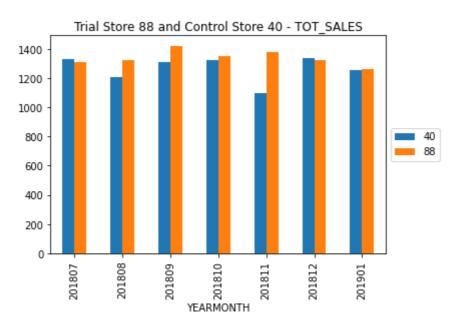
```
trial_control_dic = {77:233, 86:155, 88:40}
In [22]:
         for key, val in trial_control_dic.items():
             pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([key, va
         1])].groupby(
                 ["YEARMONTH", "STORE_NBR"]).sum()["TOT_SALES"].unstack().plot.bar()
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(key)+" and Control Store "+str(val)+" - TO
         T_SALES")
             plt.show()
             pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([key, va
         1])].groupby(
             ["YEARMONTH", "STORE_NBR"]).sum()["nCustomers"].unstack().plot.bar()
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(key)+" and Control Store "+str(val)+" - nC
         ustomer")
             plt.show()
             print('\n')
```

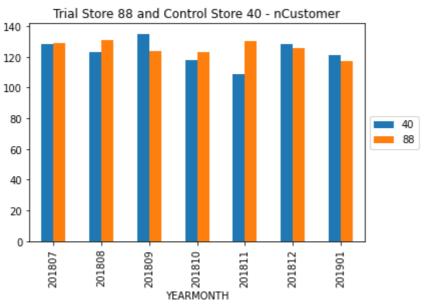












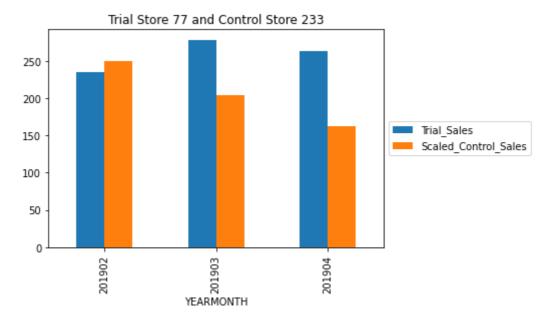
Next we'll compare the performance of Trial stores to Control stores during the trial period. To ensure their performance is comparable during Trial period, we need to scale (multiply to ratio of trial / control) all of Control stores' performance to Trial store's performance during pre-trial. Starting with TOT SALES.

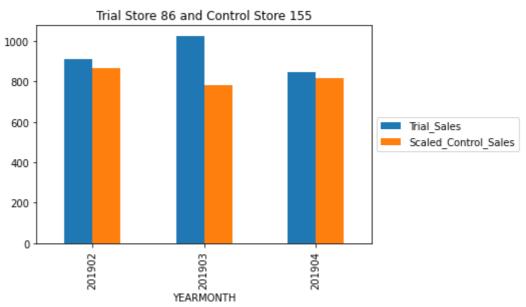
```
In [23]: #Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_77 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] ==
    77]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_N
    BR"] == 233]["TOT_SALES"].sum()

#Ratio of Store 86 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_86 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] ==
    86]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_N
    BR"] == 155]["TOT_SALES"].sum()

#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_88 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] ==
    88]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] ==
    88]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] ==
    88]["TOT_SALES"].sum()
```

```
trial_full_observ = full_observ[(full_observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (ful
In [25]:
         l_observ["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]</pre>
         scaled_sales_control_stores = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([23
         3, 155, 40])][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]]
         def scaler(row):
             if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
                 return row["TOT_SALES"] * sales_ratio_77
             elif row["STORE_NBR"] == 155:
                 return row["TOT_SALES"] * sales_ratio_86
             elif row["STORE NBR"] == 40:
                 return row["TOT_SALES"] * sales_ratio_88
         scaled_sales_control_stores["ScaledSales"] = scaled_sales_control_stores.ap
         ply(lambda row: scaler(row), axis=1)
         trial_scaled_sales_control_stores = scaled_sales_control_stores[(scaled_sal
         es control stores["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (scaled sales control stores["Y
         EARMONTH"] <= 201904)]
         pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores = scaled_sales_control_stores[scaled s
         ales_control_stores["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]</pre>
         percentage_diff = {}
         for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
             a = trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores
         ["STORE_NBR"] == control]
             b = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial][["STORE
         NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT SALES"]]
             percentage_diff[trial] = b["TOT_SALES"].sum() / a["ScaledSales"].sum()
             b[["YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledSales"]],on
         ="YEARMONTH").set_index("YEARMONTH").rename(columns={"ScaledSales":"Scaled_
         Control_Sales", "TOT_SALES":"Trial_Sales"}).plot.bar()
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control))
```







In [26]: percentage\_diff

Out[26]: {77: 1.2615468650086274, 86: 1.13150143573637, 88: 1.0434583458542188}

```
temp1 = scaled_sales_control_stores.sort_values(by=["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONT
In [27]:
         H"], ascending=[False, True]).reset_index().drop(["TOT_SALES", "index"], ax
         is=1)
         temp2 = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([77,86,88])][["STORE_NB
         R", "YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]].reset_index().drop(["index", "YEARMONTH"], a
         xis=1)
         scaledsales vs trial = pd.concat([temp1, temp2], axis=1)
         scaledsales_vs_trial.columns = ["c_STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "c_ScaledSale
         s", "t_STORE_NBR", "t_TOT_SALES"]
         scaledsales_vs_trial["Sales_Percentage_Diff"] = (scaledsales_vs_trial["t_TO
         T SALES"] - scaledsales vs trial["c ScaledSales"]) / (((scaledsales vs tria
         1["t_TOT_SALES"] + scaledsales_vs_trial["c_ScaledSales"])/2))
         def label period(cell):
             if cell < 201902:</pre>
                 return "pre"
             elif cell > 201904:
                 return "post"
             else:
                 return "trial"
         scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"] = scaledsales_vs_trial["YEARMONTH"].ap
         ply(lambda cell: label_period(cell))
         scaledsales_vs_trial[scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"] == "trial"]
```

# Out[27]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledSales	t_STORE_NBR	t_TOT_SALES	Sales_Percen
7	233	201902	249.762622	77	235.0	-
8	233	201903	203.802205	77	278.5	
9	233	201904	162.345704	77	263.5	
19	155	201902	864.522060	86	913.2	
20	155	201903	780.320405	86	1026.8	
21	155	201904	819.317024	86	848.2	
31	40	201902	1434.399269	88	1370.2	-
32	40	201903	1352.064709	88	1477.2	
33	40	201904	1321.797762	88	1439.4	
4						•

Check significance of Trial minus Control stores TOT SALES Percentage Difference Pre-Trial vs Trial.

Step 1: Check null hypothesis of 0 difference between control store's Pre-Trial and Trial period performance.

Step 2: Proof control and trial stores are similar statistically

Check p-value of control store's Pre-Trial vs Trial store's Pre-Trial. If <5%, it is significantly different. If >5%, it is not significantly different (similar).

Step 3: After checking Null Hypothesis of first 2 step to be true, we can check Null Hypothesis of Percentage Difference between Trial and Control stores during pre-trial is the same as during trial.

Check T-Value of Percentage Difference of each Trial month (Feb, March, April 2019). Mean is mean of Percentage Difference during pre-trial. Standard deviation is stdev of Percentage Difference during pre-trial. Formula is Trial month's Percentage Difference minus Mean, divided by Standard deviation. Compare each T-Value with 95% percentage significance critical t-value of 6 degrees of freedom (7 months of sample - 1)

```
from scipy.stats import ttest_ind, t
In [28]:
         # Step 1
         for num in [40, 155, 233]:
             print("Store", num)
             print(ttest_ind(pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores[pretrial_scaled_sa
         les_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"],
                            trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_con
         trol_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"],
                            equal_var=False), '\n')
             #print(len(pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores[pretrial_scaled_sales_c
         ontrol_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"]), len(trial_scaled_sales_
         control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["Scal
         edSales"]))
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=min([len(pretrial scaled sales control
         _stores[pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]),
                                 len(trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_s
         ales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num])])-1))
         Store 40
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=-0.5958372343168585, pvalue=0.5722861621434009)
         Store 155
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=1.429195687929098, pvalue=0.19727058651603258)
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=1.1911026010974504, pvalue=0.29445006064862156)
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
         [-4.30265273 4.30265273]
In [29]: | a = pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores[pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stor
         es["STORE_NBR"] == 40]["ScaledSales"]
         b = trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores["ST
```

```
ORE NBR"] == 40]["ScaledSales"]
```

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between control store's scaled Pre-Trial and Trial period sales.

```
In [30]:
         # Step 2
         for trial, cont in trial_control_dic.items():
            print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
            print(ttest_ind(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"]
         == trial]["TOT_SALES"],
                           pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores[pretrial_scaled_sal
         es_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == cont]["ScaledSales"],
                          equal_var=True), '\n')
            #print(len(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == tr
         ial]["TOT_SALES"]),len(pretrial_scaled_sales_control_stores[pretrial_scaled
         _sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == cont]["ScaledSales"]))
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial full
         _observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial])-1))
        Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
        9)
        Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
        Ttest_indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
        Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
        Ttest_indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
        Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
         [-2.44691185 2.44691185]
```

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between Trial store's sales and Control store's scaled-sales performance during pre-trial.

```
In [31]:
         # Step 3
         for trial, cont in trial_control_dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             temp_pre = scaledsales_vs_trial[(scaledsales_vs_trial["c_STORE NBR"] ==
         cont) & (scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"]=="pre")]
             std = temp_pre["Sales_Percentage_Diff"].std()
             mean = temp_pre["Sales_Percentage_Diff"].mean()
             #print(std, mean)
             for t_month in scaledsales_vs_trial[scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_perio"]
         d"] == "trial"]["YEARMONTH"].unique():
                 pdif = scaledsales vs trial[(scaledsales vs trial["YEARMONTH"] == t
         _month) & (scaledsales_vs_trial["t_STORE_NBR"] == trial)]["Sales_Percentage"
         _Diff"]
                 print(t_month,":",(float(pdif)-mean)/std)
             print('\n')
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         conf intv 95 = t.ppf(0.95, df=len(temp pre)-1)
         print(conf_intv_95)
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         201902 : -0.7171038288055888
         201903 : 3.035317928855662
         201904 : 4.708944418758203
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         201902 : 1.4133618775921797
         201903 : 7.123063846042149
         201904 : 0.8863824572944162
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         201902 : -0.5481633746817604
         201903 : 1.0089992743637755
         201904 : 0.9710006270463645
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
```

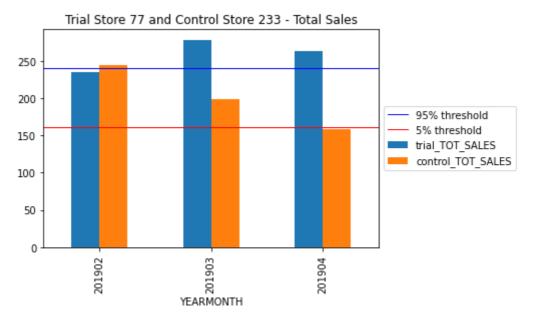
1.9431802803927816

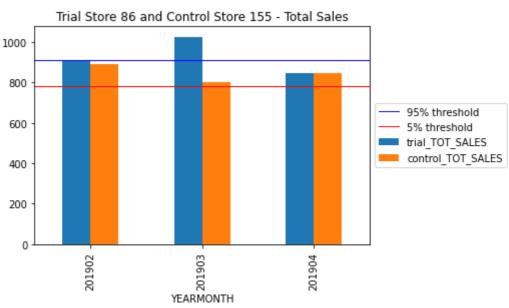
There are 3 months' increase in performance that are statistically significant (Above the 95% confidence interval t-score):

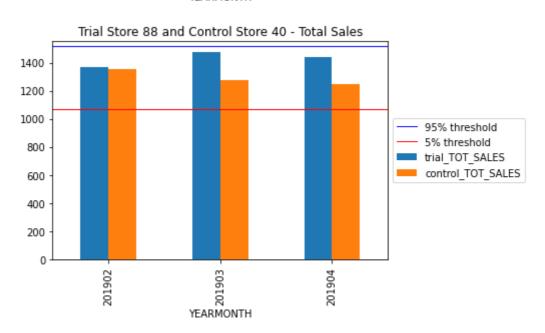
March and April trial months for trial store 77

March trial months for trial store 86

In [32]: for trial, control in trial\_control\_dic.items(): a = trial\_scaled\_sales\_control\_stores[trial\_scaled\_sales\_control\_stores ["STORE\_NBR"] == control].rename(columns={"TOT\_SALES": "control\_TOT\_SALE b = trial full observ[trial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT\_SALES"]].rename(columns={"TOT\_SALES": "trial\_TOT\_SA LES"}) comb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial\_TOT\_SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "contr ol\_TOT\_SALES"]],on="YEARMONTH").set\_index("YEARMONTH") comb.plot.bar() cont sc sales = trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales co ntrol\_stores["STORE\_NBR"] == control]["TOT\_SALES"] std = scaledsales\_vs\_trial[(scaledsales\_vs\_trial["c\_STORE\_NBR"] == cont rol) & (scaledsales\_vs\_trial["trial\_period"]=="pre")]["Sales\_Percentage\_Dif f"].std() thresh95 = cont\_sc\_sales.mean() + (cont\_sc\_sales.mean() \* std \* 2) thresh5 = cont\_sc\_sales.mean() - (cont\_sc\_sales.mean() \* std \* 2) plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold") plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='r', label="5% threshold") plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox\_to\_anchor=(1.0, 0.5)) plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control) +" - Total Sales") plt.savefig("TS {} and CS {} - TOT\_SALES.png".format(trial,control), bb ox\_inches="tight")

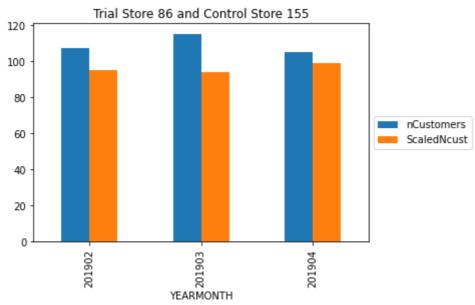


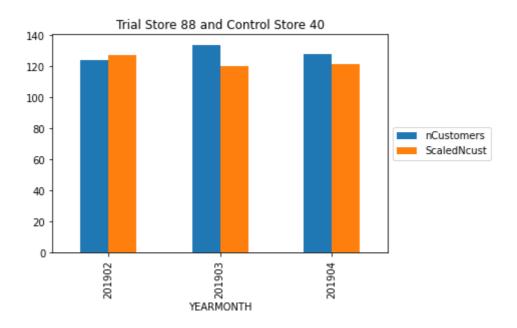




```
#trial_full_observ = full_observ[(full_observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (fu
In [34]:
         LL_observ["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]</pre>
         scaled_ncust_control_stores = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([23
         3, 155, 40])][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]]
         def scaler_c(row):
             if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust_ratio_77
             elif row["STORE_NBR"] == 155:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust_ratio_86
             elif row["STORE NBR"] == 40:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust_ratio_88
         scaled_ncust_control_stores["ScaledNcust"] = scaled_ncust_control_stores.ap
         ply(lambda row: scaler_c(row), axis=1)
         trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores = scaled_ncust_control_stores[(scaled_ncu
         st control stores["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (scaled ncust control stores["Y
         EARMONTH"] <= 201904)]
         pretrial_scaled_ncust_control_stores = scaled_ncust_control_stores[scaled n
         cust_control_stores["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]</pre>
         ncust percentage diff = {}
         for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
             a = trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores
         ["STORE_NBR"] == control]
             b = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial][["STORE
         NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]]
             ncust_percentage_diff[trial] = b["nCustomers"].sum() / a["ScaledNcus
         t"].sum()
             b[["YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledNcust"]],on
         ="YEARMONTH").set_index("YEARMONTH").rename(columns={"ScaledSales":"Scaled_
         Control_nCust", "TOT_SALES":"Trial_nCust"}).plot.bar()
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control))
```







In [35]: ncust\_percentage\_diff

Out[35]: {77: 1.2306529009742622, 86: 1.1354166666666667, 88: 1.0444876946258161}

## Out[36]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledNcust	t_STORE_NBR	t_nCustomers	nCust_Percer
7	233	201902	45.151007	77	45	
8	233	201903	40.134228	77	50	
9	233	201904	30.100671	77	47	
19	155	201902	95.000000	86	107	
20	155	201903	94.000000	86	115	
21	155	201904	99.000000	86	105	
31	40	201902	127.610209	88	124	
32	40	201903	120.464037	88	134	
33	40	201904	121.484919	88	128	
4						•

Check significance of Trial minus Control stores nCustomers Percentage Difference Pre-Trial vs Trial.

- Step 1: Check null hypothesis of 0 difference between control store's Pre-Trial and Trial period performance.
- Step 2: Proof control and trial stores are similar statistically
- Step 3: After checking Null Hypothesis of first 2 step to be true, we can check Null Hypothesis of Percentage Difference between Trial and Control stores during pre-trial is the same as during trial.

```
In [37]:
         # Step 1
         for num in [40, 155, 233]:
             print("Store", num)
             print(ttest_ind(pretrial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[pretrial_scaled_nc
         ust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledNcust"],
                            trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_ncust_con
         trol_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledNcust"],
                            equal_var=False), '\n')
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=min([len(pretrial_scaled_ncust_control
         _stores[pretrial_scaled_ncust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num]),
                                len(trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_n
         cust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == num])])-1))
         Store 40
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=0.644732693420032, pvalue=0.5376573016017127)
         Store 155
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=1.38888888888882, pvalue=0.204345986327886)
         Store 233
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=0.8442563765225701, pvalue=0.4559280037660254)
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
         [-4.30265273 4.30265273]
In [38]:
         # Step 2
         for trial, cont in trial_control_dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             print(ttest_ind(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"]
         == trial]["nCustomers"],
                            pretrial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[pretrial_scaled ncu
         st_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == cont]["ScaledNcust"],
                            equal var=True), '\n')
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full
         _observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial])-1))
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         Ttest_indResult(statistic=-7.648483953264653e-15, pvalue=0.9999999999999)
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
```

```
In [39]:
         # Step 3
         for trial, cont in trial_control_dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             temp_pre = scaledncust_vs_trial[(scaledncust_vs_trial["c_STORE NBR"] ==
         cont) & (scaledncust vs trial["trial period"]=="pre")]
             std = temp_pre["nCust_Percentage_Diff"].std()
             mean = temp_pre["nCust_Percentage_Diff"].mean()
             #print(std, mean)
             for t_month in scaledncust_vs_trial[scaledncust_vs_trial["trial_perio"]
         d"] == "trial"]["YEARMONTH"].unique():
                 pdif = scaledncust vs trial[(scaledncust vs trial["YEARMONTH"] == t
         _month) & (scaledncust_vs_trial["t_STORE_NBR"] == trial)]["nCust_Percentage
         _Diff"]
                 print(t_month,":",(float(pdif)-mean)/std)
             print('\n')
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         conf intv 95 = t.ppf(0.95, df=len(temp pre)-1)
         print(conf_intv_95)
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         201902 : -0.19886295797440687
         201903 : 8.009609025380932
         201904 : 16.114474772873923
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         201902 : 6.220524882227514
         201903 : 10.52599074274189
         201904 : 3.0763575852842706
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         201902 : -0.3592881735131531
         201903 : 1.2575196020616801
         201904 : 0.6092905590514273
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
```

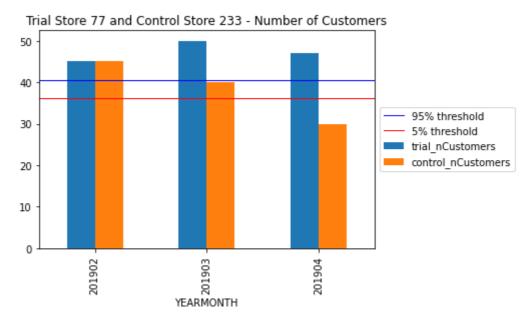
1.9431802803927816

There are 5 months' increase in performance that are statistically significant (Above the 95% confidence interval t-score):

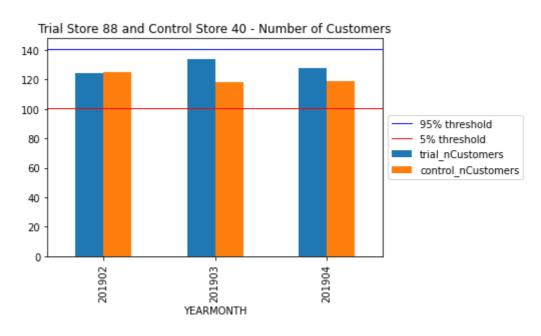
March and April trial months for trial store 77

Feb, March and April trial months for trial store 86

In [40]: for trial, control in trial\_control\_dic.items(): a = trial\_scaled\_ncust\_control\_stores[trial\_scaled\_ncust\_control\_stores ["STORE\_NBR"] == control].rename(columns={"nCustomers": "control\_nCustomer b = trial full observ[trial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].rename(columns={"nCustomers": "trial\_nCus tomers"}) comb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial\_nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "cont rol\_nCustomers"]],on="YEARMONTH").set\_index("YEARMONTH") comb.plot.bar() cont sc ncust = trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust co ntrol\_stores["STORE\_NBR"] == control]["nCustomers"] std = scaledncust\_vs\_trial[(scaledncust\_vs\_trial["c\_STORE\_NBR"] == cont rol) & (scaledncust\_vs\_trial["trial\_period"]=="pre")]["nCust\_Percentage\_Dif f"].std() thresh95 = cont\_sc\_ncust.mean() + (cont\_sc\_ncust.mean() \* std \* 2) thresh5 = cont\_sc\_ncust.mean() - (cont\_sc\_ncust.mean() \* std \* 2) plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold") plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='r', label="5% threshold") plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox\_to\_anchor=(1.0, 0.5)) plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control) +" - Number of Customers") plt.savefig("TS {} and CS {} - nCustomers.png".format(trial,control), b box\_inches="tight")







We can see that Trial store 77 sales for Feb, March, and April exceeds 95% threshold of control store. Same goes to store 86 sales for all 3 trial months.

- 1. Trial store 77: Control store 233
- 2. Trial store 86: Control store 155
- 3. Trial store 88: Control store 40
- 4. Both trial store 77 and 86 showed significant increase in Total Sales and Number of Customers during trial period. But not for trial store 88. Perhaps the client knows if there's anything about trial 88 that differs it from the other two trial.
- 5. Overall the trial showed positive significant result.